StorageSmart by IBM Ultrium External Tape Drive TX200, StorageSmart by IBM Ultrium Tape Drive Models T200 and T200F, and IBM 3580 Ultrium Tape Drive



SCSI Reference

StorageSmart by IBM Ultrium External Tape Drive TX200, StorageSmart by IBM Ultrium Tape Drive Models T200 and T200F, and IBM 3580 Ultrium Tape Drive



SCSI Reference

Note Before using this information and the product it supports, be sure to read the general information under "Appendix. Notices" on page 103.

Third Edition (May 2001)

This edition applies to the StorageSmart by IBM® Ultrium External Tape Drive TX200, StorageSmart by IBM Ultrium Tape Drive Models T200 and T200F, and IBM 3580 Ultrium Tape Drive SCSI Reference and to all subsequent releases and modifications unless otherwise indicated in new editions. This edition replaces WB1109-01.

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Preface

This publication contains information about how to use and program the StorageSmart by IBM Ultrium External Tape Drive TX200, the StorageSmart by IBM Ultrium Tape Drive Models T200 and T200F, and the IBM 3580 Ultrium Tape Drive.

Organization

The information in this book is organized as follows:

- "Chapter 1. Introduction" on page 1 describes the tape drives.
- "Chapter 3. Command Support" on page 7 lists the SCSI commands that are supported by the tape drives.
- "Chapter 2. Error Sense Information" on page 5 describes the error sense information for the tape drives.
- "Chapter 4. Sense Keys and Additional Sense" on page 89 describes the sense keys and additional sense information for the tape drives.
- "Chapter 5. Attachment Features" on page 93 describes Fibre Channel and SCSI features of the tape drives.

Terminology

For the purposes of this document, the term megabyte means 1048576 bytes and the term kilobyte means 1024 bytes.

Binary numbers are represented by numbers followed by b. Hexadecimal numbers are represented by 0-9 and A-F followed by h. Numbers with no suffix can be assumed to be decimal.

Related Publications

- StorageSmart by IBM Ultrium External Tape Drive TX200 Machine Type 3585
 Setup, Operator, and Service Guide, GA32-0421, tells how to install and run the
 StorageSmart by IBM Ultrium External Tape Drive TX200 Machine Type 3585.
 The guide also describes how to administer basic service procedures.
- IBM 3580 Ultrium Tape Drive Setup, Operator, and Service Guide, GA32-0415, tells how to install and run the IBM 3580 Ultrium Tape Drive. The guide also describes how to administer basic service procedures.
- StorageSmart by IBM Ultrium Tape Drive Models T200 and T200F Setup, Operator, and Service Guide, GA32-0435, tells how to install and run the StorageSmart by IBM Ultrium Tape Drive. The guide also describes how to administer basic service procedures.
- IBM Ultrium Device Drivers Installation and User's Guide, GA32-0430, provides
 instructions for attaching IBM-supported hardware to open-systems operating
 systems. It indicates what devices and levels of operating systems are
 supported, gives the requirements for adapter cards, and tells how to configure
 hosts to use the device driver with the Ultrium family of devices.
- IBM Ultrium Device Drivers Programming Reference, WB1304, supplies information to application owners who want to integrate their open-systems applications with IBM-supported Ultrium hardware. The reference contains information about the application programming interfaces (APIs) for each of the various supported operating-system environments.

- Fibre Channel Arbitrated Loop (FC-AL-2), T11/99-086v2, published by the American National Standards Institute and available on the Web at http://www.t11.org.
- Fibre Channel Tape and Tape Medium Changes (FC-TAPE), T11/99-069v4. published by the American National Standards Institute and available on the Web at http://www.tll.org.
- Fibre Channel Protocol for SCSI, Second Version (FCP-2), published by the American National Standards Institute and available on the Web at http://www.t10.org.
- SCSI-3 Stream Commands (SSC), published by the American National Standards Institute and available on the Web at http://www.t10.org.
- SCSI Stream Commands-2 (SSC-2), published by the American National Standards Institute and available on the Web at http://www.t10.org.
- SCSI Primary Commands-2 (SPC-2), published by the American National Standards Institute and available on the Web at http://www.t10.org.

Getting Help

If you need assistance while operating your tape drive, refer to Table 1 and contact the IBM Customer Assistance Center nearest you.

Table 1. Telephone Numbers and e-mail Addresses for IBM Customer Assistance Centers

World	Wide Web Site: http://	/www.ibm.com/storage/storagesmart/lto
Geographic	IBI	M Customer Assistance Center
Location	Telephone	e-mail
Americas		·
North America	888 IBM 9585	tape@us.ibm.com
South America	888 IBM 9585	tape@us.ibm.com
Hawaii	888 IBM 9585	tape@us.ibm.com
Guam	888 IBM 9585	tape@us.ibm.com
Europe, Middle	East, Africa	·
United Kingdom	0870 010 2866	tape@uk.ibm.com
Austria	01 211 454 474	tape@de.ibm.com
Belgium	02 225 2500	tape@uk.ibm.com
France	02 3855 7490	tape@uk.ibm.com
Italy	02 5962 2122	tape@uk.ibm.com
Republic of Ireland	01 815 9408	tape@uk.ibm.com
Netherlands	020 513 2440	tape@uk.ibm.com
Germany	07032 153050	tape@de.ibm.com
Sweden	08 793 1081	tape@se.ibm.com
Norway	066 998432	tape@se.ibm.com
Denmark	045 233178	tape@se.ibm.com
Finland	09 459 5698	tape@se.ibm.com
Asia Pacific		
Japan	+65 840 9494	tape@sg.ibm.com
Australia	+65 840 9494	tape@sg.ibm.com

Table 1. Telephone Numbers and e-mail Addresses for IBM Customer Assistance Centers (continued)

World Wide Web Site: http://www.ibm.com/storage/storagesmart/lto												
Geographic	IBM Customer Assistance Center											
Location	Telephone	e-mail										
New Zealand	+65 840 9494	tape@sg.ibm.com										
Other Asia Pacific locations	+65 840 9494	tape@sg.ibm.com										

Chapter 1. Introduction

The StorageSmart by IBM Ultrium External Tape Drive TX200 Machine Type 3585, the StorageSmart by IBM Ultrium Tape Drive Models T200 and T200F, and the IBM 3580 Ultrium Tape Drive are high-performance, high-capacity data-storage devices that connect to and provide additional storage for supported hosts.

The Model T200 uses a Small Computer Systems Interface (SCSI) and the Model T200F uses a Fibre Channel interface.

The StorageSmart by IBM Ultrium External Tape Drive TX200 and the IBM 3580 Ultrium Tape Drive can contain the StorageSmart by IBM Ultrium Tape Drive Model T200 or Model T200F.

Figure 1 shows the IBM 3580 Ultrium Tape Drive.

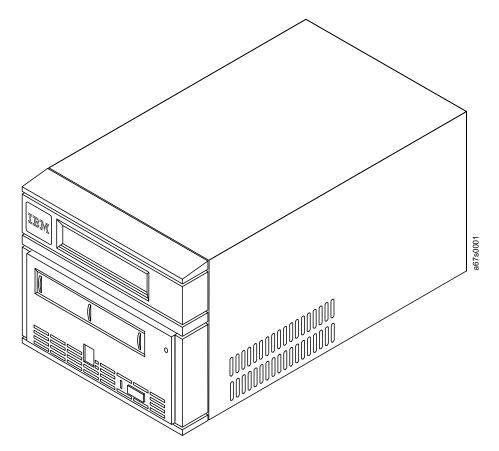


Figure 1. The IBM 3580 Ultrium Tape Drive

Designed to perform unattended backups as well as to retrieve and archive files, the tape drives feature:

- Native storage capacity of 100 GB per cartridge (200 GB at 2:1 compression)¹
- · Native sustained data transfer rate of 15 MB per second (30 MB at 2:1 compression)2
- RS-422 interface for enhanced performance in automated tape libraries.

The StorageSmart by IBM Ultrium Tape Drive Model T200F uses a Fibre Channel interface and includes the following features:

- · Burst data transfer rate of 100 MB per second
- SC Duplex optical connector Fibre Channel SCSI protocol and SC Duplex multi-mode optical connector
- · Attachment to Storage Area Network (SAN) components

Two models of the StorageSmart by IBM Ultrium External Tape Drive TX200 and the IBM 3580 Ultrium Tape Drive are available. The models vary according to the type of SCSI interface each uses to communicate with the host:

- Model L11 uses the Ultra2, Low Voltage Differential/Single Ended (LVD/SE) interface. It has a burst data transfer rate of 80 MB per second.
- Model H11 uses the Ultra, High Voltage Differential (HVD) interface. It has a burst data transfer rate of 40 MB per second.

Each model uses a J1 connector for LVD SCSI connection, SCSI ID connection, and power connection.

^{1. 1} GB = one gigabyte or 1 000 000 000 bytes

^{2. 1} MB = one megabyte or 1 000 000 bytes

Supported Servers and Operating Systems

The StorageSmart by IBM Ultrium External Tape Drive TX200, the StorageSmart by IBM Ultrium Tape Drive Models T200 and T200F, and the IBM 3580 Ultrium Tape Drive are supported by a wide variety of servers (hosts) and operating systems, as well as adapters. These attachments can change throughout the products' life cycles. To determine the latest supported attachments

- For the StorageSmart by IBM Ultrium External Tape Drive, visit the Web at http://www.ibm.com/storage/storagesmart/lto or contact your nearest IBM Customer Assistance Center (see Table 1 on page xii)
- For the StorageSmart by IBM Ultrium Tape Drive Models T200 and T200F, visit the Web at http://www.ibm.com/storage/storagesmart/lto or contact your nearest IBM Customer Assistance Center (see Table 1 on page xii)
- For the IBM 3580 Ultrium Tape Drive, visit the Web at http://www.ibm.com/storage/lto

Attachments to these units include (but are not limited to) the following:

Server	Operating System
IBM eserver® iSeries and IBM AS/400®	IBM OS/400 [®]
IBM eserver® pSeries and RS/6000®	IBM AIX®
HP	Hewlett-Packard HP-UX
Sun [®] SPARC [™]	Sun Solaris®
Intel®-compatible servers	Microsoft® Windows NT® and Windows 2000®

For the Fibre Channel drive (the StorageSmart by IBM Ultrium Tape Drive Model T200F), additional attachments include the following Storage Area Network (SAN) components:

- Fibre Channel hub (distance solution, two nodes only on hub)
- · Fibre Channel switches

For more information, visit the Web at

http://www.storage.ibm.com/hardsoft/products/sangateway/supserver.htm.

Supported Device Drivers

IBM maintains the latest levels of device drivers and driver documentation for the StorageSmart by IBM Ultrium External Tape Drive TX200 and the IBM 3580 Ultrium Tape Drive on the Internet. You can access this material from your browser or via the IBM FTP site by doing the following:

Note: If you do not have Internet access and you need information about device drivers, contact your nearest IBM support center (see Table 1 on page xii).

- · Using a browser, type one of the following:
 - http://www.ibm.com/storage/storagesmart/lto (for the StorageSmart External Tape Drive)
 - http://www.ibm.com/storage (for the 3580 Tape Drive)
 - ftp://ftp.software.ibm.com/storage/devdrvr
 - ftp://207.25.253.26/storage/devdrvr
- Using an IBM FTP site, enter the following specifications:
 - FTP site: ftp.software.ibm.com
 - IP Addr: 207.25.253.26Userid: anonymous
 - Password: (use your current e-mail address)
 - Directory: /storage/devdrvr

IBM provides PostScript- and PDF-formatted versions of its documentation in the /storage/devdrvr directory:

- IBM_ultrium_tape_IUG.pdf and IBM_ultrium_tape_IUG.ps contains the current version of the IBM Ultrium Device Drivers Installation and User's Guide
- IBM_ultrium_tape_PROGREF.pdf and IBM_ultrium_tape_PROGREF.ps contain the current version of the IBM Ultrium Device Drivers Programming Reference

Device drivers for each supported server are beneath /storage/devdrvr/ in the following directories:

- AIX/
- HPUX/
- Solaris
- WinNT
- Win2000

For more information about device drivers, refer to any of the preceding device driver operating system directories.

Chapter 2. Error Sense Information

Sense Data

For a description of Sense data, see "Sense Data Format" on page 62.

Sense Data Management

The drive maintains three types of Sense data:

Current Sense

The Sense data associated with the last command received from the initiator.

Deferred Sense

The Sense data from a command that has been reported as good, but has generated sense data after being reported. This may be a command with the Immediate flag set or may be a buffered write. A command with the Immediate flag set generates sense for the host that sent the command. A buffered write may generate sense for all hosts.

Unit Attention Sense

The Sense data generated by a Unit Attention condition. (See "Unit Attention Conditions" on page 5). This is generated for all hosts. When a unit attention condition has been driven by a command (for example, when mode parameters have changed), a unit attention is posted for all initiators except the one that caused the change.

Any command other than a Request Sense command or an Inquiry command generates Check Condition status if there is Deferred Sense data or Unit Attention data available. All commands generate Check Condition status if the command itself generates sense data. If the next command after the Check Condition status is not a Request Sense command, then all the sense data for that initiator is cleared.

When a Request Sense command is received, the Current Sense is returned. If there is no Current Sense, the Deferred Sense is returned. If there is no Deferred Sense, the Unit Attention Sense is returned. If there is no Unit Attention Sense, default sense data is returned. Once a particular set of sense data has been returned, that sense data is cleared. Any other sense data that is still pending, may still cause Check Condition status for subsequent commands.

Unit Attention Conditions

The drive generates a Unit Attention Condition under the following circumstances:

- · Reset Condition (for example, Power on, SCSI Reset, Bus device reset)
- Tape Loaded condition (for example, Media inserted, Load command from another initiator)
- · Mode parameters changed by another initiator
- Drive firmware has been upgraded

The drive only maintains one unit attention condition at any one time for any one initiator. If a subsequent Unit Attention condition is generated it replaces the existing one if it is of higher priority. If it is of lower priority it is ignored. The priorities are in the order listed above with reset being highest priority and firmware upgrade being lowest priority.

Persistent Errors

When errors occur that prevent tape operation, they are reported persistently until the problem is cleared. For medium-related errors (usually reported with a Sense Key of 3), the error is reported until the cartridge is successfully unloaded. For hardware-related errors (usually reported with a Sense Key of 4), the error is reported until the drive successfully performs a power-on self test. These persistent errors are only reported on those commands that are eligible for deferred Check Condition reporting (see Table 2 on page 7). The error may or may not be reported as Deferred.

Chapter 3. Command Support

Table 2. Supported Common Commands

Command Name	Operation	SCSI	SCSI	Bogo		Applicable Conditions ³								
Command Name	Code	Class ¹	Spec ²	Page	RVC	UAT	NRD	WRP	MFC	DCC				
ERASE	19h	М	SSC	8	У	у	у	у	у	у				
INQUIRY	12h	М	SPC-2	9	-	-	-	-	-	-				
LOAD/UNLOAD	1Bh	0	SSC	16	у	у	-	-	у	у				
LOCATE	2Bh	0	SSC	17	у	у	у	-	у	у				
LOG SELECT	4Ch	0	SPC-2	18	у	у	-	-	-	у				
LOG SENSE	4Dh	0	SPC-2	19	у	-	-	-	-	-				
MODE SELECT (6)	15h	М	SPC-2	28	у	у	-	-	-	у				
MODE SELECT (10)	55h	0	SPC-2	28	у	у	-	-	-	у				
MODE SENSE (6)	1Ah	М	SPC-2	29	у	у	-	-	-	-				
MODE SENSE (10)	5Ah	0	SPC-2	29	у	у	-	-	-	-				
PERSISTENT RESERVE IN	5Eh	0	SPC-2	38	у	у	-	-	-	-				
PERSISTENT RESERVE OUT	5Fh	0	SPC-2	41	y ⁴	у	-	-	-	-				
PREVENT ALLOW MEDIUM REMOVAL	1Eh	0	SPC-2	43	у	у	-	-	-	-				
READ	08h	М	SSC	44	у	у	у	-	у	у				
READ ATTRIBUTE	8Ch	0	SPC-3	45	у	у	у	-	-	у				
READ BLOCK LIMITS	05h	М	SSC	50	у	у	-	-	-	-				
READ BUFFER	3Ch	0	SPC-2	51	у	-	-	-	-	-				
READ POSITION	34h	М	SSC	54	у	у	-	-	-	-				
RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS	1Ch	0	SPC-2	55	у	у	-	-	-	-				
RELEASE UNIT (6)	17h	М	SPC-2	56	-	у	-	-	-	-				
RELEASE UNIT (10)	57h	М	SPC-2	56	-	у	-	-	-	-				
REPORT DENSITY SUPPORT	44h	М	SSC	57	У	у	-	-	-	-				
REPORT LUNs	A0h	М	SSC	60	-	-	-	-	-	-				
REQUEST SENSE	03h	М	SPC-2	61	-	-	-	-	-	-				
RESERVE UNIT (6)	16h	М	SPC-2	65	у	у	-	-	-	-				
RESERVE UNIT (10)	56h	М	SPC-2	65	у	у	-	-	-	-				
REWIND	01h	М	SSC	66	у	у	у	-	у	у				
SEND DIAGNOSTIC	1Dh	М	SPC-2	67	у	у	у	-	у	у				
SPACE	11h	М	SSC	83	у	у	у	-	у	у				
TEST UNIT READY	00h	М	SSC	84	у	у	у	-	-	у				
VERIFY	13h	0	SSC	84	у	у	у	-	у	у				
WRITE	0Ah	М	SSC	85	у	у	у	у	у	у				
WRITE BUFFER	3Bh	0	SPC-2	85	у	у	-	-	-	-				
WRITE FILE MARKS	10h	М	SSC	87	у	у	у	у	у	у				

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Table 2. Supported Common Commands (continued)

Command Name	Operation Code	SCSI Class ¹	SCSI	Page	Applicable Conditions ³									
			Spec ²		RVC	UAT	NRD	WRP	MFC	DCC				

Note 1: O=optional M=mandatory

Note 2: SCSI specifications are as follows:

- SSC = SCSI-3 Stream Commands (SSC)
- SPC = SCSI Primary Commands-2 (SPC-2)

Note 3: Applicable Conditions are as follows:

- RVC = reservation conflict
- UAT = unit attention
- NRD = not ready
- WRP = write protect
- MFC = medium format corrupted
- DCC = deferred check condition

Note 4: Reported as appropriate for the type of Service Action and Reservation Type requested, and the current reservation state of the drive.

ERASE

Table 3. ERASE Command

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
0		Operation Code (19h)								
1	Logica	Logical Unit Number (0) Reserved Immed Long								
2		Reserved								
3				Rese	erved					
4		Reserved								
5	Control									

If the Long bit is set, EOD is written at the current position. A Data Set Separators pattern is written from EOD to the end of the medium to overwrite any data currently on the tape. If the Long bit is clear, then an EOD is written at the current position marking it as end of data.

If the Immediate (Immed) flag is set to 1, then the drive validates the command and waits for any previous command from any host to complete including any immediate commands currently being processed and for any buffered data to be flushed to tape. It then reports a deferred error for any preceding command or buffered data if appropriate. If there is no deferred error, the drive reports good status and initiates the command. If the Immediate (Immed) flag is set to 0, status is not returned until after the command has completed.

On successful completion of the command, the drive is positioned immediately before End Of Data (not End Of Tape).

INQUIRY

Table 4. INQUIRY Command

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
0		Operation Code (12h)								
1	Logica	Logical Unit Number (0) Reserved EVPD								
2		Page Code								
3				Rese	erved					
4		Allocation Length								
5		Control								

The INQUIRY command instructs the drive to return data about itself to the initiator.

If the Enable Vital Product Data (EVPD) flag is clear and the Page Code is 0, standard Inquiry Data is returned.

If the Enable Vital Product Data (EVPD) flag is set and the Page Code is 0, the Supported Vital Product Data Pages page is returned.

If the Enable Vital Product Data (EVPD) flag is set and the Page Code is not 0 and there is a vendor-defined Inquiry data page corresponding to that page code, then that page is returned. Supported pages are 03h, 80h, 83h, C0h, and D0h. The contents of pages 03h and D0h are not specified in this document.

Otherwise, Check Condition status is returned. The Sense Key is set to Illegal Request (5) and the additional Sense to Invalid field in CDB (2400).

Standard Inquiry Data Valid LUN

Table 5. Standard Inquiry Data Valid LUN

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	Periphe	ral Qualifie	r (000b)		Periphera	al Device T	ype (01h)	
1	RMB(1)	Device-type modifier (0)						
2	ISO ver	ISO version (0) ECMA version (0) Version (3)						
3	AENC(0)	Obsolete	NACA(0)	HiSup(0)	Re	esponse Da	ata Format (2)
4				Additional	length (33)			
5				Rese	erved			
6	BQue(0)	BQue(0) EncSrv(0) VS(0) MultiP(0) MCh-ngr(0) Obsolete Adr32(0) Adr16						
7	RelAdr(0) Obsolete WBs16 Sync Linked(0) Trans-Dis(0) VS(0)							VS(0)
8				Vandar Ide	entification			
15				vendor ide	enuncation			
16				Product Id	entification			
31				i ioddci id	entineation			
32	Product Revision Level: YMDV							
35	Floduct Revision Level. HVIDV							
36	Reserved AutDis							
37				Rese	erved			

Values for the Adr16 bit are 1 (for SCSI) or 0 (for Fibre Channel).

Values for the WBs16 bit are 1 (for SCSI) or 0 (for Fibre Channel).

Values for the Sync bit are 1 (for SCSI) or 0 (for Fibre Channel).

The AutDis or Automation Disabled bit indicates that this drive is not capable of full automation function.

The Standard Inquiry Data is based on the SCSI 3 standard for Standard Inquiry Data.

The Vendor Identification returns 'IBM' in ASCII with trailing blanks.

The Product Identification returns 'ULT3580-TD1' in ASCII with trailing blanks. The 'TD' stands for tape drive and '1' stands for generation 1 of this product family.

The Product Revision Level has four pieces, Y represents year, M represents month, D represents day, and V is a suffix. For V values of '0'-'9' and 'A'-'Z' are valid, a value of '0' designated as earliest or least significant, and 'Z' as most significant.

Standard Inquiry Data Invalid LUN

Table 6. Standard Inquiry Data Invalid LUN

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
0	Periphe	ral Qualifie	r (011b)		Periphera	al Device T	ype (1Fh)		
1	RMB(0)			Device	-type modi	fier (0)			
2	ISO ver	version (0) ECMA version (0) Version (3)							
3	AENC(0)	0) Obsolete NACA(0) HiSup(0) Response Data Format (2)					(2)		
4		Additional length (31)							
5		Reserved							
6	BQue(0)	EncSrv(0)	VS(0)	MultiP(0)	MCh- ngr(0)	Obsolete Adr32(0) Adr16(1			
7	RelAdr(0)	(0) Obsolete WBs16(1) Sync(1) Linked(0) Trans- CmdQ(0) VS						VS(0)	
8				\/ondor.ld	entification				
15				vendor idi	enuncauon				
16				Droduct Id	ontification				
31		Product Identification							
32	Product Revision Level: YMDV								
35			FIOU	uci Kevisio	ni Level. Ti	IVID V			

Values for the Adr16 bit are 1 (for SCSI) or 0 (for Fibre Channel).

Values for the WBs16 bit are 1 (for SCSI) or 0 (for Fibre Channel).

Values for the Sync bit are 1 (for SCSI) or 0 (for Fibre Channel).

The Vendor Identification returns 'IBM' in ASCII with trailing blanks. Product Identification and Product Revision Level are set to vendor specific strings.

The Vendor Identification returns 'IBM' in ASCII with trailing blanks.

The Product Identification returns 'ULT3580-TD1' in ASCII with trailing blanks.

The Product Revision Level has four pieces, Y represents year, M represents month, D represents day, and V is a suffix. For V values of '0'-'9' and 'A'-'Z' are valid, a value of '0' designated as earliest or least significant, and 'Z' as most significant.

Supported Vital Product Data Page

Table 7. Supported Vital Product Data Inquiry Page

	7	6	5	4 3 2 1 0						
0	Periphe	ral Qualifie	r (000b)		Periphera	al Device T	ype (01h)			
1		Page Code (00h)								
2				Rese	erved					
3				Page Le	ngth (6h)					
4		Supported Vital Product Data Page Code (00h)								
5			Vendo	or Unique F	Page Code	(03h)				
6			Unit Se	rial Numbe	r Page Cod	de (80h)				
7			Device I	dentificatio	n Page Co	de (83h)				
8		Drive Component Revision Levels Page Code (C0h)								
9			Vendo	or Unique F	Page Code	(D0h)				

The Supported Vital Product Data Pages are Page 0h, 80h, 83h, C0h, and D0h.

Unit Serial Number Page

Table 8. Unit Serial Number Inquiry Page

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
0	Periphe	Peripheral Qualifier (000b) Peripheral Device Type (01h)							
1		Page Code (80h)							
2		Reserved							
3		Page Length (0Ah)							
4									
:				Serial I	Number				
13									

The Unit Serial Number Page contains a single value which is a 10-byte ASCII string. The string, with the Vendor Identification and Product Identification fields in the standard Inquiry data, uniquely identifies the drive. Valid Serial Number values range from '0' to '9', 'A' to 'D', and 'F'.

Device Identification Page

Table 9. Device Identification Inquiry Page

	7	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0							
0	Periphe	Peripheral Qualifier (000b) Peripheral Device Type (01h)							
1		Page Code (83h)							
2		Reserved							
3		Page Length (n-3)							
4									
:		Identification Descriptors							
n									

The device Identification Descriptor Page contains a series of device Identification Descriptors which uniquely identify the particular device. The format of each is given in Table 10.

Table 10. Identifier Descriptor Format

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
0		Rese	erved			Code S	de Set (2h) ntifier Type			
1		Rese	erved			Identifi	er Type			
2				Rese	erved					
3		Identifier Length (n-3)								
4										
:		Identification Descriptor								
n										

The device Identification Descriptor is returned by both the Parallel SCSI- and Fibre Channel-attached devices.

The Code Set field is 2 indicating the Identification Descriptor contains only ASCII data.

This device supports Identifier Type of 1. In this case the Identification Descriptor is the Vendor ID followed by the Product Identification field from the standard inquiry data and the Serial Number field from the Serial Number Inquiry Page (see "Unit Serial Number Page" on page 12).

The Parallel SCSI drive reports only the single Identification descriptor of Identifier Type 1.

The Fibre Channel Identification descriptor is returned only on Fibre Channel-attached devices. The format is given in Table 11.

Table 11. Fibre Channel Identification Descriptor

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0		Rese	erved			Code S	Set (1h)	
1	Rese	erved		on Type ()b)		Identifier	Type (3h)	
2				Rese	erved			
3				Identifier I	Length (8)			
4	l	Name Forn	nat (0101b)		OUI Forma	at Identifier	
5								
:			OUI F	ormat Ider	ntifier (cont	inued)		
6								
7	OUI F	ormat Ider	ntifier (cont	inued)	V	endor-spec	cific Identifie	er
8			Vendor-	-specific Id	entifier (co	ntinued)		
9	Port/Noc	de ID (0)			Serial I	Number		
10								
:		Serial Number (continued)						
11								

Drive Component Revision Levels Pages

Table 12. Drive Component Revision Levels Pages

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
0	Periphe	ral Qualifie	r (000b)		Periphera	l Device T	ype (01h)		
1				Page Co	de (C0h)				
2				Rese	erved				
3				Page Ler	ngth (27h)				
4									
:			Comp	onent (CC	cccccc	CCC)			
15									
16									
:		Version (RRR.VVV)							
22									
23									
:				Date (YY)	YYMMDD)				
30									
31									
:		Variant (XXXXXXXXXXX)							
42									

The Drive Component Revision Levels Pages contain details of the revisions of each of the components of the drive. For any given product, if these pages are the same then the drive has been built with the same components and with the same manufacturing process.

This page contains four null terminated ASCII strings. The Component entry has a twelve character entry to identify the component that the revision is for. The Version entry has a seven character version code with a three digit major revision number, a period and a three digit minor version number. The date entry has the date of the version in year first order. The Variant entry has a variant identifier indicating what version of a product this is.

LOAD/UNLOAD

Table 13. LOAD/UNLOAD Command

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
0		Operation Code (1Bh)							
1	Logica	l Unit Num	ber (0)		Rese	erved		Immed	
2		Reserved							
3				Rese	erved				
4	Reserved EOT(0) Reten(0) Lo						Load		
5		Control							

If the Load flag is set and there is a tape in the drive, it is positioned to BOM. If the Load flag is set and there is no tape in the drive, Check Condition status is returned. The Sense Key is set to Not Ready (2) and the additional Sense to Parameter Medium Not Present (3A00).

If the Load flag is clear and there is a tape in the drive and medium removal prevention has not been set, then the tape is unloaded and ejected. If the Load flag is clear and there is a tape in the drive and medium removal prevention has been set, then Check Condition status is returned. The Sense Key is set to Illegal Request (5) and the Additional Sense is set to Medium Removal Prevented (5302).

If the Load flag is clear and there is no tape in the drive, Good status is returned.

If the Immediate (Immed) flag is set to 1, then the drive validates the command and waits for any previous command from any host to complete including any immediate commands currently being processed and for any buffered data to be flushed to tape. It then reports a deferred error for any preceding command or buffered data if appropriate. If there is no deferred error, the drive reports good status and initiates the command. If the Immediate (Immed) flag is set to 0, status is not returned until after the command has completed.

The End Of Tape (EOT) and Retension (Reten) flags are not supported and should be set to 0.

LOCATE

The LOCATE command causes the logical position on tape to be set to the value indicated by the Block Address field. The value indicates the total number of records and marks between BOM and the desired logical position. A value of 0 causes the tape to be positioned at BOM.

If the Immediate (Immed) flag is set to 1, then the drive validates the command and waits for any previous command from any host to complete including any immediate commands currently being processed and for any buffered data to be flushed to tape. It then reports a deferred error for any preceding command or buffered data if appropriate. If there is no deferred error, the drive reports good status and initiates the command. If the Immediate (Immed) flag is set to 0, status is not returned until after the command has completed.

Table 14. LOCATE Command

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
0		Operation Code (2Bh)								
1	Logica	Logical Unit Number (0) Reserved BT(0) CP(0) Imm								
2				Rese	erved					
3										
:		Block Address								
6										
7		Reserved								
8		Partition (0)								
9		Control								

The Block Type (BT) and Change Partition (CP) flags are not supported and should be set to 0. The Partition field is not supported and should be set to 0.

LOG SELECT

Table 15. LOG SELECT Command

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
0	Operation Code (4Ch)									
1	Logical Unit Number (0)			Reserved			PCR	SP(0)		
2	PC Reserved									
3		Reserved								
4	Reserved									
5	Reserved									
6		Reserved								
7	Doromotor List Langth									
8	Parameter List Length									
9	Control									

The LOG SELECT command causes log data on the drive to be reset to its default value or to be set to an initiator specific value.

If the Parameter Code Reset (PCR) flag is set, the Parameter List Length is 0 and the Page Control (PC) field is 01b or 11b, then all the logs on the drive that can be reset are reset to their default values.

If the Parameter Code Reset (PCR) flag is set, the Parameter List Length is 0 and the Page Control (PC) field is 00b or 10b, then no action is taken and Good status is returned.

If the Parameter Code Reset (PCR) flag is clear, the Parameter List Length is not 0, the Page Control (PC) field is 01b or 11b, then data is sent from the host and is written to the indicated logs, provided those logs are writable.

Otherwise Check Condition status is returned. The sense key is set to Illegal Request and the Additional sense to Invalid Field in CDB (2400).

The Save Page (SP) flag shall not be supported and must be set to 0.

LOG SENSE

Table 16. LOG SENSE Command

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
0	Operation Code (4Dh)									
1	Logical Unit Number (0)			Reserved			PPC(0)	SP(0)		
2	PC Page Code									
3		Reserved								
4	Reserved									
5	Desembles Deinter (0)									
6	Parameter Pointer (0)									
7		Allocation Longth								
8	Allocation Length									
9	Control									

The LOG SENSE command causes log data to be sent to the initiator.

If the Page Control (PC) field is 00b or 10b, the maximum value for each log entry is returned. If it is 01b, the current values are returned. If it is 11b, the power on values for the log are returned.

The Page Code indicates the log page to return.

The Parameter Pointer Control (PPC) is set to 0. Returning changed parameters is not supported. The Save Page (SP) flag must be set to 0. Saved pages are not supported. The Parameter Pointer must be 0.

Cartridge specific log parameter counts are cleared when a cartridge has successfully loaded.

Log Page Format

All log pages (except page 0) consist of a log page header, followed by a number of log parameters. The log page header has the format indicated in Table 17.

Table 17. Log Page Header Format

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	Rese	erved	Page Code					
1	Reserved							
2	Dago Longth							
3		Page Length						

The Page Code is a byte value that uniquely identifies what log page is being returned. The Page Length describes how many bytes are to follow for the entire log page.

Each log parameter has the format indicated in Table 18.

Table 18. Log Parameter Format

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
0	Devemeter Code									
1	Parameter Code									
2	DU DS (1) TSD (0) ETC (0) TMC (0) LBIN LP							LP		
3	Parameter Length (n-3)									
4										
:	Parameter Bytes									
n										

The Parameter Code is a two byte value that uniquely identifies the parameter within the log.

The Disable Update (DU) flag is set for any parameter that the host can neither write nor reset.

The List Parameter (LP) flag is 0 for parameters that are counters and 1 for parameters that are not counters.

If the LP flag is 1 and the parameter is a binary parameter, then the List Binary (LBIN) flag is set to 1. Otherwise it is set to 0.

The TSD, ETC and TMC fields are always 0 and the DS field is always 1.

The Parameter Length field gives the length of the field in bytes.

The Parameter Bytes field contains the actual parameter data.

Supported Log Pages

The Supported Log Pages Log Page code is 00h. The parameter list contains a series of 1-byte entries for the log pages that are supported. At least those logs described in this document must be listed. Any additional logs that are supported must also be listed.

The format of this page is give in Table 19.

Table 19. Supported Log Pages Log Page Format

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
0	Rese	Reserved Page Code (00h)							
1		Reserved							
2		Paga Langth (n. 2)							
3		Page Length (n-3)							
4		Supported Log Pages (00h)							
5		Write Error Counters (02h)							
6			Re	ad Error C	ounters (03	3h)			
7			Sequential	Access De	evice Log F	Page (0Ch)			
8				TapeAle	ert (2Eh)				
9				Tape Usag	e Log (30h))			
10		Tape Capacity (31h)							
11			D	ata Compr	ession (32l	า)			

This data can be neither reset nor written.

Write Error Counters Log

The Write Error Counters log is page 02h. Parameters 0 through 2 are not supported and are returned as 0. All parameter lengths are 4 bytes long except parameter 8000, which is 8 bytes long.

The supported fields are listed in Table 20.

Table 20. Write Error Log Parameters

Parameter	Definition	Description	DU	LP	LBIN
0	Errors corrected without substantial delay	Not supported	0	0	0
1	Errors corrected with possible delays	Not supported	0	0	0
2	Total	Not supported	0	0	0
3	Total errors corrected	Total Write Retries less Total Unrecovered Write Errors	0	0	0
4	Total times error correction processed	Total Write Retries	0	0	0
5	Total bytes processed	Total Data Sets Written	0	0	0
6	Total uncorrected errors	Total Unrecovered Write Errors	0	0	0
8000h	Undefined		0	0	0
8001h	Undefined		0	0	0

This data can be reset to 0, but cannot be written.

Read Error Counters Log

The Read Error Counters log is page 03h. Parameters 0 through 2 are not supported and are returned as 0. All parameter lengths are 4 bytes long except parameter 8000, which is 8 bytes long.

The supported fields are listed in Table 21.

Table 21. Read Error Log Parameters

Parameter	Definition	Description	DU	LP	LBIN
0	Errors corrected without substantial delay	Not supported	0	0	0
1	Errors corrected with possible delays	Not supported	0	0	0
2	Total	Not supported	0	0	0
3	Total errors corrected	Total Number of Read Retries less Total Unrecovered Read Errors	0	0	0
4	Total times error correction processed	Total Number of Read Retries	0	0	0
5	Total bytes processed	Total Data Sets Read	0	0	0
6	Total uncorrected errors	Total Unrecovered Read Errors	0	0	0
8000h	Undefined		0	0	0/

This data can be reset to 0, but not written.

Sequential Access Device Log

The Sequential Access Device Log Page is 0Ch.

Table 22. Sequential Access Device Log Parameters

Parameter	Description	Length	DU	LP	LBIN
0h	Write Data Bytes Received, before compression	8	0	0	0
1h	Write Data Bytes Received, after compression	8	0	0	0
2h	Read Data Bytes Sent, before compression	8	0	0	0
3h	Read Data Bytes Sent, after compression	8	0	0	0
0100h	Cleaning Required	8	0	0	0
8000h	Megabytes processed since last cleaning	4	0	0	0
8001h	Lifetime load cycles	4	0	0	0
8002h	Lifetime cleaning cycles	4	0	0	0

A non-zero value of the cleaning required parameter indicates that a condition requiring cleaning has been detected and a subsequent cleaning cycle has not been completed. The cleaning required parameter shall be persistent across hard resets and power cycles.

TapeAlert Log

The TapeAlert log page is page 2Eh. There are 64 parameters numbered from 1 through 64. Only parameters 1 through 18, 20 through 23 and 29 through 39 have definitions for tape drives without attached loaders. The remaining parameters are always 0.

All parameters are one byte long. Each parameter is either 0 to indicate the corresponding condition has not occurred or 1 to indicate that the corresponding condition has occurred. All log parameters are cleared when the log is read. The Log is also cleared at power on, on a reset condition and by a Log Select command. Specific flags may be cleared when corrective action has removed the condition that caused the flag to be set.

The supported parameters are listed in Table 23. For a description of service actions associated with these parameters, refer to the StorageSmart by IBM Ultrium External Tape Drive TX200 Machine Type 3585 Setup, Operator, and Service Guide or the IBM 3580 Ultrium Tape Drive Setup, Operator, and Service Guide.

Table 23. TapeAlert Log Parameters

Parameter	Description	Туре	DU	LP	LBIN
3	Hard Error	Warning	1	0	0
4	Media	Critical	1	0	0
5	Read Failure	Critical	1	0	0
6	Write Failure	Critical	1	0	0
7	Media Life	Warning	1	0	0
8	Not Data Grade	Warning	1	0	0
9	Write Protect	Critical	1	0	0
10	No Removal	Information	1	0	0
11	Cleaning Media	Information	1	0	0
12	Unsupported Format	Information	1	0	0
15	Memory in Cartridge Failure	Warning	1	0	0
16	Forced Eject	Critical	1	0	0
18	Tape Directory Corrupted	Warning	1	0	0
19	Nearing Media Life	Information	1	0	0
20	Clean Now	Critical	1	0	0
21	Clean Periodic	Warning	1	0	0
22	Expired Cleaning Media	Critical	1	0	0
23	Invalid Cleaning Cartridge	Critical	1	0	0
30	Hardware A	Critical	1	0	0
31	Hardware B	Critical	1	0	0
32	Interface	Warning	1	0	0
33	Eject Media	Critical	1	0	0
34	Download Fault	Warning	1	0	0
35	Drive Humidity	Warning	1	0	0
36	Drive Temperature	Warning	1	0	0
37	Drive Voltage	Warning	1	0	0

Table 23. TapeAlert Log Parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description	Type	DU	LP	LBIN
38	Predictive Failure	Critical	1	0	0
39	Diagnostics Required	Warning	1	0	0

See the TapeAlert specification for more complete descriptions of the flags.

This data can be neither written nor reset. The flags are cleared by the action of reading the log.

Tape Usage Log

The Tape Usage Log Page Code is 30h. These are all read directly from the tape

Table 24. Tape Usage Log Parameters

Parameter	Description	Length	DU	LP	LBIN
1	Thread Count	4	1	0	0
2	Total Data Sets Written	8	1	0	0
3	Total Write Retries	4	1	0	0
4	Total Unrecovered Write Errors	2	1	0	0
5	Total Suspended Writes	2	1	0	0
6	Total Fatal Suspended Writes	2	1	0	0
7	Total Data Sets Read	8	1	0	0
8	Total Read Retries	4	1	0	0
9	Total Unrecovered Read Errors	2	1	0	0
10	Total Suspended Reads	2	1	0	0
11	Total Fatal Suspended Reads	2	1	0	0

This data can be neither reset nor written.

Tape Capacity Log

The Tape Capacity Log Page Code is 31h. Parameters 2 and 4 are not supported and are returned as 0. All parameter lengths are 4 bytes long. The supported fields are listed in Table 25.

Table 25. Tape Capacity Log Parameters

Parameter	Description	Length	DU	LP	LBIN
1	Main Partition Remaining Capacity	4	1	0	0
2	Alternate Partition Remaining capacity	4	1	0	0
3	Main Partition Maximum Capacity	4	1	0	0
4	Alternate Partition Maximum Capacity	4	1	0	0

All parameters are in megabytes and assume no data compression. This data can be neither reset nor written.

Data Compression Log

The Data Compression Log Page Code is 32h. Parameter byte fields 0 and 1 are two bytes long. Parameter byte fields 2 through 9 are each four bytes long.

The supported fields are listed in Table 26.

Table 26. Data Compression Log Parameters

Parameter	Description	Length	DU	LP	LBIN
0	Read Compression ratio × 100	2	0	0	0
1	Write Compression Ratio × 100	2	0	0	0
2	Megabytes transferred to host	4	0	0	0
3	Bytes transferred to host	4	0	0	0
4	Megabytes read from tape	4	0	0	0
5	Bytes read from tape	4	0	0	0
6	Megabytes transferred from host	4	0	0	0
7	Bytes transferred from host	4	0	0	0
8	Megabytes written to tape	4	0	0	0
9	Bytes written to tape	4	0	0	0

Parameters 2 through 9 occur as pairs that represent a large number of bytes transferred. The first 4-byte parameter represents the number of whole megabytes transferred, rounded to the nearest megabyte. The second 4-byte parameter represents the difference between this number of megabytes and the actual number of bytes. This may be a signed quantity.

This data may be reset, but may not be written.

MODE SELECT

Table 27. Byte MODE SELECT Command

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
0		Operation Code (15h)									
1	Logica	Logical Unit Number (0) PF Reserved SP(0									
2	Reserved										
3				Rese	erved						
4		Parameter List Length									
5		Control									

Table 28. Byte MODE SELECT Command

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
0				Operation (Code (55h	n)				
1	Logica	I Unit Num	ber (0)	PF		Reserved		SP(0)		
2				Rese	erved					
3		Reserved								
4		Reserved								
5				Rese	erved					
6				Rese	erved					
7				Darameter	List Long	·h				
8		Parameter List Length								
9				Cor	ntrol					

Both the 10-byte and 6-byte versions of the MODE SELECT command are supported.

The MODE SELECT command causes configuration data to be sent to the drive. For the format of Mode data and supported Mode pages see "MODE SENSE" on page 29.

The Page Format (PF) flag may be any value. However, the drive assumes that the format is SCSI-2. The Save Pages (SP) flag must be set to 0 since saved pages are not supported. The Parameter List Length field should be set to the amount of data to be sent to the drive.

The maximum acceptable Parameter List Length for a SCSI parallel drive is 198 bytes, and the maximum acceptable Parameter List Length for a Fibre Channel drive is 222 bytes. Any command with a larger value results in a CHECK CONDITION status, and the associated sense data returns with a Sense Key of ILLEGAL REQUEST and Additional Sense of INVALID FIELD IN CDB (2400).

If any of the fields in the Mode pages are invalid, no parameters are altered, Check Condition status is returned, the Sense Key is set to Illegal Request and the Additional Sense is set to Invalid Field in Parameter block (2600).

MODE SENSE

Both the 10-byte and the 6-byte versions of the command are supported.

Table 29. Byte MODE SENSE Command

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
0		Operation Code (1Ah)								
1	Logica	I Unit Num	mber (0) Reserved DBD Reserved							
2	Р	С	Page Code							
3				Rese	rved					
4		Allocation Length								
5		Control								

Table 30. Byte MODE SENSE Command

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
0		Operation Code (5Ah)							
1	Logica	Logical Unit Number (0) Reserved DBD Reserved							
2	Р	С			Page	Code			
3		Reserved							
4		Reserved							
5				Rese	rved				
6				Rese	rved				
7		Allored General Connection							
8		Allocation Length							
9				Cor	itrol				

The MODE SENSE command requests that the drive send its configuration data to the initiator. Pages 01h, 02h, 0Fh, 10h, and 1Ch are supported. Mode Pages 18h and 19h are supported only when the device is attached by a Fibre Channel interface. A page 3Fh request returns all supported pages.

If the Disable Block Descriptors (DBD) flag is set, then no block descriptors are returned with the mode data. If it is clear, then block descriptors are returned.

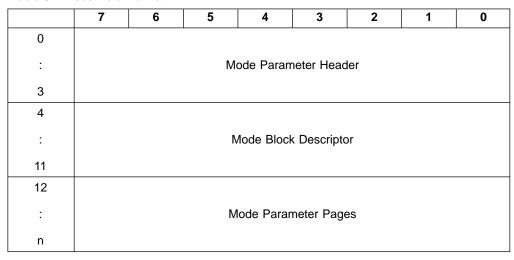
If the Page Control (PC) field is set to 00b, the current configuration is returned. If it is set to 01b, the configuration is returned with every bit that can be modified set to 1 and every bit that cannot be modified set to 0. If it is set to 10b or 11b, the power on configuration is returned.

The Page Code should be set to the page to be returned.

Mode Data Format

Mode data returned by a MODE SENSE command or sent with a MODE SELECT command consists of a Mode Parameter Header, an optional Mode Block Descriptor and zero or more Mode Parameter Pages.

Table 31. Mode Data Format



Mode Parameter Header

Table 32. Mode Parameter Header 6-Byte Command

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
0		Mode Data Length								
1		Medium Type (0)								
2	WP	WP Buffered Mode Speed (0)								
3		Block Descriptor Length								

Table 33. Mode Parameter Header 10-Byte Command

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
0		Mode Data Langth									
1		Mode Data Length									
2				Medium	Type (0)						
3	WP	WP Buffered Mode Speed (0)									
4				Rese	erved						
5		Reserved									
6		Plack Descriptor Length									
7		Block Descriptor Length									

In a MODE SENSE command, the Mode Data Length indicates the total amount of data available to be transferred. In a MODE SELECT command, this field is 0.

The Medium Type field is not used and should be set to 0.

The Write Protect flag indicates whether the currently loaded tape is write protected in a MODE SENSE command. It is ignored in a MODE SELECT command.

If the Buffered Mode is 0, then the drive does not report Good status on WRITE and WRITE FILE MARKS commands until the data is written to tape. If Buffered Mode is 1, then the drive reports Good status as soon as data has been transferred into the drive's data buffer. The default value is 1.

The Speed field is not used and should be set to 0.

The Block Descriptor Length is either 0 if no Block Descriptor is transferred or 8 if a Block Descriptor is transferred. The Mode parameter value is stored for each initiator.

Mode Block Descriptor

Table 34. Mode Block Descriptor

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
0		Density Code								
1										
:				Number of	Blocks (0)					
3										
4				Rese	erved					
5										
:				Block	Length					
7										

The Density Code field returns a code identifying the format of the tape currently loaded in the drive. If there is no tape loaded, the code for the highest capacity format supported by the drive is returned. See Table 76 on page 59 for details of supported density codes.

The Number of Blocks field is 0.

The Block Length field indicates the block length to be used in subsequent READ. WRITE, and VERIFY commands with the Fixed bit set. (See "READ" on page 44, "VERIFY" on page 84, and "WRITE" on page 85.) The default is 1024. The block size may only be an even number. (For variable block transfers, which do not use this field, both odd and even values are supported.)

Read-Write Error Recovery Page

Table 35. Read-Write Error Recovery Page

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	PS (0)	Reserved	Page Code (01h)					
1		Additional Page Length (0Ah)						
2	Res	served TB (0) Reserved EER(1) PER DTE(0) DCR(0)						DCR(0)
3			R	ead Retry	Count (FF	h)		
4				Rese	erved			
5				Rese	erved			
6				Rese	erved			
7				Rese	erved			
8			V	/rite Retry	Count (FF	h)		
9		Reserved						
10		Reserved						
11				Rese	erved			

The only supported field is Post Error (PER). A 1 specifies that the device server shall report CHECK CONDITION status to report recovered errors.

Disconnect/Reconnect Page

Table 36. Disconnect/Reconnect Mode Page

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
0	PS (0)	Reserved			Page Co	de (02h)				
1		Additional Page Length (0Eh)								
2		Buffer Full Ratio (0)								
3		Buffer Empty Ratio (0)								
4				Puo Incotiv	ity Limit (C	١١				
5				Bus Inactiv	ity Limit (C	')				
6		Disconnect Time Limit (0)								
7			Di	sconnect	IIIIe LIIIII	(0)				
8				Connect Tir	ma Limit ((n)				
9				John ect Th	ne Linii (t))				
10				Maximum	Buret Size					
11				IVIAXIIIIUIII	Duist Size	,				
12		Reserved DTDC (0)								
13		Reserved								
14		Reserved								
15				Rese	erved					

The Maximum Burst Size field for the SCSI parallel interface indicates (in multiples of 512 bytes) the number of bytes that the drive should attempt to send or receive between disconnects. The default is 0, which implies that the drive may send bursts of data at any size.

The Maximum Burst Size field for the Fibre Channel interface indicates the sequence size that the drive should attempt to use when transferring data. Any value is allowed and ignored. The value for the Maximum Burst Size field is stored for each initiator.

The Buffer Full Ratio and Buffer Empty Ratio fields should be 0 since buffer management is controlled by the drive.

The Bus Inactivity Limit, Disconnect Time Limit and Connect Time limit fields are not supported and should be set to 0.

The Data Transfer Disconnect Control field is not supported and should be set to 0.

Data Compression Mode Page

Table 37. Data Compression Mode Page

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	PS (0)	Reserved	Page Code (0Fh)					
1			Addi	tional Pag	e Length (0Eh)		
2	DCE	DCC(1)			Rese	erved		
3	DDE(1)	RED	(00b)			Reserved		
4								
:			Co	mpression	Algorithm	(1)		
7								
8								
:			Dec	ompressio	n Algorithr	n (1)		
11								
12				Rese	erved			
13		Reserved						
14		Reserved						
15				Rese	erved			

A data compression enable (DCE) bit of 1 indicates that data compression is enabled. The default for DCE is 1. If DCE is 0, the drive uses Scheme 2 of the LTO-DC algorithm (passthrough mode).

No other fields are changeable.

Sequential Access Device Configuration Page

The Write Delay Time field indicates the time in 100ms increments that the drive should wait with unwritten data in the buffer and no activity on the interface before forcing data to tape.

The Change Active Partition (CAP) flag and the Active Partition field should be 0 since multiple partitions are not supported.

The Change Active Format (CAF) and Active Format fields should be 0 since changing formats is not supported.

The Write Buffer Full Ratio and Read Buffer Empty Ratio fields should be 0 since buffer management is done by the drive.

The Data Buffer Recovery (DBR), Report Set Marks (RSmk), Stop On Consecutive File Marks (SOCF), Recover Buffer Order (RBO), Report Early Warning on read (REW) and Synchronize at Early Warning flags should be clear since these features are not supported.

The Automatic Velocity Control (AVC) flag should be clear since velocity control is managed by the drive.

The Gap Size field should be set to 0 since there is no concept of inter-block gaps in the format.

Table 38. Sequential Access Device Configuration Page

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
0	PS (0)	Reserved			Page Co	de (10h)			
1			Addi	tional Pag	e Length (0Eh)			
2	Reserved	CAP (0)	CAF (0)		Act	ive Format	t (0)		
3				Active Pa	rtition (0)				
4			Wı	ite Buffer	Full Ratio	(0)			
5			Rea	d Buffer E	mpty Ratio	0)			
6		Write Delay Time							
7		Write Delay Time							
8	DBR (0)	BIS (1)	RSmk (0)	AVC (0)	SOC	F (0)	RBO (0)	REW (0)	
9				Gap S	ize (0)				
10	EO	D Defined	(0)	EEG (1)	SEW (0)		Reserved		
11									
:			Buffer	Size at E	arly Warni	ng (0)			
13									
14		Select Data Compression Algorithm							
15				Rese	erved				

The Block Identifiers Supported (BIS) flag should be set since block identifiers are supported.

The Enable EOD Generation flag should be set since EOD generation is always enabled.

The Buffer Size at Early Warning field should be 0 as this cannot be set.

The default value for the Select Data Compression Algorithm is 1 and indicates that data compression is enabled. If Select Data Compression Algorithm is 0, the drive uses Scheme 2 of the LTO-DC algorithm (passthrough mode). In the event that Select Data Compression Algorithm doesn't agree with DCE of the Data Compression Mode Page (see "Data Compression Mode Page" on page 33), the DCE setting takes precedence.

Fibre Channel Logical Unit Control Page

There is one copy of this page for each initiator. This page is defined for Fibre Channel-attached devices only.

Table 39. Fibre Channel Logical Unit Control Page

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
0	PS (0)	Reserved			Page Co	de (18h)			
1		Page Length (06h)							
2		Reserved							
3		Reserved EPDC							
4									
:		Reserved							
7									

Enable Precise Delivery Control (EPDC), when set to 1B, enables checking of a Fibre Channel Command Reference Number and ensures that the command packets are delivered in order.

Fibre Channel Port Control Page

There is one copy of this page per Fibre Channel port. This page is defined for Fibre Channel-attached devices only.

Table 40. Fibre Channel Port Control Page

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
0	PS (0)	Reserved			Page Co	de (19h)				
1				Page Len	gth (0Eh)					
2				Rese	erved					
3	DTFD (0)							DTOLI (0)		
4										
:				Rese	rved f					
5										
6			Reserved			RI	R_TOV Un	its		
7		Re	esource Re	covery Tim	ne Out Valu	ue (RR_TO	V)			
8			Rese	erved			Control M	CM (01b)		
9										
:				Rese	erved					
10										
11			Orig	inator CMI	Rs Per Por	t (0)				
12				Rese	erved					
13		Responder CMRs Per Port (0)								
14										
:		MCM_TOV (0)								
15										

Resource Recovery Time Out Value (RR_TOV) Units can have the following values:

- 000b (no timer is specified)
- 001b (timer is specified in.001-second units)
- 011b (timer is specified in.1-second units)
- 101b (timer is specified in 10-second units)

Information Exceptions Mode Page

Table 41. Information Exceptions Mode Page

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	PS (0)	Reserved		Page Code (1Ch)				
1		Page Length (0A)						
2	Perf (0)	erf (0) Reserved DExcept Test Reserved LogErr						LogErr(0)
3		Reserved MRIE (3)						
4		·						
:		Interval Timer (0)						
7								
8								
:		Report Count (0)						
11								

The Information Exceptions mode page is used to control Exception Reporting via the TapeAlert log page.

If the DExcept flag is clear, Exception Reporting is enabled. If the DExcept flag is set, Exception Reporting is disabled. The default for DExcept is 0.

If the Test flag is set, the next command will fail and the sense key will be set to Unit Attention and the Additional Sense to Failure Prediction Threshold Exceeded -False (5DFF). If the Test flag is clear, the next command is processed normally. The default for Test is 0.

The Perf and LogErr flags must be 0. These features are not supported.

The MRIE field must be 3. If an exception occurs, the next command will get check condition status and the Sense Key will be set to Recovered Error and the Additional Sense will be set to Failure Prediction Threshold Exceeded (5D00).

The Interval Timer and Report Count must be set to 0. These fields are not supported.

PERSISTENT RESERVE IN

Table 42. PERSISTENT RESERVE IN Command

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
0		Operation Code (5Eh)							
1		Reserved Service Action							
2				Rese	erved				
3				Rese	erved				
4		Reserved							
5				Rese	erved				
6									
:		Allocation Length							
8									
9		Control							

The PERSISTENT RESERVE IN command is used for reservation management to show what types of Reservations and Reservation Keys exist.

Service Action may have one of two valid values:

- 00000b (reads all registered Reservation Keys)
- 00001b (reads all current persistent reservations)

Allocation Length is set to the maximum number of bytes to be transferred.

The PERSISTENT RESERVE IN parameter data for Read Keys is defined in Table 43.

Table 43. PERSISTENT RESERVE IN Parameter Data for Read Keys

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
0										
:		Generation								
3										
4										
:				Additiona	al Length					
7										
8										
:				First Rese	vation Key	,				
15										
16										
:			Add	ditional Res	servation K	eys				
n										

Generation is a counter for PERSISTENT RESERVE OUT command requests.

Additional Length is a count of the number of bytes in the Reservation Key list.

For Additional Reservation Keys, a maximum of one reservation key per initiator is supported.

The PERSISTENT RESERVE IN parameter data for Read Reservations is defined in Table 44.

Table 44. PERSISTENT RESERVE IN Parameter Data for Read Reservations

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
0									
:				Gene	ration				
3									
4									
:		Additional Length							
7									
8									
:			R	Reservation	Descriptor	'S			
n									

Generation is a counter for PERSISTENT RESERVE OUT command requests.

Additional Length is a count of the number of bytes in the Reservation Key list.

Reservation Descriptors are defined in Table 45.

The PERSISTENT RESERVE IN Read Reservations Descriptor is defined in Table 45.

Table 45. PERSISTENT RESERVE IN Read Reservations Descriptor

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
0										
:		Reservation Key								
7										
8										
:			Sc	ope-specif	c address	(0)				
11										
12				Rese	erved					
13		Scope	e (0h)			Ту	ре			
14										
:				Extent L	ength (0)					
15										

A Scope value of 0h indicates that the persistent reservation applies to the entire logical unit.

Type may have one of the following values:

- · 3h means Exclusive Access
- 6h means Exclusive Access, Registrants only

PERSISTENT RESERVE OUT

Table 46. PERSISTENT RESERVE OUT Command

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
0	Operation Code (5Fh)										
1		Reserved			S	ervice Acti	on				
2	Scope (0) Type										
3				Rese	erved						
4		Reserved									
5				Rese	erved						
6				Rese	erved						
7											
:		Parameter List Length (18h)									
8											
9				Cor	ntrol						

The PERSISTENT RESERVE OUT command is used for reservation management to allow different types of Reservations and Reservation Keys to be created or removed.

Service Action may have one of the following values:

- 00000h (register a reservation key with the device server)
- 00001h (create a persistent reservation by using a reservation key)
- 00002h (release a persistent reservation)
- 00003h (clear all reservation keys and all persistent reservations)
- 00004h (preempt persistent reservations from another initiator)
- · 00005h (preempt persistent reservations from another initiator and clear the task set for the preempted initiator)

Type may have one of the following values:

- 3h means Exclusive Access
- 6h means Exclusive Access for Registrants only

The PERSISTENT RESERVE OUT parameter list is defined in Table 47.

Table 47. PERSISTENT RESERVE OUT Parameter List

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
0												
:		Reservation Key										
7												
8												
:			Servi	ce Action I	Reservation	n Key						
15												
16												
:			Sc	ope-specifi	c Address	(0)						
19												
20				Reserved				APTPL (0)				
21				Rese	erved							
22												
:		Obsolete (0)										
23												

Any value is allowed for the Reservation Key and the Service Action Reservation Key.

The value for Activate Persist Through Power Loss (APTPL) is 0.

PREVENT/ALLOW MEDIUM REMOVAL

Table 48. PREVENT/ALLOW MEDIUM REMOVAL Command

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
0		Operation Code (1Eh)								
1	Logica	ogical Unit Number (0) Reserved								
2		Reserved								
3				Rese	erved					
4		Reserved Prevent								
5		Control								

The PREVENT/ALLOW MEDIUM REMOVAL command is used to prevent accidental removal of the medium while it is required by an initiator.

If the Prevent flag is set, then eject requests from the front panel are ignored and Unload commands give Check Condition status. The sense code is set to Illegal Request and the Additional Sense to Medium Removal Prevented (5302).

All initiators that have prevented medium removal must enable it before the medium can be removed from the drive.

READ

Table 49. READ Command

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
0		Operation Code (08h)									
1	Logica	Logical Unit Number (0) Reserved SILI Fixed									
2											
:		Transfer Length									
4											
5		Control									

The READ command causes data to be transferred from the tape medium to the initiator.

If the Fixed flag is clear and Transfer Length is not 0, then a single block of the length in Transfer Length is to be transferred. If the next block on tape is of this length or shorter then it is transferred to the initiator. If the next block is longer than this length, then only the length requested is returned and the logical position is set to after the record. If the length of the block was the same as the Transfer Length field, then good status is returned. For additional details about Suppress Illegal Length Indicator (SILI) management, see SCSI-3 Stream Commands (SSC), available on the Web at http://www.t10.org.

If the fixed flag is set and the Transfer Length field is not 0 and the Suppress Illegal Length Indicator (SILI) flag is clear, then a sequence of blocks of the currently configured block length is to be returned, the number of blocks being indicated in the Transfer Length field. If there is a sequence of blocks of this length on the tape, they are returned to the initiator with good status. If a block that is longer than the configured length is encountered before the sequence is complete, the blocks up to that block are returned followed by the configured length from the record that was too long and Check Condition status. If a block that is shorter than the configured length is encountered before the sequence is complete, the blocks up to that block are returned followed by all of that block and Check Condition status. The current position is set after the last block that was returned or partially returned.

If the Transfer Length field is 0 and the Suppress Illegal Length Indicator and the Fixed bit are not both set, then no action is taken.

If Suppress Illegal Length Indicator (SILI) flag is set and the Fixed bit is set, then Check Condition status is returned. The sense key is set to Illegal Request and the Additional Sense to Invalid Field in CDB (2400).

READ ATTRIBUTE

Table 50. READ ATTRIBUTE Command

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
0				Operation (Code (8Ch)		•		
1	R	Reserved (0))		S	ervice Action	on			
2										
:				Rese	erved					
3										
4				Rese	erved					
5		Volume Number (0)								
6				Rese	erved					
7				Partition N	lumber (0)					
8										
:				First Att	ribute ID					
9										
10										
:				Allocatio	n Length					
12										
13		Reserved								
14				Cor	ntrol					

Until the SPC-3 document is out, the recommended document to refer to for command support is SCSI proposal T10/99-148r7.

The supported Service Action codes are listed in Table 51.

Table 51. Supported Service Action Codes

Code	Name	Description	Format of Returned Data
00h	ATTRIBUTE VALUES	Return attribute values	See Table 52 on page 46
01h	ATTRIBUTE LIST	Return a list of available attribute identifiers	See Table 53 on page 46
02h	VOLUME LIST	Return a list of available Volume Numbers	See Table 55 on page 47
03h	PARTITION LIST	Return a list of available Partition Numbers	See Table 54 on page 46

Table 52 describes the format of the Attribute Values.

Table 52. Parameter Data for an Attribute Values Service Action

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0								
:				Available	Data (n-3)			
3								
4								
:				Attribu	ute #1			
х								
m								
:				Attrib	ute #y			
n								

Table 53 describes the format of the data returned for an Attribute List service action request.

Table 53. Parameter Data for an Attribute List Service Action

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0								
:				Available	Data (n-3)			
3								
4								
:				Attribut	e ID #1			
5								
n-1								
:				Attrib	ute #y			
n								

Table 54 describes the format of the data returned for a Partition List service action request.

Table 54. Parameter Data for a Partition List Service Action

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
0											
:				Available	Data (2)						
1											
2		First Partition Number (0)									
3			Numb	er of Partit	ions Availa	ble (1)					

Table 55 describes the format of the data returned for a Volume List service action

Table 55. Parameter Data for a Volume List Service Action

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0								
:				Available	Data (2)			
1								
2		First Volume Number (0)						
3		Number of Volumes Available (1)						

Attribute Description

Table 56 describes the attribute format.

Table 56. Attribute Format

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0								
:				Attrib	ute ID			
1								
2	Rd Only			Reserved			For	mat
3								
:				Attribute L	ength (n-4)			
4								
5								
:				Attribut	e Value			
n								

The supported Format codes are 00h binary and 01h ASCII.

Table 57 describes the attribute identification ranges.

Table 57. Attribute Descriptions

Attribute Identifiers	Description
0000h - 03FFh	Device Common attributes
0400h - 07FFh	Medium Common attributes
0800h - 0BFFh	Host Common attributes
0C00h - FFFFh	Device Vendor Unique attributes
1000h - 13FFh	Medium Vendor Unique attributes
1400h - 17FFh	Host Vendor Unique attributes

Table 58 describes Device Common attributes. All Device Common attributes are read only.

Table 58. Device Common Attributes

ID	Attribute Name	Number of Bytes	Format
0000h	Remaining Capacity in Partition	8	Binary
0001h	Maximum Capacity in Partition	8	Binary
0002h	TapeAlert Flags	8	Binary
0003h	Load Count	8	Binary
0004h	MAM Space Remaining	8	Binary
0005h	Assigning Organization	8	ASCII
0006h	Formatted Density Code	1	Binary
0007h	Initialization Count	2	Binary
020Ah	Device Make/Serial Number at Last Load	40	ASCII
020Bh	Device Make/Serial Number at Load - 1	40	ASCII
020Ch	Device Make/Serial Number at Load - 2	40	ASCII
020Dh	Device Make/Serial Number at Load - 3	40	ASCII
0220h	Total Megabytes Written in Medium Life	8	Binary
0221h	Total Megabytes Read in Medium Life	8	Binary
0222h	Total Megabytes Written in Current/Last Load	8	Binary
0223h	Total Megabytes Read in Current/Last Load	8	Binary

Table 59 describes the format and contents for the Device Vendor/Serial Number Attribute.

Table 59. Device Vendor/Serial Number Attribute

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0								
:			Vendor Id	entification	('IBM '), le	ft justified		
7								
8								
:			F	Product Se	rial Numbe	r		
39								

Table 60 describes the Medium Common Attributes.

Table 60. Medium Common Attributes

ID	Attribute Name	Number of Bytes	Format
0400h	Medium Manufacturer	8	ASCII
0401h	Medium Serial Number	32	ASCII
0402h	Medium Length	4	Binary
0403h	Medium Width	4	Binary
0404h	Assigning Organization	8	ASCII
0405h	Medium Density Code	1	Binary
0406h	Medium Manufacture Date	8	ASCII
0407h	MAM Capacity	8	Binary
0408h	Medium Type	1	Binary
0409h	Medium Type Information	2	Binary

All Medium Common attributes are read only.

The Medium Manufacture Date format is YYYYMMDD.

Medium Type value of 0 means Data Medium. A Medium Type of 6 means Cleaning Medium.

For the Medium Type of Cleaning Medium, the Medium Type Information specifies the total number of cleaning cycles available in a cleaning cartridge.

Table 61 describes the Host Common Attributes.

Table 61. Host Common Attributes

ID	Attribute Name	Number of Bytes	Format
0800h	Application Vendor	8	ASCII
0801h	Application Name	32	ASCII
0802h	Application Version	8	ASCII
0803h	User Medium Text Label	160	Text
0804h	Date & Time Last Written	12	ASCII
0805h	Text Localization Identifier	1	Binary
0806h	Barcode	32	ASCII
0807h	Owning Host Textual Name	80	Text
0808h	Media Pool	160	Text

All Host Common attributes can be both read and written.

The Date & Time Written format for the string is YYYYMMDDHHMM using a 24-hour time format. At this time, there are no vendor-unique attributes.

READ BLOCK LIMITS

Table 62. READ BLOCK LIMITS Command

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0		Operation Code (05h)						
1	Logica	l Unit Num	ber (0)			Reserved		
2				Rese	erved			
3				Rese	erved			
4		Reserved						
5		Control						

The READ BLOCK LIMITS command requests that the drive return the maximum and minimum block sizes that it supports. The maximum block size is set to 0xFFFFFF and the minimum block size is set to 1.

The format of the data returned is shown in Table 63.

Table 63. READ BLOCK LIMITS Descriptor

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0				Rese	erved			•
1								
:			Maximur	n block len	gth limit (F	FFFFFh)		
3								
4			Mini	mum block	longth lim	i+ (1)		
5			IVIIIII	IIIUIII DIOCK	i lengin iini	ıt (1 <i>)</i>		

READ BUFFER

Table 64. READ BUFFER Command

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0		Operation Code (3Ch)						
1	Logica	Logical Unit Number (0) Reserved Mode						
2				Buffe	er ID			
3								
:		Buffer Offset						
5								
6								
:		Allocation Length						
8								
9				Cor	ntrol			

The READ BUFFER command reads data from the memory on the drive and sends it to the initiator.

Modes 000b, 010b and 011b are supported. If it is set to 010b, then just the data is returned. If it is set to 011b, just the descriptor is returned.

If the Mode is set to 0111b and the Buffer ID is 0, the descriptor returned is for the Main Data buffer. The format of the 4 byte descriptor is shown in Table 65. The Buffer ID indicates which buffer is to be read. The Buffer Offset field may be set to any address in the buffer.

Note: The Main Data buffer is larger than capacity of the read buffer offset and capacity fields to express (32 megabytes). To compensate for this, the buffer offset and capacity fields for the Main Buffer (buffer ID = 0) are interpreted and expressed such that each unit represents 64 bytes. This is only true for buffer modes 000b, 001b, 010b, 011b, and 111b.

Table 65. READ BUFFER Descriptor

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0		Reserved						
1								
:				Buffer C	Capacity			
3								

Table 66. Drive Buffers

Supported Buffers	ID	Offset Boundary
Main Data	0	4
Dump Data (Read Only)	1	4
Test	2	4
VPD	3	4
Firmware	4	4
Cartridge Memory (Read Only)	5	4
Error Log (Read Only)	6	4

Error Log Buffer

The error log buffer contains zero or more entries described in Table 67.

Table 67. Error Log Buffer Command

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
0												
:	Time Stamp											
3												
4	Entry Number											
5				Error	Code							
6				Fsc 1	st Text							
7				1 30 1	St Text							
8				Fsc 1s	st Data							
9												
10		Fsc 2nd Text										
11		1 30 ZIIQ TOXL										
12	Fsc 2nd Data											
13												
14												
:			C	Cartridge Se	erial Numb	er						
21												
22												
:				EC I	_evel							
27												
28												
:				Hardwa	re Level							
31												

READ POSITION

Table 68. READ POSITION Command

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
0	Operation Code (34h)										
1	Logical Unit Number (0) Reserved										
2		Reserved									
3		Reserved									
4		Reserved									
5		Reserved									
6		Reserved									
7		Reserved									
8	Reserved										
9		Control									

The READ POSITION command returns current position information to the initiator. The data returned has the format in Table 69.

Table 69. READ POSITION Data

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
0	ВОР	EOP(0)	Reserved BPU(0) Reserved								
1		Partition Number (0)									
2	Reserved										
3		Reserved									
4											
:		First Block Location									
7											
8											
:	Last Block Location										
11											
12				Rese	erved						
13											
:			Nun	nber of bloc	ks in buffe	er (0)					
15											
16											
:		Number of bytes in buffer (0)									
19											

The First Block Location and the Last Block Location are both set to the number of blocks and file marks between BOM and current logical position. If the tape is at BOM, 0 is returned in these fields. The Beginning of Partition (BOP) flag is set if the Block Location fields are 0. The End of Partition flag is not supported and is set to 0. The Block Position Unknown flag is always set to 0 since the position is always known. The Partition Number, Number of Blocks in Buffer and Number of Bytes in Buffer are not supported and are returned as 0.

RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS

Table 70. RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS Command

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
0		Operation Code (1Ch)										
1	Logica	Logical Unit Number (0) Reserved										
2		Reserved										
3		Allo and an I amonth										
4		Allocation Length										
5	Control											

The RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS command returns the results of diagnostic tests to the initiator. The format of the data returned is specified in "SEND DIAGNOSTIC" on page 67.

RELEASE UNIT

Table 71. Byte RELEASE UNIT Command

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
0	Operation Code (17h)										
1	Logica	Logical Unit Number (0) 3rdPty Third Party Device ID (0) Element									
2		Reservation Identification									
3		Reserved									
4		Allocation Length (0)									
5		Control									

Table 72. Byte Release Unit Command

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
0	Operation Code (57h)										
1	Logical Unit Number (0) 3rdPty (0) LongID (0) Reserve										
2		Reserved									
3		Third Party Device ID (0)									
4		Reserved									
5		Reserved									
6		Reserved									
7	Double of the Lorenth (O)										
8	Parameter List Length(0)										
9	Control										

The RELEASE UNIT command removes a reservation made by a RESERVE UNIT command. If there is an existing reservation from the same initiator with the same parameters, then that reservation is removed and Good status is returned. It is not an error to attempt to release a reservation that is not currently valid or is held by another initiator. In this case, the drive shall return GOOD status without altering any reservation.

REPORT DENSITY SUPPORT

Table 73. REPORT DENSITY SUPPORT Command

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
0		Operation Code (44h)								
1	Logica	l Unit Num	ber (0)		Rese	erved		Media		
2		Reserved								
3		Reserved								
4		Reserved								
5				Rese	erved					
6				Rese	erved					
7		Allegation I could								
8		Allocation Length								
9				Cor	ntrol					

The REPORT DENSITY SUPPORT command returns details about the tape formats supported by the drive. The data is returned as a header and a series of descriptor blocks. If the Media flag is set, then one descriptor block is returned with the data for the currently loaded tape. If the Media bit is clear, then one descriptor block is returned for each format supported by the drive.

The format of the REPORT DENSITY SUPPORT header is as follows:

Table 74. REPORT DENSITY SUPPORT Header

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
0			Avoilab	lo Donoity	Descriptor	Longth					
1		Available Density Descriptor Length									
2		Reserved									
3		Reserved									

The Available Density Descriptor Length gives the total amount of data that is available to be returned.

The header is followed by one or more REPORT DENSITY SUPPORT descriptor blocks with the format in Table 75.

Table 75. REPORT DENSITY SUPPORT Descriptor Block

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
0				Primary De	nsity Code	;					
1			S	econdary D	ensity Cod	le					
2	WRTOK	DUP(0)	DEFLT			Reserved					
3				Rese	erved						
4				Rese	erved						
5											
:				Bits po	er mm						
7											
8				Media	Width						
9				ivicula	vviditi						
10				Tra	cke						
11				IIa	CKS						
12											
:				Сар	acity						
15											
16											
:			A	Assigning C	Organization	า					
23											
24											
:				Density	Name						
31				,							
32											
				Darre							
:				Desci	ιρτιοπ						
51											

The values reported for the Ultrium format are as follows:

Table 76. Density Information for LTO Formats

Field	Ultrium 1
Primary Density Code	40h
Secondary Density Code	40h
Bits per mm	4880
Media Width	127
Tracks	384
Capacity	95367
Assigning Organization	LTO-CVE
Density Name	U-18
Description	Ultrium 1/8T

The Write Okay (WRTOK) flag is clear if the drive does not support writing to this format, but does support reading it. This is always 1 for first-generation drives. The Duplicate (DUP) flag is set to 0 for every descriptor block indicating that each density is only reported once. The Default (DEFLT) flag is set for the density for which the currently mounted medium is formatted and clear for all other densities. This is always 1 for first-generation drives since any given piece of media only has one possible format.

The capacity values in the table are the maximum values possible and are reported if the Media flag is clear. If the media flag is set, the actual capacity for the loaded tape is reported, which may be less than the value in the table.

REPORT LUNs

Table 77. REPORT LUNs Command

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
0		Operation Code (A0h)									
1		Reserved									
2		Reserved									
3				Rese	erved						
4				Rese	erved						
5				Rese	erved						
6											
:				Allocatio	n Length						
9											
10		Reserved									
11				Cor	ntrol						

The host uses this command to retrieve information about which Logical Units the drive supports.

The allocation length shall be at least 16 bytes. If this is not the case, the drive returns CHECK CONDITION status with a sense key of ILLEGAL REQUEST and additional sense of INVALID FIELD IN CDB.

The following data response data is returned:

Table 78. Logical Unit Numbers Data

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0								
:				LUN Lis	t Length			
3								
4								
:				Rese	erved			
7								
8								
:				LUN	0 (0)			
15								
16								
:			LUN	I 1 (000100	00000000	00h)		
23								

REQUEST SENSE

Table 79. REQUEST SENSE Command

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
0				Operation (Code (03h	1)				
1	Logica	Logical Unit Number (0) Reserved								
2		Reserved								
3				Rese	erved					
4		Allocation Length								
5		Control								

The sense data returned is described in Table 80 on page 62.

Sense Data Format

Table 80. Sense Data Format

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
0	Valid				Error Code	Э					
1				Segment N	Number (0))					
2	File Mark	EOM	ILI	Reserved		Sense	e Key				
3				•							
:				Inforn	nation						
6											
7			Α	dditional S	ense Leng	ıth					
8											
:			Com	mand Spe	cific Inform	nation					
11											
12				Additional S							
13				ional Sens							
14		Field Replaceable Unit Code									
15	SKSV	KSV C/D Reserved BPV Bit Pointer									
16			IS	SKSV (1: F	ield Pointe	er)					
:				-							
17			5K5V ((D: Error Fau	uit Sympto	m Code)					
18											
:				Error Fl	ag Data						
19											
20				Reserv	/ed (0)						
21		Rese	erved		CLN	Reserved	Dump	VolValid			
22											
:				Volume	e Label						
28											
29		Current Wrap									
30											
:		Relative LPOS									
33											
34				SCSI A	ddress						
35			Rese	erved - RS-	422 Inform	nation					

The Valid flag is set if the Information field contains valid information.

The descriptions that follow serve only as an overview of sense reporting in the tape drive. This tape drive conforms to all sense field reporting as specified in the SCSI standards.

The Error Code field is set to 70h to indicate a current error that is associated with the most recently received command. It is set to 71h to indicate a deferred error which is not associated with the current command.

The segment number is 0 since the COPY, COMPARE, and COPY and VERIFY commands are not supported.

The File Mark flag is set if a SPACE, READ or VERIFY command did not complete because a file mark was read.

The End of Medium (EOM) flag is set if a WRITE or WRITE FILE MARKS command completed in the early warning area. Spacing into BOM also causes this flag to be set. It is also set on an attempt to read or space past EOD or if an attempt is made to space into Beginning of Media.

The Illegal Length Indicator (ILI) flag is set if a READ or VERIFY ended because a block was read from tape that did not have the block length requested in the command.

For values of the Sense Key field see "Chapter 4. Sense Keys and Additional Sense" on page 89.

The Information Bytes are only valid if the Valid flag is set. This occurs only for current errors and not for deferred errors. See specific command for details about when Information bytes are valid.

The Additional Sense Length is set to n-7 and is at least 10.

The Command Specific Information is set to 0, since no supported commands define a use for this field.

For supported Additional Sense Codes and Additional Sense Code Qualifiers, see "Chapter 4. Sense Keys and Additional Sense" on page 89.

The Field Replaceable Unit field is set to either 0 or to a non-zero vendor specific code indicating which part of the drive is suspected of causing the failure.

The only Sense Key specific data supported is for Illegal Request (5h). For this sense key, the Sense Key Specific Valid flag is set and the following fields are set:

- The Command/Data (C/D) flag is set if the illegal parameter was detected in the Command Descriptor Block and clear if it was detected in the Data phase.
- · If a bit within a byte was invalid, the Bit Pointer Valid (BPV) flag is set and the Bit Pointer field is set to indicate which bit was in error.
- · The Field Pointer is set to indicate which byte was in error.

The Clean (CLN) flag is set if the drive needs cleaning and clear otherwise.

The Dump bit indicates that the drive has a Dump available. The flag is used to indicate when it is appropriate to read up a dump.

The Volume Label Fields Valid (VolValid) bit is set if the Volume Label being reported is valid.

The Volume Label field reports the volume label if a cartridge is loaded in the drive and Volume Label Fields Valid is set.

The Current Wrap reports the physical wrap of the tape. The least significant bit reflects the current physical direction. A 0 means the current direction is away from physical beginning of tape. A 1 means the current direction is towards physical beginning of tape.

Relative LPOS reports the current physical position on tape.

SCSI Address reports the SCSI Bus Address for the drive. Values returned range from 00h to 0Fh.

This Reserved field may contain a value passed across the RS-422 serial interface by, for example, a tape library if the library vendor chooses to send such a value. The value passed from across the RS-422 interface is reported persistently until a different value is sent, at which time the new value is reported persistently.

RESERVE UNIT

Table 81. Byte RESERVE UNIT Command

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
0				Operation (Code (16h)					
1	Logica	Logical Unit Number (0) 3rdPty(0) Third Party Device ID (0) Reserved									
2		Reserved									
3				Rese	rved						
4		Reserved									
5		Control									

Table 82. Byte Reserve Unit Command

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
0		Operation Code (56h)										
1	Logica	l Unit Num	ber (0)	3rdPty(0)	Res	erved	LongID (0)	Reserved				
2		Reserved										
3		Third Party Device ID (0)										
4		Reserved										
5				Rese	rved							
6				Rese	rved							
7												
8		Parameter List Length (0)										
9				Cor	itrol							

The RESERVE UNIT command creates a reservation for the drive. Third party reserves are not supported.

REWIND

Table 83. REWIND Command

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
0				Operation (Code (01h))				
1	Logica	Logical Unit Number (0) Reserved Immed								
2		Reserved								
3				Rese	erved					
4		Reserved								
5		Control								

The REWIND command causes the logical position to be set to BOM.

If the Immediate (Immed) flag is set to 1, then the drive validates the command and waits for any previous command from any host to complete including any immediate commands currently being processed and for any buffered data to be flushed to tape. It then reports a deferred error for any preceding command or buffered data if appropriate. If there is no deferred error, the drive reports good status and initiates the command. If the Immediate (Immed) flag is set to 0, status is not returned until after the command has completed.

SEND DIAGNOSTIC

Table 84. SEND DIAGNOSTIC Command

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
0		Operation Code (1Dh)									
1	Logica	Logical Unit Number (0) PF Reserved SelfTest DevOfL UnitOfL									
2		Reserved									
3											
4		Parameter List Length									
5		Control									

Self-Test

For the Self-Test Diagnostic, the CDB values should be set as follows:

- PF 1
- SelfTest 1
- · DevOfl Any value allowed and ignored
- UnitOfl Any value allowed and ignored
- Parameter List Length X0000

Receive Diagnostics Results: There are no diagnostic results for the Self-Test diagnostic.

SIM Data Structure

The following data structure is used in several of the diagnostics. Its purpose is to give detailed error information on drive problems:

Table 85. SIM Data Structure

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
0				Page Co	ode (31h)							
1				Rese	erved							
2				Page Leng	gth (0044h)	1						
3				. ago Long	Jan (007711)							
4		Parameter Code (0000h)										
5												
6					ontrol (061							
7			Pa		ength (040	n)						
8				Indicate	or (01h)							
9												
:				Rese	erved							
15												
16												
:				Microco	de Level							
19												
20				SIM Mass	age Code							
21				JIIVI IVIESS	age code							
22				Res	erved							
23				11636	J. V.C.G							
24					Message							
25					Message							
26					y Code							
27				Rese	erved							
28				Exception	Data (00h))						
29					()							
30												
:				Error	Code							
33												
34												
:		First FSC										
37												
38												
:		Last FSC										
		Last 1 00										
41												

Table 85. SIM Data Structure (continued)

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
42											
:				Product I	O (8000h)						
45											
46											
:				Vendor	ID "IBM"						
48											
49		Plant of Manufacture									
50				Plant of IVI	anuiaciure						
51				Produc	t ID3 '-'						
52											
:				Serial I	Number						
63											
64											
:		Device Type//Dev SIM_MESSAGE_TYPE									
71											

The SIM Message Code may be 1 of 6 values:

- '00'=No Message
- '41'=Device Degraded
- '42'=Device Hardware Failure
- '43'=Service Circuit Failed
- '55'=Drive Needs Cleaning
- '57'=Drive Has Been Cleaned

The Exception Message may be 1 of 8 values:

- '1'=Effect of Failure is Unknown
- '2'=Device Exception No Performance Impact
- '3'=Exception on SCSI Interface xx
- '4'=Device Exception on Operator Panel
- '5'=Device Exception on Tape Path
- '6'=Device Exception in Drive
- '7'=Cleaning Required
- '8'=Cleaning Done

The Service Message may be 1 of 4 values:

- '1'=Repair Impact is Unknown
- '7'=Repair will Disable Access to Device Servo
- '9'=Clean Device
- 'A'=Device Cleaned

The Severity Code may be 1 of 4 values:

- '0'=Service
- '1'=Moderate
- · '2'=Serious
- '3'=Acute

MIM Data Structure

The following data structure is used in several of the diagnostics. Its purpose is to give detailed error information on media problems:

Table 86. MIM Data Structure

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
0				Page Co	de (31h)		•	•				
1				Rese	erved							
2				Danalana	.th (0044h)							
3				Page Leng	jth (0044h)							
4			D	aramatar C	20do (0000	h)						
5		Parameter Code (0000h)										
6			Pa	arameter C	ontrol (061	h)						
7			P	arameter L	ength (040	h)						
8				Indicate	or (02h)							
9												
:				Rese	erved							
15												
16												
:			Engine	eering Data	Microcode	e Level						
19												
20				NAINA NA								
21				WIIW Wess	sage Code							
22				CADO	S Data							
23				SARS	Dala							
24				Exception	Message							
25				Rese	erved							
26		Severity Code										
27												
:				Rese	erved							
29												

Table 86. MIM Data Structure (continued)

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
30											
:				Error	Code						
33											
34											
:			Volum	e ID Volum	ne Serial N	umber					
39											
40				Volume	ID Flag						
41				Rese	erved						
42											
:				Product I	D (8000h)						
45											
46											
:				Vendor	ID "IBM"						
48											
49				Diant of M	anufacture						
50				FIAIIL OI IVI	anuiaciure						
51				Produc	t ID3 '-'						
52											
:				Serial I	Number						
63											
64											
:		Device Type									
71											

The MIM Message Code may be 1 of 4 values:

- '00'=No Message
- '60'=Bad Media Read Only Permitted
- '61'=Rewrite Media if Possible
- '72'=Replace Cleaning Cartridge

The Exception Message may be 1 of 4 values:

- · '2'=Data Degraded
- '4'=Medium Degraded
- '6'=CM Error
- '7'=Medium Exception

The Severity Code may be 1 of 4 values:

• '0'=Service

- '1'=Moderate Temporary Read/Write Errors
- '2'=Serious Permanent Read/Write Errors
- '3'=Acute CM Error

The Volume ID Flag may be 1 of 4 values:

- '0'=VOLID not valid
- '1'=VOLID valid obtained from tape (CM)
- '3'=VOLID valid obtained from cartridge label (host data)
- '5'=VOLID valid obtained from cartridge level (library)

Force Dump

For the Force Dump Diagnostic, the CDB values should be set as follows:

- PF 1
- · SelfTest 0
- DevOfl Any value allowed and ignored
- · UnitOfl Any value allowed and ignored
- Parameter List Length X0008

Table 87 shows the parameter data to be sent with the Force Dump diagnostic.

Table 87. Force Dump Diagnostic Parameter Data

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
0		Page Code (80h)								
1				Rese	erved					
2				Dogo Long	+h (0004h)					
3				rage Leng	jth (0004h)					
4				Diagnostia	ID (0160b)					
5				Diagnostic	(טוסטוו)	1				
6								Cartridge Required (0)		
7	Reserved									

Receive Diagnostics Results: There are no diagnostic results for the Force Dump diagnostic.

Write Dump To Cartridge

Table 88. Write Dump to Cartridge Send Diagnostic Parameter Data

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
0		Page Code (80h)								
1				Rese	erved					
2				Page Long	th (0004h)					
3				rage Leng	jth (0004h)					
4				Diognostio	ID (0161b)					
5				Diagnostic	(טוסווו)	1				
6		Flags (0000000b) Cartridg Require (1b)								
7	Reserved									

Table 89. Write Dump to Cartridge Receive Diagnostic Parameter Data

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
0				Page Co	de (80h)				
1				Rese	erved				
2				Dogo Long	th (004Dh)				
3				Page Leng	th (004Dh)	1			
4				Diagnostia	ID (0161h)				
5				Diagnostic	טוסוט) טו				
6				Fla	ags				
7				Rese	erved				
8		FI	ags (00000	Ob)		Diag. Blocked	SIM/MIM Present	Error	
9									
:		SIM/MIM Message or All Zeros							
80									

Post A Self Test Diagnostic

Table 90. Post A Self Test Send Diagnostic Parameter Data

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
0		Page Code (80h)								
1				Rese	erved					
2				Dogo Long	+th (000.4h)					
3				Page Leng	jth (0004h)					
4				Diamantia	ID (0400h)					
5				Diagnostic	(טוטטה) טו					
6		Flags (0000000b) Cartrid Requir (bx)								
7	Reserved									

Table 91. Post A Self Test Receive Diagnostic Parameter Data

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
0				Page Co	de (80h)					
1		Reserved								
2				Dogo Long	h (0004Dh	`				
3				rage Leng	th (0004Dh)				
4				Diagnostic	ID (0100h)					
5				Diagnostic	10 (01001)	1				
6				Fla	ags					
7				Rese	erved					
8		FI	ags (00000	Ob)		Diag. Blocked	SIM/MIM Present	Error		
9										
:		SIM/MIM Message or All Zeros								
80										

Post B Tape Test Diagnostic

Table 92. Post B Tape Test Send Diagnostic Parameter Data

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
0		Page Code (80h)								
1				Rese	erved					
2				Page Long	th (0004h)					
3				Page Leng	jiii (000 4 11)					
4				Diagnostia	ID (0101b)					
5				Diagnostic	(טוטווו) טו	1				
6		Flags (0000000b) Cartrid Requir (1b)								
7	Reserved									

Table 93. Post B Tape Test Receive Diagnostic Parameter Data

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
0				Page Co	de (80h)					
1				Rese	erved					
2				Dago Long	th (0004Dh	`				
3			'	rage Leng	III (0004DII	,				
4				Diagnostic	ID (0101h)					
5				Diagnostic	10 (01011)					
6				Fla	ags					
7				Rese	erved					
8		FI	ags (00000	Ob)		Diag. Blocked	SIM/MIM Present	Error		
9										
:		SIM/MIM Message or All Zeros								
80										

Post C Media Test Diagnostic

Table 94. Post C Media Test Send Diagnostic Parameter Data

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
0		Page Code (80h)								
1				Rese	erved					
2				Dogo Long	+th (000.4h)					
3				Page Leng	jth (0004h)					
4				Diamantia	ID (0400h)					
5				Diagnostic	1D (0102h)					
6		Flags (0000000b) Cartridg Require (1b)								
7		Reserved								

Table 95. Post C Media Test Receive Diagnostic Parameter Data

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
0				Page Co	de (80h)					
1		Reserved								
2		Page Length (004Dh)								
3				rage Leng	iii (004DII)					
4				Diagnostic	ID (0102h)					
5		Diagnostic ID (0102h)								
6				Fla	ags					
7				Rese	erved					
8		FI	ags (00000	Ob)		Diag. Blocked	SIM/MIM Present	Error		
9										
:		SIM/MIM Message or All Zeros								
80										

Post D Head Test Diagnostic

Table 96. Post D Head Test Send Diagnostic Parameter Data

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
0		Page Code (80h)									
1		Reserved									
2		Para Langth (0004h)									
3		Page Length (0004h)									
4		Diagnostic ID (0103h)									
5				Diagnostic	טו (טוטאוו)	1					
6		Flags (0000000b) Cartridge Required (1b)									
7	Reserved										

Table 97. Post D Head Test Receive Diagnostic Parameter Data

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
0				Page Co	de (80h)					
1		Reserved								
2				Page Leng	th (004Dh)					
3				rage Leng	iii (004DII)	1				
4				Diagnostic	ID (0103h)					
5		Diagnostic ID (0103h)								
6				Fla	ags					
7				Rese	erved					
8		FI	ags (00000)b)		Diag. Blocked	SIM/MIM Present	Error		
9										
:		SIM/MIM Message or All Zeros								
80										

Set Traps

For the Set Traps Diagnostic, the CDB values should be set as follows:

- PF 1
- · SelfTest 0
- DevOfl Any value allowed and ignored
- · UnitOfl Any value allowed and ignored
- Parameter List Length X000A

Table 98 shows the parameter data to be sent with the Set Traps diagnostic.

Table 98. Set Traps Diagnostic Parameter Data

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
0				Page Co	de (80h)		•			
1		Reserved								
2		Page Length (0006h)								
3				rage Leng	jiri (0006ri)					
4		Diagnostic ID (0190h)								
5		Diagnostic ID (0190h)								
6		Flags (0000000b) Cartri Requ (0)								
7		Reserved								
8		Fault Symptom Code								
9		Fault Symptom Code								

Receive Diagnostics Results: There are no diagnostic results for the Set Traps diagnostic.

Remove Traps

For the Remove Traps Diagnostic, the CDB values should be set as follows:

- PF 1
- SelfTest 0
- · DevOfl Any value allowed and ignored
- · UnitOfl Any value allowed and ignored
- · Parameter List Length X000A

Table 99 shows the parameter data to be sent with the RemoveTraps diagnostic.

If all that is desired is to inspect which Traps have been set, sending down Remove Traps with the Fault Symptom Code set to X0000 will set up diagnostic results showing which traps are currently set without changing the state of any traps.

Table 99. Remove Traps Diagnostic Parameter Data

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
0		Page Code (80h)									
1		Reserved									
2		Dogo Longth (000Ch)									
3		Page Length (0006h)									
4		Diagnostic ID (0101h)									
5		Diagnostic ID (0191h)									
6		Flags (0000000b) Cartridg Require (0)									
7		Reserved									
8		Fault Symptom Code									
9	• •										

Receive Diagnostics Results - Table 100 shows the diagnostic results data returned for the Remove Traps diagnostic.

Table 100. Reset Drive Diagnostic Results Data

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
0				Page Co	de (80h)					
1				Res	erved					
2		Page Length (n. 4)								
3		Page Length (n - 4)								
4		Diagraphia ID (0404h)								
5		Diagnostic ID (0191h)								
6				Flag	ıs (0)					
7				Res	erved					
8			Reserved			Diagnostic Blocked	Reserved	Error		
9										
:		List of Fault Symptom Codes with Trap Still Set								
n										

Reset Drive

For the Reset Drive Diagnostic, the CDB values should be set as follows:

- PF 1
- SelfTest 0
- DevOfl 1
- · UnitOfl Any value allowed and ignored
- · Parameter List Length 0008h

Table 101 shows the parameter data to be sent with the Reset Drive.

Table 101. Reset Drive Diagnostic Parameter Data

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
0		Page Code (80h)								
1		Reserved								
2		D 1 (000 II)								
3		Page Length (0004h)								
4		Di di ID (cocol)								
5		Diagnostic ID (2002h)								
6		Flags (0000000b) Cartridge Required (0)								
7	Reserved									

Receive Diagnostics Results: There are no diagnostic results for the Reset Drive diagnostic.

SPACE

Table 102. SPACE Command

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
0		Operation Code (11h)							
1	Logica	I Unit Num	ber (0)	Rese	erved		Code		
2				•					
:		Count							
4									
5		Control							

The SPACE command instructs the drive to set a new logical position relative to the current logical position. How this is done is dependent on the value of the Code field and the Count field. The Count field is a signed value indicating the distance to move, negative indicating movement towards BOM and positive indicating movement towards EOM.

If the Code field is 000b, then the logical position is moved the number of blocks indicated by the Count field. If a file mark is detected between the current logical position and the requested logical position, the new logical position is set to immediately after the file mark in the direction of the space operation. If BOM or EOD is detected before the requested logical position, then the logical position is set to that position.

If the Code field is 001b, then the logical position is moved the number of file marks indicated by the Count field. If BOM or EOD is detected before the requested logical position, then the logical position is set to that position.

If the Code field is 011b, then the logical position is set to after the last valid block on tape. In this case the count field is ignored.

Any other value of the Code field causes Check Condition status to be returned. Spacing to sequential file marks is not supported. Set marks are not supported. The Sense Key is set to Illegal Request and the Additional Sense is set to Invalid field in CDB (2400).

TEST UNIT READY

Table 103. TEST UNIT READY Command

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
0		Operation Code (00h)								
1	Logica	Logical Unit Number (0) Reserved								
2		Reserved								
3				Rese	erved					
4		Reserved								
5	Control									

The TEST UNIT READY command returns GOOD status if a cartridge is loaded and ready.

VERIFY

Table 104. VERIFY Command

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
0		Operation Code (13h)								
1	Logica	I Unit Num	ber (0)	Rese	erved	Immed(0)	BCmp(0)	Fixed		
2										
:		Verification Length								
4										
5		Control								

The VERIFY command is supported by all drives.

The VERIFY command causes data to be read from the tape and passed through the drive's error detection and correction hardware to determine whether it can be recovered from the tape. The amount of data to be read is indicated by the Verification Length field and the Fixed flag in the same manner as is used in a READ command. (See "READ" on page 44.)

The Immed and BCmp flags are not supported and must be set to 0.

WRITE

Table 105. WRITE Command

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
0		Operation Code (0Ah)								
1	Logica	Logical Unit Number (0) Reserved Fixed								
2				•						
:		Transfer Length								
4										
5		Control								

The WRITE command causes data to be transferred to the drive in a Data Out and written to tape.

If the Fixed flag is clear, the initiator transfers a single block of the length indicated in Transfer Length.

If the Fixed flag is set, the initiator transfers a sequence of blocks. The number of blocks is given by the Transfer Length field. The length of the blocks is given by the current fixed block length (see "Mode Block Descriptor" on page 31).

If the current logical block number is greater than FFFFF00h and less than FFFFFF0h, rules for Logical EOM processing are applied. If the current logical block number is FFFFFF0h, rules for physical end of tape processing are applied.

WRITE BUFFER

Table 106. WRITE BUFFER Command

	7								
0		Operation Code (3Bh)							
1	Logica	Logical Unit Number (0) Reserved Mode							
2				Buffe	er ID				
3									
:		Buffer Offset							
5									
6									
:		Parameter List Length							
8									
9		Control							

The WRITE BUFFER command transfers data into the memory on the drive for the purpose of diagnostics, tests or firmware upgrade.

If the Mode field is 000b, then the data to be written is sent with a 4 byte header, which must be set to all zeroes. If the Mode field is 010b, then just the data to be written is sent.

The Buffer ID field indicates which buffer is to be written.

To download firmware, Modes 100b, 101b, 110b, and 111b are accepted and all handled in the same fashion. Any Buffer ID value in these modes is allowed and ignored. The code must be downloaded with strictly increasing offsets. If it is not, no data is written and Check Condition status is generated. The Sense Key is set to Illegal Request (5) and the additional Sense to Invalid field in CDB (2400). Ending status is given when the code has been successfully saved to flash but before the drive has initiated its reset.

The Buffer Offset field indicates where in the buffer the data should be written. This must be smaller than the size of the buffer.

The Parameter List Length field holds the amount of data. This must be smaller than the difference between the Buffer Offset field and the size of the buffer. If it is not, no data is written and Check Condition status is generated. The Sense Key is set to Illegal Request (5) and the additional Sense to Invalid field in CDB (2400).

Buffers that may be written to are: Test, Firmware, and VPD (see "READ BUFFER" on page 51).

WRITE FILE MARKS

The Write Set Mark (WSmk) field must be 0. Set marks are not supported.

Table 107. WRITE FILE MARKS Command

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	Operation Code (10h)							
1	Logical Unit Number (0)			Reserved		WSmk(0)	Immed	
2								
:	Count							
4								
5	Control							

The WRITE FILE MARKS command causes a sequence of file marks to be written at the current logical position. The number of file marks to be written is indicated in the Count field. If the Immed flag is set, status is returned immediately, before the file marks are written to tape. If the Immed flag is clear, the file marks and any buffered data is written to tape before status is returned.

If the Immed flag is clear and the Count field is 0, then all buffered data is flushed to tape before the command is reported.

If the current logical block number is greater than FFFFF00h and less than FFFFFF0h, rules for Logical EOM processing are applied. If the current logical block number is FFFFFF0h, rules for physical end of tape processing are applied.

Chapter 4. Sense Keys and Additional Sense

Note: If temporary error reporting is enabled, many combinations of ASC/ASCQ are possible.

Table 108. Sense Keys and Additional Sense

Sense Key	Additional Sense	Explanation		
No Sense (0h) No Additional sense (0000h)		The flags in the sense data indicate the reason for command failure		
No Sense (0h)	Mark (0001h)	A READ or a SPACE command has terminated early because a file mark has been encountered. The File Mark flag is set.		
No Sense (0h)	EOM (0002h)	A WRITE or a WRITE FILE MARKS command ended in the early warning area. EOM flag is set.		
No Sense (0h)	BOM (0004h)	A space command ended at Beginning of Tape. The EOM bit is also set.		
No Sense (0h)	Op in Progress (0016h)	A new operation could not be carried out because an operation is currently in progress.		
No Sense (0h)	Drive Requires Cleaning (8282h)	The drive has detected that a cleaning operation is advisable to maintain good operation.		
Recovered Error (1h)	No Additional Sense (0000h)	A recovered error has occurred.		
Recovered Error (1h)	Write Error (0C00h)	A WRITE error occurred, but was recovered. Data was written to tape successfully.		
Recovered Error (1h)	Read Error (1100h)	A READ error occurred, but was recovered. Data was successfully read from tape.		
Recovered Error (1h)	Recovered Data with Retries (1701h)	An error occurred, but was successfully recovered with retries.		
Recovered Error (1h)	Media Load or Eject Error (5300h)	A LOAD or UNLOAD required retries to complete successfully.		
Recovered Error (1h)	Failure Prediction Threshold (5D00h)	Failure Prediction thresholds have been exceeded indicating that a failure may occur soon.		
Not Ready (2h)	Cause Not Reportable (0400h)	A tape is present in the drive, but it is in the process of being unloaded.		
Not Ready (2h)	Becoming Ready (0401h)	A medium access command has been received during a front panel initiated load or an immediate reported load command.		
Not Ready (2h)	Initializing Command Required (0402h)	A tape is present in the drive, but it is not logically loaded. A LOAD command is required.		
Not Ready (2h)	Cleaning Cartridge Installed (3003h)	An operation could not be carried out because the tape in the drive is a cleaning cartridge.		
Not Ready (2h)	Cleaning Failure (3007h)	A cleaning operation was attempted, but could not be completed for some reason.		
Not Ready (2h)	Medium Not Present (3A00h)	A media access command has been received when there is no tape loaded.		
Not Ready (2h)	Logical unit has not self-configured (3E00h)	The drive has just powered on and has not completed its self test sequence and cannot process commands.		
Medium Error (3h)	Write Error (0C00h)	A WRITE operation has failed. This is probably due to bad media, but may be hardware related.		

Table 108. Sense Keys and Additional Sense (continued)

Sense Key	Additional Sense	Explanation		
Medium Error Unrecovered Read (3h) Error (1100h)		A READ operation failed. This is probably due to bad media, but may be hardware related.		
Medium Error (3h)	Recorded Entity Not Found (1400h)	A SPACE or LOCATE failed because a format violation prevented the target of the operation from being found.		
Medium Error (3h)	Unknown Format (3001h)	An operation could not be carried out because the tape in the drive is of a format not supported by the drive.		
Medium Error (3h)	Incompatible Format (3002h)	An operation could not be completed because the Logical Format is not correct.		
Medium Error (3h Medium Format Corrupted (3100h)		Data could not be read because the format on tape is not valid, but is a known format. A failure occurred attempting to write the FID.		
Medium Error (3h)	Sequential Positioning Error (3B00h)	A command has failed and left the logical position at an unexpected location.		
Medium Error (3h)	Write Append Error (5000h)	A WRITE type command failed because the point at which to append data was unreadable.		
Medium Error (3h)	Cartridge Fault (5200h)	A command could not be completed due to a fault in the tape cartridge.		
Medium Error (3h)	Media Load/Eject Failed (5300h)	An attempt to load or eject the tape failed due to a problem with the tape.		
Hardware Error (4h)	Manual Intervention Required (0403h)	A tape is present in the drive but could not be loaded or unloaded without manual intervention.		
Hardware Error (4h)	Diagnostic failure (40XXh)	A diagnostic test has failed. The Additional Sense Code Qualifier is a Vendor specific code indicating the failing component.		
Hardware Error (4h)	Internal Target Failure (4400h)	A hardware failure has been detected in the drive that has caused the command to fail.		
Hardware Error (4h)	Erase Failure (5100h)	An ERASE command failed to erase the required area on the medium.		
Hardware Error (4h)	Media Load/Eject Failed (5300h)	An attempt to load or eject the tape failed due to a problem with the drive.		
Illegal Request (5h)	Parameter List Length Error (1A00h)	The amount of parameter data sent is incorrect.		
Illegal Request (5h)	Invalid Command Operation Code (2000h)	The Operation Code in the command was not a valid Operation Code.		
Illegal request (5h)	Invalid field in CDB (2400h)	An invalid field has been detected in a Command Descriptor Block.		
Illegal Request (5h)	LUN Not Supported (2500h)	The command was addressed to a non-existent logical unit number.		
Illegal Request (5h)	Invalid Field in Parameter List (2600h)	An invalid field has been detected in the data sent during the data phase.		
Illegal Request (5h)	Medium Removal Prevented (5302h)	An UNLOAD command has failed to eject the tape because medium removal has been prevented.		

Table 108. Sense Keys and Additional Sense (continued)

Sense Key	Additional Sense	Explanation		
Illegal Request (5h)	Bad Microcode Detected (8283h)	The data transferred to the drive during a firmware upgrade is corrupt or incompatible with the drive hardware.		
Unit Attention (6h)	Not Ready To Transition (2800h)	A tape has been loaded successfully into the drive and is now ready to be accessed.		
Unit Attention (6h)	Reset (2900h)	The drive has powered on, received a reset signal or a bus device reset message since the initiator last accessed it.		
Unit Attention (6h)	Mode Parameters Changed (2A01h)	The Mode parameters for the drive have been changed by an initiator other than the one issuing the command.		
Unit Attention (6h)	Microcode Downloaded (3F01h)	The firmware in the drive has just been changed by a WRITE BUFFER command.		
Unit Attention (6h)	Failure Prediction False (5DFFh)	A MODE SELECT command has been used to test for Failure Prediction system.		
Data Protect (7h)	Write Protect (2700h)	A WRITE type operation has been requested on a tape which has been write protected.		
Blank Check (8h)	EOD (0005h)	A READ or a SPACE command terminated early because End of Data was encountered.		
Blank Check (8h	End of Data not found (1403h)	A READ type operation failed because a format violation related to a missing EOD data set.		
Aborted Command (Bh)	Invalid bits in Identify Message (3D00h)	An illegal Identify message has been received by the drive at the start of a command.		
Aborted Command (Bh)	Message Error (4300h)	A message could not be sent or received due to excessive transmission errors.		
Aborted Command (Bh)	Select/Reselect Failure (4500h)	An attempt to reselect an initiator in order to complete the command has failed.		
Aborted Command (Bh)	Initiator Detected Error Message (4800h)	A command failed because an Initiator Detected Error message was received.		
Aborted Command (Bh)	Invalid Message Error (4900h	The command failed because an invalid message was received by the drive.		
Aborted Command (Bh)	Command Phase Error (4A00h)	A command could not be executed because too many parity errors occurred in the Command phase.		
Aborted Command (Bh)	Data Phase Error (4B00h)	A command could not be completed because too many errors occurred during the Data phase.		
Aborted Command (Bh)	Overlapped Commands (4E00h)	An initiator selected the drive even though it already had a command outstanding in the drive.		
Volume Overflow (Dh)	EOM (0002h)	A WRITE or WRITE FILE MARKS command failed because the physical end of tape was encountered. A READ or SPACE command encountered EOM. The EOM flag is set.		

Chapter 5. Attachment Features

Types of Interface Attachments

The Ultrium Tape Drive communicates with hosts that use both Fibre Channel and SCSI parallel interfaces. The interfaces share certain tape LUN behaviors, but also possess unique features. This chapter describes the common and unique features of both types of interfaces.

Common Tape LUN Behaviors

Fibre Channel and SCSI parallel interfaces share the following tape LUN behaviors:

- · Power-on procedure
- Reset strategy
- · Abort handling
- · Multi-initiator support
- Status codes

The sections that follow describe each behavior.

Power-On

The drive responds to INQUIRY, REPORT LUNS, REQUEST SENSE, and TEST UNIT READY commands within 5 seconds of power-on. The first command other than INQUIRY or REQUEST SENSE from any initiator gets a Check Condition status with Unit Attention sense data for the power-on. After this, any medium access command is reported with a sense key of Not Ready and additional sense of LUN Has Not Self-Configured Yet (3E00). Once the drive has completed its self test and setup procedures, the drive attempts to load any tape that is present. Medium access commands are reported with additional Sense of Drive in Process of Becoming Ready (0401).

Reset Strategy

The drive supports the hard reset option as is required by SCSI 3. On receiving a reset, the following actions are taken:

- The current I/O process is aborted as in "Abort Handling" on page 94.
- Any queued I/O processes from other initiators are removed.
- · All reservations are cleared.
- · All mode values are reset to their defaults.
- Synchronous/Wide negotiations are cleared (applies only to SCSI parallel attach).
- · A unit attention condition is set.
- A logical position is established that may or may not be the same as the position prior to the reset. Where possible, the logical position prior to reset is maintained.

For drives that use a Fibre Channel interface, the next command that is eligible for the Unit Attention Check Condition from each initiator gets a Check Condition status with Unit Attention sense data for the reset. However, other commands may not be processed until the internal state of the drive has been reset.

Drives that use a SCSI interface are able to respond to the INQUIRY, REPORT LUNs, REQUEST SENSE, and TEST UNIT READY commands within 250 ms of the reset line being released. The next command that is eligible for the Unit

Attention Check Condition from each initiator gets a Check Condition status with Unit Attention sense data for the reset. However, other commands may not be processed until the internal state of the drive has been reset. Any commands that allow Disconnects and cannot be processed are accepted and queued until the drive is ready to process them. Those commands that do not allow Disconnects receive BUSY status response.

Abort Handling

If a command is aborted on a drive with a Fibre Channel interface, see Table 109 for abort processing.

If a command is aborted on a drive with a SCSI interface, one of the following conditions will occur:

- · If an abort condition is detected before a command phase completes, the bus is set to Bus Free and the command is not executed.
- If an abort condition is detected during status phase, the bus is set to bus free.
- · If an abort condition is detected between the end of the command phase and the start of the status phase, then the bus is set to Bus Free and the processing in Table 109 on page 94 is carried out.

Table 109. Abort Condition Handling

Command	Abort Processing
ERASE	Long erase is aborted as quickly as possible without corrupting tape format. Short erase completes.
INQUIRY	None
LOAD/UNLOAD	Load completes and logically positions tape at BOM. Unload is aborted leaving logical position at BOM unless operation is past the 'point of no return' in which case the tape is ejected.
LOCATE	The logical position is set back to that at the start of the operation unless the operation is past its 'point of no return', in which case the operation completes.
LOG SELECT	If data transfer is completed, command is completed; otherwise, no action is taken.
LOG SENSE	None.
MODE SELECT	If data transfer is completed, command is completed; otherwise, no action is taken.
MODE SENSE	None.
PERSISTENT RESERVE IN	None.
PERSISTENT RESERVE OUT	If data transfer is completed, command is completed; otherwise, no action is taken.
PREVENT/ALLOW MEDIUM REMOVAL	The command completes.
READ	The current position is set to the first record boundary at or after the start of the current data burst.
READ ATTRIBUTE	None.
READ BLOCK LIMITS	None.
READ BUFFER	None.
READ POSITION	None.

Table 109. Abort Condition Handling (continued)

Command	Abort Processing
RECEIVE DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS	None.
RELEASE UNIT	The command completes.
REPORT DENSITY SUPPORT	None.
REPORT LUNs	None.
REQUEST SENSE	Sense data is discarded.
RESERVE UNIT	The command completes.
REWIND	The command completes.
SEND DIAGNOSTIC	Vendor unique.
SPACE	The logical position is set back to that at the start of the operation unless the operation is past its 'point of no return', in which case the operation completes.
TEST UNIT READY	None.
VERIFY	The logical position is set to the next record boundary after the point where the verify was aborted.
WRITE	The data up to first record boundary in the current burst is written to buffer or tape, depending on Buffered Mode. Any subsequent data is discarded. If there is no record boundary in the current burst, the record is truncated to the amount of data transferred and written to buffer or tape, again depending on Buffered Mode.
WRITE BUFFER	If data transfer is completed, command is completed; otherwise, no action is taken.
WRITE FILE MARKS	The command completes.

For drives with a SCSI interface, if a command other than INQUIRY, REPORT LUNs, REQUEST SENSE, or TEST UNIT READY is received after the abort but before the drive is ready to process the command, the drive attempts to disconnect and wait until the abort processing has completed before executing the command. If disconnects are not allowed, BUSY status is returned. A TEST UNIT READY command reports with status immediately.

For drives with a Fibre Channel interface, an INQUIRY command returns the required data and gives good status. A REQUEST SENSE command gives no sense. A TEST UNIT READY command reports with status immediately.

Multi-initiator Support

SCSI-attached drives support at most two initiators on the same bus. Fibre-Channel-attached drives support at least two initiators.

The drive supports untagged queuing when operating with multiple initiators. If a command from one initiator is being processed when a command other than INQUIRY, REPORT LUNs, REQUEST SENSE, and TEST UNIT READY is received from a second initiator, the new command is gueued. Commands (other than INQUIRY, REPORT LUNs, REQUEST SENSE, and TEST UNIT READY) from different initiators are always executed in strict order of receipt. For drives with a SCSI interface, if the queue is full or disconnect privilege is not granted in the new command, the drive reports busy status.

INQUIRY, REPORT LUNs, REQUEST SENSE, and TEST UNIT READY commands are always processed immediately, irrespective of whether a command from another initiator is being processed.

The drive maintains sense data for the supported number of initiators. On Fibre-Channel-attached drives, if an additional initiator connects to the drive, the drive erases all sense data for the initiator that least recently connected before processing the command for the new initiator. See "Sense Data Management" on page 5 for more details of sense data management.

Status Codes

Table 110. Status Codes

Description	Value	When returned			
Good	00h	The command completed without problems			
Check Condition	02h	A problem occurred during command execution. The sense data should be examined to determine the nature of the problem.			
Condition Met	04h	This status is never returned since no supported commands generate this status			
Busy	08h	The drive is unable to accept the command at this time. This is returned during the power on sequence or if ther are commands from too many initiators outstanding. (Se "Multi-initiator Support" on page 96.) It is also returned when commands are issued without Disconnect Privileg when another command is in progress.			
Intermediate	10h	This status is never returned since Linked commands are not supported.			
Intermediate Condition met	14h	This status is never returned since no supported commands generate this status			
Reservation Conflict	18h	This is returned if the drive is reserved for an initiator oth than the one sending the command			
Command Terminated	22h	This status is never returned since the terminate I/O process message is not supported.			
Queue Full	28h	This status is never returned since tagged queuing is not supported			

Fibre Channel Attachment

The StorageSmart by IBM Ultrium Tape Drive's Fibre Channel interface is an Arbitrated-Loop-only device (also known as an NL port). The drive supports Fibre Channel-Arbitrated Loop (FC-AL) protocol, and uses Class 3 Service frames. The drive also supports both public (switch-attached) and private loops.

The World-Wide Node Name and Port Name used by an Ultrium Tape Drive follows the format of the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE).

The StorageSmart by IBM Ultrium Tape Drive is compliant with the FC-Tape standard that is proposed for the Technical Report of Accredited Standard Committee NCITS. IBM recommends that your host software use the Class 3 Error Recovery of this proposed standard.

SCSI Attachment

The Ultrium Tape Drive's SCSI parallel interface features the following:

- · LUN identification
- Bus parity errors
- Disconnect strategy
- Messages

LUN Identification

Identify messages are used to identify the LUN to which an initiator is connecting and to identify which LUN is reconnecting to an initiator. These are required. The LUN field in SCSI 2 commands is not used.

Bus Parity Errors

On detecting a bus parity error during a Command or Data Out phase or receiving an Initiator Detected Error message during a Data In or Status phase, the drive attempts to retry the bus phase. A Restore Pointers message is sent to the initiator and the transfer is repeated. Only one retry is attempted for any given burst. If the retry fails or the Restore Pointers message is rejected by an Initiator Detected Error, Message Reject or Message Parity message, then the drive goes to Status phase and attempts to report Check Condition status. If this fails with an Initiator Detected Error message, the drive goes to Bus Free. The Sense Key is set to Aborted Command and the Additional Sense is set to Command Phase Error (4A00) if the error was in Command Phase or Data Phase Error (4B00) if the error was in Data Phase. If the error was in Status phase, the Sense data remains as that from the command.

If an Initiator Detected Error or Message Parity Error message is received during Message In phase, the initiator has detected an error in the message. The drive goes to Message In and resends the message that was in error. If the subsequent message is rejected with an Initiator Detected Error, then the drive goes to Status phase and sends Check Condition status. The Sense Key is set to Aborted Command and the Additional Sense is set to Initiator Detected Error (4800). If the subsequent message is rejected with an Message Parity Error, then the drive goes to Status phase and sends Check Condition status. The Sense Key is set to Aborted Command and the Additional Sense is set to Message Error (4300).

On detecting a bus parity error during a Message Out phase, the drive handshakes in all message bytes until ATN is deasserted. It then stays in Message Out phase to indicate to the initiator that the whole Message Out phase should be resent.

Disconnect Strategy

The disconnect strategy used by the drive is based on the assumption of maximizing bus utilization for large sequential data transfers from a large data buffer. The drive disconnects whenever it believes that it can provide better bus utilization. This may be between command and data phases, between bursts of data or before sending status. However, the drive guarantees that it sends the configured maximum burst size or the remaining data in the transfer in any single data phase burst if the maximum burst size has been set to a value other than 0.

Messages

Message Out

Table 111. Supported Outbound Messages

Name	Code	Support			
Abort	06h	An abort condition is generated (see "Abort Handling" on page 94).			
Bus Device Reset	0Ch	A reset condition is generated (see "Abort Handling" on page 94).			
Extended Message	01h	See "Unit Attention Conditions" on page 5 for extended message support			
Identify	80h+	The Identify Out message is sent by the initiator to identify the Logical Unit to be accessed and to set Disconnect Privilege. The LUNTAR flag must be 0. The Identify Out message must be sent as the first thing after selection. If it is sent at any other time, the drive responds with a message reject message and go to Bus Free.			
Initiator Detected Error	05h	The initiator has detected an error in the data being sent in a Message Command, Data or Status phase. The drive retries the data burst or message (see "Bus Parity Errors" on page 98). If the message is received immediately after an Identify message or after the Command Complete message has been sent, the drive goes Bus Free.			
Message Parity Error	09h	The initiator has detected a parity error in a message. The drive retries the message (see "Bus Parity Errors" on page 98). If the message is received during a Command, Data or Status phase, immediately after an Identify message or after the Command Complete message has been sent, the drive goes Bus Free.			
Message Reject	07h	This message is sent when the initiator does not support a message sent by the drive or considers the message inappropriate. If the message being rejected is Disconnect, Synchronous Data Transfer Request or Wide Data Transfer Request, the operation continues without those features. For all other messages except Restore Pointers, the message is treated as an Abort message. If the message is received during a Command, Data or Status phase, immediately after an Identify message or after the command complete message has been sent, the drive goes Bus Free.			
No Operation	08h	This message has no effect and is ignored.			

Message In

Table 112. Supported Inbound Messages

Name	Code	Support		
Command Complete	00h	This message is sent by the drive at the end of the status phase to indicate that a command is complete. Once the message is sent, the drive releases the bus and goes to Bus Free.		
Disconnect	04h	This message is sent by the drive to indicate that it is about to disconnect from the bus and go to Bus Free. During a Data phase, it is always preceded by a Save Data Pointers message. If a Message Reject message is received in response to this message, then the disconne is prevented.		
Extended Message	01h	See "Extended Messages" on page 101 for extended message support.		
Identify	80h+	An Identify in message is sent to the initiator during reconnect to indicate which Logical Unit is reconnecting. The Disconnect Privilege and LUNTAR flags are both clear.		
Ignore Wide Residue	23	This message is sent by the drive to the initiator to indicate that a byte on a wide bus is not valid. This is supported whenever a wide transfer is active.		
Message Reject	07h	This message is sent to the initiator when the message received by the drive is unsupported or inappropriate.		
Restore Pointers	03h	This message causes the initiator to reset its data transfer pointers to the values they held when the last Save Data Pointers message was sent. It is sent when a parity error is detected on the bus or when an Initiator Detected Error message is received in order to retry the data phase.		
Save Data Pointers	02h	This message instructs the initiator to save its current data transfer pointers for use with a subsequent Restore pointers message. This message is always sent before a Disconnect message during data phases.		

Extended Messages

Table 113. Supported Extended Messages

Name	Code	Support	
Synchronous Data Transfer Request	01h	The default mode is for the drive to never initiate a Synchronous data transfer negotiation. The initiator is expected to do so. Since this mode is most important at power up, no SCSI method of changing this mode is provided. An internal method of changing this mode is provided (VPD or jumper setting). If the message is received after selection and before command phase, it then goes to Message In phase and respond with a valid response to complete the negotiation. If the message is received at any other time, a Message Reject is sent in response, placing the drive data transfer mode for that Initiator to asynchronous.	
Wide Data Transfer Request	03h	The default mode is for the drive to never initiate a Wide data transfer negotiation. The initiator is expected to do so. Since this mode is most important at power up, no SCSI method of changing this mode is provided. An internal method of changing this mode is provided (VPD tumper setting). If the message is received after selection and before Command phase, it then goes to Message In chase and respond with a valid response to complete the negotiation. If the message is received at any other time Message Reject is sent in response, placing the Bus Width to 1 byte wide and data transfer mode to asynchronous for that initiator.	

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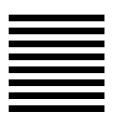
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