

Problem Determination and Service Guide



Problem Determination and Service Guide



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Safety

Before installing this product, read the Safety Information.

قبل تركيب هذا المنتج، يجب قراءة الملاحظات الأمنية

Antes de instalar este produto, leia as Informações de Segurança.

在安装本产品之前,请仔细阅读 Safety Information (安全信息)。

安裝本產品之前,請先閱讀「安全資訊」。

Prije instalacije ovog produkta obavezno pročitajte Sigurnosne Upute.

Před instalací tohoto produktu si přečtěte příručku bezpečnostních instrukcí.

Læs sikkerhedsforskrifterne, før du installerer dette produkt.

Lees voordat u dit product installeert eerst de veiligheidsvoorschriften.

Ennen kuin asennat tämän tuotteen, lue turvaohjeet kohdasta Safety Information.

Avant d'installer ce produit, lisez les consignes de sécurité.

Vor der Installation dieses Produkts die Sicherheitshinweise lesen.

Πριν εγκαταστήσετε το προϊόν αυτό, διαβάστε τις πληροφορίες ασφάλειας (safety information).

לפני שתתקינו מוצר זה, קראו את הוראות הבטיחות.

A termék telepítése előtt olvassa el a Biztonsági előírásokat!

Prima di installare questo prodotto, leggere le Informazioni sulla Sicurezza.

製品の設置の前に、安全情報をお読みください。

본 제품을 설치하기 전에 안전 정보를 읽으십시오.

Пред да се инсталира овој продукт, прочитајте информацијата за безбедност.

Les sikkerhetsinformasjonen (Safety Information) før du installerer dette produktet.

Przed zainstalowaniem tego produktu, należy zapoznać się z książką "Informacje dotyczące bezpieczeństwa" (Safety Information).

Antes de instalar este produto, leia as Informações sobre Segurança.

Перед установкой продукта прочтите инструкции по технике безопасности.

Pred inštaláciou tohto zariadenia si pečítaje Bezpečnostné predpisy.

Pred namestitvijo tega proizvoda preberite Varnostne informacije.

Antes de instalar este producto, lea la información de seguridad.

Läs säkerhetsinformationen innan du installerar den här produkten.

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Guidelines for trained service technicians

This section contains information for trained service technicians.

Inspecting for unsafe conditions

Use the information in this section to help you identify potential unsafe conditions in an IBM product that you are working on. Each IBM product, as it was designed and manufactured, has required safety items to protect users and service technicians from injury. The information in this section addresses only those items. Use good judgment to identify potential unsafe conditions that might be caused by non-IBM alterations or attachment of non-IBM features or options that are not addressed in this section. If you identify an unsafe condition, you must determine how serious the hazard is and whether you must correct the problem before you work on the product.

Consider the following conditions and the safety hazards that they present:

- Electrical hazards, especially primary power. Primary voltage on the frame can cause serious or fatal electrical shock.
- Explosive hazards, such as a damaged CRT face or a bulging capacitor.
- · Mechanical hazards, such as loose or missing hardware.

To inspect the product for potential unsafe conditions, complete the following steps:

- 1. Make sure that the power is off and the power cord is disconnected.
- 2. Make sure that the exterior cover is not damaged, loose, or broken, and observe any sharp edges.
- 3. Check the power cord:
 - Make sure that the third-wire ground connector is in good condition. Use a
 meter to measure third-wire ground continuity for 0.1 ohm or less between
 the external ground pin and the frame ground.
 - Make sure that the power cord is the correct type, as specified in "Power cords" on page 110.
 - · Make sure that the insulation is not frayed or worn.
- 4. Remove the cover.
- 5. Check for any obvious non-IBM alterations. Use good judgment as to the safety of any non-IBM alterations.
- 6. Check inside the server for any obvious unsafe conditions, such as metal filings, contamination, water or other liquid, or signs of fire or smoke damage.
- 7. Check for worn, frayed, or pinched cables.
- 8. Make sure that the power-supply cover fasteners (screws or rivets) have not been removed or tampered with.

Guidelines for servicing electrical equipment

Observe the following guidelines when servicing electrical equipment:

- Check the area for electrical hazards such as moist floors, nongrounded power extension cords, power surges, and missing safety grounds.
- Use only approved tools and test equipment. Some hand tools have handles that
 are covered with a soft material that does not provide insulation from live
 electrical currents.
- Regularly inspect and maintain your electrical hand tools for safe operational condition. Do not use worn or broken tools or testers.

- Do not touch the reflective surface of a dental mirror to a live electrical circuit.
 The surface is conductive and can cause personal injury or equipment damage if it touches a live electrical circuit.
- Some rubber floor mats contain small conductive fibers to decrease electrostatic discharge. Do not use this type of mat to protect yourself from electrical shock.
- Do not work alone under hazardous conditions or near equipment that has hazardous voltages.
- Locate the emergency power-off (EPO) switch, disconnecting switch, or electrical outlet so that you can turn off the power quickly in the event of an electrical accident.
- Disconnect all power before you perform a mechanical inspection, work near power supplies, or remove or install main units.
- Before you work on the equipment, disconnect the power cord. If you cannot disconnect the power cord, have the customer power-off the wall box that supplies power to the equipment and lock the wall box in the off position.
- Never assume that power has been disconnected from a circuit. Check it to make sure that it has been disconnected.
- If you have to work on equipment that has exposed electrical circuits, observe the following precautions:
 - Make sure that another person who is familiar with the power-off controls is near you and is available to turn off the power if necessary.
 - When you are working with powered-on electrical equipment, use only one hand. Keep the other hand in your pocket or behind your back to avoid creating a complete circuit that could cause an electrical shock.
 - When using a tester, set the controls correctly and use the approved probe leads and accessories for that tester.
 - Stand on a suitable rubber mat to insulate you from grounds such as metal floor strips and equipment frames.
- · Use extreme care when measuring high voltages.
- To ensure proper grounding of components such as power supplies, pumps, blowers, fans, and motor generators, do not service these components outside of their normal operating locations.
- If an electrical accident occurs, use caution, turn off the power, and send another person to get medical aid.

Safety statements

Important:

Each caution and danger statement in this documentation begins with a number. This number is used to cross reference an English-language caution or danger statement with translated versions of the caution or danger statement in the *Safety Information* document.

For example, if a caution statement begins with a number 1, translations for that caution statement appear in the *Safety Information* document under statement 1.

Be sure to read all caution and danger statements in this documentation before performing the instructions. Read any additional safety information that comes with your server or optional device before you install the device.

Statement 1:





DANGER

Electrical current from power, telephone, and communication cables is hazardous.

To avoid a shock hazard:

- · Do not connect or disconnect any cables or perform installation, maintenance, or reconfiguration of this product during an electrical storm.
- Connect all power cords to a properly wired and grounded electrical
- · Connect to properly wired outlets any equipment that will be attached to this product.
- · When possible, use one hand only to connect or disconnect signal
- · Never turn on any equipment when there is evidence of fire, water, or structural damage.
- Disconnect the attached power cords, telecommunications systems, networks, and modems before you open the device covers, unless instructed otherwise in the installation and configuration procedures.
- · Connect and disconnect cables as described in the following table when installing, moving, or opening covers on this product or attached devices.

To Connect:

- 1. Turn everything OFF.
- 2. First, attach all cables to devices.
- 3. Attach signal cables to connectors.
- 4. Attach power cords to outlet.
- 5. Turn device ON.

To Disconnect:

- 1. Turn everything OFF.
- 2. First, remove power cords from outlet.
- 3. Remove signal cables from connectors.
- 4. Remove all cables from devices.

Statement 2:



CAUTION:

When replacing the lithium battery, use only IBM Part Number 33F8354 or an equivalent type battery recommended by the manufacturer. If your system has a module containing a lithium battery, replace it only with the same module type made by the same manufacturer. The battery contains lithium and can explode if not properly used, handled, or disposed of.

Do not:

- · Throw or immerse into water
- Heat to more than 100°C (212°F)
- Repair or disassemble

Dispose of the battery as required by local ordinances or regulations.

Statement 3:



CAUTION:

When laser products (such as CD-ROMs, DVD drives, fiber optic devices, or transmitters) are installed, note the following:

- Do not remove the covers. Removing the covers of the laser product could result in exposure to hazardous laser radiation. There are no serviceable parts inside the device.
- Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein might result in hazardous radiation exposure.



DANGER

Some laser products contain an embedded Class 3A or Class 3B laser diode. Note the following.

Laser radiation when open. Do not stare into the beam, do not view directly with optical instruments, and avoid direct exposure to the beam.

Statement 4:









≥ 32 kg (70.5 lb)



≥ 55 kg (121.2 lb)

CAUTION:

Use safe practices when lifting.

Statement 5:





CAUTION:

The power control button on the device and the power switch on the power supply do not turn off the electrical current supplied to the device. The device also might have more than one power cord. To remove all electrical current from the device, ensure that all power cords are disconnected from the power source.



Statement 8:





CAUTION:

Never remove the cover on a power supply or any part that has the following label attached.



Hazardous voltage, current, and energy levels are present inside any component that has this label attached. There are no serviceable parts inside these components. If you suspect a problem with one of these parts, contact a service technician.

Statement 10:



CAUTION

Do not place any object on top of rack-mounted devices.



Chapter 1. Introduction

The IBM® System x3850 server is a 3-U-high¹ rack model server for high-volume network transaction processing. This high-performance, symmetric multiprocessing (SMP) server is ideally suited for networking environments that require superior microprocessor performance, input/output (I/O) flexibility, and high manageability.

The server comes with a limited warranty. For more information about the terms of the warranty, see the *Warranty and Support Information* document on the IBM *Documentation* CD.

You can obtain up-to-date information about the server and other IBM server products at http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/serverproven/compat/us/.

Related documentation

This *Problem Determination and Service Guide* contains information to help you solve problems yourself, and it contains information for a service technician. In addition to this *Problem Determination and Service Guide*, the following documentation comes with the server:

· Installation Guide

This printed document contains instructions for setting up the server and basic instructions for installing some options, and how to get help.

User's Guide

This document is in Portable Document Format (PDF) on the IBM *Documentation* CD. It provides general information about the server, including information about features, and how to configure the server. It also contains detailed instructions for installing, removing, and connecting optional devices that the server supports.

Rack Installation Instructions

This printed document contains instructions for installing the server in a rack.

Safety Information

This document is in PDF on the IBM *Documentation* CD. It contains translated caution and danger statements. Each caution and danger statement that appears in the documentation has a number that you can use to locate the corresponding statement in your language in the *Safety Information* document.

· Warranty and Support Information

This document is in PDF on the IBM *Documentation* CD. It contains information about the terms of the warranty and about service and assistance.

Depending on the server model, additional documentation might be included on the IBM *Documentation* CD.

The server might have features that are not described in the documentation that you received with the server. The documentation might be updated occasionally to include information about those features, or technical updates might be available to provide additional information that is not included in the server documentation. These updates are available from the IBM Web site. Complete the following steps to check for updated documentation and technical updates:

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^{1.} Racks are marked in vertical increments of 1.75 inches each. Each increment is referred to as a unit, or a "U". A 1-U-high device is 1.75 inches tall.

- 1. Go to http://www.ibm.com/support/.
- 2. In the Browse by topic section, click Publications.
- 3. On the Publications page, in the Brand field, select Servers.
- 4. In the Family field, select System x3850.
- 5. Click Continue.

Notices and statements used in this document

The caution and danger statements that appear in this document are also in the multilingual *Safety Information* document, which is on the IBM *Documentation* CD. Each statement is numbered for reference to the corresponding statement in the *Safety Information* document.

The following notices and statements are used in this document:

- Note: These notices provide important tips, guidance, or advice.
- **Important:** These notices provide information or advice that might help you avoid inconvenient or problem situations.
- Attention: These notices indicate potential damage to programs, devices, or data. An attention notice is placed just before the instruction or situation in which damage could occur.
- Caution: These statements indicate situations that can be potentially hazardous to you. A caution statement is placed just before the description of a potentially hazardous procedure step or situation.
- Danger: These statements indicate situations that can be potentially lethal or extremely hazardous to you. A danger statement is placed just before the description of a potentially lethal or extremely hazardous procedure step or situation.

Features and specifications

The following information is a summary of the features and specifications of the server. Depending on the server model, some features might not be available, or some specifications might not apply.

Table 1. Features and specifications

Microprocessor:

- Intel[®] Xeon[™]
- 1 MB Level-2 cache
- · 667 MHz front-side bus (FSB)
- · Support for up to four microprocessors

Note: Use the Configuration/Setup Utility program to determine the type and speed of the microprocessors.

Memory:

- Minimum: 2 GB depending on server model, expandable to 32 GB
- Type: 333 MHz, registered, ECC, PC2-3200 double data rate (DDR) II, SDRAM
- · Sizes: 1 GB or 2 GB in pairs
- Connectors: Two-way interleaved, four dual inline memory module (DIMM) connectors per memory card
- Maximum: Four memory cards, each card containing two pairs of PC2-3200 DDRII DIMMS

Drives:

- Slim DVD-ROM: IDE
- Serial Attached SCSI (SAS) hard disk drives

Expansion bays:

- · Six SAS, 2.5-inch bays
- One 12.7-mm removable-media drive bay (DVD-ROM drive installed)

Expansion slots:

Six PCI-X 2.0 hot-plug 266 MHz/64-bit slots

Upgradeable microcode:

System BIOS, diagnostics, service processor, BMC, and SAS microcode

Power supply:

- Standard: One dual-rated power supply
 - 1300 watts at 220 V ac input
 - 650 watts at 110 V ac input
- Upgradeable to two power supplies (hot-swappable at 220 V ac only)

Size:

- 3U
 - Height: 128.35 mm (5.05 in.)
- Depth: 715 mm (28.15 in.)
- Width: 440 mm (17.32 in.)
- Weight: approximately 38.5 kg (85 lb) when fully configured or 31.75 kg (70 lb) minimum

Racks are marked in vertical increments of 4.45 cm (1.75 inches). Each increment is referred to as a unit, or "U." A 1-U-high device is 4.45 cm (1.75 inches) tall.

Integrated functions:

- · Baseboard management controller
- IBM EXA-32 Chipset with integrated memory and I/O controller
- Service processor support for Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine
- · Light path diagnostics
- Three Universal Serial Bus (USB) ports
 - Two on rear of server
- One on front of server
- Broadcom 5704C dual 10/100/1000
 Gigabit Ethernet controllers
- ATI 7000-M video
 - 16 MB video memory
- SVGA compatible
- · Mouse connector
- · Keyboard connector
- Serial connector

Acoustical noise emissions:

- Sound power, idle: 6.6 bel declared
- Sound power, operating: 6.6 bel declared

Environment:

- · Air temperature:
 - Server on:
 - 10° to 35°C (50° to 95°F); altitude:
 0 to 914 m (3000 ft). If the server has a dual-core microprocessor, at maximum power reduce the 35°C by 1°C per 300 m above sea level, or the microprocessor might throttle to remain within the internal thermal specifications.
 - 10° to 32°C (50° to 90°F); altitude: 914 m to 2133 m (7000 ft.)
- Humidity:
 - Server on: 8% to 80%
 - Server off: 8% to 80%

Electrical input:

- Sine-wave input (50-60 Hz) required
- · Input voltage high range:
 - Minimum: 200 V ac
 - Maximum: 240 V ac
- Approximate input kilovolt-amperes (kVA):
- Minimum: 0.08 kVAMaximum: 1.6 kVA

Notes:

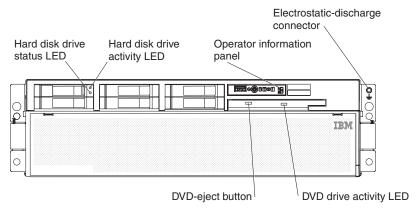
- Power consumption and heat output vary depending on the number and type of optional features installed and the power-management optional features in use.
- These levels were measured in controlled acoustical environments according to the procedures specified by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) S12.10 and ISO 7779 and are reported in accordance with ISO 9296. Actual sound-pressure levels in a given location might exceed the average values stated because of room reflections and other nearby noise sources. The declared sound-power levels indicate an upper limit, below which a large number of computers will operate.

Server controls, LEDs, and connectors

This section describes the controls, light-emitting diodes (LEDs), and connectors on the front and rear of the server.

Front view

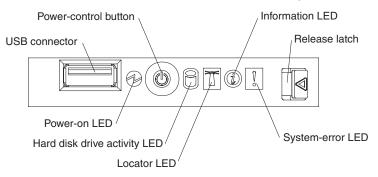
The following illustration shows the controls, LEDs, and connectors on the front of the server.



Hard disk drive status LED: If a ServeRAID-8i adapter is installed, when this LED is lit it indicates that the associated hard disk drive has failed. If the LED flashes slowly (one flash per second), the drive is being rebuilt. If the LED flashes rapidly (three flashes per second), the controller is identifying the drive.

Hard disk drive activity LED: On some server models, each hot-swap hard disk drive has an activity LED. When this LED is flashing, it indicates that the drive is in use.

Operator information panel: This panel contains controls and LEDs. The following illustration shows the controls and LEDs on the operator information panel.



The following controls, connectors, and LEDs are on the operator information panel:

- USB connector: Connect a USB device to this connector.
- Power-control button: Press this button to turn the server on and off manually.
 A power-control-button shield comes with the server.
- Information LED: When this LED is lit, it indicates that there is a suboptimal
 condition in the server and that light path diagnostics will light an additional LED
 to help isolate the condition. If the LOG LED on the light path diagnostics panel
 is lit, information is available in the baseboard management controller (BMC) log
 or in the system-event log about the condition. The condition might be that the
 BMC log is full or almost full.

This LED and LEDs on the light path diagnostics panel remain lit until you resolve the condition. If the only condition is that the BMC log is full or almost full, clear the BMC log or the system-event log through the Configuration/Setup Utility program to turn off the lit LEDs. See the User's Guide on the IBM Documentation CD for information about clearing the logs. Clear the logs after you have resolved all conditions.

Important: If the server has a baseboard management controller, clear the BMC log and system-event log after you resolve all conditions. This will turn off the information LED and LOG LED, if all conditions are resolved.

- Release latch: Slide this latch to the left to access the light path diagnostics
- System-error LED: When this LED is lit, it indicates that a system error has occurred. An LED on the light path diagnostics panel is also lit to help isolate the
- · Locator LED: When this LED is lit, it has been lit remotely by the system administrator to aid in visually locating the server.
- Hard disk drive activity LED: When this LED is flashing, it indicates that a SAS hard disk drive is in use.
- Power-on LED: When this LED is lit and not flashing, it indicates that the server is turned on. When this LED is flashing, it indicates that the server is turned off and still connected to an ac power source. When this LED is off, it indicates that ac power is not present, or the power supply or the LED itself has failed.

Note: If this LED is off, it does not mean that there is no electrical power in the server. The LED might be burned out. To remove all electrical power from the server, you must disconnect the power cords from the electrical outlets.

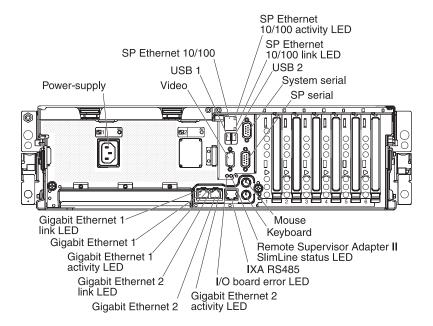
DVD-eject button: Press this button to release a CD or DVD from the DVD drive.

DVD drive activity LED: When this LED is lit, it indicates that the DVD drive is in

Electrostatic-discharge connector: Connect an electrostatic-discharge wrist strap to this connector.

Rear view

The following illustration shows the connectors and LEDs on the rear of the server.



Power-supply connector: Connect the power cord to this connector.

Video connector: Connect a monitor to this connector.

USB 1 connector: Connect a USB device to this connector.

SP Ethernet 10/100 connector: Use this connector to connect the service processor to a network.

SP Ethernet 10/100 activity LED: This LED is on the SP Ethernet 10/100 connector. When this LED is lit, it indicates that there is activity between the server and the network.

SP Ethernet 10/100 link LED: This LED is on the SP Ethernet 10/100 connector. When this LED is lit, it indicates that there is an active connection on the Ethernet port.

USB 2 connector: Connect a USB device to this connector.

System serial connector: Connect a 9-pin serial device to this connector.

SP Serial connector: Connect a 9-pin serial device to this connector.

Mouse connector: Connect a mouse or other device to this connector.

Keyboard connector: Connect a keyboard to this connector.

Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine status LED: This LED is on the I/O board and is visible on the rear of the server. When this LED flashes, it indicates that there is activity on the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine. When this LED is lit continuously, it indicates that there is a problem with the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine.

IXA RS485 connector: Use this connector to connect to an iSeries server when an Integrated xSeries Adapter (IXA) is installed. The cable for this connection comes with the server.

The optional Integrated xSeries Adapter (IXA) cab be installed only in slot 2. You must move jumpers J35 and J40 on the IXA. For details about installing the IXA. see the documentation that comes with the adapter.

I/O board error LED: This LED is on the I/O board and is visible on the rear of the server. When this LED is lit, it indicates that there is a problem with the I/O board.

Gigabit Ethernet 2 activity LED: This LED is on the Gigabit Ethernet 2 connector. When this LED flashes, it indicates that there is activity between the server and the network.

Gigabit Ethernet 2 connector: Use this connector to connect the server to a network.

Gigabit Ethernet 2 link LED: This LED is on the Gigabit Ethernet 2 connector. When this LED is lit, it indicates that there is an active connection on the Ethernet

Gigabit Ethernet 1 activity LED: This LED is on the Gigabit Ethernet 1 connector. When this LED flashes, it indicates that there is activity between the server and the network.

Gigabit Ethernet 1 connector: Use this connector to connect the server to a network.

Gigabit Ethernet 1 link LED: This LED is on the Gigabit Ethernet 1 connector. When this LED is lit, it indicates that there is an active connection on the Ethernet port.

System-board layouts

The following illustrations show the connectors, LEDs, and jumpers on the memory card, microprocessor board, PCI-X board, SAS backplane, and I/O board. The illustrations in this document might differ slightly from your hardware.

I/O board internal connectors and jumpers

The following illustration shows the internal connectors and jumpers on the I/O board.

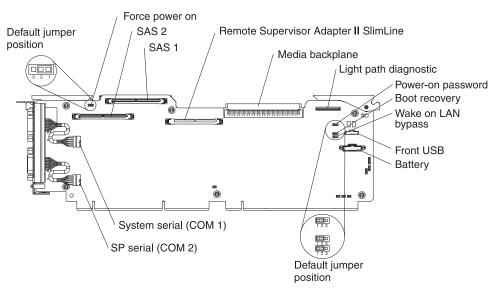


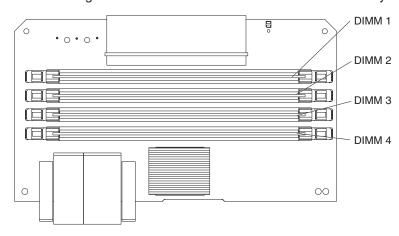
Table 2 describes the function of each three-pin jumper block.

Table 2. I/O board jumper blocks

Jumper name	Description
Force power on (J2)	The default position is pins 1 and 2. Change the position of this jumper to pins 2 and 3 to force the server to startup when you connect the server to ac power.
Power-on password (J9)	The default position is pins 1 and 2. Change the position of this jumper to pins 2 and 3 to bypass the power-on password check. Changing the position of this jumper does not affect the administrator password check if an administrator password is set. If the administrator password is lost, the operator information panel must be replaced.
Boot recovery (J14)	The default position is pins 1 and 2 (use the primary page during startup). Move the jumper to pins 2 and 3 to use the secondary page during startup.
Wake on LAN® bypass (J15)	The default position is pins 1 and 2. Move the jumper to pins 2 and 3 to prevent a Wake on LAN packet from waking the system when the system is in the powered-off state.

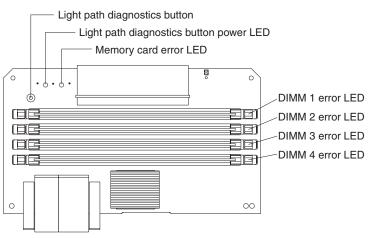
Memory-card connectors

The following illustration shows the connectors on the memory card.

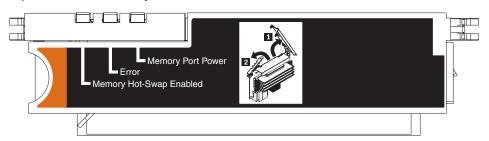


Memory-card LEDs

The following illustration shows the LEDs on the memory card.

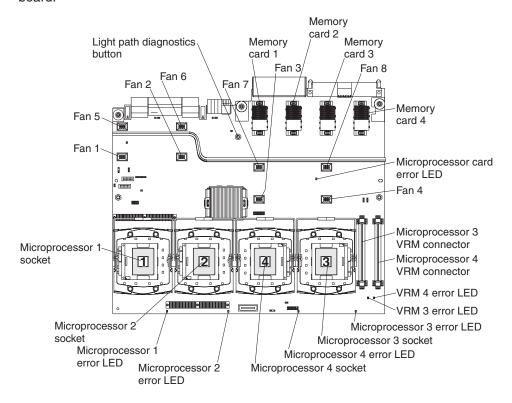


Top view of the memory card



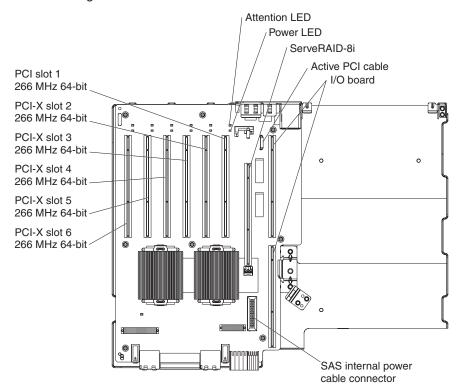
Microprocessor-board connectors and LEDs

The following illustration shows the connectors and LEDs on the microprocessor board.



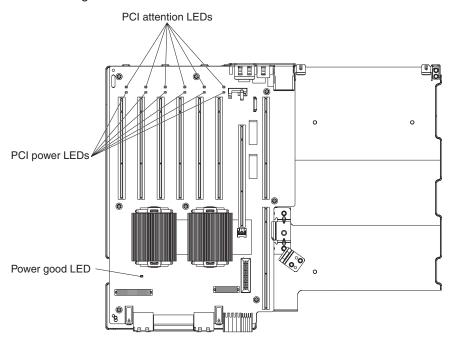
PCI-X board connectors

The following illustration shows the connectors on the PCI-X board.



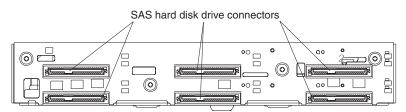
PCI-X board LEDs

The following illustration shows the LEDs on the PCI-X board.

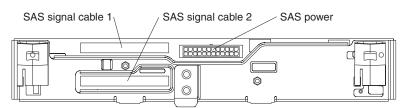


SAS-backplane connectors

The following illustration shows the connectors on the SAS backplane.



Front of SAS backplane



Back of SAS backplane

Chapter 2. Diagnostics

This chapter provides basic troubleshooting information to help you solve some common problems that might occur with the server.

If you cannot locate and correct the problem using the information in this chapter, see Appendix A, "Getting help and technical assistance," on page 157 for more information.

Diagnostic tools

The following tools are available to help you diagnose and solve hardware-related problems:

POST beep codes, error messages, and error logs

The power-on self-test (POST) generates beep codes and messages to indicate successful test completion or the detection of a problem. See "POST" for more information.

· Problem isolation tables

Use these tables to help you diagnose various symptoms. See "Problem isolation tables" on page 47.

· Light path diagnostics

Use the light path diagnostics to diagnose system errors quickly. See "Light path diagnostics" on page 60 for more information.

· Diagnostic programs and error messages

The diagnostic programs are stored in memory on the microprocessor tray. These programs are the primary method of testing the major components of the server. See "Diagnostic programs, messages, and error codes" on page 69 for more information.

POST

When you turn on the server, it performs a series of tests to check the operation of server components and some of the options in the server. This series of tests is called the power-on self-test, or POST.

If POST finishes without detecting any problems, a single beep sounds, and the first screen of the operating system opens, or an application program starts.

If POST detects a problem, more than one beep might sound, or an error message appears on the screen. See "Beep code descriptions" on page 14 and "POST error codes" on page 20 for more information.

Notes:

- 1. If a power-on password is set, you must type the password and press Enter, when prompted, before POST will continue.
- 2. A single problem might cause several error messages. When this occurs, correct the cause of the first error message. The other error messages usually will not occur the next time you run the test.

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POST beep codes

A beep code is a combination of short or long beeps or a series of short beeps separated by pauses. For example, a "1-2-3" beep code is one beep, a pause, two beeps, a pause, and three beeps.

When POST is completed, one beep is emitted to indicate that the server is working correctly. If POST detects a problem during startup, other beep codes might occur. See "Beep code descriptions" to help diagnose and solve problems that are detected during startup. If no beep code sounds, see "No-beep symptoms" on page 18.

Beep code descriptions

The following table describes the beep codes and suggested actions to correct the detected problems.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- · See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Beep code	Description	Action
1-1-3	CMOS write/read test failed.	 Reseat the following components: a. Battery b. I/O board Replace the components listed in step 1 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.
1-1-4	BIOS ROM checksum failed.	Reseat the microprocessor tray. (Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor tray.
1-2-1	Programmable interval timer failed.	 Reseat the I/O board. Replace the I/O board.
1-2-2	DMA initialization failed.	 Reseat the I/O board. Replace the I/O board.
1-2-3	DMA page register write/read failed.	 Reseat the I/O board. Replace the I/O board.
1-2-4	RAM refresh verification failed.	1. Reseat the following components: a. DIMM b. Memory card 2. Replace the components listed in step 1 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.
1-3-1	1st 64K RAM test failed.	1. Reseat the following components: a. DIMM b. Memory card 2. Replace the components listed in step 1 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Beep code	Description	Action
2-1-1	Secondary DMA register failed.	 Reseat the I/O board. Replace the I/O board.
2-1-2	Primary DMA register failed.	 Reseat the I/O board. Replace the I/O board.
2-1-3	Primary interrupt mask register failed.	 Reseat the I/O board. Replace the I/O board.
2-1-4	Secondary interrupt mask register failed.	 Reseat the I/O board. Replace the I/O board.
2-2-2	Keyboard controller failed.	 Reseat the I/O board. Replace the I/O board.
3-1-1	Timer tick interrupt failed.	 Reseat the I/O board. Replace the I/O board.
3-1-2	Interval timer channel 2 failed.	 Reseat the I/O board. Replace the I/O board.
3-1-4	Time-of-day clock failed.	 Reseat the following components: a. Battery b. I/O board Replace the components listed in step 1 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.
3-3-2	Critical SMBUS error occurred.	 Disconnect power cord, wait 30 seconds, and retry. Reseat the following components: DIMM Memory card Microprocessor tray I/O board Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time. DIMM Memory card (Trained service technician only)

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Beep code	Description	Action
3-3-3	No operational memory in system.	Note: Make sure you re-enable the memory in the Configuration/Setup Utility program. See, "Memory problems" on page 52
		Make sure that all memory cards contain the correct number of DIMMs; install or reseat DIMMS; then, restart the server.
		2. Reseat the following components:
		a. DIMM
		b. Memory card
		c. Microprocessor tray
		3. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.
		a. DIMM
		b. Memory card
		c. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor tray
Two short beeps	Information only, configuration has changed.	Run the Configuration/Setup Utility program Run the diagnostic programs.
Three short beeps	Memory error.	Note: Make sure you re-enable the memory in the Configuration/Setup Utility program. See, "Memory problems" on page 52
		1. Reseat the following components:
		a. DIMM
		b. Memory card
		c. Microprocessor tray
		Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.
		a. DIMM
		b. Memory card
		c. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor tray

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Beep code	Description	Action
One continuous beep	Microprocessor error.	1. Reseat the following components: a. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor b. (Trained service technician only) Optional microprocessor c. Microprocessor tray 2. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time. a. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor b. (Trained service technician only) Optional microprocessor c. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor tray
Repeating short beeps	Keyboard error.	1. Reseat the following components: a. Keyboard b. I/O board 2. Replace the components listed in step 1 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.
Repeating long beeps	Memory error.	Reseat the DIMMs.
One long and one short beep	Card error.	 Reseat the following components: a. Microprocessor tray b. I/O board Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time. a. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor tray b. I/O board
One long and two short beeps	Card error.	 Reseat the following components: a. Microprocessor tray b. I/O board Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time. a. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor tray b. I/O board

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Beep code	Description	Action
Two long and two short beeps	Card error.	 Reseat the following components: a. Microprocessor tray b. I/O board Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time. a. (Trained service technician only)

No-beep symptoms

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- · See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

No-beep symptom	Description	Action
No beeps occur, and the system operates correctly.		 (Trained service technician only) Reseat the operator information panel. (Trained service technician only) Replace the operator information panel.
No beeps occur after successful completion of POST.	The power-on status is Disabled.	Run the Configuration/Setup Utility program and select Start Options ; then, set Power-On Status to Enable .
		(Trained service technician only) Reseat the operator information panel.
		(Trained service technician only) Replace the operator information panel.
No beeps occur, and there is no video.		See "Solving undetermined problems" on page 104.

Error logs

The POST error log contains the three most recent error codes and messages that were generated during POST. The BMC log and the system-error log contain messages that were generated during POST and all system status messages from the service processor.

Notes:

- The BMC log is limited in size and is designed so that when the log is full, new entries will not overwrite existing entries; therefore, you must periodically clear the BMC log from the Configuration/Setup Utility program (the menu choices are described in the *User's Guide*).
- When troubleshooting an error, make sure to clear the BMC log so that you can find current errors more easily.
- Entries written to the BMC log early in the POST procedure will show an incorrect date as the default timestamp; however, the date and time will correct itself as POST continues.
- Each BMC log entry appears on its own page; to display all the data for an entry, use the up arrow (—) and down arrow (–) or the Page Up and Page Down keys. To move from one entry to the next, move the cursor to the **Get Next Entry** or **Get Previous Entry** line; then, press Enter.
- The log indicates an Assertion Event when an event has occurred. It indicates a
 Deassertion Event when the event is no longer occurring.
- Some of the error codes and messages in the BMC log are abbreviated.
- Viewing the BMC log through the web interface of the optional Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine allows all messages to be translated.

The following illustration shows an example of a BMC log entry.

```
BMC System Event Log
Get Next Entry
Get Previous Entry
Clear BMC SEL
Entry Number=
                 00005 / 00011
                 0005
Record ID=
Record Type=
                 02
                 2005/01/25 16:15:17
Timestamp=
Entry Details:
                  Generator ID= 0020
                  Sensor Type= 04
                  Assertion Event
                  Threshold
                  Lower Non-critical - going high
                  Sensor Number= 40
                  Event Direction/Type= 01
                  Event Data= 52 00 1A
```

You can view the contents of the POST error log, the BMC log, and the system-error log from the Configuration/Setup Utility program. You can view the contents of the BMC log also from the diagnostic programs.

Note: When troubleshooting PCI-X slots, note that the error logs report the PCI-X buses numerically. The numerical assignments vary depending on the configuration. You can check the assignments by running the Configuration/Setup Utility program (see the *User's Guide* for more information).

Viewing error logs from the Configuration/Setup Utility program For complete information about using the Configuration/Setup Utility program, see the *User's Guide*.

To view the error logs, complete the following steps:

- 1. Turn on the server.
- 2. When the prompt Press F1 for Configuration/Setup appears, press F1. If you have set both a power-on password and an administrator password, you must type the administrator password to view the error logs.
- 3. Use one of the following procedures:
 - · To view the POST error log, select Error Logs, and then select POST Error
 - To view the BMC log, select Advanced Settings, select Baseboard Management Controller (BMC) settings, and then select BMC System Event Log.
 - To view the system-error log (available only if an optional Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine is installed), select Event/Error Logs, and then select System Event/Error Log.

Viewing the BMC log from the diagnostic programs

The BMC log contains the same information whether it is viewed from the Configuration/Setup Utility program or from the diagnostic programs.

Notes:

- Some of the error codes and messages in the BMC log are abbreviated.
- Viewing the BMC log through the web interface of the optional Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine allows all messages to be translated.

For information about using the diagnostic programs, see "Running the on-board diagnostic programs" on page 70.

To view the BMC log, complete the following steps:

- 1. If the server is running, turn off the server and all attached devices.
- 2. Turn on all attached devices; then, turn on the server.
- 3. When the prompt F2 for Diagnostics appears, press F2. If you have set both a power-on password and an administrator password, you must type the administrator password to run the diagnostic programs.
- 4. From the top of the screen, select **Hardware Info**.
- From the list, select BMC Log.

POST error codes

The following table describes the POST error codes and suggested actions to correct the detected problems.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- · See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action	
062	Three consecutive boot failures using the default configuration.	Flash the system firmware to the latest level (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147).	
		2. Reseat the I/O board.	
		3. Replace the I/O board.	

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
101, 102	Tick timer internal interrupt, internal timer channel 2.	 Reseat the I/O board. Replace the I/O board.
114	Adapter read-only memory (ROM) error.	Remove all adapters and reinstall them one at a time, restarting the server each time, to identify the failing adapter; then, replace the failing adapter.
		2. Reseat the microprocessor tray.
		3. Reseat the I/O board.
		(Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor tray.
		5. Replace the I/O board.
151	Real-time clock error.	 Reseat the following components: a. Battery b. I/O board Replace the components listed in step 1 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.
161	Real-time clock battery error.	 Reseat the following components: a. Battery b. I/O board Replace the components listed in step 1 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.
162	Device configuration error.	 Run the Configuration/Setup Utility program, select Load Default Settings, and save the settings. Reseat the following components: Battery Failing device I/O board Remove the battery for 60 minutes; then, reinstal the battery and restart the server. Replace the components listed in step 2 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
163	Real-time clock error.	Run the Configuration/Setup Utility program, select Load Default Settings, make sure that the date and time are correct, and save the settings.
		2. Reseat the following components:
		a. Battery
		b. I/O board
		 Replace the components listed in step 2 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.
175	Bad EEPROM CRC#1.	Restart the server.
		Update the BMC firmware (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147).
		3. Reseat the microprocessor tray.
		 (Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor tray.
178	System VPD not available.	Restart the server.
		Update the BMC firmware (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147).
		3. Reseat the microprocessor tray.
		(Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor tray.
184	Power-on password damaged.	 Run the Configuration/Setup Utility program, select Load Default Settings, and save the settings.
		2. Reseat the following components:
		a. Battery
		b. I/O board
		Remove the battery for 60 minutes; then, reinstal the battery and restart the server.
		 Replace the components listed in step 2 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.
187	VPD serial number not set.	Set the serial number by updating the BIOS code level (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147).
		2. Reseat the following components:
		a. I/O board
		b. Optional Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine
		 Replace the components listed in step 2 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
188	Bad EEPROM CRC #2.	 Restart the server. Update the BMC firmware (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147).
		3. Reseat the microprocessor tray.
		(Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor tray.
189	An attempt was made to access the server with an incorrect password.	Restart the server and enter the administrator password; then, run the Configuration/Setup Utility program and change the power-on password.
289	A DIMM has been disabled by the user or by the system.	Note: Make sure you re-enable the memory in the Configuration/Setup Utility program. See, "Memory problems" on page 52
		If the DIMM was disabled by the user, run the Configuration/Setup Utility program and enable the DIMM.
		2. Make sure that the DIMM is installed correctly (see "Memory module" on page 122).
		3. Reseat the DIMM.
		4. Replace the DIMM.
301	Keyboard or keyboard controller error.	If you have installed a USB keyboard, run the Configuration/Setup Utility program and enable keyboardless operation to prevent the POST error message 301 from being displayed during startup.
		2. Reseat the following components:
		a. Keyboard
		b. I/O board
		3. Replace the components listed in step 2 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.
303	Keyboard controller error.	Reseat the following components:
		a. I/O board
		b. Keyboard
		Replace the components listed in step 1 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.
1600	The baseboard management controller failed BIST (built-in self-test).	Update the BMC firmware (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147).
		2. Reseat the following components:
		a. Microprocessor tray
		b. I/O board
		c. PCI or PCI-X adapters
		(Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor tray.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
1601	Systems-management adapter communication error.	Make sure that the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine is installed correctly.
		 Update the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine firmware (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147).
		Update the BMC firmware (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147).
		4. Reseat the following components:
		a. Microprocessor tray
		b. I/O board
		c. PCI or PCI-X adapter
		(Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor tray.
1602	Systems-management adapter communication error.	Make sure that the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine is installed correctly.
		 Update the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine firmware (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147).
		Update the BMC firmware (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147).
		4. Reseat the following components:
		a. Microprocessor tray
		b. I/O board
		c. (Trained service technician only) PCI-X board
		Replace the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine.
		(Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor tray.
1762	Fixed disk configuration error.	Run the Configuration/Setup Utility program and load the defaults.
		2. Reseat the following components:
		a. SAS cables
		b. SAS hard disk drive
		c. I/O board
		3. Replace the components listed in step 2 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
178x	Fixed disk error.	 Reseat the hard disk drive cables. Replace the hard disk drive cables. Run the hard disk drive diagnostic tests. Reseat the following components: a. Optional ServeRAID™-8i adapter. b. Hard disk drive. c. I/O board. Replace the components listed in step 4 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.
1800	Unavailable PCI hardware interrupt.	Run the Configuration/Setup Utility program and adjust the adapter settings. Remove each adapter one at a time, restarting the server each time, until the problem is isolated.
1962	A drive does not contain a valid boot sector.	 Make sure that a bootable operating system is installed. Run the hard disk drive diagnostic tests. Reseat the following components: a. SAS drive b. SAS hard disk drive backplane cable c. I/O board Replace the components listed in step 3 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.
5962	IDE CD or DVD drive configuration error.	 Run the Configuration/Setup Utility program and load the default settings (see "Configuration/Setup Utility menu choices" on page 149). Reseat the following components: a. CD or DVD drive cable b. CD or DVD drive c. I/O board Replace the components listed in step 2 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.
8603	Pointing-device error.	 Reseat the following components: a. Pointing device b. I/O board Replace the components listed in step 1 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
0001295	ECC circuit check.	 Reseat the following components: a. DIMM b. Memory card Replace the components in step 1 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.
00012000	Processor machine check error.	 Reseat the following components: (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor Microprocessor tray Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor tray
00019501	Processor 1 is not functioning; check processor LEDs.	Reseat the following components: a. Microprocessor tray b. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor 1 Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time. a. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor 1 b. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor tray
00019502	Processor 2 is not functioning; check processor LEDs.	Reseat the following components: a. Microprocessor tray b. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor 2 Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time. a. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor 2 b. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor tray

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
00019503	Processor 3 is not functioning; check VRM and processor LEDs.	1. Reseat the following components: a. Microprocessor tray b. VRM 3 c. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor 3 2. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time. a. VRM 3 b. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor 3
		c. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor tray
00019504	Processor 4 is not functioning; check VRM and processor LEDs.	Reseat the following components: a. Microprocessor tray b. VRM 4 c. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor 4
		2. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.
		a. VRM 4 b. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor 4
		c. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor tray
00019701	Processor 1 failed BIST.	Reseat the following components: a. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor 1 b. Microprocessor tray
		2. Replace the following components one at a time in the order shown, restarting the server each time.
		 a. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor 1 b. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor tray

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
00019702	Processor 2 failed BIST.	1. Reseat the following components: a. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor 2 b. Microprocessor tray 2. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time. a. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor 2 b. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor tray
00019703	Processor 3 failed BIST.	1. Reseat the following components: a. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor 3 b. VRM3 c. Microprocessor tray 2. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time. a. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor 3 b. VRM3 c. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor tray
00019704	Processor 4 failed BIST.	1. Reseat the following components: a. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor 4 b. VRM4 c. Microprocessor tray 2. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time. a. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor 4 b. VRM4 c. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor tray

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
00180100	A PCI adapter has requested memory resources that are not available.	 Change the order of the adapters in the PCI-X slots. Make sure that the boot device is positioned early in the scan order (see the <i>User's Guide</i> for information about the scan order). Make sure that the settings for the PCI or PCI-X adapter and all other adapters in the Configuration/Setup Utility program are correct. If the memory resource settings are not correct, change them.
		 If all memory resources are being used, remove an adapter to make memory available to the PCI or PCI-X adapter. Disabling the BIOS on the adapter should correct the error. See the documentation that comes with the adapter.
00180200	No more I/O space is available for a PCI adapter.	 If the error code indicates a particular PCI or PCI-X slot or device, remove that device. If the error continues, reseat the following components: Each adapter (Trained service technician only) PCI-X board Replace the components listed in step 2 one at a street in the order of page 1.
00180300	No more memory (above 1 MB for a PCI adapter).	time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time. 1. If the error code indicates a particular PCI or PCI-X slot or device, remove that device. 2. Reseat the following components: a. Each adapter b. (Trained service technician only) PCI-X board 3. Replace the components listed in step 2 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.
00180400	No more memory (below 1 MB for a PCI adapter).	1. Reseat the following components: a. Each adapter b. (Trained service technician only) PCI-X board 2. Replace the components listed in step 1 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.
00180500	PCI option ROM checksum error.	 Remove the failing PCI or PCI-X adapter. Reseat the following components: a. Each adapter b. (Trained service technician only) PCI-X board Replace the components listed in step 2 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
00180600	PCI built-in self-test failure.	 If the error code indicates a particular PCI or PCI-X slot or device, remove that device. Note: Slot 0 indicates the I/O board.
		2. Reseat the following components:
		a. Each adapter
		b. (Trained service technician only, if the specified board is a FRU) The board indicated in the error code. (See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107, to determine CRU or FRU status.)
		3. Replace the components listed in step 2 one at a time, in the order shown above, restarting the server each time.
00180700, 00180800	General PCI error.	Make sure that no devices have been disabled in the Configuration/Setup Utility program.
		2. Reseat the following components:
		 a. Failing adapter Note: If an error LED is lit on the PCI-X board or on an adapter, reseat that adapter first; if no LEDs are lit, reseat each adapter one at a time, restarting the server each time, to isolate the failing adapter.
		b. (Trained service technician only) PCI-X board
		3. Replace the components listed in step 2 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.
00181000	PCI error.	Remove the adapters from the PCI or PCI-X slots.
		2. Reseat the following components:
		a. Failing adapter Note: If an error LED is lit on the PCI-X board or on an adapter, reseat that adapter first; if no LEDs are lit, reseat each adapter one at a time, restarting the server each time, to isolate the failing adapter.
		b. (Trained service technician only) PCI-X board
		3. Replace the components listed in step 2 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
01295085	ECC checking hardware test error.	1. Reseat the following components: a. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor b. DIMM c. Microprocessor tray 2. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time. a. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor b. DIMM c. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor tray
01298001	No update data for processor 1.	 Make sure that all microprocessors have the same cache size (see "Configuration/Setup Utility menu choices" on page 149). Update the BIOS code again (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147). (Trained service technician only) Reseat microprocessor 1. (Trained service technician only) Replace microprocessor 1.
01298002	No update data for processor 2.	 Make sure that all microprocessors have the same cache size (see "Configuration/Setup Utility menu choices" on page 149). Update the BIOS code again (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147). (Trained service technician only) Reseat microprocessor 2. (Trained service technician only) Replace microprocessor 2.
01298004	No update data for processor 3.	 Make sure that all microprocessors have the same cache size (see "Configuration/Setup Utility menu choices" on page 149). Update the BIOS code again (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147). (Trained service technician only) Reseat microprocessor 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace microprocessor 3.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
01298005	No update data for processor 4.	 Make sure that all microprocessors have the same cache size (see "Configuration/Setup Utility menu choices" on page 149). Update the BIOS code again (see "Updating the
		firmware" on page 147).
		 (Trained service technician only) Reseat microprocessor 4.
		4. (Trained service technician only) Replace microprocessor 4.
01298101	Bad update data for processor 1.	1. Make sure that all microprocessors have the same cache size (see "Configuration/Setup Utility menu choices" on page 149).
		2. Update the BIOS code again (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147).
		3. (Trained service technician only) Reseat microprocessor 1.
		(Trained service technician only) Replace microprocessor 1.
01298102	Bad update data for processor 2.	Make sure that all microprocessors have the same cache size (see "Configuration/Setup Utility menu choices" on page 149).
		2. Update the BIOS code again (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147).
		3. (Trained service technician only) Reseat microprocessor 2.
		4. (Trained service technician only) Replace microprocessor 2.
01298103	Bad update data for processor 3.	Make sure that all microprocessors have the same cache size (see "Configuration/Setup Utility menu choices" on page 149).
		2. Update the BIOS code again (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147).
		3. (Trained service technician only) Reseat microprocessor 3.
		4. (Trained service technician only) Replace microprocessor 3.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
01298104	Bad update data for processor 4.	Make sure that all microprocessors have the same cache size (see "Configuration/Setup Utility menu choices" on page 149).
		Update the BIOS code again (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147).
		(Trained service technician only) Reseat microprocessor 4.
		(Trained service technician only) Replace microprocessor 4.
01298200	Processor speed mismatch.	Make sure that all microprocessors have the same cache size (see "Configuration/Setup Utility menu choices" on page 149).
19990301	Fixed disk sector error.	Reseat the following components: a. Hard disk drive b. SAS hard disk drive backplane c. I/O board Replace the components listed in step 1 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server
19990305	An operating system was not found.	each time. 1. Make sure that a bootable operating system is
		installed.
		Run the hard disk drive diagnostic tests.
		3. Reseat the following components:
		a. Hard disk drive
		b. SAS hard disk drive backplane and cables
		c. DVD drive and cables d. I/O board
		 Replace the components listed in step 3 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.
19990650	AC power has been restored.	Check the power cables.
		Check for interruption of the power supply (see "Power-supply LEDs" on page 67).
		3. Reseat the following components:
		a. Power supply
		b. (Trained service technician only) Power backplane
		 Replace the components listed in step 3 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.

POST and SMI error messages

BIOS can log two types of error messages in the BMC log and the system-error log: POST events, which occur during system startup, and SMI events, which are generally run time errors detected by hardware. The following table describes the possible POST and SMI error messages and suggested actions to correct the detected problems.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

trained service technician.		
Error message	Action	
POST reporting Processor Event: Invalid configuration of processor card. Chassis Number = X.	Make sure that all microprocessors have the same part number.	
POST reporting Processor Event: Processor mismatch detected. Chassis Number = X. Processor Number = Y.	 Make sure that the BIOS code is at the latest level. Make sure that all microprocessors have the same part number. (Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor. 	
POST reporting Processor Event: POST does not support current stepping of processor. Chassis Number = X, Processor Number = Y.	 Make sure that the BIOS code is at the latest level. Make sure that all microprocessors have the same part number. (Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor. 	
POST reporting Processor Event: Unable to apply microcode (patch) update. Chassis Number = X. Processor Number = Y.	(Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor.	
POST reporting Processor Event: Processor failed BIST. Chassis Number= X. Processor Number = Y.	(Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor.	
POST reporting memory event: North Bridge Uncorrectable memory error occurred. Chassis Number = X. Memory Card = Y. Memory DIMM = Z.	 Reseat the DIMM. If the DIMM was disabled by the user, run the Configuration/Setup Utility program and enable the DIMM. Replace the DIMM. If the DIMM was disabled by the user, run the Configuration/Setup Utility program and enable the DIMM. 	
POST reporting memory event: North Bridge Correctable memory threshold occurred. Chassis Number = X. Memory Card = Y. Memory DIMM = Z. Failing Symbol = 0xcb.	 Reseat the DIMM. If the DIMM was disabled by the user, run the Configuration/Setup Utility program and enable the DIMM. Replace the DIMM. If the DIMM was disabled by the user, run the Configuration/Setup Utility program and enable the DIMM. 	
POST reporting memory event: DIMM Disabled - Failed ECC Test. Chassis Number = X. Memory Card = Y. Memory DIMM = Z.	 Reseat the DIMM. If the DIMM was disabled by the user, run the Configuration/Setup Utility program and enable the DIMM. Replace the DIMM. If the DIMM was disabled by the user, run the Configuration/Setup Utility program and enable the DIMM. 	

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

trained service technician.		
Error message	Action	
POST reporting memory event: DIMM Disabled - Failed POST/BIOS Memory Test. Chassis Number = X. Memory Card = Y. Memory DIMM = Z.	 Reseat the DIMM. If the DIMM was disabled by the user, run the Configuration/Setup Utility program and enable the DIMM. Replace the DIMM. If the DIMM was disabled by the user, run the Configuration/Setup Utility program and enable the DIMM. 	
POST reporting memory event: DIMM Disabled - Failed ECC Test. Chassis Number = X. Memory Card = Y. Memory DIMM = Z.	 Reseat the DIMM. If the DIMM was disabled by the user, run the Configuration/Setup Utility program and enable the DIMM. Replace the DIMM. If the DIMM was disabled by the user, run the Configuration/Setup Utility program and enable the DIMM. 	
POST reporting memory event: DIMM Disabled - Failed ECC Test. Chassis Number = X. Memory Card = Y. Memory DIMM = Z.	 Reseat the DIMM. If the DIMM was disabled by the user, run the Configuration/Setup Utility program and enable the DIMM. Replace the DIMM. If the DIMM was disabled by the user, run the Configuration/Setup Utility program and enable the DIMM. 	
Unknown SERR/PERR detected on PCI bus Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
Address of special cycle DPE on PCI primary Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
Master read parity error on PCI primary Chassis#=4 Slot#=2 Bus#=3 Dev.ID=0xaa99 Vend.ID=0xccbb Status=0xeedd DevFun#=0xff	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
Received target parity error on PCI primary Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

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Error message	Action	
Master write parity error on PCI primary Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
Device signaled SERR on PCI primary. Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
Slave signaled parity error on PCI primary Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
Signaled target abort on PCI primary Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
Additional correctable ECC error on PCI primary Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	Informational only; if the message remains: 1. If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. 2. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board.	
Received Master Abort on PCI primary Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
Additional uncorrectable ECC error on PCI primary Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error message	Action
Split completion discarded on PCI primary Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board.
Correctable ECC error on PCI primary Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	Informational only; if the message remains: 1. If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. 2. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board.
Unexpected split completion on PCI primary Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board.
Uncorrectable ECC error on PCI primary Chassis#=4 Slot#=2 Bus#=3 Dev.ID=0xaa99 Vend.ID=0xccbb Status=0xeedd DevFun#=0xff	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board.
Received split completion error on PCI primary Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board.
PCI-PCI bridge secondary: Address of special cycle DPE Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board.
PCI-PCI bridge secondary: Master read parity error Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error message	Action
PCI-PCI bridge secondary: Received target parity error Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board.
PCI-PCI bridge secondary: Master write parity error Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board.
PCI-PCI bridge secondary: Device signaled SERR Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board.
PCI-PCI bridge secondary: Slave signaled parity error. Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board.
PCI-PCI bridge secondary: Signaled target abort Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board.
PCI-PCI bridge secondary: Additional correctable ECC error Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	Informational only; if the message remains: 1. If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. 2. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board.
PCI-PCI bridge secondary: Received master abort Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

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Error message	Action	
PCI-PCI bridge secondary: Additional uncorrectable ECC error Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
PCI-PCI bridge secondary: Split completion discarded Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
PCI-PCI bridge secondary: Correctable ECC error Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	Informational only; if the message remains: 1. If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. 2. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board.	
PCI-PCI bridge secondary: Unexpected split completion Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
PCI-PCI bridge secondary: Uncorrectable ECC error Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
PCI-PCI bridge secondary: Received split completion error Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
PCI ECC Error (Corrected) Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	Informational only; if the message remains: 1. If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. 2. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board.	

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

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Error message	Action	
PCI Bus Address Parity Error Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
PCI Bus Data Parity Error Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
SERR# asserted Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
PERR Received by PCI Bridge on a PCIX split completion Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
PCI Bus Invalid Address Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
PCI Bus TCE Extent error Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
PCI Bus Page Fault Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
PCI Bus Unauthorized Access Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

trained service technician.		
Error message	Action	
PCI Bus Parity error in DMA read data buffer Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
PCI Bus timeout Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
PCI Bus DMA delay read timeout Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
Internal error on PCIX split completion Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
PCI Bus DMA read reply (RIO) timeout Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
PCI Bus Internal RAM error on DMA write Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
PCI Bus MVE valid bit off Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
PCI Bus ECC Error (Corrected) Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

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Error message	Action	
PCI Bus SERR# Detected Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
PCI Bus data parity error Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
PCI Bus No DEVSEL# Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
PCI Bus timeout Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
PCI Bus Retry count expired Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
PCI Bus Target Abort. Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
PCI Bus Invalid size Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
PCI Bus Access not enabled Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

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Error message	Action	
PCI Bus Internal RAM error on MMIO Store Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
PCI Bus Split response received Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
PCIX split completion error status received Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
Unexpected PCIX split completion received Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
PCIX split completion timeout Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
PCI Bus Recoverable error summary bit Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
PCI Bus CSR error summary bit Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
PCI Bus Internal RAM error on MMIO load Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

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Error message	Action	
PCI Bus Bad command Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
PCI Bus Length field invalid Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
PCI Bus Load greater than 8 and no write buffer enabled Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
PCIX Discontiguous byte enable error Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
PCI Bus 4K address boundary crossing error Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
PCI Bus Store wrap state machine check Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
PCI Bus Target state machine check Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	
PCI Bus Invalid transaction PM/DW Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board. 	

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

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Error message	Action
PCI Bus Invalid transaction PM/DR Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board.
PCI Bus Invalid transaction PS/DW Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board.
PCI Bus DMA write command FIFO parity error Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board.
PCI Secondary Status Register Dump Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board.
PCI Secondary Status Register Dump Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board.
PCI to PCI Bridge Discard Timer Error Chassis#=X Slot#=Y Bus#=Z Dev.ID=0xSSSS Vend.ID=0xTTTT Status=0xUUUU DevFun#=0xVV	 If the slot number is greater than 0, complete the following steps: a. Reseat the adapter. b. Replace the adapter. If the slot number is 0, replace the PCI board.
SMI handler reporting Memory Mirroring Failover Occurred. Running from mirrored image. Note: This message immediately follows an uncorrectable memory error.	 Reseat the DIMM or memory card. If the DIMM was disabled by the user, run the Configuration/Setup Utility program and enable the DIMM. Replace the DIMM or memory card. If the DIMM was disabled by the user, run the Configuration/Setup Utility program and enable the DIMM.
SMI handler reporting Processor Event: Unrecoverable error. Chassis Number = X. Processor ID = Y.	(Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor.

Checkout procedure

The checkout procedure is the sequence of tasks that you should follow to diagnose a problem in the server.

About the checkout procedure

Before performing the checkout procedure for diagnosing hardware problems, review the following information:

- · Read the safety information beginning on page vii.
- The diagnostics programs provide the primary methods of testing the major components of the server, for example, the I/O board, Ethernet controller, keyboard, mouse (pointing device), serial ports, and hard disk drives. You can also use them to test some external devices. If you are not sure whether a problem is caused by the hardware or by the software, you can use the diagnostics programs to confirm that the hardware is working correctly.
- When you run the diagnostics programs, a single problem might cause several error messages. If you receive several error messages, correct the cause of the first error message. The other error messages might not occur the next time you run the diagnostics programs.
- Before running the diagnostics programs, you must determine whether the failing server is part of a shared hard disk drive cluster (two or more servers sharing external storage devices). If it is part of a cluster, you can run all diagnostics programs except the ones that test the storage unit (that is, a hard disk drive in the storage unit) or the storage adapter that is attached to the storage unit. The failing server might be part of a cluster if any of the following conditions is true:
 - You have identified the failing server as part of a cluster (two or more servers) sharing external storage devices).
 - One or more external storage units are attached to the failing server and at least one of the attached storage units is also attached to another server or unidentifiable device.
 - One or more servers are located near the failing server.

Important: If the server is part of a shared hard disk drive cluster, run one test at a time. Do not run any suite of tests, such as "quick" or "normal" tests, because this might enable the hard disk drive diagnostic tests.

- If the server is suspended and a POST error code is displayed, see "Error logs" on page 18. If the server is suspended and no error message is displayed, see "Problem isolation tables" on page 47 and "Solving undetermined problems" on page 104.
- For information about power-supply problems, see "Solving power problems" on page 102 and "Power-supply LEDs" on page 67.
- For intermittent problems, check the error log; see "Error logs" on page 18 and "Diagnostic programs, messages, and error codes" on page 69.

Performing the checkout procedure

To perform the checkout procedure, complete the following steps:

001	IS THE SERVER PA	RT OF	A CLUSTER?
-----	------------------	-------	------------

002 No. Go to step 004.

003 Yes. Schedule maintenance. Shut down all failing systems that are related to the cluster. Go to step 004.

004

006

- · Turn off the server and all external devices.
- · Check all cables and power cords.
- Set all display controls to the middle positions.
- Turn on all external devices.
- · Turn on the server.
- Check the operator information panel system-error LED; if it is flashing, check the light path diagnostics LEDs (see "Light path diagnostics" on page 60).
- · Check for the following correct responses:
 - A single beep.
 - Readable instructions on the main menu.

DID YOU RECEIVE THE CORRECT RESPONSES?

No. Find the failure symptom in "Problem isolation tables"; if necessary, see "Solving undetermined problems" on page 104.

Yes. Run the diagnostic programs (see "Running the on-board diagnostic programs" on page 70).

- If you receive an error, see "Diagnostic error codes" on page 71.
- If the diagnostics programs were completed successfully and you still suspect a problem, see "Solving undetermined problems" on page 104.

If the server does not turn on, see "Problem isolation tables."

Important: If the server has a baseboard management controller, clear the BMC log and system-event log after you resolve all conditions. This will turn off the information LED and LOG LED, if all conditions are resolved.

(Trained service technicians only) Checkpoint codes

Checkpoint codes give the check that was taking place at the time the system stopped; they do not provide error codes or suggested replacement parts. The checkpoint display will indicate where the server has stopped without waiting for the video to initialize at each startup during problem isolation.

There are two types of checkpoint codes: CPLD hardware checkpoint codes, and BIOS checkpoint codes. The BIOS checkpoint codes might change when the BIOS code is updated.

The checkpoint display for the System x3850 is located on the I/O board.

Checkpoint codes can be found at http://w3.pc.ibm.com/helpcenter/infotips/techinfo/MIGR-58350.html.

Problem isolation tables

Use the problem isolation tables to find solutions to problems that have definite symptoms.

If you cannot find the problem in the error symptom charts, go to "Running the on-board diagnostic programs" on page 70 to test the server.

If you have just added new software or a new option and the server is not working, use the following procedures before using the problem isolation tables:

- 1. Check the light path diagnostics LEDs on the operator information panel (see "Light path diagnostics" on page 60).
- 2. Remove the software or device that you just added.
- 3. Run the diagnostic tests to determine whether the server is running correctly.
- 4. Reinstall the new software or new device.

CD or **DVD** drive problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

trained service technician.	trained service technician.		
Symptom	Action		
The CD or DVD drive is not recognized.	1. Make sure that:		
	 The IDE channel to which the CD or DVD drive is attached (primary or secondary) is enabled in the Configuration/Setup Utility program. 		
	All cables and jumpers are installed correctly.		
	The correct device driver is installed for the CD or DVD drive.		
	2. Run the CD or DVD drive diagnostic programs.		
	3. Reseat the following components:		
	a. CD or DVD drive		
	b. CD or DVD drive cable		
	c. I/O board		
	4. Replace the components listed in step 3 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.		
A CD or DVD is not working correctly.	Clean the CD or DVD.		
	2. Run the CD or DVD drive diagnostic programs.		
	3. Reseat the CD or DVD drive.		
	4. Replace the CD or DVD drive.		
The CD or DVD drive tray is not	Make sure that the server is turned on.		
working.	Insert the end of a straightened paper clip into the manual tray-release opening.		
	3. Reseat the CD or DVD drive.		
	4. Replace the CD or DVD drive.		

General problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Symptom	Action
A cover lock is broken, an LED is not working, or a similar problem has occurred.	If the part is a CRU, replace it. If the part is a FRU, the part must be replaced by a trained service technician.

Hard disk drive problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Symptom	Action
Not all drives are recognized by the hard disk drive diagnostic test (the Fixed Disk test).	Remove the drive indicated on the diagnostic tests; then, run the hard disk drive diagnostic test again. If the remaining drives are recognized, replace the drive that you removed with a new one.
The server stops responding during the hard disk drive diagnostic test.	Remove the hard disk drive that was being tested when the server stopped responding, and run the diagnostic test again. If the hard disk drive diagnostic test runs successfully, replace the drive that you removed with a new one.
A hard disk drive was not detected while the operating system was being started.	Reseat all hard disk drives and cables; then, run the hard disk drive diagnostic tests again.

Intermittent problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Symptom	Action
A problem occurs only occasionally and is difficult to diagnose.	 Make sure that: All cables and cords are connected securely to the rear of the server and attached devices. When the server is turned on, air is flowing from the fan grille. If there is no airflow, the fan is not working. This can cause the server to overheat and shut down. Check the system-error log or BMC log (see "Error logs" on page 18).

Keyboard, mouse, or pointing-device problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Symptom	Ac	etion
All or some keys on the keyboard do not work.	1.	If the server is attached to a KVM switch, make sure the switch is working correctly by plugging the keyboard cable directly into the correct port on the rear of the server, thus bypassing the KVM switch.
	2.	 Make sure that: The keyboard cable is securely connected to the server and the keyboard and mouse cables are not reversed. The server and the monitor are turned on.
	3.	Reseat the following components:
		a. Keyboard
		b. I/O board
	4.	Replace the components listed in step 3 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.
The mouse or pointing device does not work.	1.	If the server is attached to a KVM switch, make sure the switch is working correctly by plugging the mouse or pointing device cable directly into the correct port on the rear of the server, thus bypassing the KVM switch.
	2.	Make sure that:
		 The mouse or pointing-device cable is securely connected and the keyboard and mouse cables are not reversed.
		The mouse device drivers are installed correctly.
		The mouse is enabled in the Configuration/Setup Utility program
	3.	Reseat the following components:
		a. Mouse or pointing device
		b. I/O board
	4.	Replace the components listed in step 3 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.

USB keyboard, mouse, or pointing-device problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Symptom	Action	
All or some keys on the keyboard do not work.	If you have installed a USB keyboard, run the Configuration/Setup Utility program and enable keyboardless operation to prevent the POST error message 301 from being displayed during startup.	
	2. Make sure that:	
	 The keyboard cable is securely connected and the keyboard and mouse cables are not reversed. 	
	 The server and the monitor are turned on. 	
	Reseat the following components:	
	a. Keyboard	
	b. I/O board	
	Replace the components listed in step 3 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.	
The USB mouse or USB pointing device does not work.	1. Make sure that:	
	 The mouse or pointing-device USB cable is securely connected to the server, the keyboard and mouse or pointing-device cables are not reversed, and the device drivers are installed correctly. 	
	The server and the monitor are turned on.	
	 Keyboardless operation has been enabled in the Configuration/Setup Utility program. 	
	2. If a USB hub is in use, disconnect the USB device from the hub and connect it directly to the server.	
	3. Reseat the following components:	
	a. Mouse or pointing device	
	b. I/O board	
	Replace the components listed in step 3 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.	

Memory problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- · If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Symptom	Action	
The amount of system memory that is displayed is less than the	Note: If you change the memory, you must updated the memory configuration in the Configuration/Setup Utility program.	
amount of installed physical	1. Make sure that:	
memory.	 No error LEDs are lit on the operator information panel or on the memory card. 	
	 Memory mirroring does not account for the discrepancy. 	
	The memory modules are seated correctly.	
	 You have installed the correct type of memory. 	
	 All banks of memory are enabled. The server might have automatically disabled a memory bank when it detected a problem, or a memory bank might have been manually disabled. 	
	2. Check the POST error log for error message 289:	
	 If a DIMM was disabled by a system-management interrupt (SMI), replace the DIMM. 	
	 If a DIMM was disabled by the user or by POST, run the Configuration/Setup Utility program and enable the DIMM. 	
	3. Run memory diagnostics (see "Running the on-board diagnostic programs" on page 70).	
	 Make sure there is no memory mismatch when the server is at the minimum memory configuration (two 1GB DIMMs; see "Minimum configuration" on page 104). 	
	Add one pair of DIMMs at a time, making sure the DIMMs match for each pair added.	
	Add one memory card at a time, making sure the memory matches for each card added.	
	7. Reseat the following components:	
	a. DIMM	
	b. Memory card	
	8. Replace the components listed in step 7 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.	

Microprocessor problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Monitor problems

Some IBM monitors have their own self-tests. If you suspect a problem with your monitor, see the documentation that comes with the monitor for instructions for testing and adjusting the monitor. If you cannot diagnose the problem, call for service.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Symptom	Action	
Testing the monitor	Make sure the monitor cables are firmly connected.	
	Try using a different monitor on the server, or try using the monitor being tested on a different server.	
	3. Run the diagnostic programs. If the monitor passes the diagnostic programs, the problem might be a video device driver.	
	4. Reseat the following components:	
	a. Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine, if presentb. I/O board	
	5. Replace the components listed in step 4 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.	
The screen is blank.	If the server is attached to a KVM switch, make sure the switch is working correctly by plugging the monitor cable directly into the correct port on the rear of the server, thus bypassing the KVM switch.	
	 2. Make sure that: The server is powered on. If there is no power to the server, see "Power problems" on page 57. The monitor cables are connected correctly. The monitor is turned on and the brightness and contrast controls are adjusted correctly. Make sure that no beep codes sounded when the server is turned on. 	
	Important: In some memory configurations, the 3-3-3 beep code might sound during POST, followed by a blank monitor screen. If this occurs do the following:	
	a. Turn off the server.	
	b. Move the memory card to a different slot.	
	 Turn on the server. Note: BIOS will see a new configuration and automatically re-enable the memory slots the were previously disabled. 	
	d. Turn off the server.	
	e. Return the memory card to the slot it was removed from in 2b.	
	f. Turn on the server.	
	3. Make sure that the correct server is controlling the monitor, if applicable.	
	4. Make sure that damaged BIOS code is not affecting the video; see "Recovering from a BIOS update failure" on page 88.	
	5. Observe the checkpoint LEDs on the I/O board; if the codes are changing, go to the next step. if the codes are not changing, see "(Trained service technicians only) Checkpoint codes" on page 47.	
	6. See "Solving undetermined problems" on page 104.	

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

symptom Action		
Symptom	AC	alon
The monitor works when you turn on the server, but the screen goes blank when you start some application	1.	Make sure that: The application program is not setting a display mode that is higher than the capability of the monitor.
programs.		You installed the necessary device drivers for the application.
	2.	Run video diagnostics (see "Running the on-board diagnostic programs" on page 70).
		 If the video diagnostics pass, the video is good; see "Solving undetermined problems" on page 104.
		 (Trained service technician only) If the video diagnostics fail, reseat the I/O board.
		Replace the I/O board.
The monitor has screen jitter, or the screen image is wavy, unreadable, rolling, or distorted.	1.	If the monitor self-tests show the monitor is working correctly, consider the location of the monitor. Magnetic fields around other devices (such as transformers, appliances, fluorescent lights, and other monitors) can cause screen jitter or wavy, unreadable, rolling, or distorted screen images. If this happens, turn off the monitor.
		Attention: Moving a color monitor while it is turned on might cause screen discoloration.
		Move the device and the monitor at least 305 mm (12 in.) apart, and turn on the monitor.
		Notes:
		 To prevent diskette drive read/write errors, make sure that the distance between the monitor and any external diskette drive is at least 76 mm (3 in.).
		b. Non-IBM monitor cables might cause unpredictable problems.
	2.	Reseat the following components:
		a. Monitor
		b. Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine, if present
		c. I/O board
	3.	Replace the components listed in step 2 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.
Wrong characters appear on the screen.	1.	If the wrong language is displayed, update the BIOS code (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147) with the correct language.
	2.	Reseat the following components:
		a. Monitor
		b. I/O board
	3.	Replace the components listed in step 2 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.

Optional-device problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Action
 Make sure that: The device is designed for the server (see the ServerProven[®] list on the World Wide Web at http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/serverproven/compat/us/). You followed the installation instructions that came with the device. The device is installed correctly. You have not loosened any other installed devices or cables. You updated the configuration information in the Configuration/Setup Utility program. Whenever memory or any other device is changed, you must update the configuration.
2. Reseat the device that you just installed.
3. Replace the device that you just installed.
Make sure that all of the hardware and cable connections for the device are secure.
2. Make sure the memory is enabled in the Configuration/Setup Utility program. See, "Memory problems" on page 52.
3. If the device comes with test instructions, use those instructions to test the device.
 4. If the failing device is a SCSI device, make sure that: The cables for all external SCSI devices are connected correctly. The last device in each SCSI chain, or the end of the SCSI cable, is terminated correctly. Any external SCSI device is turned on. You must turn on an external SCSI device before turning on the server.
5. Reseat the failing device.
6. Replace the failing device.
 Check for bent pins between the Microprocessor board and the PCI-X board. PCI-X board assembly. Microprocessor tray assembly.

Power problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Symptom Action The power-on button does not 1. Make sure that the operator information panel power-control button is working work, and the reset button does correctly: work (the server does not turn a. Disconnect the server power cords. on). b. Reconnect the power cords. **Note:** The power button will not function until 20 seconds after c. (Trained service technician only) Reseat the operator information panel ac power has been applied to cables, and then repeat steps 1a and 1b. the server. • (Trained service technician only) If the server turns on, reseat the operator information panel. If the problem persists, replace the operator information panel. • If the server does not turn on, bypass the operator information panel power-control button by using the force power-on jumper (see "I/O board internal connectors and jumpers" on page 8); if the server turns on, reseat the operator information panel. If the problem persists, replace the operator information panel. 2. Make sure that the reset button is working correctly: a. Disconnect the server power cords. b. Reconnect the power cords. c. (Trained service technician only) Reseat the light path panel cable, and then repeat steps 1a and 1b. • (Trained service technician only) If the server turns on, replace the light path panel. If the server does not turn on, go to step 3. 3. Make sure that: · The power cords are correctly connected to the server and to a working electrical outlet. · The type of memory that is installed is correct. The memory card is fully seated. • The LEDs on the power supply do not indicate a problem. • The microprocessors are installed in the correct sequence. 4. Reseat the following components: a. Memory card b. (Trained service technician only) Power switch connector c. (Trained service technician only) Power backplane d. I/O board 5. Replace the components listed in step 4 one at a time, in the order shown,

restarting the server each time.

7. See "Power-supply LEDs" on page 67.

8. See "Solving undetermined problems" on page 104.

supply supports.

6. If you just installed an optional device, remove it, and restart the server. If the server now turns on, you might have installed more devices than the power

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Symptom	Action
The server does not turn off.	 Determine whether you are using an Advanced Configuration and Power Management (ACPI) or a non-ACPI operating system. If you are using a non-ACPI operating system, complete the following steps: Press Ctrl+Alt+Delete. Turn off the server by holding the power-control button for 5 seconds. Restart the server. If the server fails POST and the power-control button does not work, disconnect the ac power cord for 20 seconds; then, reconnect the ac power cord and restart the server. If the problem remains or if you are using an ACPI-aware operating system,
	suspect the I/O board.
The server unexpectedly shuts down, and the LEDs on the operator information panel are not lit.	See "Solving undetermined problems" on page 104.

Serial port problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Symptom	Action		
The number of serial ports that are identified by the operating system is less than the number of installed serial ports.	 Make sure that: Each port is assigned a unique address in the Configuration/Setup Utility program and none of the serial ports is disabled. The serial-port adapter, if you installed one, is seated properly. Reseat the serial port adapter. 		
	3. Replace the serial port adapter.		
A serial device does not work.	Make sure that:		
	 Reseat the following components: Failing serial device Serial cable Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine, if present I/O board Replace the components listed in step 2 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time. 		

ServerGuide problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Symptom	Action		
The ServerGuide™ Setup and Installation CD will not start.	 Make sure that the server supports the ServerGuide program and has a startable (bootable) CD or DVD drive. If the startup (boot) sequence settings have been changed, make sure that the CD or DVD drive is first in the startup sequence. If more than one CD or DVD drive is installed, make sure that only one drive is set as the primary drive. Start the CD from the primary drive. 		
The ServeRAID Manager program cannot view all installed drives, or the operating system cannot be installed.	 Make sure that the hard disk drive is connected correctly. Make sure that the SAS hard disk drive cables are securely connected. 		
The operating-system installation program continuously loops.	Make more space available on the hard disk.		
The ServerGuide program will not start the operating-system CD.	Make sure that the operating-system CD is supported by the ServerGuide program. See the <i>ServerGuide Setup and Installation</i> CD label for a list of supported operating-system versions.		
The operating system cannot be installed; the option is not available.	Make sure that the server supports the operating system. If it does, either no logical drive is defined (SCSI RAID systems), or the ServerGuide System Partition is not present. Run the ServerGuide program and make sure that setup is complete.		

Software problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Symptom	Action		
You suspect a software problem.	 To determine whether the problem is caused by the software, make sure that: The server has the minimum memory that is needed to use the software. For memory requirements, see the information that comes with the software. Note: If you have just installed an adapter, the server might have an adapter-address conflict. The software is designed to operate on the server. Other software works on the server. The software works on another server. 		
	If you received any error messages when using the software, see the information that comes with the software for a description of the messages and suggested solutions to the problem.		
	3. Contact your place of purchase of the software.		

Universal Serial Bus (USB) port problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Symptom	Action
A USB device does not work.	Run USB diagnostics (see "Running the on-board diagnostic programs" on page 70).
	2. Make sure that:• The correct USB device driver is installed.• The operating system supports USB devices.
	3. If a standard PS/2 keyboard or mouse is connected, any USB keyboard or mouse will not work during POST.
	4. Make sure that the USB configuration options are set correctly in the Configuration/Setup Utility program menu (see the <i>User's Guide</i> for more information).
	5. If you are using a USB hub, disconnect the USB device from the hub and connect it directly to the server.

Video problems

See "Monitor problems" on page 53.

Light path diagnostics

Light path diagnostics provides a path that you can follow to help you identify the source of an error. The server must be connected to a power source for the LEDs inside the server to be lit; the server does not have to be turned on for the LEDs to be lit.

Press the reset button to reset the server and run the power-on self-test (POST). You might have to use a pen or the end of a straightened paper clip to press the button.

The server is designed so that LEDs remain lit when the server is connected to an ac power source but is not turned on, provided that the power supply is operating correctly. This feature helps you to isolate the problem when the operating system is shut down.

Any PCI-X, memory, microprocessor, and VRM LED can be lit again without ac power after you remove the microprocessor tray so that you can isolate a problem. After ac power has been removed from the server, power remains available to these LEDs for up to 24 hours.

To view the PCI-X, memory, microprocessor, and VRM LEDs, press and hold the light-path-diagnostics button on the PCI-X board, memory card, or microprocessor board for 30 seconds to light the error LEDs.

The LEDs that were lit while the server was running will be lit again while the button is pressed.

Many errors are first indicated by a lit information LED or system-error LED on the operator information panel on the front of the server. If one or both of these LEDs are lit, one or more LEDs elsewhere in the server might also be lit and can direct you to the source of the error.

Note: Read the safety information beginning on page vii and "Handling static-sensitive devices" on page 114.

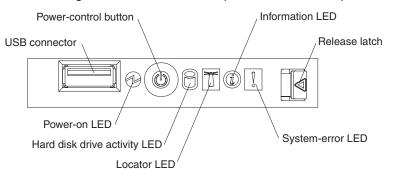
View the LEDs in the following order:

- 1. Check the operator information panel on the front of the server.
 - If the information LED is lit, it indicates that information about a suboptimal condition in the server is available in the BMC log or in the system-error log.

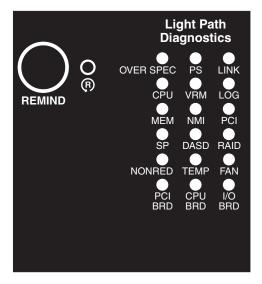
Important: If the server has a baseboard management controller, clear the BMC log and system-event log after you resolve all conditions. This will turn off the information LED and LOG LED, if all conditions are resolved.

• If the system-error LED is lit, it indicates that an error has occurred; go to step 2.

The following illustration shows the operator information panel.



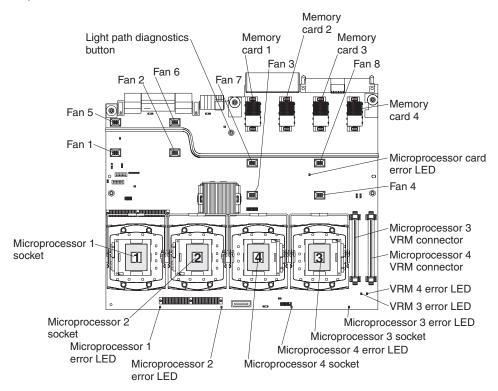
2. To view the light path diagnostics panel, press the release latch on the front of the operator information panel to the left; then, slide it forward. This reveals the light path diagnostics panel. Lit LEDs on this panel indicate the type of error that has occurred.



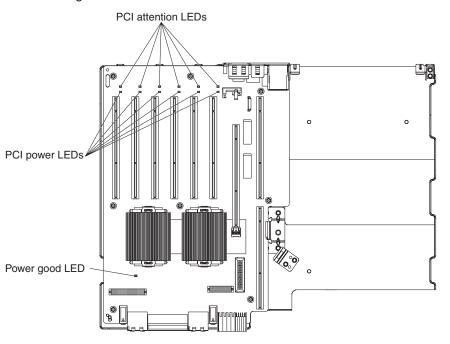
Look at the system service label on the top of the server, which gives an overview of internal components that correspond to the LEDs on the light path

- diagnostics panel. This information and the information in "Light path diagnostic LEDs" on page 63 can often provide enough information to correct the error.
- Remove the server cover and look inside the server for lit LEDs. Certain components inside the server have LEDs that will be lit to indicate the location of a problem. For example, a VRM error will light the LED next to the failing VRM on the microprocessor tray.

The following illustration shows the LEDs and connectors on the microprocessor tray.



The following illustration shows the LEDs on the PCI-X board.



Light path diagnostic LEDs

The following tables describe the LEDs on the light path diagnostics panel and on the boards inside the server and suggested actions to correct the detected problems.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Lit light path diagnostics LED with the system-error or system-information LED also lit	Description	Action	
All LEDs off (the power LED is lit; the information LED might be lit).		No action necessary.	
OVERSPEC	There is insufficient power to power the system. The NON RED and LOG LEDs might also be lit.	 Add an optional power supply if only one power supply is installed. Use 220 VAC input power. Reseat the following components: a. Power supply b. (Trained service technician only) Power backplane Replace the components listed in step 3 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time. Use 220 VAC instead of 110 VAC. 	
PS	A power supply has failed or has been removed; also see "Power-supply LEDs" on page 67. Note: In a redundant power configuration, the dc power LED on one power supply might be off.	 Reinstall the removed power supply. Check the individual power-supply LEDs to find the failing power supply. Reseat the following components: a. Failing power supply b. (Trained service technician only) Power backplane Replace the components listed in step 3 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time. If a 240 VA fault has occurred, ac power must be removed before dc power can be restored. 	
LINK	Reserved		

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Lit light path diagnostics LED with the system-error or system-information LED also lit	Description	Action
CPU	A microprocessor has failed, is missing, or has been improperly installed. Note: Make sure that the microprocessors are installed in the correct sequence; see "Removing and installing a microprocessor" on page 138.	 Check the BMC log or the system-error log to determine the reason for the lit LED. Find the failing, missing, or mismatched microprocessor by checking the LEDs on the microprocessor tray. Reseat the following components: (Trained service technician only) Failing microprocessor Microprocessor tray Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time. (Trained service technician only) Failing microprocessor (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor tray
VRM	A dc-dc regulator has failed or is missing.	 Check the BMC log or the system-error log to determine the reason for the lit LED (for a VRM). Find the failing or missing VRM by checking the LEDs on the microprocessor tray. Install any missing VRMs. Reseat the following components: Failing VRM (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor associated with the VRM Microprocessor tray Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time. Failing VRM (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor associated with the VRM (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor tray
LOG	Information is present in the BMC log and system-error log. One or both logs may be full or close to full.	 The system-error log is 75% full; save the log if necessary and clear it (see Error Logs at "Configuration/Setup Utility menu choices" on page 149). Check the log for possible errors (see "Error logs" on page 18).

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Lit light path		
diagnostics LED with the system-error or system-information LED also lit	Description	Action
MEM	Memory failure. Note: The error LED on the memory card is also lit.	 Remove the memory card with the lit error LED on the top of the card; then, press the light path button on the memory card to identify the failed card or DIMM.
		2. Reseat the DIMM.
		Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server and re-enabling the memory each time:
		a. Memory card
		b. DIMM
		c. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor tray
NMI	A hardware error has been reported to the operating system.	See the BMC log and the system-error log (see "Error logs" on page 18).
	Note: The PCI or MEM LED might also be lit.	2. If the PCI LED is lit, follow the instructions for that LED.
		If the MEM LED is lit, follow the instructions for that LED.
		4. Restart the server.
PCI	A PCI adapter has failed. Note: The error LED next to the	See the BMC log or the system-error log (see "Error logs" on page 18).
	failing adapter on the PCI-X board is also lit.	2. Reseat the following components:
		a. Failing adapter
		b. I/O board
		3. Replace the components listed in step 2 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.
SP	There is a fault in the Remote	Reseat the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine.
	Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine.	 Update the firmware for the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147).
		Replace the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Lit light path diagnostics LED with the system-error or system-information LED also lit	Description	Action
DASD	A hard disk drive has failed or has been removed. Note: The error LED on the failing hard disk drive is also lit.	 Reinstall the removed drive. Reseat the following components: a. Failing hard disk drive b. SAS hard disk drive backplane c. SAS 6x cable d. I/O board Replace the components listed in step 2 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.
RAID	The RAID adapter (ServeRAID 8i) has indicated a fault.	 See the BMC log or the system-error log (see "Error logs" on page 18). Reseat the following components: RAID adapter Hard disk drives I/O board Replace the components listed in step 2 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.
NONRED	The server is operating with nonredundant power. If a power supply or its ac power source fails, the system will be over spec. Note: The LOG LED might also be lit.	 If the PS LED on the light path diagnostics panel is lit, follow the instructions for that LED. Replace the failing power supply. Remove optional devices. Use 220 VAC instead of 110 VAC.
ТЕМР	A system temperature or component has exceeded specifications. Note: A fan LED might also be lit.	 See the BMC log or the system-error log (see "Error logs" on page 18) for the source of the fault. Make sure that the airflow of the server is not blocked. If a fan LED is lit, reseat the fan. Replace the fan for which the LED is lit. Make sure that the room is neither too hot nor too cold (see "Environment" in "Features and specifications" on page 3). If one of the VRDs indicates "hot," ac power must be removed before dc power can be restored.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Lit light path diagnostics LED with the system-error or system-information LED also lit	Description	Action
FAN	A fan has failed or has been removed. Note: A failing fan can also cause the TEMP LED to be lit.	 Reinstall the removed fan. If an individual fan LED is lit, replace the fan. Reseat the microprocessor tray. (Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor tray.
PCI BRD	The PCI-X board has failed.	 (Trained service technician only) Reseat the PCI-X board assembly. (Trained service technician only) Replace the PCI-X board assembly.
CPU BRD	The microprocessor tray has failed.	Reseat the microprocessor tray. (Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor tray.
I/O BRD	The I/O board has failed.	 Reseat the I/O board. Replace the I/O board.

Remind button

You can use the remind button to put the system-error LED on the operator information panel into Remind mode. When you press the remind button, you acknowledge the error but indicate that you will not take immediate action. The system-error LED flashes while it is in Remind mode.

The system-error LED stays in Remind mode until one of the following conditions occurs:

- All known errors are corrected.
- · The server is restarted.
- · A new error occurs (the LED is lit again).

Power-supply LEDs

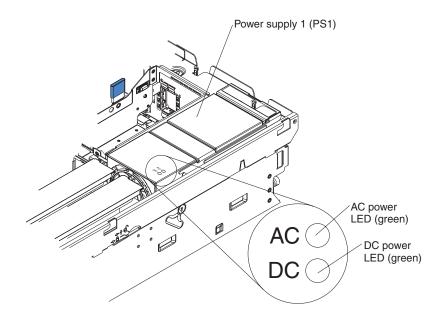
The following table describes the power-supply LEDs and suggested actions to correct the detected problems.

The following minimum configuration is required for the power-supply dc good LED to be lit:

- · Power supply
- Power backplane
- · Power cord
- Microprocessor tray

The following minimum configuration is required for the server to turn on:

- One microprocessor
- Two 1 GB DIMMs on the memory card
- · One power supply
- Power backplane
- Power cord
- I/O board
- · PCI-X board assembly



- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Power-s		Operator information		
AC good	DC good	panel power LED	Description	Action
Off	Off	Off	No power to the server, or a problem with the ac power source.	 Check the ac power to the server. Make sure that the power cord is connected to a functioning power source. Remove one power supply at a time.
Lit	Off	Off	DC source power problem	 Make sure that the microprocessor tray is connected to the power backplane. Remove one power supply at a time. View the system-error log (see "Error logs" on page 18).
Lit	Lit	Off	Standby power problem	 View the system-error log (see "Error logs" on page 18). Isolate by removing one power supply at a time. (Trained service technician only) Replace the power backplane.
Lit	Lit	Flashing	System power-on problem	 View the system-error log (see "Error logs" on page 18). Press the power-control button on the operator information panel. (Trained service technician only) Use the force-power-on jumper as a debugging aid (see "I/O board internal connectors and jumpers" on page 8) to determine whether the information panel switch and cable are faulty. Remove the optional Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine, and try to turn on the server. Reseat the microprocessor tray. (Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor tray.
Lit	Lit	Lit	The power is good.	No action.

Diagnostic programs, messages, and error codes

The server diagnostic programs are the primary method of testing the major components of the server.

As you run the diagnostic programs, text messages and error codes are displayed on the screen and are saved in the test log. A diagnostic text message or error code indicates that a problem has been detected; to determine what action you should take as a result of a message or error code, see the table in "Diagnostic error codes" on page 71.

Real-time diagnostics

Real-time diagnostics can help you diagnose certain devices on IBM System x and xSeries® servers while the operating system is running. Using these diagnostic actions, you can prevent and minimize server downtime.

For more information and to download the real-time diagnostics, go to the following Web page:

http://www-1.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1MIGR-50681

Running the on-board diagnostic programs

To run the on-board diagnostic programs, complete the following steps:

- 1. If the server is running, turn off the server and all attached devices.
- 2. Turn on all attached devices; then, turn on the server.
- 3. When the prompt F2 for Diagnostics appears, press F2. If you have set both a power-on password and an administrator password, you must type the administrator password to run the diagnostic programs.
- 4. From the top of the screen, select either Extended or Basic.
- 5. From the diagnostic programs screen, select the test that you want to run, and follow the instructions on the screen.

To determine what action you should take as a result of a diagnostic text message or error code, see the table in "Diagnostic error codes" on page 71.

A single problem might cause several text messages or error codes. When this occurs, correct the cause of the first message or error code. The other messages and error codes usually will not occur the next time you run the test.

For help with the diagnostic programs, press F1. You also can press F1 from within a help screen to obtain online documentation from which you can select different categories. To exit from the help information, press Esc.

If the server stops during testing and you cannot continue, restart the server and try running the diagnostic programs again. If the problem remains, replace the component that was being tested when the server stopped.

The keyboard and mouse (pointing device) tests assume that a keyboard and mouse are attached to the server.

If no mouse or a USB mouse is attached to the server, you cannot use the **Next Cat** and **Prev Cat** buttons to select categories. All other mouse-selectable functions are available through function keys.

You can use the regular keyboard test to test a USB keyboard, and you can use the regular mouse test to test a USB mouse. You can run the USB interface test only if no USB devices are attached. The USB test will not run if a Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine is installed.

To view server configuration information (such as system configuration, memory contents, interrupt request (IRQ) use, direct memory access (DMA) use, device drivers, and so on), select **Hardware Info** from the top of the screen.

If the diagnostic programs do not detect any hardware errors but the problem remains during normal server operations, a software error might be the cause. If you suspect a software problem, see the information that comes with your software.

Diagnostic text messages

Diagnostic text messages are displayed while the tests are running. A diagnostic text message contains one of the following results:

Passed: The test was completed without any errors.

Failed: The test detected an error.

User Aborted: You stopped the test before it was completed.

Not Applicable: You attempted to test a device that is not present in the server.

Aborted: The test could not proceed because of the server configuration.

Warning: The test could not be run. There was no failure of the hardware that was being tested, but there might be a hardware failure elsewhere, or another problem prevented the test from running; for example, there might be a configuration problem, or the hardware might be missing or is not being recognized.

The result is followed by an error code or other additional information about the error.

Viewing the test log

To view the test log when the tests are completed, select **Utility** from the top of the screen and then select View Test Log. The test-log data is maintained only while you are running the diagnostic programs. When you exit from the diagnostic programs, the test log is cleared.

To save the test log to a file on a diskette or to the hard disk, click **Save Log** on the diagnostic programs screen and specify a location and name for the saved log file.

Notes:

- 1. To create and use a diskette, you must add an optional external diskette drive to the server.
- 2. To save the test log to a diskette, you must use a diskette that you have formatted yourself; this function does not work with preformatted diskettes. If the diskette has sufficient space for the test log, the diskette can contain other data.

Diagnostic error codes

The following table describes the error codes that the diagnostic programs might generate and suggested actions to correct the detected problems.

If the diagnostic programs generate error codes that are not listed in the table, make sure that the latest levels of BIOS, Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine, and ServeRAID code are installed.

In the error codes, x can be any numeral or letter. However, if the three-digit number in the central position of the code is 000, 195, or 197, do not replace a CRU or FRU. These numbers appearing in the central position of the code have the following meanings:

000 The server passed the test. Do not replace a CRU or FRU.

195 The Esc key was pressed to end the test. Do not replace a CRU or FRU.

197 This is a warning error, but it does not indicate a hardware failure; do not replace a CRU or FRU. Take the action indicated in the "Action" column but do not replace a CRU or a FRU. See the description for Warning in the section "Diagnostic text messages" on page 71 for more information.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
001-198-000	Test aborted.	Check the system-error log and the BMC log for messages indicating the cause of the error, and take the indicated action.
		 From the diagnostic programs, run Quick Memory Test All Banks; then, if an error is detected, take the indicated action. Make sure you re-enable the memory in the Configuration/Setup Utility program. See, "Memory problems" on page 52. Reinstall and, if necessary, update the BIOS code on the server; then, rerun the test (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147).
001-250-00x	Test failed, where • x of 0 = ECC logic on I/O board • x of 1 = ECC logic on memory card	Check the system-error log and the BMC log for messages indicating the cause of the error, and take the indicated action.
		2. From the diagnostic programs, run Quick Memory Test All Banks; then, if an error is detected, take the indicated action.
		3. From the diagnostic programs, rerun the ECC test; then, if an error is detected, take the indicated action.
		4. Reseat the following components:
		a. Memory card
		b. I/O board
		5. Replace the components listed in step 4 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time. Make sure you re-enable the memory in the Configuration/Setup Utility program. See, "Memory problems" on page 52
001-292-000	Core system: failed/CMOS checksum failed.	Load the BIOS default settings using the Configuration/Setup Utility program and run the test again (see "Configuration/Setup Utility menu choices" on page 149).
001-xxx-000	Failed core tests.	Reseat the I/O board. Replace the I/O board.
001-xxx-001	Failed core tests.	Reseat the I/O board. Replace the I/O board.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
005-xxx-000	Failed video test.	 Reseat the I/O board. Replace the I/O board.
011-xxx-000	Failed COM1 serial port test.	 Reseat the I/O board. Replace the I/O board.
015-xxx-001	Failed USB test.	 Reseat the I/O board. Replace the I/O board.
015-xxx-015	Failed USB external loopback test.	 Reseat the I/O board. Replace the I/O board.
015-xxx-198	Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine installed <i>or</i> USB device connected during USB test.	 If a Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine is installed as an option, remove it and run the test again. Remove all USB devices and run the test again. Reseat the I/O board. Replace the I/O board.
020-xxx-000	Failed PCI Interface test.	Reseat the following components: a. (Trained service technician only) PCI-X switch card assembly b. I/O board Replace the components listed in step 1 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.
020-xxx-001	Failed hot-swap slot 1 PCI latch test.	(Trained service technician only) Reseat the PCI-X switch card assembly. (Trained service technician only) Replace the PCI-X switch card assembly.
020-xxx-002	Failed hot-swap slot 2 PCI latch test.	(Trained service technician only) Reseat the PCI-X switch card assembly. (Trained service technician only) Replace the PCI-X switch card assembly.
020-xxx-003	Failed hot-swap slot 3 PCI latch test.	 (Trained service technician only) Reseat the PCI-X switch card assembly. (Trained service technician only) Replace the PCI-X switch card assembly.
020-xxx-004	Failed hot-swap slot 4 PCI latch test.	(Trained service technician only) Reseat the PCI-X switch card assembly. (Trained service technician only) Replace the PCI-X switch card assembly.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
020-xxx-005	Failed hot-swap slot 5 PCI latch test.	 (Trained service technician only) Reseat the PCI-X switch card assembly. (Trained service technician only) Replace the PCI-X switch card assembly.
020-xxx-006	Failed hot-swap slot 6 PCI latch test.	(Trained service technician only) Reseat the PCI-X switch card assembly. (Trained service technician only) Replace the PCI-X switch card assembly.
030-265-001	Communication Error.	 Update the microcode for the Serial Attached SCSI (SAS) controller (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147). Update the BIOS code (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147). Reseat the I/O board. Replace the I/O board.
030-266-001	Eight SAS/SATA Channel Error.	 Update the microcode for the Serial Attached SCSI (SAS) controller (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147). Update the BIOS code (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147). Reseat the I/O board. Replace the I/O board.
030-267-001	Central Management Seq error.	 Update the microcode for the Serial Attached SCSI (SAS) controller (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147). Update the BIOS code (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147). Reseat the I/O board. Replace the I/O board.
030-268-001	Link m Cntrl 0 Sequencer error.	 Update the microcode for the Serial Attached SCSI (SAS) controller (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147). Update the BIOS code (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147). Reseat the I/O board. Replace the I/O board.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
030-269-001	Link m Cntrl 1 Sequencer error.	Update the microcode for the Serial Attached SCSI (SAS) controller (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147).
		2. Update the BIOS code (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147).
		3. Reseat the I/O board.
		4. Replace the I/O board.
030-270-001	On Chip Memory access error.	Update the microcode for the Serial Attached SCSI (SAS) controller (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147).
		2. Update the BIOS code (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147).
		3. Reseat the I/O board.
		4. Replace the I/O board.
030-271-001	SRAM access error.	Update the microcode for the Serial Attached SCSI (SAS) controller (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147).
		Update the BIOS code (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147).
		3. Reseat the I/O board.
		4. Replace the I/O board.
030-272-001	NVRAM access error.	Update the microcode for the Serial Attached SCSI (SAS) controller (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147).
		2. Update the BIOS code (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147).
		3. Reseat the I/O board.
		4. Replace the I/O board.
030-273-001	FLASH access error.	Update the microcode for the Serial Attached SCSI (SAS) controller (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147).
		2. Update the BIOS code (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147).
		3. Reseat the I/O board.
		4. Replace the I/O board.
030-274-001	Base Addr Register Key error.	Update the microcode for the Serial Attached SCSI (SAS) controller (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147).
		Update the BIOS code (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147).
		3. Reseat the I/O board.
		4. Replace the I/O board.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
	· ·	
030-xxx-00n	Failed SCSI test on PCI slot n where n represents the slot number of the failing adapter.	 Check the BMC log or system-error log before replacing a CRU or FRU (see "Error logs" on page 18). Reseat and, if necessary, replace the adapter in slot n.
035-002-0nn	ServeRAID interface timeout.	 The ServeRAID controller might not be configured correctly. Obtain the basic and extended configuration status bytes and see the ServeRAID Hardware Maintenance Manual for more information. Reseat the following components: SAS hard disk drive backplane cables ServeRAID controller Replace the components listed in step 2 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.
035-253-0nn	ServeRAID controller 0nn initialization failure; 0nn = the controller number.	 The ServeRAID controller might not be configured correctly. See the ServeRAID Hardware Maintenance Manual for more information. Reseat the following components: SAS hard disk drive backplane cables ServeRAID controller Replace the components listed in step 2 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.
035-253-s99	RAID adapter initialization failure.	 Reseat the following components: a. ServeRAID adapter b. SAS hard disk drive backplane cable Replace the components listed in step 1 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.
035-254-0nn	Setup error; unable to allocate memory to run test.	Check the system resources and make more memory available (see "Configuration/Setup Utility menu choices" on page 149); then, run the test again.
035-255-0nn	Internal error.	 Reseat the SAS hard disk drive backplane cable. Replace the SAS hard disk drive backplane.
035-260-0nn	System to controller interface failure.	 Reseat the following components: a. ServeRAID adapter b. I/O board Replace the components listed in step 1 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
035-265-0nn	Adapter Communication error.	 Update the RAID controller firmware (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147). Reseat and, if necessary, replace the RAID controller.
035-266-0nn	Adapter CPU test error.	Update the RAID controller firmware (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147). Reseat and, if necessary, replace the RAID controller.
035-267-0nn	Adapter Local RAM test error.	 Update the RAID controller firmware (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147). Reseat and, if necessary, replace the RAID controller.
035-268-0nn	Adapter NVSRAM test error.	Update the RAID controller firmware (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147). Reseat and, if necessary, replace the RAID controller.
035-269-0nn	Adapter Cache test error.	Update the RAID controller firmware (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147). Reseat and, if necessary, replace the RAID controller.
035-271-0nn	Adapter XOR engine test error.	 Update the RAID controller firmware (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147). Reseat and, if necessary, replace the RAID controller.
035-272-0nn	Adapter Drive test error.	Replace the attached drive.
035-273-0nn	Adapter Drive error.	Replace the attached drive.
035-274-0nn	Adapter Parameters set error.	Update the RAID controller firmware (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147). Reseat and, if necessary, replace the RAID controller.
035-275-001	Adapter Communication error.	 Update the RAID controller firmware (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147). Reseat and, if necessary, replace the RAID controller.
035-276-001	Adapter CPU test error.	Update the RAID controller firmware (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147). Reseat and, if necessary, replace the RAID controller.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
035-277-001	Adapter Local RAM test error.	 Update the RAID controller firmware (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147). Reseat and, if necessary, replace the RAID controller.
035-278-001	Adapter NVSRAM test error.	Update the RAID controller firmware (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147). Reseat and, if necessary, replace the RAID controller.
035-279-001	Adapter Cache test error.	Update the RAID controller firmware (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147). Reseat and, if necessary, replace the RAID controller.
035-280-001	Adapter Drive test error.	Replace the attached drive.
035-281-001	Adapter Drive error.	Replace the attached drive.
035-282-001	Adapter Parameters set error.	Update the RAID controller firmware (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147). Reseat and, if necessary, replace the RAID controller.
035-283-001	Adapter Battery error.	Replace the battery module on the RAID controller.
035-xxx-cnn	c = ServeRAID channel number, nn = SCSI ID of failing fixed disk drive.	Check the BMC log or system-error log before replacing a FRU. Reseat and, if necessary, replace the hard disk drive on channel C, SCSI ID nn.
035-xxx-snn	nn = SCSI ID of failing fixed disk.	Check the BMC log or system-error log before replacing a FRU. Reseat and, if necessary, replace the SCSI disk with ID nn on adapter in slot s
075-xxx-000	Failed power supply test.	Reseat the following components: a. Power supply b. (Trained service technician only) Power backplane Replace the components listed in step 1 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
089-xxx-0nn	Failed microprocessor test, where nn=APIC ID. APIC ID (physical mode)	1. Reseat the following components: a. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor nn b. Microprocessor tray 2. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time. a. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor nn b. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor tray
	34, 35, 36, 37 4	
155-xxx-xxx	Failed Active Memory [™] latch test.	Note: Make sure you re-enable the memory in the Configuration/Setup Utility program. See, "Memory problems" on page 52 1. Reseat the memory card. 2. Replace the memory card.
166-051-000	System Management: Failed. Unable to communicate with ASM. It may be busy. Run the test again.	 Update the firmware (BIOS, service processor, and diagnostics; see "Updating the firmware" on page 147). Run the diagnostic test again. Correct other error conditions (including failed systems-management tests and items that are logged in the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine system-error log) and retry. Disconnect all server and option power cords from the server, wait 30 seconds, reconnect the power cords, and retry. Reseat the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine. Replace the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
166-060-000	System Management: Failed. Unable to communicate with ASM. It may be busy. Run the test again.	Update the firmware (BIOS, service processor, and diagnostics; see "Updating the firmware" on page 147).
		2. Run the diagnostic test again.
		3. Correct other error conditions (including failed systems-management tests and items that are logged in the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine system-error log) and retry.
		4. Disconnect all server and option power cords from the server, wait 30 seconds, reconnect the power cords, and retry.
		5. Reseat the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine.
		Replace the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine.
166-070-000	System Management: Failed. Unable to communicate with ASM. It may be busy. Run the test again.	Update the firmware (BIOS, service processor, and diagnostics; see "Updating the firmware" on page 147).
		2. Run the diagnostic test again.
		Correct other error conditions (including failed systems-management tests and items that are logged in the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine system-error log) and retry.
		4. Disconnect all server and option power cords from the server, wait 30 seconds, reconnect the power cords, and retry.
		5. Reseat the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine.
		6. Replace the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine.
166-198-000	BIOS cannot detect ASM. Reseat ASM	Run the diagnostic test again.
	adapter in correct slot; ASM restart failure. Unplug and cold boot server to reset ASM.	Correct other error conditions (including other failed systems-management tests and items that are logged in the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine system-error log) and retry.
		3. Disconnect all server and option power cords from the server, wait 30 seconds, reconnect the power cords, and retry.
		4. Reseat the following components:
		a. Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine
		b. I/O board
		5. Replace the components listed in step 4 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
Error code	Description	ACTION
166-201-001	ISMP indicates I2C errors on bus P.	 Reseat the following components: (Trained service technician only) Power backplane I/O board Microprocessor tray Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time. (Trained service technician only) Power backplane I/O board (Trained service technician only)
		Microprocessor tray
166-201-002	ISMP indicates I2C errors on bus I.	Reseat and, if necessary, replace the I/O board.
166-201-003	ISMP indicates I2C errors on bus C.	 Reseat the following components: a. Microprocessor tray b. I/O board Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time. a. (Trained service technician only)
166-201-004	ISMP indicates I2C errors on bus M.	 Reseat the following components: a. I/O board b. Memory card c. Microprocessor tray Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time. a. I/O board b. Memory card c. (Trained service technician only)
166-201-005	ISMP indicates I2C errors on bus S.	1. Reseat the following components: a. SAS hard disk drive backplane cables b. I/O board 2. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time. a. SAS hard disk drive backplane b. I/O board

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
166-201-006	ISMP indicates I2C errors on bus O.	Reseat the following components: a. (Trained service technician only) Operator information panel
		b. I/O board2. Replace the components listed in step 1 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.
166-201-007	ISMP indicates I2C errors on bus M0.	 Reseat the following components: a. Memory card b. I/O board c. Microprocessor tray Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time. a. Memory card b. I/O board c. (Trained service technician only)
166-201-008	ISMP indicates I2C errors on bus M1.	1. Reseat the following components: a. Memory card b. I/O board c. Microprocessor tray 2. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time. a. Memory card b. I/O board c. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor tray
166-260-000	ASM restart failure.	Disconnect all server and option power cords from the server, wait 30 seconds, reconnect the power cords, and retry. Reseat the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine. Replace the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine.
166-342-000	System management BIST indicates failed tests.	 Disconnect all server and option power cords from the server, wait 30 seconds, reconnect the power cords, and retry. Reseat the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine. Replace the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
166-400-000	ISMP Self Test Result failed tests: xxx where xxx=flash, ROM, or RAM.	Disconnect all server and option power cords from the server, wait 30 seconds, reconnect the power cords, and retry.
		2. Update the BMC firmware (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147).
		3. Reseat the I/O board.
		4. Replace the I/O board.
166-400-100	DMC Self Test Result failed tests: xxx where xxx=flash, ROM, or RAM.	Disconnect all server and option power cords from the server, wait 30 seconds, reconnect the power cords, and retry.
		Update the BIOS code, BMC, service processor, and diagnostics firmware (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147).
180-197-000	SCSI ASPI driver not installed.	Remove the RAID adapter, if one is installed, and run the test again.
		2. Reseat the following components:
		a. SAS hard disk drive backplane cables
		b. I/O board
		c. Microprocessor tray
		3. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.
		a. SAS hard disk drive backplane
		b. I/O board
		c. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor tray
180-361-003	Failed fan LED test.	Reseat the following components:
		a. Fan b. I/O board
		No poard Replace the components listed above one at a
		time, in the order listed above, restarting the server each time.
180-xxx-000	Diagnostics LED failure.	Run the diagnostic LED test for the failing LED.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
180-xxx-001	Failed front LED panel test.	Reseat the following components:
		a. (Trained service technician only) Operator information panel
		b. I/O board
		c. Microprocessor tray
		2. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.
		a. (Trained service technician only) Operator information panel
		b. I/O board
		c. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor tray
180-xxx-002	Failed diagnostics LED panel test.	Reseat the following components:
		a. (Trained service technician only) Operator information panel
		b. I/O board
		c. Microprocessor tray
		2. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.
		a. (Trained service technician only) Operator information panel
		b. I/O board
		c. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor tray
180-xxx-005	Failed SCSI backplane LED test.	Reseat the following components:
		a. SAS hard disk drive backplane cable
		b. I/O board
		c. Microprocessor tray
		2. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.
		a. SAS hard disk drive backplane cable
		b. SAS hard disk drive backplane
		c. I/O board
		d. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor tray

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
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Error code	Description	Action
180-xxx-006	Failed memory card LED test.	 Reseat the following components: Memory card Microprocessor tray I/O board Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time. Memory card (Trained service technician only)
180-xxx-007	Failed power supply fan LED test.	1. Reseat the following components: a. Power supply b. (Trained service technician only) Power supply structure c. I/O board 2. Replace the components listed in step 1 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.
180-xxx-008	Failed I/O board LED test.	 Reseat the I/O board. Replace the I/O board.
180-xxx-009	Failed Active [™] PCI LED test.	Reseat the following components: a. (Trained service technician only) PCI-X switch card assembly b. I/O board Replace the components listed in step 1 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.
201-198-000	Memory Test Aborted: Could not run the test; suspect microprocessor tray error.	 Restart the server. Run the diagnostic test again. Reinstall the diagnostic programs (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147). (Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor tray.
201-198-00n	Memory Test Aborted: Could not run the test. Note: n = 1-9 (programming error).	 Restart the server. Run the diagnostic test again. Reinstall the diagnostic programs (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147).

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
201-xxx-CBN	Failed Memory Test: See "Memory module" on page 122. C = memory card [1-4] B = physical bank [1-2] Note: Bank 1 = DIMMs 1 and 3; Bank 2 = DIMMs 2 and 4 N = failing DIMM [1-4]	 Reseat the following components: a. DIMM N b. Memory card C Replace the components listed in step 1 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time. Note: N = 9 indicates both DIMMs in physical bank B and memory card C.
202-xxx-0nn	Failed system cache test, where nn=APIC ID. APIC ID (physical mode)	1. Reseat the following components: a. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor nn b. Microprocessor tray 2. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time. a. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor nn b. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor tray
204-198-000	Test aborted.	 Run the Quick Memory Test Diagnostic All Banks (see "Running the on-board diagnostic programs" on page 70). Update the BIOS code (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147). Look in the test log (see "Viewing the test log" on page 71) and correct any other errors.
204-210-000	Test failed.	 Run the Quick Memory Test Diagnostic All Banks (see "Running the on-board diagnostic programs" on page 70). Update the BIOS code (see "Updating the firmware" on page 147). Look in the test log (see "Viewing the test log" on page 71) and correct any other errors.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
215-xxx-000	Failed CD or DVD test.	 Run the test again with a different CD or DVD. Reseat the following components: a. CD or DVD drive b. Front panel assembly Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: a. CD or DVD drive b. (Trained service technician only) Front panel assembly
217-xxx-000	Failed BIOS fixed disk test. Note: If RAID is configured, the fixed disk number refers to the RAID logical array.	Reseat and, if necessary, replace hard disk drive 1.
217-xxx-001	Failed BIOS fixed disk test. Note: If RAID is configured, the fixed disk number refers to the RAID logical array.	Reseat and, if necessary, replace hard disk drive 2.
217-xxx-002	Failed BIOS fixed disk test. Note: If RAID is configured, the fixed disk number refers to the RAID logical array.	Reseat and, if necessary, replace hard disk drive 3.
217-xxx-003	Failed BIOS fixed disk test. Note: If RAID is configured, the fixed disk number refers to the RAID logical array.	Reseat and, if necessary, replace hard disk drive 4.
217-xxx-004	Failed BIOS fixed disk test. Note: If RAID is configured, the fixed disk number refers to the RAID logical array.	Reseat and, if necessary, replace hard disk drive 5.
217-xxx-005	Failed BIOS fixed disk test. Note: If RAID is configured, the fixed disk number refers to the RAID logical array.	Reseat and, if necessary, replace hard disk drive 6.
217-198-xxx	Could not establish drive parameters.	 Check the drive cables and terminators. Reseat and, if necessary, replace the hard disk drive.
301-xxx-000	Failed keyboard test. Note: After installing a USB keyboard, you might have to use the Configuration/Setup Utility program to enable keyboardless operation and prevent the POST error message 301 from being displayed during startup.	 Reseat the following components: a. Keyboard b. I/O board Replace the components listed in step 1 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.
302-xxx-xxx	Failed mouse test.	 Reseat the following components: a. Mouse b. I/O board Replace the components listed in step 1 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.

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- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
305-xxx-xxx	Failed video monitor test.	 Reseat the following components: a. Monitor b. I/O board Replace the components listed in step 1 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.
405-xxx-000	Failed Ethernet test on controller on I/O board.	 Make sure that Ethernet is not disabled in the Configuration/Setup Utility program and that the BIOS code is at the latest level. Run the loopback diagnostic. Reseat the I/O board. Replace the I/O board.
405-xxx-00n	No good link! Check loopback plug.	 Make sure that the loopback plug is a gigabit loopback plug (see "Solving Ethernet controller problems" on page 103). Check for any loose connections between the loopback plug and the Ethernet connector.

Recovering from a BIOS update failure

If the BIOS code in the server has become damaged, such as from a power failure during an update, your server has an advanced recovery feature that will automatically switch to a backup BIOS page.

The flash memory of the server consists of a primary page and a backup page. If the BIOS code in the primary page is damaged, the onboard baseboard management controller will detect the error and automatically switch to the backup page to start the server. In this event, a POST warning message "Booted from backup POST/BIOS image" will be displayed.

Note: The backup page version may not be the same version as the primary image.

You can then recover or restore the original primary page BIOS by using the BIOS flash diskette.

Note: To create and use a diskette, you must add an optional external diskette drive to the server.

To recover the BIOS code and restore the server operation to the primary bank, complete the following steps:

- 1. Download the latest version of the BIOS code from http://www.ibm.com/support/.
- 2. Update the BIOS code, following the instructions that come with the update file that you downloaded. This will automatically restore/update the primary page.

Restart the server.

In the event that the above sequence fails, the server might not restart correctly or might not display video. Complete the following steps to force a manual restore operation:

- 1. Read the safety information beginning on page vii and "Handling static-sensitive devices" on page 114.
- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices and disconnect all external cables and power cords; then, remove the cover.
- 3. Locate the boot block recovery jumper (J14 on the I/O board) (see "I/O board internal connectors and jumpers" on page 8).
- 4. Remove ac power from the server.
- 5. Move the J14 jumper to pins 2 and 3 to enable the backup page.
- 6. Wait 30 seconds, then reapply ac power to the server.
- 7. Insert the BIOS flash diskette into the external diskette drive.
- 8. Restart the server.
- 9. When POST starts, select **1 Update POST/BIOS** from the menu that contains various flash (update) options.
- When you are asked whether you want to save the current code to a diskette, type N.
- 11. Type 1 and press Enter to continue.

Attention: Do not restart or power-off the server until the update is completed.

- 12. When the update is completed, turn off the server.
- 13. Remove ac power from the server.
- 14. Move the J14 jumper back to pins 1 and 2 to return to startup from the primary page.
- 15. Wait 30 seconds, then reapply ac power to the server.
- 16. Replace the cover; then, restart the server.

System-error log messages

A system-error log is generated only if a Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine is installed. The system-error log can contain messages of three types:

Information Information messages do not require action; they record significant

system-level events, such as when the server is started.

Warning Warning messages do not require immediate action; they indicate

possible problems, such as when the recommended maximum

ambient temperature is exceeded.

Error Error messages might require action; they indicate system errors,

such as when a fan is not detected.

Each message contains date and time information, and it indicates the source of the message (POST/BIOS or the service processor).

Note: The BMC log, which you can view through the Configuration/Setup Utility program, also contains a large number of information, error, and warning messages.

In the following example, the system-error log message indicates that the server was turned on at the recorded time.



The following table describes the possible system-error log messages and suggested actions to correct the detected problems.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Action
1. Reseat the I/O board.
2. Reseat the microprocessor tray.
3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the PCI-X board.
1. Reseat the I/O board
2. Reseat the microprocessor tray.
3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the PCI-X board.
Reseat the I/O board.
2. Reseat the microprocessor tray.
3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the PCI-X board.
Reseat the I/O board.
2. Reseat the microprocessor tray.
3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the PCI-X board.
If the light path diagnostics VRM LED is lit, replace the failing VRM 3 or 4.
2. Reseat the following components:
a. Microprocessor tray
b. Power supply
c. Power backplane
3. Replace the components listed in step 2 one at a time, in the
order shown, restarting the server each time.
1. Reseat the I/O board.
2. Reseat the microprocessor tray.
3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the PCI-X board.
1. Reseat the I/O board.
2. Reseat the microprocessor tray.
3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the PCI-X board.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

System-error log message	Action
3.3V Power Good Fault	 Reseat the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine, if present. Reseat the I/O board. (Trained service technician only) Replace the PCI-X board.
5V Aux Power Good Fault	 Reseat the I/O board. (Trained service technician only) Disconnect the cable connecting the operator information panel to the I/O board. Replace the I/O board. (Trained service technician only) Replace the PCI-X board.
5V Power Good Fault	Disconnect the monitor and all USB devices from the server; then: 1. Reseat the I/O board. 2. Reseat the microprocessor tray. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the PCI-X board.
12V A Bus Fault	 Reseat the microprocessor tray. Replace the PCI-X board. Replace the power backplane
12V B Bus Fault	 Reseat the following components: a. Disk drives b. SAS hard disk drive backplane cables Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time. a. Disk drives b. SAS hard disk drive backplane c. (Trained service technician only) Power backplane d. (Trained service technician only) PCI-X board
12V C Bus Fault	1. Reseat the following components: a. PCI or PCI-X adapters b. Microprocessor tray 2. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time. a. PCI or PCI-X adapters b. (Trained service technician only) PCI-X board c. (Trained service technician only) Power backplane

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
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- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

trained service technician.		
System-error log message	Action	
12V D Bus Fault	 Reseat the following components: a. Microprocessor tray b. Memory cards 3 and 4 Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time. a. Memory cards 3 and 4 b. (Trained service technician only) Power backplane 	
	c. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor tray	
12V E Bus Fault	 Reseat the following components: a. Microprocessor tray b. Memory cards 1 and 2 Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time. a. Memory cards 1 and 2 b. (Trained service technician only) Power backplane c. (Trained service technician only) Microprocessor tray 	
12V Planar Fault	 Reseat the microprocessor tray. Replace the power backplane. 	
12V Power Good Fault	 Reseat the microprocessor tray. Reseat the memory cards. (Trained service technician only) Replace the power backplane. (Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor tray. 	
Application Posted Alert to ASM	Information only	
Backplane Power Good Fault	 Reseat the microprocessor tray. Reseat the memory cards. (Trained service technician only) Replace the power backplane. (Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor tray. 	
Board 2.5V Power Good Fault	 Reseat the I/O board. Replace the I/O board. 	
Calgary Core 1.5V Power Good Fault	 Reseat the I/O board. Reseat the microprocessor tray. (Trained service technician only) Replace the PCI-X board. 	
CEC Card Power Good Fault	 Reseat the microprocessor tray. Reseat the I/O board. (Trained service technician only) Replace the PCI-X board. 	

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
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System-error log message	Action		
CPU IERR detected, the system has been restarted	 Information only; if the message persists: (Trained service technician only) Reseat the microprocessors. Reseat the microprocessor VRMs, if present. (Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor. 		
CPU IERR, the CPU has been disabled	Information only; if the message persists: 1. (Trained service technician only) Reseat the microprocessors. 2. Reseat the microprocessor VRMs, if present. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor.		
CPU non-critical over temperature warning	 Make sure that the fans have good airflow and are not obstructed. (Trained service technician only) Reseat the microprocessor heat sink. 		
CPU non-recoverable over temperature fault	 Make sure that the fans have good airflow and are not obstructed. (Trained service technician only) Reseat the microprocessor heat sink. 		
CPU mismatch: CPU unsupported by VRM. CPU nn, where nn is the CPU number.	Replace the 10.1 VRM with a 10.2 VRM.		
CPU removal detected	Informational only; if the message persists: 1. (Trained service technician only) Reseat the microprocessors. 2. Reseat the microprocessor VRMs, if present.		
CPU X Over Temperature	 Check all fans and remove any obstacles from the path of the airflow. Make sure that the room temperature is within the recommended range. Make sure that the microprocessor heat sinks are correctly seated. 		
Ethernet Data Rate modified from <value1> to <value2> by user <userid></userid></value2></value1>	Information only		
Ethernet Duplex setting modified from <value1> to <value1> by user <userid></userid></value1></value1>	Information only		
Ethernet interface <value> by user <userid></userid></value>	Information only		
Ethernet locally administered MAC address modified from x:x:x:x:x	Information only		
Ethernet MTU setting modified from x to y by user <userid></userid>	Information only		
Fan X Failure (X of 1-8)	 Make sure that nothing is blocking the fan. Check the physical connection and make sure that the fan is correctly seated. Replace fan X. 		

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- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
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System-error log message Action				
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Fan X not detected (X of 1-8)	 Make sure that nothing is blocking the fan or power supply. Check the physical connection and make sure that the fan is correctly seated. Replace fan X. 			
Front Panel is not plugged in	Make sure that the operator information panel cables are correctly connected (verify LED activity). Replace the operator information panel.			
Hard Drive X Fault	 Run diagnostics. Hard disk drive SAS backplane 			
Hard drive X removal detected	Reseat hard disk drive X and restart the server.			
Hostname set to <value> by user <userid></userid></value>	Information only			
Hot plug card is not plugged in	 Make sure that the PCI or PCI-X cables are correctly connected. Reseat the failing hot-plug cable or adapter. Replace the failing hot-plug cable or adapter. 			
Hurricane SMI 1.2V Power Good Fault	 Reseat the microprocessor tray. Reseat the memory cards. (Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor tray. 			
Hurricane Vtt MR 1.5V Power Good Fault	 Reseat the microprocessor tray. Reseat the memory cards. (Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor tray. 			
Hvtt IB 1.8V Power Good Fault	 Reseat the microprocessor tray. Reseat the memory cards. (Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor tray. 			
Hvtr IB 2.5V Power Good Fault	 Reseat the microprocessor tray. Reseat the memory cards. (Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor tray. 			
I/O Card Power Good Fault	 Reseat the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine, if present. Reseat the I/O board. Replace the I/O board. (Trained service technician only) Replace the PCI-X board. 			

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

trained service technician.				
System-error log message	Action			
IB MR Reg 1.8V Power Good Fault	 Reseat the microprocessor tray. Reseat the memory cards. (Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor tray. 			
Invalid CPU configuration	Make sure that the microprocessors have been installed in the correct order (see "Removing and installing a microprocessor" on page 138).			
Invalid Fan configuration	Replace any missing or failed fans.			
IP address of default gateway modified from x.x.x.x	Information only			
IP address of network interface modified from x.x.x.x	Information only			
IP subnet mask of network interface modified from x.x.x.x	Information only			
Loader Watchdog Triggered	 Reconfigure the loader watchdog timer to be a higher value (twice the normal operating-system boot time). Install the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine device driver for the operating system. Disable the loader watchdog. Check the integrity of the installed operating system. Reinstall the operating system with the applicable device drivers. 			
Machine check asserted - SPINT, North Bridge	Information only, Just an indication of who reported the SPINT first.			
Machine check asserted - SPINT, PCI Bridge A	Information only. Just an indication of who reported the SPINT first.			
Machine check asserted - SPINT, PCI Bridge B	Information only. Just an indication of who reported the SPINT first.			
Machine check asserted - SPINT, Remote CheckStop	Information only. Just an indication of who reported the SPINT first.			
Machine check asserted for Card or Link - SPINT, Remote Node, Link 1	Information only. The machine check was reported by the node connected to scalability port 1.			
Machine check asserted for Card or Link - SPINT, Remote Node, Link 2	Information only. The machine check was reported by the node connected to scalability port 2.			
Machine check asserted for Card or Link - SPINT, Remote Node, Link 3	Information only. The machine check was reported by the node connected to scalability port 3.			
Machine check asserted for Card or Link - SPINT, Scalability	 Reseat the scalability cables and microprocessor board. Replace the scalability cables Replace the scalability cartridge assembly. Replace the microprocessor board. 			
Machine check asserted for Card or Link - SPINT, Quad Bus A	 Reseat microprocessor 1 and 2. Replace microprocessor 1 or 2. Replace the microprocessor board. 			

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- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

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System-error log message	Action			
Machine check asserted for Card or Link - SPINT, Quad Bus B	 Reseat microprocessor 3 and 4. Replace microprocessor 3 or 4. Replace the microprocessor board. 			
Machine check asserted for Card or Link - SPINT, CPU Card	 Reseat the microprocessors and microprocessor board. Replace the microprocessor board. 			
Machine check asserted for Card or Link - SPINT, I/O Bus Interface	 Reseat the adapter cards. Reseat the microprocessor board. Replace the adapters. Replace the PCIX board. Replace the microprocessor board. 			
Machine check asserted for Card or Link - SPINT, System, PCI-X Card, Super I/O Card	 Reseat the Super I/O board. Replace the Super I/O board. Replace the PCI-X board. 			
Machine check asserted for Card or Link - SPINT, System, PCI-X Card, Super I/O Card, RAID Card	 Reseat the Super I/O board and ServeRAID 8i adapter (if installed). Replace the ServeRAID 8i adapter. Replace the Super I/O board. Replace the PCI-X board. 			
Machine check asserted for PCI-X Card or Slot X - SPINT	 Reseat the adapter in slot X. Replace the adapter in slot X. Replace the PCI-X board. 			
SPINT reported a Machine Check on Memory Card = X	Replace CPU board 1. Reseat the memory card X. 2. Replace the memory card X. 3. Replace the microprocessor board.			
SPINT reported a Machine Check on Memory Card X, DIMM Y.	 Reseat DIMM Y Replace DIMM Y Replace memory card X Replace CPU board 			
Memory Card x inserted	Information only; if the message persists: Note: Make sure you re-enable the memory in the Configuration/Setup Utility program. See, "Memory problems" on page 52 1. Make sure that the memory card lever is securely latched. 2. Reseat the memory card.			

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
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- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Information only; if the message persists: Note: Make sure you re-enable the memory in the Configuration/Setup Utility program. See, "Memory problems" on page 52 1. Make sure that the memory card lever is securely latched. 2. Reseat the memory card lever is securely latched. 2. Reseat the memory card lever is securely latched. 2. Reseat the memory card lever is securely latched. 3. Verify the OS install instructions were followed. 4. Verify the latest OD service pack is installed. 3. Verify the latest OD service pack is installed. 4. Verify the latest device drivers are installed. 5. Verify the latest device drivers are installed. 6. Replace any missing or failed fans or power supplies. 6. Reconfigure the O/S watchdog timer to be a higher value. 6. Reinstall the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine device driver for the operating system. 7. Reinstall the operating system with applicable device drivers. 7. Reseat the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine, if present. 7. Reseat the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine, if present. 7. Reseat the I/O board. 7. Reconfigure the POST watchdog timer to be a higher value (consistent with the time it takes to complete POST). 7. Disable the POST watchdog. 7. Reseat the DIMMs. 7. Reseat the DIMm	trained service technician.				
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5. (Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor tray. Power Supply Temperature Warning 1. Make sure that the power supply fans have good airflow and are not obstructed. 2. Make sure the room temperature is within the recommended range (see "Environment" at "Features and specifications" on page 3). 3. Replace the power supply. Power supply current exceeded max spec value 1. Install another power supply (if possible) and make sure that ac power cords are correctly connected. 2. Remove devices that consume an extraordinary amount of power.		3. Reseat the microprocessor tray.			
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power cords are correctly connected. 2. Remove devices that consume an extraordinary amount of power.		3. Replace the power supply.			
power.	Power supply current exceeded max spec value	Install another power supply (if possible) and make sure that ac power cords are correctly connected.			
3. Replace the power backplane.		_			
		3. Replace the power backplane.			

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

System-error log message Action				
Action				
 Power supply Power backplane 				
Power supply Power backplane				
Power supply Power backplane				
 Connect the ac power cord to power supply X. Replace power supply X. 				
Power supply Power backplane				
If the system power present LED is lit, reduce the server to the minimum configuration (see page 104) and replace components one at a time to isolate the fault.				
2. Reseat the following components:				
a. Power supply				
b. Power backplane				
3. Replace the components listed in step 2 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.				
Reseat power supply X.				
2. Replace power supply X.				
3. Replace the power backplane.				
Make sure that the fan air intake areas are clear and well ventilated.				
2. Make sure that all fans are installed and functioning.				
3. Reseat power supply X.				
4. Replace power supply X.				
Reseat the microprocessor tray.				
2. (Trained service technician only) Reseat the microprocessors.				
3. Reseat the microprocessor VRMs, if present.				
4. (Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor tray.				
Reseat the microprocessor tray.				
2. (Trained service technician only) Reseat the microprocessors.				
3. Reseat the microprocessor VRMs, if present.				
(Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor tray.				

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

trained service technician.				
System-error log message	Action			
QB Cache Power Good Fault	 Reseat the microprocessor tray. (Trained service technician only) Reseat the microprocessors. Reseat the microprocessor VRMs, if present. (Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor tray. 			
QB Vcc PLL Power Good Fault	 Reseat the microprocessor tray. (Trained service technician only) Reseat the microprocessors. Reseat the microprocessor VRMs, if present. (Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor tray. 			
Remote Login Successful. Login ID:	Information only			
Resetting system due to an unrecoverable error	Check the following light path diagnostics LEDs for faults: Note: Make sure you re-enable the memory in the Configuration/Setup Utility program. See, "Memory problems" on page 52 1. Microprocessors 2. DIMMs 3. Memory card 4. Microprocessor tray 5. I/O board assembly			
SCSI 1.8V Power Good Fault	Reseat the I/O board.			
	2. Replace the I/O board.			
Single fan failure	Replace any missing or failed fans or power supplies.			
SMI reported a Machine Check on Memory Card	Note: Make sure you re-enable the memory in the Configuration/Setup Utility program. See, "Memory problems" on page 52 1. Reseat the memory card. 2. Replace the memory card.			
SMI reported a Machine Check on Memory Card, Dimm	Note: Make sure you re-enable the memory in the Configuration/Setup Utility program. See, "Memory problems" on page 52 1. Reseat the DIMM. 2. Reseat the memory card. 3. Replace the DIMM.			
Software NMI	Make sure that the system software is operating correctly and does not conflict with other software; the system software has created a software NMI.			

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

System-error log message	Action			
System Approaching Maximum Power Consumption	 Install another power supply (if possible) and make sure that the ac power cords are correctly connected. Remove devices that consume an extraordinary amount of power. Replace the power backplane. 			
System Boot Failed	 Check the POST/BIOS boot checkpoint indicator and see the applicable documentation. Make sure that the memory card and DIMMs are correctly connected and seated and that they are functional. Attempt to start the server from the backup BIOS page. 			
System Complex Powered Down	Information only			
System Complex Powered Up	Information only			
System-error log full	Clear the event log.			
System log 75% full	Information only			
System Memory Error	 Reseat the memory adapter and DIMMs. Replace the memory. 			
System Running Nonredundant Power	 Install another power supply (if possible) and make sure that the ac power cords are correctly connected. Remove devices that consume an extraordinary amount of power. Replace the power backplane. 			
User <userid> attempting to power/reset server</userid>	Information only			
Video 1.8V Power Good Fault	 Reseat the I/O board. Replace the I/O board. 			
Video 2.5V Power Good Fault	 Reseat the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine, if present. Reseat the I/O board. Replace the I/O board. 			
Video Core 1.8V Power Good Fault	 Reseat the I/O board. Replace the I/O board. 			
VRM X Power Good Fault	 Reseat VRM 3 or 4. Reseat the microprocessor tray. Replace VRM 3 or 4. (Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor tray. 			

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)", that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

System-error log message	Action				
Vtt Power Good Fault	Reseat the microprocessor tray.				
	2. (Trained service technician only) Reseat the microprocessors.				
	3. Reseat the microprocessor VRMs, if present.				
	4. (Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor tray.				

Solving SCSI problems

Note: This section also applies to Serial Attached SCSI (SAS) problems.

For any SCSI error message, one or more of the following devices might be causing the problem:

- A failing SCSI device (adapter, drive, or controller)
- An incorrect SCSI termination jumper setting
- Duplicate SCSI IDs in the same SCSI chain
- · A missing or incorrectly installed SCSI terminator
- A defective SCSI terminator.
- · An incorrectly installed cable
- A defective cable

For any SCSI error message, follow these suggested actions in the order in which they are listed until the problem is solved:

- 1. Make sure that external SCSI devices are turned on before you turn on the server.
- 2. Make sure that the cables for all external SCSI devices are connected correctly.
- 3. If an external SCSI device is attached, make sure that the external SCSI termination is set to automatic.
- 4. Make sure that the last device in each SCSI chain is terminated correctly.
- Make sure that the SCSI devices are configured correctly.

Solving power problems

Power problems can be difficult to solve. For example, a short circuit can exist anywhere on any of the power distribution buses. Usually, a short circuit will cause the power subsystem to shut down because of an overcurrent condition. Use the following general procedure for diagnosing a power problem:

- 1. Turn off the server and disconnect all ac power cords.
- 2. Check for loose cables in the power subsystem. Also check for short circuits, for example, if a loose screw is causing a short circuit on a circuit board.
- 3. Remove the adapters and disconnect the cables and power cords to all internal and external devices until the server is at the minimum configuration that is required for the server to start (see "Minimum operating requirements" on page 104).
- 4. Reconnect all ac power cords and turn on the server. If the server starts successfully, replace the adapters and devices one at a time until the problem is isolated.

If the server does not start from the minimum configuration, replace the components in the minimum configuration one at a time until the problem is isolated.

To use this method, you must know the minimum configuration that is required for the server to start (see "Solving undetermined problems" on page 104).

Solving Ethernet controller problems

The method that you use to test the Ethernet controller depends on which operating system you are using. Check the operating-system documentation for information about Ethernet controllers, and see the Ethernet controller device driver readme file.

Make sure that the latest device drivers are installed.

If the problem remains after you check these factors, try the following procedures:

- Make sure that the Ethernet cable is installed correctly.
 - The cable must be securely attached at all connections. If the cable is attached but the problem remains, try a different cable.
 - If you set the Ethernet controller to operate at 100 Mbps, you must use Category 5 cabling.
 - If you directly connect two servers (without a hub), or if you are not using a hub with X ports, use a crossover cable. To determine whether a hub has an X port, check the port label. If the label contains an X, the hub has an X port.
- Determine whether the hub supports auto-negotiation. If it does not, try configuring the integrated Ethernet controller manually to match the speed and duplex mode of the hub.
- Check the Ethernet controller LEDs on the rear panel of the server. These LEDs indicate whether there is a problem with the connector, cable, or hub.
 - The Ethernet link status LED is lit when the Ethernet controller receives a link pulse from the hub. If the LED is off, there might be a defective connector or cable or a problem with the hub.
 - The Ethernet transmit/receive activity LED is lit when the Ethernet controller sends or receives data over the Ethernet network. If the Ethernet transmit/receive activity light is off, make sure that the hub and network are operating and that the correct device drivers are installed.
- · Check the LAN activity LED on the rear of the server. The LAN activity LED is lit when data is active on the Ethernet network. If the LAN activity LED is off, make sure that the hub and network are operating and that the correct device drivers are installed.
- Make sure that you are using the correct device drivers, which come with the
- Check for operating-system-specific causes for the problem.
- · Make sure that the device drivers on the client and server are using the same protocol.

If the Ethernet controller still cannot connect to the network but the hardware appears to be working, the network administrator must investigate other possible sources of the error.

Solving undetermined problems

Use the information in this section if the diagnostic tests did not diagnose the failure or if the server is inoperative.

If you suspect that a software problem is causing failures (continuous or intermittent), see "Software problems" on page 59.

Damaged data in CMOS memory or damaged BIOS code can cause undetermined problems. To reset the CMOS data, use the password override jumper to override the power-on password and clear the CMOS memory; see "I/O board internal connectors and jumpers" on page 8. If you suspect that the BIOS code is damaged, see "Recovering from a BIOS update failure" on page 88.

Damaged memory card connector pins or improperly installed memory cards can prevent the server from starting or might cause a POST checkpoint halt. For example, a memory card that is not completely installed or has bent connector pins might cause the server to continually restart or display an F2 checkpoint halt. Remove and inspect all memory card connector pins for bent or damaged interface pins. Replace all memory cards that have damaged pins and ensure that the card is completely latched into place.

Check the LEDs on all the power supplies (see "Power-supply LEDs" on page 67). If the LEDs indicate that the power supplies are working correctly, complete the following steps:

- 1. Turn off the server.
- 2. Make sure that the server is cabled correctly.
- 3. Remove or disconnect the following devices, one at a time, until you find the failure. Turn on the server and reconfigure it each time.
 - · Any external devices.
 - · Surge-suppressor device (on the server).
 - · Modem, printer, mouse, and non-IBM devices.
 - · Each adapter.
 - Hard disk drives.
 - · Memory modules. The minimum configuration requirement is 2 GB (two 1 GB DIMMs).
 - Service processor.

The following minimum configuration is required for the server to turn on:

- One microprocessor
- · Two 1 GB DIMMs on the memory card
- One power supply
- · Power backplane
- Power cord
- I/O board
- PCI-X board
- 4. Turn on the server. If the problem remains, suspect the following components in the following order:
 - a. Power backplane
 - b. I/O board
 - c. Memory card
 - d. Microprocessor tray

If the problem is solved when you remove an adapter from the server but the problem recurs when you reinstall the same adapter, suspect the adapter; if the problem recurs when you replace the adapter with a different one, suspect the PCI-X board.

If you suspect a networking problem and the server passes all the system tests. suspect a network cabling problem that is external to the server.

Calling IBM for service

See Appendix A, "Getting help and technical assistance," on page 157 for information about calling IBM for service.

When you call for service, have as much of the following information available as possible:

- Machine type and model
- · Microprocessor and hard disk drive upgrades
- · Failure symptoms
 - Does the server fail the diagnostic programs? If so, what are the error codes?
 - What occurs? When? Where?
 - Is the failure repeatable?
 - Has the current server configuration ever worked?
 - What changes, if any, were made before it failed?
 - Is this the original reported failure, or has this failure been reported before?
- Diagnostic program type and version level
- Hardware configuration (print screen of the system summary)
- BIOS code level
- Operating-system type and version level

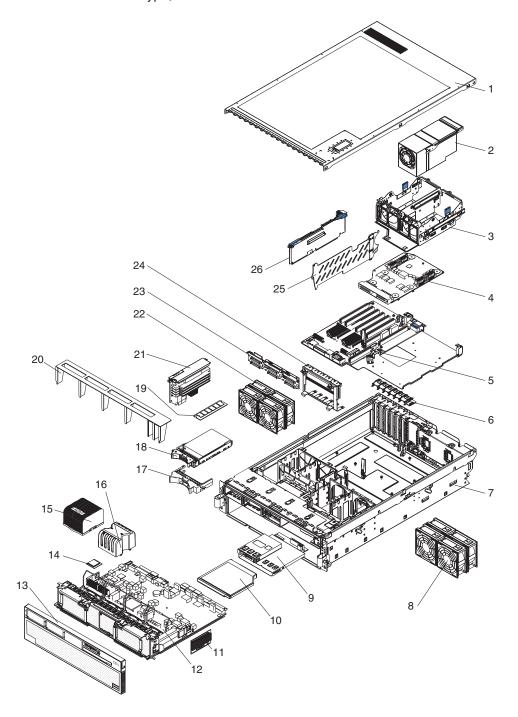
You can solve some problems by comparing the configuration and software setups between working and nonworking servers. When you compare servers to each other for diagnostic purposes, consider them identical only if all the following factors are exactly the same in all the servers:

- · Machine type and model
- · BIOS level
- · Adapters and attachments, in the same locations
- · Address jumpers, terminators, and cabling
- · Software versions and levels
- Diagnostic program type and version level
- · Configuration option settings
- · Operating-system control-file setup

Chapter 3. Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362

The following parts information is for the System x3850, Type 8863, 7362. To check for an updated parts listing on the Web, complete the following steps:

- 1. Go to http://www.ibm.com/support/.
- 2. Under Search technical support, type 8863 or 7362 and click Search.
- 3. Under Document type, select Parts information and click Go.



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Server replaceable units

Notes:

- 1. Field replaceable units (FRUs) must be serviced only by trained service technicians.
- 2. Customer replaceable units (CRUs) can be replaced by the customer. Tier 1 CRUs and Tier 2 CRUs are described in the IBM "Statement of Limited Warranty" (at "Part 3 - Warranty Information"), which is in the Warranty and Support Information document on the IBM Documentation CD.

Table 3. Parts listing, Type 8863 and 7362

Index	Description	CRU No. (Tier 1)	CRU No. (Tier 2)	FRU No.
1	Top cover (all models)	26K8947		
2	Power supply, 1300 W (all models)	24R2723		
3	Power supply structure (all models)		26K8950	
4	Power backplane (all models)			41Y3151
5	PCI-X board assembly (models 1Rx, 2Rx, 3Rx, 4Rx, 1Sx, 2Sx, 3Sx, 4Sx)			41Y3155
6	PCI-X switch card assembly (all models)			39M2699
7	Chassis assembly (all models)			39M2695
8	Fan (92 mm) (all models)	39M2694		
9	Carrier, LP/media (all models)		39M2697	
10	CD drive, 8/24X (primary) (all models)	26K5413		
10	CD drive, 8/24X (alternate) (all models)	39M3541		
10	CD drive, 8/24X (alternate) (all models)	26K5397		
10	CD drive, 8/24X (alternate) (all models)	39M3563		
10	CD-RW/DVD drive, 8/24X (alternate) (all models)	26K5407		
10	CD-RW/DVD drive, 8/24X (alternate) (all models)	26K5409		
10	CD drive, 24X (optional)	26K5415		
10	CD drive, 24X (optional)	26K5427		
10	CD drive, 24X (optional)	39M3559		
10	CD drive, 127MM (optional)	26K5421		
10	CD drive, 127MM (optional)	39M3529		
10	CD-RW drive, 14X (optional)	39M3503		
10	DVD drive, 4.5 12.7MM (optional)	39M3503		
10	DVD drive (optional)	42C0955		
11	Microprocessor VRM, 10.2 (optional)		39Y7256	
11	Microprocessor VRM, 2U/105A (optional)		24R2750	
12	Microprocessor tray (all models)			41Y3157
13	Front bezel (models 1Rx, 1Sx 2Sx 3Sx 4Sx)	42C2614		
14	Microprocessor, 3.3 GHZ (models 1Rx, 1Sx)			13M7878
14	Microprocessor, 3.6 GHZ (modesl 2Rx, 2Sx)			13M7879
14	Microprocessor, 2.67 GHZ (models 3Rx, 3Sx)			25R7846
14	Microprocessor, 3.0 GHZ (models 1Rx, 4Rx, 4Sx)			25R7847

Table 3. Parts listing, Type 8863 and 7362 (continued)

Index	Description	CRU No. (Tier 1)	CRU No. (Tier 2)	FRU No.
15	Heat sink (all models)			26K8805
16	Microprocessor baffle (all models)			26K9020
17	Hard disk drive filler (all models)	26K8680		
18	Hard disk drive, 36 GB (optional)	39R7364		
18	Hard disk drive, 73 GB (optional)	39R7366		
19	Air baffle (all models)		01R1479	
20	Memory, 1 GB PC3200 ECC (all models)	39M5808		
20	Memory, 2 GB PC3200 ECC (optional)	39M5811		
20	Memory, 4 GB PC3200 ECC (optional)	41Y2815		
21	Memory card (models 1Rx, 2Rx, 3Rx, 4Rx, 1Sx, 2Sx, 3Sx, 4Sx)	41Y3153		
22	Fan (80 mm) (all models)	39M2693		
23	SAS hard disk drive backplane (all models)		41Y3161	
24	PCI-X adapter guide assembly (all models)		26K8951	
25	PCI divider (all models)	03K9050		
26	SAS Super I/O board (models 1Rx, 2Rx)		41Y3166	
26	Basilisk P4 I/O board (models 1Rx, 3Rx, 4Rx, 1Sx, 2Sx, 3Sx, 4Sx)		41Y3152	
	AC inlet connector cover (all models)	26K8941		
	Alcohol wipe (see "Power cords" on page 110)			varies
	Battery, 3.0 volt (all models)		33F8354	
	Cable, active PCI (all models)		39M2509	
	Cable, CD/DVD signal (all models)		25K9626	
	Cable management arm (all models)	40K6556		
	Cable, SAS power (all models)		42C2618	
	Cable, SAS signal (all models)		25K9610	
	Cable, serial (all models)		39M2641	
	Cable, USB (all models)			25K9618
	DVD/CD bay filler (all models)	26K8938		
	EIA mounting bracket (all models)			26K8948
	Lift handle kit (all models)			39M269
	Line cord (all models)	39M5377		
	Processor card (optional)	40K0243		
	Rack, media backplane (all models)		39M2697	
	Retention module (all models)			26K8836
	RSA 2 adapter (all models)	13N0833		
	Scalability connector filler (all models)	26K8943		
	ServeRAID-8i card (optional)		39R8731	
	ServeRAID-8i battery pack (optional)		25R8118	
	Slide kit (all models)		40K6591	

Table 3. Parts listing, Type 8863 and 7362 (continued)

Index	Description	CRU No. (Tier 1)	CRU No. (Tier 2)	FRU No.
	Ship bracket kit (all models)			40K6592
	System service label (all models)	26K8923		
	Thermal grease (all models)			41Y8755

Alcohol wipes

IBM alcohol wipes for a specific country or region are usually available only in that country or region.

IBM power cord part number	Used in these countries and regions
02K0546	Canada
41Y8747	Brazil/Mexico
41Y8748	Taiwan/Japan
41Y8749	China/Malaysia
41Y8750	Australia/United Kingdom
41Y8751	Korea (Democratic People's Republic of), Korea (Republic of)
41Y8752	Denmark, Germany, Netherlands, Slovenia, Macedonia, Czech, Republic, Slovakia, Poland, Norway, Sweden, Finland, Turkey, Greece, Italy, France, Spain, Portugal, Russia, Ukrain, Lithuania, Thailand, USA, UK
41Y8753	Hungary
41Y8754	Latin America
41Y8757	China
41Y8758	Hong Kong
41Y8759	India
41Y8760	Singapore

Power cords

For your safety, IBM provides a power cord with a grounded attachment plug to use with this IBM product. To avoid electrical shock, always use the power cord and plug with a properly grounded outlet.

IBM power cords used in the United States and Canada are listed by Underwriter's Laboratories (UL) and certified by the Canadian Standards Association (CSA).

For units intended to be operated at 115 volts: Use a UL-listed and CSA-certified cord set consisting of a minimum 18 AWG, Type SVT or SJT, three-conductor cord, a maximum of 15 feet in length and a parallel blade, grounding-type attachment plug rated 15 amperes, 125 volts.

For units intended to be operated at 230 volts (U.S. use): Use a UL-listed and CSA-certified cord set consisting of a minimum 18 AWG, Type SVT or SJT, three-conductor cord, a maximum of 15 feet in length and a tandem blade, grounding-type attachment plug rated 15 amperes, 250 volts.

For units intended to be operated at 230 volts (outside the U.S.): Use a cord set with a grounding-type attachment plug. The cord set should have the appropriate safety approvals for the country in which the equipment will be installed.

IBM power cords for a specific country or region are usually available only in that country or region.

IBM power cord part number	Used in these countries and regions	
02K0546	China	
13F9940	Australia, Fiji, Kiribati, Nauru, New Zealand, Papua New Guinea	
13F9979	Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Armenia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Belgium, Benin, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Comoros, Congo (Democratic Republic of), Congo (Republic of), Cote D'Ivoire (Ivory Coast), Croatia (Republic of), Czech Republic, Dahomey, Djibouti, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Estonia, Ethiopia, Finland, France, French Guyana, French Polynesia, Germany, Greece, Guadeloupe, Guinea, Guinea Bissau, Hungary, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Laos (People's Democratic Republic of), Latvia, Lebanon, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Macedonia (former Yugoslav Republic of), Madagascar, Mali, Martinique, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mayotte, Moldova (Republic of), Monaco, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Netherlands, New Caledonia, Niger, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Reunion, Romania, Russian Federation, Rwanda, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia (Republic of), Somalia, Spain, Suriname, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Tajikistan, Tahiti, Togo, Tunisia, Turkey, Turkmenistan, Ukraine, Upper Volta, Uzbekistan, Vanuatu, Vietnam, Wallis and Futuna, Yugoslavia (Federal Republic of), Zaire	
13F9997	Denmark	
14F0015	Bangladesh, Lesotho, Macao, Maldives, Namibia, Nepal, Pakistan, Samoa, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Swaziland, Uganda	
14F0033	Abu Dhabi, Bahrain, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, Channel Islands, China (Hong Kong S.A.R.), Cyprus, Dominica, Gambia, Ghana, Grenada, Iraq, Ireland, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Liberia, Malawi, Malaysia, Malta, Myanmar (Burma), Nigeria, Oman, Polynesia, Qatar, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Sudan, Tanzania (United Republic of), Trinidad and Tobago, United Arab Emirates (Dubai), United Kingdom, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe	
	Polynesia, Qatar, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Sudan, Tanzania (United Republic of), Trinidad and Tobago, United Arab	
14F0051	Polynesia, Qatar, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Sudan, Tanzania (United Republic of), Trinidad and Tobago, United Arab	
14F0051 14F0069	Polynesia, Qatar, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Sudan, Tanzania (United Republic of), Trinidad and Tobago, United Arab Emirates (Dubai), United Kingdom, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe	
	Polynesia, Qatar, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Sudan, Tanzania (United Republic of), Trinidad and Tobago, United Arab Emirates (Dubai), United Kingdom, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe Liechtenstein, Switzerland	
14F0069	Polynesia, Qatar, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Sudan, Tanzania (United Republic of), Trinidad and Tobago, United Arab Emirates (Dubai), United Kingdom, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe Liechtenstein, Switzerland Chile, Italy, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	
14F0069 14F0087	Polynesia, Qatar, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Sudan, Tanzania (United Republic of), Trinidad and Tobago, United Arab Emirates (Dubai), United Kingdom, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe Liechtenstein, Switzerland Chile, Italy, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya Israel Antigua and Barbuda, Aruba, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Bermuda, Bolivia, Brazil, Caicos Islands, Canada, Cayman Islands, Costa Rica, Colombia, Cuba, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Guam, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Jamaica, Japan, Mexico, Micronesia (Federal States of), Netherlands Antilles, Nicaragua, Panama, Peru, Philippines,	

IBM power cord part number	Used in these countries and regions
36L8880	Argentina, Paraguay, Uruguay
49P2078	India
49P2110	Brazil
6952300	Antigua and Barbuda, Aruba, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Bermuda, Bolivia, Caicos Islands, Canada, Cayman Islands, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Guam, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Jamaica, Mexico, Micronesia (Federal States of), Netherlands Antilles, Nicaragua, Panama, Peru, Philippines, Saudi Arabia, Thailand, Taiwan, United States of America, Venezuela

Chapter 4. Removing and replacing server components

This chapter describes how to remove and replace certain server components. See Chapter 3, "Parts listing, Type 8863, 7362," on page 107 to determine whether the component that is being replaced is a Tier 1 or Tier 2 customer-replaceable unit (CRU), or a field-replaceable unit (FRU).

- Installation of Tier 1 CRUs is your responsibility. If IBM installs a Tier 1 CRU at your request, you will be charged for the installation. You may install a Tier 2 CRU yourself or request IBM to install it, at no additional charge, under the type of warranty service that is designated for your server.
- Installation of FRUs is intended only for trained service technicians who are familiar with IBM System x and xSeries server products.

Installation guidelines

Before you install options, read the following information:

- Read the safety information that begins on page vii and the guidelines in "Handling static-sensitive devices" on page 114. This information will help you work safely.
- Observe good housekeeping in the area where you are working. Place removed covers and other parts in a safe place.
- If you must start the server while the cover is removed, make sure that no one is near the server and that no tools or other objects have been left inside the server.
- Do not attempt to lift an object that you think is too heavy for you. If you have to lift a heavy object, observe the following precautions:
 - Make sure that you can stand safely without slipping.
 - Distribute the weight of the object equally between your feet.
 - Use a slow lifting force. Never move suddenly or twist when you lift a heavy object.
 - To avoid straining the muscles in your back, lift by standing or by pushing up with your leg muscles.
- Make sure that you have an adequate number of properly grounded electrical outlets for the server, monitor, and other devices.
- Back up all important data before you make changes to disk drives.
- · Have a small flat-blade screwdriver available.
- You do not have to turn off the server to install or replace hot-swap power supplies, hot-swap fans, or hot-plug Universal Serial Bus (USB) devices.
- Blue on a component indicates touch points, where you can grip the component to remove it from or install it in the server, open or close a latch, and so on.
- Orange on a component or an orange label on or near a component indicates
 that the component can be hot-swapped, which means that if the server and
 operating system support hot-swap capability, you can remove or install the
 component while the server is running. (Orange can also indicate touch points on
 hot-swap components.) See the instructions for removing or installing a specific
 hot-swap component for any additional procedures that you might have to
 perform before you remove or install the component.
- When you are finished working on the server, reinstall all safety shields, guards, labels, and ground wires.

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 For a list of supported options for the server, see http://www.ibm.com/servers/ eserver/serverproven/compat/us/.

System reliability guidelines

To help ensure proper cooling and system reliability, make sure that:

- Each of the drive bays has a drive or a filler panel and electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) shield installed in it.
- If the server has redundant power, each of the power-supply bays has a power supply installed in it.
- There is adequate space around the server to allow the server cooling system to work properly. Leave approximately 50 mm (2.0 in.) of open space around the front and rear of the server. Do not place objects in front of the fans. For proper cooling and airflow, replace the server cover before turning on the server. Operating the server for extended periods of time (more than 30 minutes) with the server cover removed might damage server components.
- You have followed the cabling instructions that come with optional adapters.
- · You have replaced a failed fan as soon as possible.
- · You have replaced a hot-swap drive within 2 minutes of removal.
- You do not remove the air baffle while the server is running. Operating the server without the air baffle might cause the microprocessor to overheat.
- Microprocessor socket 2 always contains either a microprocessor baffle or a microprocessor and heat sink.

Working inside the server with the power on

Attention: Static electricity that is released to internal server components when the server is powered-on might cause the server to halt, which could result in the loss of data. To avoid this potential problem, always use an electrostatic-discharge wrist strap or other grounding system when working inside the server with the power on.

The server supports hot-plug, hot-add, and hot-swap devices and is designed to operate safely while it is turned on and the cover is removed. Follow these guidelines when you work inside a server that is turned on:

- · Avoid wearing loose-fitting clothing on your forearms. Button long-sleeved shirts before working inside the server; do not wear cuff links while you are working inside the server.
- · Do not allow your necktie or scarf to hang inside the server.
- · Remove jewelry, such as bracelets, necklaces, rings, and loose-fitting wrist watches.
- · Remove items from your shirt pocket, such as pens and pencils, that could fall into the server as you lean over it.
- Avoid dropping any metallic objects, such as paper clips, hairpins, and screws, into the server.

Handling static-sensitive devices

Attention: Static electricity can damage the server and other electronic devices. To avoid damage, keep static-sensitive devices in their static-protective packages until you are ready to install them.

To reduce the possibility of damage from electrostatic discharge, observe the following precautions:

- Limit your movement. Movement can cause static electricity to build up around you.
- The use of a grounding system is recommended. For example, wear an
 electrostatic-discharge wrist strap, if one is available. Always use an
 electrostatic-discharge wrist strap or other grounding system when working inside
 the server with the power on.
- · Handle the device carefully, holding it by its edges or its frame.
- Do not touch solder joints, pins, or exposed circuitry.
- · Do not leave the device where others can handle and damage it.
- While the device is still in its static-protective package, touch it to an unpainted metal part on the outside of the server for at least 2 seconds. This drains static electricity from the package and from your body.
- Remove the device from its package and install it directly into the server without setting down the device. If it is necessary to set down the device, put it back into its static-protective package. Do not place the device on the server cover or on a metal surface.
- Take additional care when handling devices during cold weather. Heating reduces indoor humidity and increases static electricity.

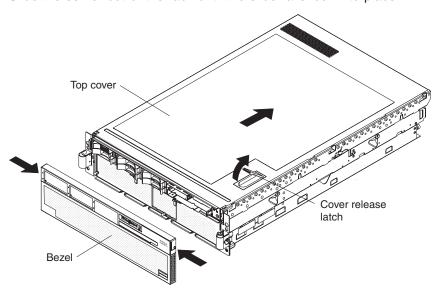
Returning a device or component

If you are instructed to return a device or component, follow the packaging instructions provided with the replacement part. Use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Removing the cover and bezel

To remove the cover and bezel, complete the following steps:

- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii, and "Handling static-sensitive devices" on page 114.
- 2. If you are installing or replacing a non-hot-swap component, turn off the server and all peripheral devices, and disconnect the power cords and all external cables.
- 3. Slide the server out of the rack until the slide rails lock into place.



- 4. Lift the cover-release latch. The cover slides to the rear approximately 13 mm (0.5 inch). Lift the cover off the server.
 - Attention: For proper cooling and airflow, replace the top cover before turning on the server. Operating the server for more than 2 minutes with the top cover removed might damage server components.
- 5. Press on the bezel retention tabs at the top edge of the bezel, and pull the top of the bezel slightly away from the server.
- 6. Lift the bezel up to release the tabs at the bottom edge of the bezel.

Tier 1 CRU information

Installation of Tier 1 CRUs is your responsibility. If IBM installs a Tier 1 CRU at your request, you will be charged for the installation.

Battery

The following notes describe information that you must consider when replacing the battery in the server.

- When replacing the battery, you must replace it with a lithium battery of the same type from the same manufacturer.
- To order replacement batteries, call 1-800-772-2227 within the United States, and 1-800-465-7999 or 1-800-465-6666 within Canada. Outside the U.S. and Canada, call your IBM reseller or IBM marketing representative.
- · After you replace the battery, you must reconfigure the system and reset the system date and time.
- To avoid possible danger, read and follow the following safety statement.

Statement 2:



CAUTION:

When replacing the lithium battery, use only IBM Part Number 33F8354 or an equivalent type battery recommended by the manufacturer. If your system has a module containing a lithium battery, replace it only with the same module type made by the same manufacturer. The battery contains lithium and can explode if not properly used, handled, or disposed of.

Do not:

- Throw or immerse into water
- Heat to more than 100°C (212°F)
- · Repair or disassemble

Dispose of the battery as required by local ordinances or regulations.

Complete the following steps to replace the battery:

- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii, and "Handling static-sensitive devices" on page 114, and follow any special handling and installation instructions supplied with the replacement battery.
- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices, and disconnect the power cords and all external cables necessary to replace the device.

- Remove the server cover.
- 4. Remove the 2 SAS signal cables from the I/O board.
- 5. Remove the battery:
 - a. Use one finger to press the top of the battery clip away from the battery.
 - b. Lift and remove the battery from the socket.





- 6. Insert the new battery:
 - a. Position the battery so that the positive (+) symbol is facing away from you.
 - b. Use one finger to press the top of the battery clip away from the battery.
 - c. Press the battery into the socket until it clicks into place. Make sure that the battery clip holds the battery securely.





- 7. Reconnect the 2 SAS signal cables to the I/O board.
- 8. Reinstall the server cover.
- 9. Reconnect the external cables; then, reconnect the power cords and turn on the peripheral devices and the server.

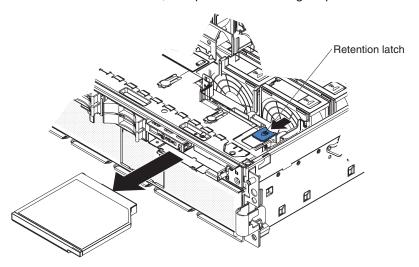
Note: You must wait approximately 20 seconds after you connect the power cord of the server to an electrical outlet before the power-control button becomes active.

- 10. Start the Configuration/Setup Utility program and set configuration parameters.
 - · Set the system date and time.
 - · Set the power-on password.
 - · Reconfigure the server.

See "Using the Configuration/Setup Utility program" on page 148 for details.

DVD Drive

To remove the DVD drive, complete the following steps.



- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii, and "Handling static-sensitive devices" on page 114.
- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices, and disconnect the power cords and all external cables necessary to replace the device.
- 3. Remove the top cover and bezel (see "Removing the cover and bezel" on page 115).
- 4. Pull the blue retention latch forward and pull the DVD drive out of the server.

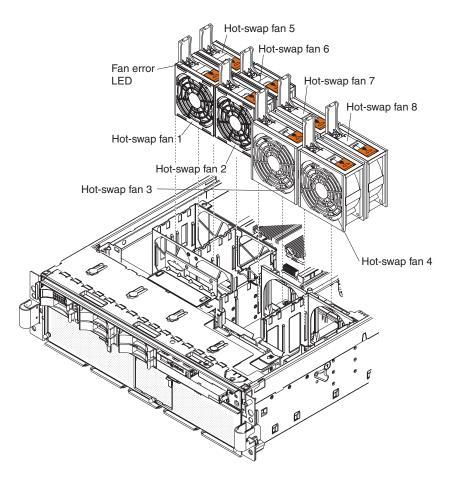
To install a DVD drive, compete the following steps:

- 1. Slide the DVD drive into the server to engage the drive.
- 2. Replace the top cover and bezel.
- 3. Reconnect the external cables and power cords.

Hot-swap fan

The server comes with 80-mm hot-swap fans in front of the PCI-X slots and 92-mm hot-swap fans in front of the memory cards. The same removal and installation procedures apply to either size fan. When a fan fails or is removed, the other fans in the server speed up to maintain a safe operating temperature in the server until the fan is reinstalled or replaced. When the fan is installed properly the fans will slow down.

To remove a hot-swap fan, complete the following steps.



1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii, and "Handling static-sensitive devices" on page 114.

Attention: Static electricity that is released to internal server components when the server is powered-on might cause the server to halt, which could result in the loss of data. To avoid this potential problem, always use an electrostatic-discharge wrist strap or other grounding system when working inside the server with the power on.

- 2. Remove the top cover (see "Removing the cover and bezel" on page 115). **Attention:** To ensure proper system cooling, do not leave the top cover off the server for more than 2 minutes.
- 3. Open the fan-locking handle by sliding the orange release latch in the direction of the arrow.
- 4. Pull upward on the free end of the handle to lift the fan out of the server.

To install a hot-swap fan, complete the following steps:

- 1. Open the fan-locking handle on the replacement fan.
- 2. Lower the fan into the socket, and close the handle to the locked position.
- 3. Replace the top cover.

Hot-swap power supply

If you install or remove a hot-swap power supply, observe the following precautions:

Statement 8:





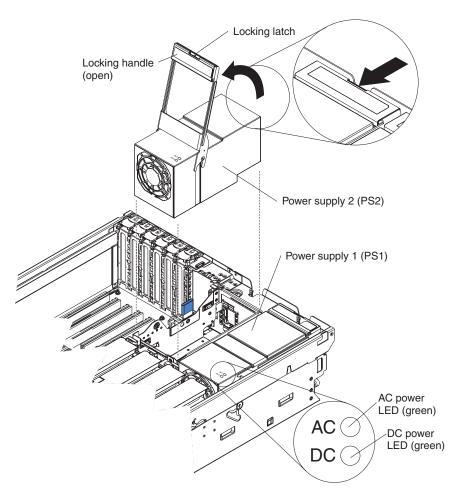
CAUTION:

Never remove the cover on a power supply or any part that has the following label attached.



Hazardous voltage, current, and energy levels are present inside any component that has this label attached. There are no serviceable parts inside these components. If you suspect a problem with one of these parts, contact a service technician.

To remove a hot-swap power supply, complete the following steps.



1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii, and "Handling static-sensitive devices" on page 114.

Attention: Static electricity that is released to internal server components when the server is powered-on might cause the server to halt, which could result in the loss of data. To avoid this potential problem, always use an electrostatic-discharge wrist strap or other grounding system when working inside the server with the power on.

- Remove the top cover (see "Removing the cover and bezel" on page 115).
 Attention: To ensure proper system cooling, do not leave the top cover off the server for more than 2 minutes.
- 3. Disconnect the power cord from the connector on the back of the power supply.
- 4. Press the locking latch on the power-supply handle and raise the power-supply handle to the open position.
- 5. Lift the power supply out of the bay.

To install a hot-swap power supply, complete the following steps:

- 1. Raise the handle on the power supply to the open position.
- 2. Place the power supply into the bay and fully close the locking handle.
- Connect one end of the power cord for the new power supply into the connector on the back of the power supply, and connect the other end of the power cord into a properly grounded electrical outlet.

- 4. Make sure that the ac power LED on the top of the power supply is lit, indicating that the power supply is operating correctly. If the server is turned on, make sure that the dc power LED on the top of the power supply is lit also.
- 5. Replace the top cover.

Memory module

The following notes describe the types of dual inline memory modules (DIMMs) that the server supports and other information that you must consider when installing DIMMs:

- The server supports 333 MHz, 1.8V, 240 pin, PC2-3200 single-ranked double data-rate (DDR) II, registered synchronous dynamic random-access memory (SDRAM) with error correcting code (ECC) DIMMs. These DIMMs must be compatible with the latest PC2-3200 SDRAM Registered DIMM specifications. For a list of the supported options for the server, see http://www.ibm.com/servers/ eserver/serverproven/compat/us/.
- The server supports up to four memory cards. Each memory card holds up to four DIMMs.
- There must be at least one memory card with one pair of DIMMs installed for the server to operate.
- When you install additional DIMMs on a memory card, be sure to install them in pairs. All the DIMM pairs on each memory card must be the same size, and type.
- You do not have to save new configuration information to the BIOS when installing or removing DIMMs. The only exception is if you replace a DIMM that was marked as Disabled in the Memory Settings menu. In this case, you must re-enable the row in the Configuration/Setup Utility program or reload the default memory settings.
- · When you restart the server after adding or removing a DIMM, the server displays a message that the memory configuration has changed.
- · Install the DIMMs on each memory card in the order shown in the following tables, depending on which memory configuration you want to use. You must install at least one pair of DIMMs on each memory card.

Table 4. Memory card installation sequence for performance configuration

Memory card order	Memory card	DIMM pair
First	1	1 and 3
Second	2	1 and 3
Third	3	1 and 3
Fourth	4	1 and 3
Fifth	1	2 and 4
Sixth	2	2 and 4
Seventh	3	2 and 4
Eighth	4	2 and 4

Table 5. Memory card installation sequence for cost-sensitive configuration

Memory card order	Memory card	DIMM pair
First	1	1 and 3
		2 and 4

Table 5. Memory card installation sequence for cost-sensitive configuration (continued)

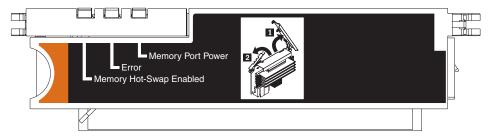
Memory card order	Memory card	DIMM pair
Second	3	1 and 3
		2 and 4
Third	2	1 and 3
		2 and 4
Fourth	4	1 and 3
		2 and 4

Table 6. Memory card installation sequence for memory-mirrored configuration

Memory card order	Memory card	DIMM pair
First	1	1 and 3
	3	1 and 3
Second	2	1 and 3
	4	1 and 3
Third	1	2 and 4
	3	2 and 4
Fourth	2	2 and 4
	4	2 and 4

- There are two memory power buses split between the four memory cards.
 Memory cards 1 and 2 are on power bus 1, and memory cards 3 and 4 are on power bus 2. If memory mirroring is enabled, you can hot-replace one memory card at a time on each memory power bus.
- If a problem with a DIMM is detected, light path diagnostics will light the system-error LED on the front of the server, indicating that there is a problem and guide you to the defective DIMM. When this occurs, first identify the defective DIMM; then, remove and replace the DIMM.

The following illustration shows the LEDs on the memory card:



Memory Hot-Swap Enabled LED: When this LED is lit, it indicates that hot-swap memory is enabled.

Error LED: When this LED is lit, it indicates that a memory card or DIMM has failed.

Memory Port Power LED: When this LED is off, it indicates that power is removed from the port and that you can remove the memory card and replace a failed DIMM. This LED will also turn off when the release levers are opened.

Note: Add odd numbered DIMMs to each available memory card first, then add the even numbered pairs.

Active Memory

Active Memory is an IBM technology that improves the reliability of the DIMMs through memory mirroring, memory scrubbing, and Memory ProteXion[™] features.

The following notes describe the Active Memory features:

 Memory mirroring enables you to improve the reliability of the memory in your server by creating a mirror of the data in memory port 1 and storing it in memory port 2.

Note: For memory mirroring to work, you must have DIMMs of the same size and clock speed in both memory ports.

Complete the following steps to enable memory mirroring:

- 1. Check your operating system documentation to make sure that it supports memory mirroring.
- 2. Install DIMMs of the same size and clock speed in the two memory ports.
- 3. Enable memory mirroring in the Configuration/Setup Utility program:
 - a. Turn on the server and watch the monitor screen.
 - b. When the message Press F1 for Configuration/Setup appears, press
 - c. From the Configuration/Setup Utility main menu, select **Advanced Setup**.
 - d. Select Memory Settings.
 - e. Select Memory Mirroring Settings.
 - f. **Enable** the memory mirroring setting from within this window.
 - g. Save and exit the Configuration/Setup Utility program.

When memory mirroring is enabled, the data that is written to memory is stored in two locations. One copy is kept in the memory port 1 DIMMs, while a second copy is kept in the memory port 2 DIMMs. During the execution of the read command, the data is read from the DIMM with the least number of reported memory errors through Memory scrubbing, which is enabled with memory mirroring.

If memory scrubbing determines that a DIMM is damaged beyond use, read and write operations are redirected to the remaining good DIMMs. Memory scrubbing then reports the damaged DIMM and the Light Path Diagnostics feature displays the error. After the damaged DIMM is replaced, memory mirroring then copies the mirrored data back into the new DIMM.

Memory scrubbing is an automatic daily test of all the system memory that detects and reports memory errors that might be developing before they cause a server outage.

Note: Memory scrubbing and Memory ProteXion technology work with each other and do not require memory mirroring to be enabled to work.

When an error is detected, memory scrubbing determines whether the error is recoverable. If it is recoverable, Memory ProteXion is enabled and the data that was stored in the damaged locations is rewritten to a new location. The error is then reported so that preventive maintenance can be performed. Provided that there are enough good locations to enable the correct operation of the server, no further action is taken other than recording the error in the error logs.

If the error is not recoverable, memory scrubbing sends an error message to the Light Path Diagnostics feature, which then lights the applicable LEDs to guide you to the damaged DIMM. If memory mirroring is enabled, the mirrored copy of the data in the mirrored DIMM is used to refresh the new DIMM after it is installed.

 Memory ProteXion reassigns memory bits to new locations within memory when recoverable errors have been detected.

When a recoverable error is found by memory scrubbing, the Memory ProteXion feature writes the data that was to be stored in the damaged memory locations to spare memory locations within the same DIMM.

Removing and replacing a memory card

At least one memory card with one pair of DIMMs must be installed for the server to operate correctly.

Replacing a memory card: Complete the following steps to replace a memory card:

- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii, and "Handling static-sensitive devices" on page 114.
- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices, and disconnect the power cords and all external cables necessary to replace the device.
- 3. Remove the cover from the server (see "Removing the cover and bezel" on page 115).
- 4. Prepare the new memory card to go into the server:
 - a. Touch the static protective package containing the memory card to any unpainted surface on the outside of the server. Then, remove the memory card from the package.
 - b. Place the memory card on a flat, static protected surface with the DIMM connectors facing up.
 - c. Install memory DIMMs in the memory card (see "Installing memory modules" on page 126).
- 5. Remove the memory card from the server:
 - a. Make sure that the retention levers on the edge of the memory card are fully
 - b. Lift the memory card out of the server and set it aside.
- 6. Replace the memory card:
 - a. Grasp the new memory card by the retention levers and turn the memory card so that the connector aligns with the connector on the microprocessor board.
 - b. Insert the memory card into the memory card connector.
 - c. Press the memory card into the connector and close the retention levers.
- 7. Reconnect external cables and power cords.

Hot-replacing a memory card: To hot-replace a memory card memory mirroring must be enabled. See "Active Memory" on page 124 for information on how to enable memory mirroring.

Complete the following steps to hot-replace a memory card in the server:

Attention: Static electricity that is released to internal server components when the server is powered-on might cause the server to halt, which could result in the loss of data. To avoid this potential problem, always use an electrostatic-discharge wrist strap or other grounding system when working inside the server with the

1. Read the safety information beginning on page v and "Installation guidelines" on page 113.

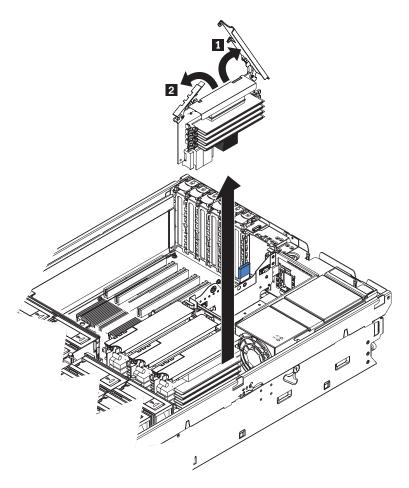
- 2. Remove the cover from the server (see "Removing the cover and bezel" on
- 3. Make sure the Memory Hot-Swap Enabled LED is lit on the top of the memory card to be replaced. If the LED is not lit, enable memory mirroring (see "Active Memory" on page 124).
- 4. Prepare the new memory card to go into the server:
 - a. Touch the static protective package containing the memory card to any unpainted surface on the outside of the server. Then, remove the memory card from the package.
 - b. Place the memory card on a flat, static protected surface with the DIMM connectors facing up.
 - c. Install memory DIMMs in the memory card (see "Installing memory modules").
- 5. Remove the memory card from the server:
 - a. Make sure that the retention levers on the edge of the memory card are fully
 - b. Lift the memory card out of the server.
- 6. Replace the memory card:
 - a. Grasp the new memory card by the retention levers and turn the memory card so that the connector aligns with the connector on the microprocessor board.
 - b. Insert the memory card into the memory card connector.
 - c. Press the memory card into the connector and close the retention levers.

Installing memory modules

Memory modules are installed on a memory card. DIMMs must be installed in pairs of the same type and speed. To use the memory mirroring feature, all the DIMMs that are installed in the server must be the same type and speed, and the feature must be supported by your operating system. The following instructions are for installing one pair of memory modules. To install memory-module pairs on more than one memory card, repeat steps 3 though 7 for each memory card.

Installing a memory module: To install a memory module, complete the following

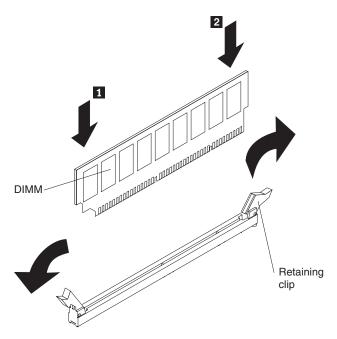
- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii, and "Handling static-sensitive devices" on page 114.
- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices, and disconnect the power cords and all external cables necessary to replace the device.



- 3. Remove the memory card.
 - a. Open the memory card retention levers (1 and 2) on the top of the memory card.
 - b. While holding the retention levers open, lift the memory card out of the server.
- 4. Place a memory card on a flat, static protected surface with the DIMM connectors facing up.

Attention: To avoid breaking the DIMM retaining clips or damaging the DIMM connectors, open and close the clips gently.

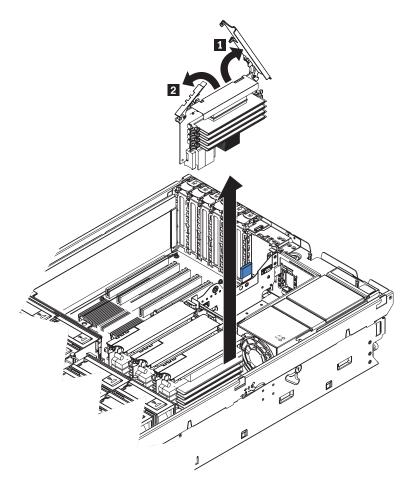
- 5. Open the retaining clip on each end of the DIMM connector.
- 6. Touch the static-protective package that contains the DIMM to any unpainted metal surface on the outside of the server. Then, remove the DIMM from the package.
- 7. Turn the DIMM so that the DIMM keys align correctly with the slot.



- 8. Insert the DIMM into the connector by aligning the edges of the DIMM with the slots at the ends of the DIMM connector.
- 9. Firmly press one end of the DIMM into the connector; then, press the other end into the connector. The retaining clips snap into the locked position when the DIMM is seated in the connector. If there is a gap between the DIMM and the retaining clips, the DIMM has not been correctly inserted; open the retaining clips, remove the DIMM, and then reinsert it.
- 10. Repeat steps 5 through 9 to install the second DIMM in the pair and for each additional pair that you install.
- 11. Replace the memory card:
 - a. Insert the memory card into the memory card connector.
 - b. Press the memory card into the connector and close the retention levers.
- 12. Reconnect external cables and power cords.

Hot-swapping a memory module: To hot-swap memory modules, complete the following steps:

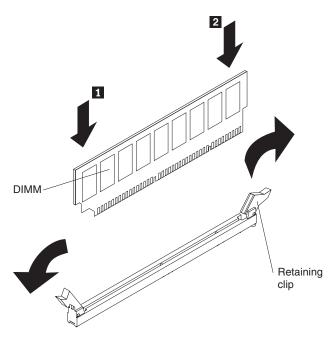
- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii, and "Handling static-sensitive devices" on page 114.
 - **Attention:** Static electricity that is released to internal server components when the server is powered-on might cause the server to halt, which could result in the loss of data. To avoid this potential problem, always use an electrostatic-discharge wrist strap or other grounding system when working inside the server with the power on.
- 2. Remove the top cover "Removing the cover and bezel" on page 115.
 - Attention: When moving the memory card, do not allow it to impact any components or structures inside the server.
 - Make sure that the Memory Hot-Swap Enabled LED is lit.



- 3. Remove the memory card.
 - a. Open the memory card retention levers (1 and 2) on the top of the memory card.
 - b. While holding the retention levers open, lift the memory card out of the server.
- 4. Place a memory card on a flat, static protected surface with the DIMM connectors facing up.

Attention: To avoid breaking the DIMM retaining clips or damaging the DIMM connectors, open and close the clips gently.

- 5. Open the retaining clip on each end of the DIMM connector and remove the DIMM or DIMMs to be replaced.
- 6. Touch the static-protective package that contains the DIMM to any unpainted metal surface on the outside of the server. Then, remove the DIMM from the package.
- 7. Turn the DIMM so that the DIMM keys align correctly with the slot.



- 8. Insert the DIMM into the connector by aligning the edges of the DIMM with the slots at the ends of the DIMM connector.
- 9. Firmly press one end of the DIMM into the connector; then, press the other end into the connector. The retaining clips snap into the locked position when the DIMM is seated in the connector. If there is a gap between the DIMM and the retaining clips, the DIMM has not been correctly inserted; open the retaining clips, remove the DIMM, and then reinsert it.
- 10. Repeat steps 5 through 9 to replace any remaining DIMMs on the memory card.
- 11. Replace the memory card:
 - a. Insert the memory card into the memory card connector.
 - b. Press the memory card into the connector and close the small retention lever.
 - c. Wait two seconds and close the large retention lever.

Hot-adding memory modules: To hot-add memory modules and memory cards, complete the following steps:

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii, and "Handling static-sensitive devices" on page 114.

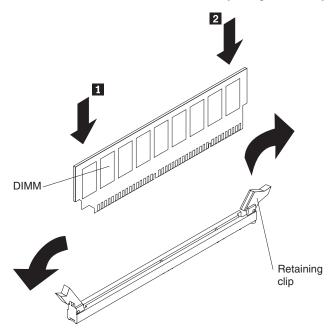
Attention: Static electricity that is released to internal server components when the server is powered-on might cause the server to halt, which could result in the loss of data. To avoid this potential problem, always use an electrostatic-discharge wrist strap or other grounding system when working inside the server with the power on.

- 2. Remove the top cover "Removing the cover and bezel" on page 115. Attention: When moving the memory card, do not allow it to impact any components or structures inside the server.
- 3. Place a memory card on a flat, static protected surface with the DIMM connectors facing up.

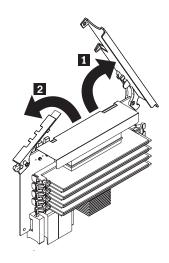
Attention: To avoid breaking the DIMM retaining clips or damaging the DIMM connectors, open and close the clips gently.

4. Open the retaining clip on each end of the DIMM connector.

- 5. Touch the static-protective package that contains the DIMM to any unpainted metal surface on the outside of the server. Then, remove the DIMM from the package.
- 6. Turn the DIMM so that the DIMM keys align correctly with the slot.



- 7. Insert the DIMM into the connector by aligning the edges of the DIMM with the slots at the ends of the DIMM connector.
- 8. Firmly press one end of the DIMM into the connector; then, press the other end into the connector. The retaining clips snap into the locked position when the DIMM is seated in the connector. If there is a gap between the DIMM and the retaining clips, the DIMM has not been correctly inserted; open the retaining clips, remove the DIMM, and then reinsert it.
- 9. Repeat steps 4 through 8 to install any remaining DIMMs on the memory card.
- 10. Open the memory card retention levers on top of the memory card.
- 11. Press the memory card into the connector and close the small retention lever.
- 12. Wait two seconds and close the large retention lever.

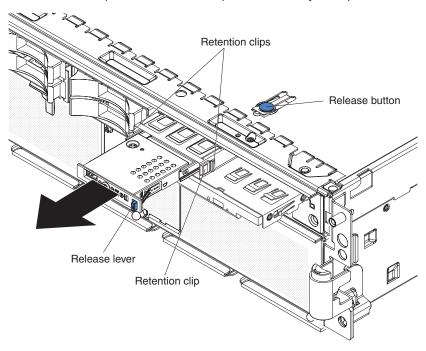


Tier 2 CRU information

You may install a Tier 2 CRU yourself or request IBM to install it, at no additional charge, under the type of warranty service that is designated for your server.

Operator information panel assembly

To remove the operator information panel assembly, complete the following steps.



- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii, and "Handling static-sensitive devices" on page 114.
- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices, and disconnect the power cords and all external cables necessary to replace the device.
- 3. Remove the top cover and bezel (see "Removing the cover and bezel" on page 115).
- 4. Note where the light path diagnostics ribbon cable and front USB cable are connected, and then disconnect both cables from the I/O board.
- 5. Press the blue release button above the front-panel assembly and pull the assembly out of the server approximately one inch (25 mm).
- 6. Press the blue release lever on the operator information panel assembly to the left and gently pull the information panel assembly out of the front-panel assembly until it stops.
- 7. Press the retention clips on each side of the information panel assembly and continue pulling the information panel assembly out of the front-panel assembly until it stops.
- 8. Press the retention clip on the right side of the information panel assembly and pull the information panel assembly out of the front-panel assembly.

To install an operator information panel assembly, complete the following steps:

1. Guide the light path diagnostics ribbon cable and front USB cable through the front-panel assembly first, and insert the information panel assembly into the front-panel assembly until the blue release lever on the front engages.

- Connect the light path diagnostics ribbon cable and front USB cable to the I/O board.
- 3. Slide the front-panel assembly into the server until the blue tab on the chassis engages.
- 4. Replace the bezel and top cover.
- 5. Reconnect external cables and power cords.

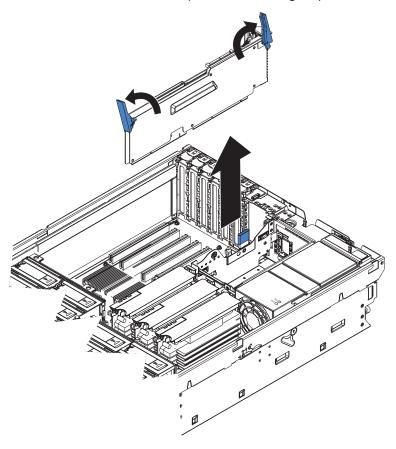
I/O board

When replacing the I/O board, you must either update the server with the latest SAS firmware or restore the pre-existing firmware from a diskette or CD image.

The I/O board contains three-pin jumper blocks. See "I/O board internal connectors and jumpers" on page 8 for the location and description of each jumper block.

Replacing the I/O board

To remove the I/O board, complete the following steps.



- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii, and "Handling static-sensitive devices" on page 114.
- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices, and disconnect the power cords and all external cables necessary to replace the device.
- 3. Remove the top cover.

Attention: When moving the I/O board, do not allow it to impact any components or structures inside the server.

4. Open the release latches on both ends of the I/O board and pull the board from the server slightly.

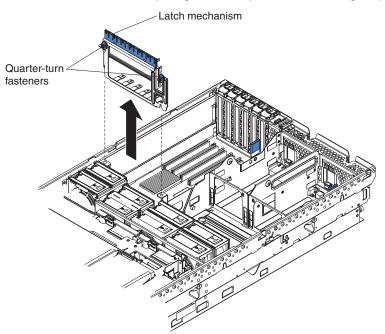
5. Note where each cable is connected, and then disconnect all cables from the I/O board and remove the assembly from the server.

To install an I/O board, complete the following steps:

- 1. Connect all cables to the internal connectors on the I/O board.
- 2. Align the board with the card guides and insert the board in the connector.
- 3. Close the release latches to seat the board in the connector.
- 4. Replace the top cover.
- 5. Reconnect the external cables and power cords.

PCI-X adapter guide

To remove the PCI-X adapter guide, complete the following steps.



- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii, and "Handling static-sensitive devices" on page 114.
- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices, and disconnect the power cords and all external cables necessary to replace the device.
- Remove the top cover.
- 4. Lift the latch mechanism.
- Remove all adapters and adapter dividers, and place the adapters on a static-protective surface (see the *User's Guide* on the IBM *Documentation CD*).

Note: You might find it helpful to note where each adapter is installed before removing the adapters.

6. Disconnect one end of all cables that pass through the PCI-X adapter guide; then, remove the cables from the routing feature of the guide and fold the cables out of the way.

Note: You might find it helpful to note where each cable is connected before disconnecting the cables.

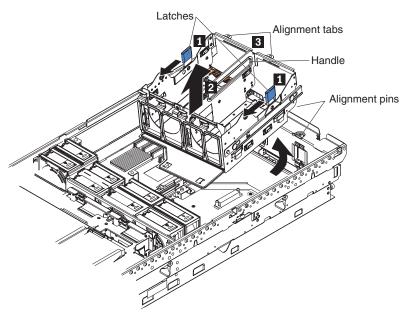
- 7. Turn the blue quarter-turn fasteners to release the PCI-X adapter guide.
- 8. Lift the guide out of the server.

To install a PCI-X adapter guide, complete the following steps:

- 1. Align the two tabs on the PCI-X adapter guide with the two slots on the chassis.
- 2. Set the guide firmly into place and turn the quarter-turn fasteners to secure the guide.
- 3. Reconnect the cables that pass through the PCI-X adapter guide and route the cables through the routing feature of the guide.
- 4. Install the adapters and dividers.
- 5. When replacing the dividers, make sure that the tabs on the bottom of the dividers rest in the holes in the bottom of the metal section of the guide and the tabs on the top of the dividers engage the plastic retainer section of the guide.
- 6. Lower the latch mechanism.
- 7. Replace the top cover.
- 8. Reconnect external cables and power cords.

Power-supply structure

To remove the power-supply structure, complete the following steps.



1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii, and "Handling static-sensitive devices" on page 114.

Attention: Static electricity that is released to internal server components when the server is powered-on might cause the server to halt, which could result in the loss of data. To avoid this potential problem, always use an electrostatic-discharge wrist strap or other grounding system when working inside the server with the power on.

- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices, and disconnect the power cords and all external cables necessary to replace the device.
- 3. Remove the top cover.
- 4. Remove the memory cards (see "Removing and replacing a memory card" on page 125).
- 5. Remove the power supplies (see "Hot-swap power supply" on page 120).
- 6. Pull the two blue latches (1) on the power-supply structure toward the front of the server; the structure will disengage from the chassis.

- 7. Grasp the handle in the middle of the structure and rotate the structure up (2), allowing the structure to pivot at the chassis front.
- 8. Lift the structure out of the server, and make sure that the alignment tabs clear the chassis.

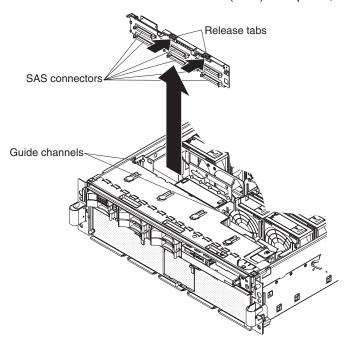
To install a power-supply structure, complete the following steps.

Attention: Do not allow any cables to be pinched or caught on metal protrusions.

- 1. Align the tabs on the power-supply structure with the notches on the rear of the chassis; then, gently lower the structure into the server. Make sure that the structure is firmly seated in the chassis.
- 2. Push the two blue latches of the power-supply structure toward the rear of the server until they lock the structure into position.
- 3. Replace the power supplies.
- 4. Replace the memory cards.
- 5. Replace the top cover.
- 6. Reconnect the external cables and power cords.

SAS backplane

To remove the Serial Attached SCSI (SAS) backplane, complete the following steps.



- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii, and "Handling static-sensitive devices" on page 114.
- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices, and disconnect the power cords and all external cables necessary to replace the device.
- 3. Remove the top cover.
- 4. Pull the hard disk drives out of the server slightly to disengage them from the SAS backplane.
- 5. Note where the SAS cables are connected, and then disconnect the 2 SAS cables from the SAS backplane.
- Squeeze the two blue release tabs.

7. Lift the SAS backplane out of the server slightly; then, disconnect the power cable and remove the backplane.

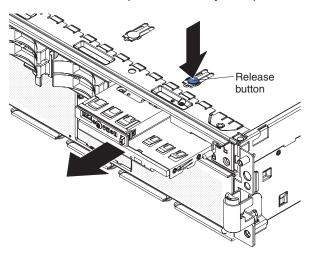
To install a SAS backplane, complete the following steps:

- 1. Connect the power cable to the replacement backplane.
- 2. Slide the backplane into the card guides.
- 3. Align the two slots in the backplane with the two guide tabs; then, press firmly until the blue tabs secure the backplane.
- 4. Reconnect the SAS cables to the backplane.
- 5. Replace the top cover.
- Replace the hard disk drives.
- 7. Reconnect the external cables and power cords.

FRU information

Front-panel assembly

To remove the front-panel assembly, complete the following steps.



- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii, and "Handling static-sensitive devices" on page 114.
- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices, and disconnect the power cords and all external cables necessary to replace the device.
- 3. Remove the top cover and bezel.
- 4. Remove the DVD drive power and signal cables from the media-interposer card.
- 5. Note where the light path diagnostics ribbon cable is connected, and then disconnect the light path diagnostics ribbon cable from the I/O board.
- 6. Press the blue tab on the chassis above the front-panel assembly and pull the assembly out of the server.

To install a front-panel assembly, complete the following steps:

- 1. Guide the light path diagnostics ribbon cable through first, and insert the assembly into the server through the front.
- 2. Connect the DVD drive power cable and signal cable.
- 3. Connect the light path diagnostics ribbon cable to the I/O board.
- 4. Replace the bezel and top cover.

5. Reconnect the external cables and power cords.

Microprocessor tray and microprocessor

The following sections describe how to replace the microprocessor tray and a microprocessor.

The following notes describe information that you must consider when installing a microprocessor:

- The voltage regulators for microprocessors 1 and 2 are integrated on the microprocessor board; the VRMs for microprocessors 3 and 4 come with the microprocessor options and must be installed on the microprocessor board.
- · When installing additional microprocessors, populate the microprocessor connectors in numeric order, starting with connector 2.
- You can use the Configurations/Setup utility program to determine the specific type of microprocessor in the server.
- A dual-core upgrade option is available to enable the server to support dual-core microprocessors.

Important: The following minimum code levels must be installed for the server to support the dual-core upgrade:

Basic input/output system (BIOS) code level ZUJT53A

Remote Supervisor Adapter II (RSA2) firmware level ZUEP37B

Baseboard management controller (BMC) code level Z2BT05D

Complex programmable logic device (CPLD) firmware level HEUD18A

Diagnostic program (Diags) code level ZUYT26A

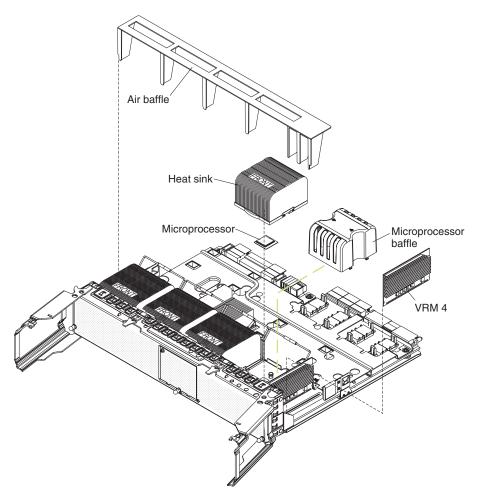
The server model number will change when you install this upgrade. A new label comes with the option kit for you to place over the existing label on the server. The following table lists the kit server model numbers before and after the dual-core upgrade is installed.

Table 7.

Model numbers before the dual-core upgrade is installed	Model numbers after the dual-core upgrade is installed	
3Rx	ZZZ, PPP	
4RX	333, QQQ	

Removing and installing a microprocessor

Complete the following steps to remove the microprocessor tray and a microprocessor.



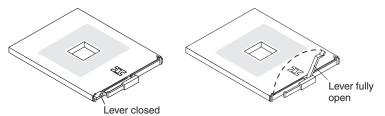
- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii, and "Handling static-sensitive devices" on page 114.
- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices, and disconnect the power cords and all external cables necessary to replace the device.
- 3. Remove the top cover and bezel (see "Removing the cover and bezel" on page 115).
- 4. Remove all fans (see "Hot-swap fan" on page 118).
- 5. Remove the memory cards (see "Removing and replacing a memory card" on page 125).
- 6. Lift the microprocessor-tray release latch.
- 7. Open the microprocessor-tray levers.

Attention: The microprocessor tray is heavy. Pull the tray partially out of the server, and then reposition your hands to grasp the body of the tray, before pulling out the tray the rest of the way.

- 8. Remove the microprocessor tray.
- 9. Press in on the release latches on each side of the tray; then, pull the tray out the rest of the way.
- 10. Lift the air baffle out of the microprocessor tray.
- 11. Open the heat sink-release lever and remove the heat sink.
- 12. Open the microprocessor-release lever and remove the microprocessor from the microprocessor socket.

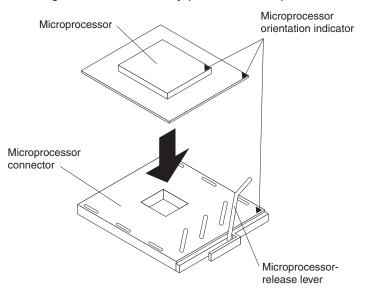
To install a microprocessor tray and a microprocessor, complete the following steps:

1. Lift the microprocessor-release lever to the fully open position (approximately 135° angle).



Attention: To avoid bending the pins on the microprocessor, do not use excessive force when pressing it into the socket.

2. Position the microprocessor over the microprocessor socket as shown in the following illustration. Carefully press the microprocessor into the socket.



- 3. Close the microprocessor-release lever to secure the microprocessor.
- 4. Make sure that the heat-sink retaining clip is open.
- 5. If you are installing a new heat sink, remove the cover from the bottom of the heat sink. If you are reinstalling a heat sink that was previously removed, go to "Thermal grease" on page 141 for instructions on replacing the contaminated or missing thermal grease; then, return here and continue step 6.
- 6. If necessary, remove the cover from the bottom of the heat sink.
- 7. Position the heat sink above the microprocessor; then, press the heat sink into place and close the heat-sink release lever.

Note: If you are installing an additional microprocessor in microprocessor socket 3 or 4, you must also install a VRM.

- 8. If necessary, install a VRM in the connector.
 - a. Open the retaining clips on each end of the VRM connector.
 - b. Turn the VRM so the keys align with the slot.
 - c. Insert the VRM into the connector by aligning the edges of the VRM with the slots at the end of the VRM connector. Firmly press the VRM straight down into the connector by applying pressure on both ends of the VRM simultaneously. The retaining clips snap into the locked position when the VRM is seated in the connector.

- 9. Install the air baffle in the microprocessor tray.
- 10. Install the microprocessor tray in the server:
 - a. Make sure that the microprocessor-tray release latch is open; then, push the microprocessor tray into the server.
 - b. Close the tray levers and make sure they are securely latched.
 - c. Close the microprocessor-tray release latch.
 - d. Reinstall the fans and memory cards in the server.
- 11. Reinstall the top cover and bezel.
- 12. Reconnect external cables and power cords.

Thermal grease

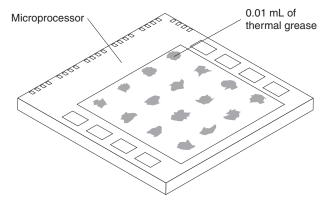
The thermal grease must be replaced whenever the heat sink has been removed from the top of the microprocessor and is going to be reused or when debris is found in the grease.

To replace damaged or contaminated thermal grease on the microprocessor and heat sink, complete the following steps:

- 1. Place the heat sink on a clean work surface.
- 2. Remove the cleaning pad from its package and unfold it completely.
- 3. Use the cleaning pad to wipe the thermal grease from the bottom of the heat sink.

Note: Make sure that all of the thermal grease is removed.

4. Use a clean area of the cleaning pad to wipe the thermal grease from the microprocessor; then, dispose of the cleaning pad after all of the thermal grease is removed.



5. Use the thermal-grease syringe to place 16 uniformly spaced dots of 0.01 mL each on the top of the microprocessor.

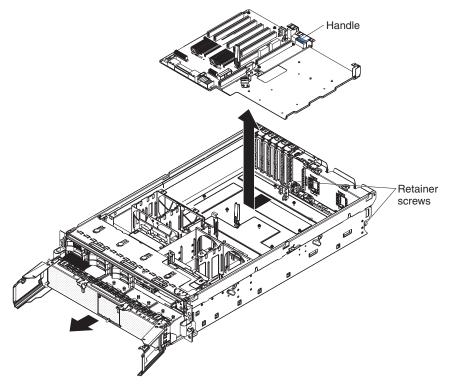


Note: 0.01mL is one tick mark on the syringe. If the grease is properly applied, approximately half (0.22 mL) of the grease will remain in the syringe.

6. Install the heat sink onto the microprocessor as described in "Removing and installing a microprocessor" on page 138.

PCI-X board assembly

Complete the following steps to remove a PCI-X board assembly.



- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii, and "Handling static-sensitive devices" on page 114.
- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices, and disconnect the power cords and all external cables necessary to replace the device.
- 3. Remove the top cover and bezel (see "Removing the cover and bezel" on page 115).
- 4. Remove the power supplies and power-structure assembly (see "Power-supply structure" on page 135).
- 5. Remove the I/O board (see "I/O board" on page 133).
- 6. Remove all adapters and adapter dividers, and place the adapters on a static-protective surface.

Note: You might find it helpful to note where each adapter is installed before removing the adapters.

- 7. Disconnect the PCI-X switch card cable from the PCI-X board (see "PCI-X switch card assembly" on page 143).
- 8. Disconnect the SAS backplane power cable from the PCI-X board (see "SAS backplane" on page 136).
- 9. Remove all fans (see "Hot-swap fan" on page 118).
- 10. Remove the memory cards (see "Removing and replacing a memory card" on page 125).
- 11. Lift the microprocessor-tray release latch, open the microprocessor-tray levers, and pull the microprocessor tray out of the server slightly (see "Removing and installing a microprocessor" on page 138).
- 12. Remove the power backplane (see "Power backplane" on page 144).
- 13. Loosen the blue retainer screws on the rear of the server.

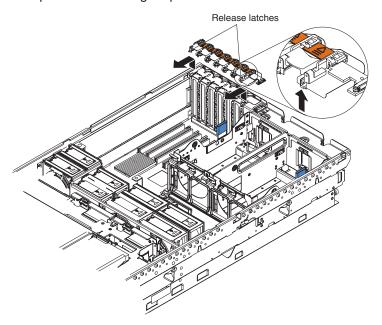
14. Slide the PCI-X board assembly toward the front of the server and grasp the blue handle to pull the assembly out of the server.

To install a PCI-X board assembly, complete the following steps:

- 1. Grasp the blue handle on the PCI-X board assembly and place the assembly in the chassis. Slide the assembly toward the rear of the chassis and align it with the blue retainer screws.
- 2. Tighten the retainer screws to secure the assembly.
- 3. Install the power backplane.
- 4. Slide the microprocessor-tray assembly back into the server.
- 5. Install the memory cards.
- 6. Install all fans.
- 7. Connect the SAS backplane power cable to the connector on the PCI-X board.
- 8. Connect the PCI-X switch card cable to the connector on the PCI-X board.
- 9. Install the PCI-X adapter guide and the adapter dividers.
- 10. Install the I/O board.
- 11. Install the power supplies and the power-structure assembly.
- 12. Replace the top cover and bezel.
- 13. Reconnect the external cables and power cords.

PCI-X switch card assembly

Complete the following steps to remove a PCI-X switch-card assembly.



- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii, and "Handling static-sensitive devices" on page 114.
- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices, and disconnect the power cords and all external cables necessary to replace the device.
- 3. Remove the top cover and bezel (see "Removing the cover and bezel" on page 115).
- 4. Remove all adapters and adapter dividers, and place the adapters on a static-protective surface.

Note: You might find it helpful to note where each adapter is installed before removing the adapters.

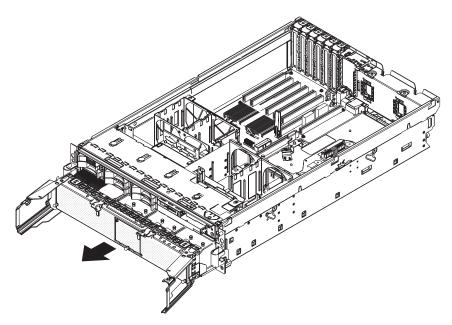
- 5. Disconnect the PCI-X switch card ribbon cable from the card.
- 6. Lift the release latches and slide the card away from the chassis; then, remove the card from the server.

To install a PCI-X switch-card assembly, complete the following steps:

- 1. Lower the card into place so that the lips on the bottom of the EMI shielding material fit into the chassis, and slide the card into place until the two release latches snap securely.
- 2. Connect the ribbon cable to the PCI-X switch-card assembly.
- 3. Install the adapters and adapter dividers.
- 4. Replace the top cover and bezel.
- 5. Reconnect the external cables and power cords.

Power backplane

Complete the following steps to remove a power backplane.



- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii, and "Handling static-sensitive devices" on page 114.
- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices, and disconnect the power cords and all external cables necessary to replace the device.
- 3. Remove the top cover.
- 4. Remove all fans (see "Hot-swap fan" on page 118).
- 5. Remove the memory cards (see "Removing and replacing a memory card" on page 125).
- 6. Lift the microprocessor-tray release latch, open the microprocessor-tray levers, and pull the microprocessor tray out of the server slightly (see "Removing and installing a microprocessor" on page 138).
- 7. Remove the power supplies and the power-supply structure (see "Power-supply structure" on page 135).

8. Remove the screws that secure the power backplane to the chassis and lift the power backplane out of the server.

To install a power backplane, complete the following steps:

- 1. Align the power backplane in the server and secure the power backplane with screws.
- 2. Install the power-supply structure and the power supplies.
- 3. Slide the microprocessor tray in the server and close the microprocessor-tray levers.
- 4. Install the memory cards.
- 5. Install the fans.
- 6. Replace the top cover.
- 7. Reconnect the external cables and power cords.

Chapter 5. Configuration information and instructions

This chapter provides information about updating the firmware and using the configuration utilities.

Updating the firmware

The firmware in your server is periodically updated and is available for download on the Web. Go to http://www.ibm.com/support/ to check for the latest level of firmware, such as BIOS code, vital product data (VPD) code, device drivers, and service processor firmware.

The Update Xpress program is available for most IBM System x and xSeries servers and server options. It detects supported and installed device drivers and firmware in your server and installs available updates. You can download the Update Xpress program from the Web at no additional cost, or you can purchase it on a CD. To download the program or purchase the CD, go to http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/xseries/systems_management/ibm_director/extensions/xpress.html.

When replacing devices in the server, you might have to either update the server with the latest version of the firmware stored on the board or restore the pre-existing firmware from a diskette or CD image.

- BIOS code and the diagnostics programs are stored in ROM on the microprocessor board.
- BMC firmware is stored in ROM on the baseboard management controller on the microprocessor board.
- Ethernet firmware is stored in ROM on the Ethernet controller on the PCI-X board.
- · ServeRAID firmware is stored in ROM on the ServeRAID adapter.
- SAS firmware is stored in ROM on the SAS controller on the I/O board.
- Major components contain VPD code. You can select to update the VPD code during the BIOS code update procedure.

Configuring the server

The ServerGuide Setup and Installation CD provides software setup tools and installation tools that are specifically designed for your IBM server. Use this CD during the initial installation of the server to configure basic hardware features and to simplify the operating-system installation.

In addition to the *ServerGuide Setup and Installation* CD, you can use the following configuration programs to customize the server hardware:

- Update Xpress program
- Configuration/Setup Utility program
- Baseboard management controller utility programs
- Preboot Execution Environment (PXE) boot agent utility program
- SAS/SATA Configuration Utility program
- · ServeRAID Manager

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This section contains basic information about these programs. For detailed information about these programs, see "Configuring the server" in the User's Guide on the IBM Documentation CD.

Using the ServerGuide Setup and Installation CD

The ServerGuide Setup and Installation CD provides programs to detect the server model and installed hardware options, configure the server hardware, provide device drivers, and help you install the operating system. For information about the supported operating-system versions, see the label on the CD. If the ServerGuide Setup and Installation CD did not come with your server, you can download the latest version from http://www.ibm.com/pc/qtechinfo/MIGR-4ZKPPT.html.

Complete the following steps to start the ServerGuide Setup and Installation CD:

- 1. Insert the CD, and restart the server.
- 2. Follow the instructions on the screen to:
 - a. Select your language.
 - b. Select your keyboard layout and country.
 - c. View the overview to learn about ServerGuide features.
 - d. View the readme file to review installation tips about your operating system and adapter.
 - e. Start the setup and hardware configuration programs.
 - f. Start the operating-system installation. You will need your operating-system CD.

Using the Configuration/Setup Utility program

Use the Configuration/Setup Utility program to:

- View configuration information
- · View and change assignments for devices and I/O ports
- · Set the date and time
- Set and change passwords
- Set the startup characteristics of the server and the order of startup devices
- · Set and change settings for advanced hardware features
- View and clear error logs
- · Change interrupt request (IRQ) settings
- Enable USB legacy keyboard and mouse support
- · Resolve configuration conflicts

Go to http://www.ibm.com/support/ to check for the latest version of the BIOS code.

Starting the Configuration/Setup Utility program

To start the Configuration/Setup Utility program, complete the following steps:

- 1. Turn on the server.
- 2. When the prompt Press F1 for Configuration/Setup appears, press F1. If you have set both a power-on password and an administrator password, you must type the administrator password to access the full Configuration/Setup Utility menu. If you do not type the administrator password, a limited Configuration/Setup Utility menu is available.
- 3. Select settings to view or change.

Configuration/Setup Utility menu choices

The following choices are on the Configuration/Setup Utility main menu. Depending on the version of the BIOS code in the server, some menu choices might differ slightly from these descriptions.

System Summary

Select this choice to view configuration information, including the type, speed, and cache sizes of the microprocessors, type and speed of installed USB devices, and the amount of installed memory. When you make configuration changes through other options in the Configuration/Setup Utility program, the changes are reflected in the system summary; you cannot change settings directly in the system summary.

This choice is on the full and limited Configuration/Setup Utility menu.

System Information

Select this choice to view information about the server. When you make changes through other options in the Configuration/Setup Utility program, some of those changes are reflected in the system information; you cannot change settings directly in the system information.

This choice is on the full Configuration/Setup Utility menu only.

Product Data

Select this choice to view the machine type and model of the server, the serial number, the revision level or issue date of the BIOS and diagnostics code stored in electrically erasable programmable ROM (EEPROM), and the revision level of the firmware on the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine.

System Card Data

Select this choice to view vital product data (VPD) for some server components.

Devices and I/O Ports

Select this choice to view or change assignments for devices and input/output (I/O) ports.

Select this choice to enable or disable integrated SAS and Ethernet controllers and all standard ports (such as serial and parallel). Enable is the default setting for all controllers. If you disable a device, it cannot be configured, and the operating system will not be able to detect it (this is equivalent to disconnecting the device). If you disable the integrated Ethernet controller and no Ethernet adapter is installed, the server will have no Ethernet capability. If you disable the integrated USB controller, the server will have no USB capability; to maintain USB capability, make sure that **Enabled** is selected for the **USB Host Controller** and USB BIOS Legacy Support options.

Note: If the USB host controller is disabled, the Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine remote keyboard, remote mouse, remote disk, OS watchdog, and in-band management functions are also disabled.

This choice is on the full Configuration/Setup Utility menu only.

Date and Time

Select this choice to set the date and time in the server, in 24-hour format (hour.minute:second).

This choice is on the full Configuration/Setup Utility menu only.

System Security

Select this choice to set passwords. See "Passwords" on page 152 for more information about passwords. You can also enable the chassis-intrusion detector to alert you each time the server cover is removed.

This choice is on the full Configuration/Setup Utility menu only.

Power-on Password

Select this choice to set or change a power-on password. See "Power-on password" on page 152 for more information.

Administrator Password

Attention: If you set an administrator password and then forget it, there is no way to change, override, or remove it. You must replace the I/O board.

Select this choice to set or change an administrator password. An administrator password is intended to be used by a system administrator; it limits access to the full Configuration/Setup Utility menu. If an administrator password is set, the full Configuration/Setup Utility menu is available only if you type the administrator password at the password prompt. See "Administrator password" on page 153 for more information.

This choice is on the Configuration/Setup Utility menu only if an IBM Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine is installed.

Start Options

Select this choice to view or change the start options. Changes in the start options take effect when you restart the server.

You can specify whether the server starts with the keyboard number lock on or off. You can enable the server to run without a diskette drive, monitor, or keyboard.

The startup sequence specifies the order in which the server checks devices to find a boot record. The server starts from the first boot record that it finds. If the server has Wake on LAN hardware and software and the operating system supports Wake on LAN functions, you can specify a startup sequence for the Wake on LAN functions.

If you enable the boot fail count, the BIOS default settings will be restored after three consecutive failures to find a boot record.

You can enable a virus-detection test that checks for changes in the boot record when the server starts.

You can enable the use of a USB keyboard in a DOS or System Setup environment. If a PS/2 keyboard is detected, the USB legacy operation will be disabled.

This choice is on the full Configuration/Setup Utility menu only.

Advanced Setup

Select this choice to change settings for advanced hardware features.

Important: The server might malfunction if these options are incorrectly configured. Follow the instructions on the screen carefully.

This choice is on the full Configuration/Setup Utility menu only.

System Partition Visibility

Select this choice to specify whether the System Partition is to be visible or hidden.

PCI Slot/Device Information

Select this choice to view system resources used by installed PCI/PCI-X devices. PCI/PCI-X devices are usually configured automatically. This information is saved when you exit. The Save Settings, Restore Settings, and Load Default Settings choices on the Configuration/Setup Utility main menu do not save the PCI Slot/Device Information settings.

This selection is only available when a Remote Supervisor II Adapter SlimLine is installed in the server.

Memory Settings

Select this choice to manually enable a pair of memory connectors. If a memory error is detected during POST or memory configuration, the server automatically disables the failing pair of memory connectors and continues operating with reduced memory. After the problem is corrected, you must manually enable memory connectors. Use the arrow keys to highlight the pair of memory connectors that you want to enable, and use the arrow keys to select Enable.

- CPU Options

Select this choice to enable or disable the Hyper-Threading Technology.

Baseboard management controller (BMC) settings

Select this choice to view information and to change baseboard management controller (BMC) settings.

- BMC Firmware Ver

This is a nonselectable menu item that displays the BMC firmware version.

- BMC POST Watchdog

Enable or disable the BMC POST watchdog. **Disable** is the default setting.

BMC POST Watchdog Timeout

Set the BMC POST watchdog timeout value. 5 minutes is the default setting.

System-BMC Serial Port Sharing

Enable or disable the system BMC serial port sharing. **Enable** is the default setting.

- BMC Serial Port Access Mode

Share or disable the BMC serial port access mode. Shared is the default setting.

Reboot System on NMI

If you enable this option, the server automatically restarts 60 seconds after the service processor issues a nonmaskable interrupt (NMI) to the server. If you disable this option, the server does not restart. Enable is the default setting.

BMC Network Configuration

Select this choice to view the BMC Network Configuration information.

BMC System Event Log

To view the BMC System Event Log, which contains all system error and warning messages that have been generated. Use the arrow keys to move between pages in the log. If an optional IBM Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine is installed, the full text of the error messages is displayed; otherwise, the log contains only numeric error codes. Run the diagnostic program to get more information about error codes that occur. See Chapter 2, "Diagnostics," on page 13 for instructions. Select Clear error logs to clear the BMC system event log.

Error Logs

Select this choice to view or clear error logs.

This choice is available on the full Configuration/Setup Utility menu only.

POST Error Log

Select this choice to view the three most recent error codes and messages that were generated during POST. Select Clear error logs to clear the POST error log.

Save Settings

Select this choice to save the changes you have made in the settings.

Restore Settings

Select this choice to cancel the changes you have made in the settings and restore the previous settings.

Load Default Settings

Select this choice to cancel the changes you have made in the settings and restore the factory settings.

Exit Setup

Select this choice to exit from the Configuration/Setup Utility program. If you have not saved the changes you have made in the settings, you are asked whether you want to save the changes or exit without saving them.

Passwords

From the **System Security** choice, you can set, change, and delete a power-on password and an administrator password. The System Security choice is on the full Configuration/Setup menu only.

If you set only a power-on password, you must type the power-on password to complete the system startup, and you have access to the full Configuration/Setup Utility menu.

An administrator password is intended to be used by a system administrator; it limits access to the full Configuration/Setup Utility menu. If you set only an administrator password, you do not have to type a password to complete the system startup, but you must type the administrator password to access the Configuration/Setup Utility menu.

If you set a power-on password for a user and an administrator password for a system administrator, you can type either password to complete the system startup. A system administrator who types the administrator password has access to the full Configuration/Setup Utility menu; the system administrator can give the user authority to set, change, and delete the power-on password. A user who types the power-on password has access to only the limited Configuration/Setup Utility menu; the user can set, change, and delete the power-on password, if the system administrator has given the user that authority.

Power-on password: If a power-on password is set, when you turn on the server, the system startup will not be completed until you type the power-on password. You can use any combination of up to seven characters (A-Z, a-z, and 0-9) for the password.

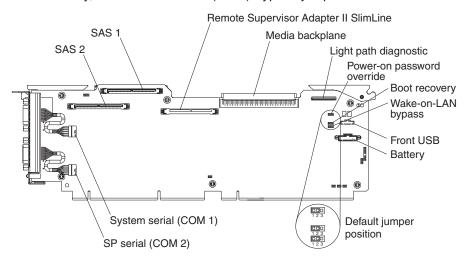
When a power-on password is set, you can enable the Unattended Start mode, in which the keyboard and mouse remain locked but the operating system can start. You can unlock the keyboard and mouse by typing the power-on password.

If you forget the power-on password, you can regain access to the server in any of the following ways:

- If an administrator password is set, type the administrator password at the password prompt. Start the Configuration/Setup Utility program and reset the power-on password.
- Remove the server battery and then reinstall it. See "Battery" on page 116 for instructions for removing the battery.
- Change the position of the power-on password override jumper (J9 on the I/O board) to bypass the power-on password check.

Attention: Before changing any switch settings or moving any jumpers, turn off the server; then, disconnect all power cords and external cables. See the safety information beginning on page vii. Do not change settings or move jumpers on any system-board switch or jumper blocks that are not shown in this document.

The following illustration shows the location of the power-on password override, boot recovery, and Wake on LAN (WOL) bypass jumpers.



While the server is turned off, move the jumper on J9 from pins 1 and 2 to pins 2 and 3. You can then start the Configuration/Setup Utility program and reset the power-on password. After you reset the password, turn off the server again and move the jumper back to pins 1 and 2.

The power-on password override switch does not affect the administrator password.

Administrator password: If an administrator password is set, you must type the administrator password for access to the full Configuration/Setup Utility menu. You can use any combination of up to seven characters (A–Z, a–z, and 0–9) for the password. The **Administrator Password** choice is on the Configuration/Setup Utility menu only if an optional IBM Remote Supervisor Adapter II SlimLine is installed.

Attention: If you set an administrator password and then forget it, there is no way to change, override, or remove it. You must replace the I/O board.

Installing and using the baseboard management controller utility programs

The baseboard management controller provides environmental monitoring for the server. If environmental conditions exceed thresholds or if system components fail, the baseboard management controller lights LEDs to help you diagnose the problem and also records the error in the System Event/Error log.

Also use the baseboard management controller to establish a Serial over LAN (SOL) connection to manage servers from a remote location. You can remotely view and change the BIOS settings, restart the server, identify the server, and perform other management functions. Any standard Telenet client application can access the SOL connection.

Use the baseboard management controller firmware update utility program to download a baseboard management controller firmware update. The firmware update utility program updates the baseboard management controller firmware and does not affect any device drivers.

Go to http://www.ibm.com/support/ to download the utility program; then, copy the Flash.exe file to a firmware update diskette.

Note: To ensure proper server operation, be sure to update the server baseboard management controller firmware before updating the BIOS code.

Using the SAS/SATA Configuration Utility program

Use the SAS/SATA Configuration Utility program to view or change SAS controller settings.

Complete the following steps to start the SAS/SATA Configuration Utility program:

- 1. Turn on the server.
- 2. When the message Press <CTRL><A> for Adaptec SAS/SATA Configuration Utility appears, press Ctrl+A. If an administrator password has been set, you are prompted to type the password.
- 3. Follow the instructions on the screen to configure the controller settings.

Go to http://www.ibm.com/support/ to check for the latest version of the SAS firmware.

Configuring the Ethernet controller

The Ethernet controller is integrated on the system board. It provides an interface for connecting to a 10-Mbps, 100-Mbps, or 1-Gbps network and provides full-duplex (FDX) capability, which enables simultaneous transmission and reception of data on the network. If the Ethernet ports in the server support auto-negotiation, the controller detects the data-transfer rate (10BASE-T, 100BASE-TX, or 1000BASE-T) and duplex mode (full-duplex or half-duplex) of the network and automatically operates at that rate and mode.

You do not have to set any jumpers or configure the controller. However, you must install a device driver to enable the operating system to address the controller. For device drivers and information about configuring the Ethernet controller, see the Broadcom NetXtreme Gigabit Ethernet Software CD that comes with the server. For updated information about configuring the controller, go to http://www.ibm.com/ support/.

Using the PXE boot agent utility program

The Preboot Execution Environment (PXE) boot agent utility program is part of the BIOS code. You can use it to specify the startup order of devices and enable or disable operating-system wake-up support.

Note: The server does not support changing the network boot protocol or specifying the startup order of devices through the PXE boot agent utility program.

Complete the following steps to start the PXE boot agent utility program:

- 1. Turn on the server.
- 2. When the Initializing Intel (R) Boot Agent Version X.X.XX PXE 2.0 Build XXX (WfM 2.0) prompt appears, press Ctrl+S. You have 2 seconds (by default)

- to press Ctrl+S after the prompt appears. If the prompt does not appear, use the Configuration/Setup Utility program to enable the Ethernet PXE/DHCP option.
- 3. Use the arrow keys and press Enter to select a choice from the menu.
- 4. Follow the instructions on the screen to change the settings of the selected items; then, press Enter.

Using the ServeRAID configuration programs

A ServeRAID controller enables you to configure multiple physical hard disk drives to operate as logical drives in a disk array. The controller comes with a CD containing the ServeRAID Manager program and the ServeRAID Mini-Configuration program, which you can use to configure the ServeRAID controller. For information about these programs, see the documentation that comes with the ServeRAID controller and the User's Guide on the IBM Documentation CD. If your server comes with an operating system installed, such as Microsoft Windows 2000 Datacenter Server, see the software documentation that comes with the server for configuration information.

Appendix A. Getting help and technical assistance

If you need help, service, or technical assistance or just want more information about IBM products, you will find a wide variety of sources available from IBM to assist you. This appendix contains information about where to go for additional information about IBM and IBM products, what to do if you experience a problem with your system or optional device, and whom to call for service, if it is necessary.

Before you call

Before you call, make sure that you have taken these steps to try to solve the problem yourself:

- Check all cables to make sure that they are connected.
- Check the power switches to make sure that the system and any optional devices are turned on.
- Use the troubleshooting information in your system documentation, and use the diagnostic tools that come with your system. Information about diagnostic tools is in the Hardware Maintenance Manual and Troubleshooting Guide or Problem Determination and Service Guide on the IBM Documentation CD that comes with your system.

Note: For some IntelliStation models, the *Hardware Maintenance Manual and Troubleshooting Guide* is available only from the IBM support Web site.

 Go to the IBM support Web site at http://www.ibm.com/support/ to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.

You can solve many problems without outside assistance by following the troubleshooting procedures that IBM provides in the online help or in the documentation that is provided with your IBM product. The documentation that comes with IBM systems also describes the diagnostic tests that you can perform. Most systems, operating systems, and programs come with documentation that contains troubleshooting procedures and explanations of error messages and error codes. If you suspect a software problem, see the documentation for the operating system or program.

Using the documentation

Information about your IBM system and preinstalled software, if any, or optional device is available in the documentation that comes with the product. That documentation can include printed documents, online documents, readme files, and help files. See the troubleshooting information in your system documentation for instructions for using the diagnostic programs. The troubleshooting information or the diagnostic programs might tell you that you need additional or updated device drivers or other software. IBM maintains pages on the World Wide Web where you can get the latest technical information and download device drivers and updates. To access these pages, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/ and follow the instructions. Also, some documents are available through the IBM Publications Center at http://www.elink.ibmlink.ibm.com/public/applications/publications/cgibin/pbi.cgi.

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Getting help and information from the World Wide Web

On the World Wide Web, the IBM Web site has up-to-date information about IBM systems, optional devices, services, and support. The address for IBM System x, xSeries, and BladeCenter® information is http://www.ibm.com/eserver/xseries/. The address for IBM IntelliStation information is http://www.ibm.com/intellistation/.

You can find service information for IBM systems and optional devices at http://www.ibm.com/support/.

Software service and support

Through IBM Support Line, you can get telephone assistance, for a fee, with usage, configuration, and software problems with IBM System x and xSeries servers, BladeCenter products, IntelliStation workstations, and appliances. For information about which products are supported by Support Line in your country or region, see http://www.ibm.com/services/sl/products/.

For more information about Support Line and other IBM services, see http://www.ibm.com/services/, or see http://www.ibm.com/planetwide/ for support telephone numbers. In the U.S. and Canada, call 1-800-IBM-SERV (1-800-426-7378).

Hardware service and support

You can receive hardware service through IBM Services or through your IBM reseller, if your reseller is authorized by IBM to provide warranty service. See http://www.ibm.com/planetwide/ for support telephone numbers, or in the U.S. and Canada, call 1-800-IBM-SERV (1-800-426-7378).

In the U.S. and Canada, hardware service and support is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. In the U.K., these services are available Monday through Friday, from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.

Appendix B. Notices

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