Managing PCI adapters for E1-700, E1-705, E3-700 or E3-705

ESCALA Power7



REFERENCE 86 A1 07FH 02

ESCALA Power7

Managing PCI adapters for E1-700, E1-705, E3-700 or E3-705

The ESCALA Power7 publications concern the following models:

- Bull Escala E5-700 (Power 750 / 8233-E8B)
- Bull Escala M6-700 (Power 770 / 9117-MMB)
- Bull Escala M6-705 (Power 770 / 9117-MMC)
- Bull Escala M7-700 (Power 780 / 9179-MHB)
- Bull Escala M7-705 (Power 780 / 9179-MHC)
- Bull Escala E1-700 (Power 710 / 8231-E2B)
- Bull Escala E1-705 (Power 710 / 8231-E1C)
- Bull Escala E2-700 / E2-700T (Power 720 / 8202-E4B)
- Bull Escala E2-705 / E2-705T (Power 720 / 8202-E4C)
- Bull Escala E3-700 (Power 730 / 8231-E2B)
- Bull Escala E3-705 (Power 730 / 8231-E2C)
- Bull Escala E4-700 / E4-700T (Power 740 / 8205-E6B)
- Bull Escala E4-705 (Power 740 / 8205-E6C)

References to Power 755 / 8236-E8C models are irrelevant.

Hardware

May 2012

BULL CEDOC 357 AVENUE PATTON B.P.20845 49008 ANGERS CEDEX 01 FRANCE

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Verifying the AIX device driver software
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Electronic emission notices
Class A Notices
Class B Notices
Terms and conditions

Safety notices

Safety notices may be printed throughout this guide.

- **DANGER** notices call attention to a situation that is potentially lethal or extremely hazardous to people.
- **CAUTION** notices call attention to a situation that is potentially hazardous to people because of some existing condition.
- Attention notices call attention to the possibility of damage to a program, device, system, or data.

World Trade safety information

Several countries require the safety information contained in product publications to be presented in their national languages. If this requirement applies to your country, a safety information booklet is included in the publications package shipped with the product. The booklet contains the safety information in your national language with references to the U.S. English source. Before using a U.S. English publication to install, operate, or service this product, you must first become familiar with the related safety information in the booklet. You should also refer to the booklet any time you do not clearly understand any safety information in the U.S. English publications.

Laser safety information

The servers can use I/O cards or features that are fiber-optic based and that utilize lasers or LEDs.

Laser compliance

The servers may be installed inside or outside of an IT equipment rack.

DANGER

When working on or around the system, observe the following precautions:

Electrical voltage and current from power, telephone, and communication cables are hazardous. To avoid a shock hazard:

- Connect power to this unit only with the provided power cord. Do not use the provided power cord for any other product.
- Do not open or service any power supply assembly.
- Do not connect or disconnect any cables or perform installation, maintenance, or reconfiguration of this product during an electrical storm.
- The product might be equipped with multiple power cords. To remove all hazardous voltages, disconnect all power cords.
- Connect all power cords to a properly wired and grounded electrical outlet. Ensure that the outlet supplies proper voltage and phase rotation according to the system rating plate.
- Connect any equipment that will be attached to this product to properly wired outlets.
- When possible, use one hand only to connect or disconnect signal cables.
- Never turn on any equipment when there is evidence of fire, water, or structural damage.
- Disconnect the attached power cords, telecommunications systems, networks, and modems before you open the device covers, unless instructed otherwise in the installation and configuration procedures.
- Connect and disconnect cables as described in the following procedures when installing, moving, or opening covers on this product or attached devices.

To Disconnect:

- 1. Turn off everything (unless instructed otherwise).
- 2. Remove the power cords from the outlets.
- **3.** Remove the signal cables from the connectors.
- 4. Remove all cables from the devices
- To Connect:
- 1. Turn off everything (unless instructed otherwise).
- **2.** Attach all cables to the devices.
- **3.** Attach the signal cables to the connectors.
- 4. Attach the power cords to the outlets.
- 5. Turn on the devices.

(D005a)

DANGER

Observe the following precautions when working on or around your IT rack system:

- Heavy equipment-personal injury or equipment damage might result if mishandled.
- Always lower the leveling pads on the rack cabinet.
- Always install stabilizer brackets on the rack cabinet.
- To avoid hazardous conditions due to uneven mechanical loading, always install the heaviest devices in the bottom of the rack cabinet. Always install servers and optional devices starting from the bottom of the rack cabinet.
- Rack-mounted devices are not to be used as shelves or work spaces. Do not place objects on top of rack-mounted devices.



- Each rack cabinet might have more than one power cord. Be sure to disconnect all power cords in the rack cabinet when directed to disconnect power during servicing.
- Connect all devices installed in a rack cabinet to power devices installed in the same rack cabinet. Do not plug a power cord from a device installed in one rack cabinet into a power device installed in a different rack cabinet.
- An electrical outlet that is not correctly wired could place hazardous voltage on the metal parts of the system or the devices that attach to the system. It is the responsibility of the customer to ensure that the outlet is correctly wired and grounded to prevent an electrical shock.

CAUTION

- Do not install a unit in a rack where the internal rack ambient temperatures will exceed the manufacturer's recommended ambient temperature for all your rack-mounted devices.
- Do not install a unit in a rack where the air flow is compromised. Ensure that air flow is not blocked or reduced on any side, front, or back of a unit used for air flow through the unit.
- Consideration should be given to the connection of the equipment to the supply circuit so that overloading of the circuits does not compromise the supply wiring or overcurrent protection. To provide the correct power connection to a rack, refer to the rating labels located on the equipment in the rack to determine the total power requirement of the supply circuit.
- (For sliding drawers.) Do not pull out or install any drawer or feature if the rack stabilizer brackets are not attached to the rack. Do not pull out more than one drawer at a time. The rack might become unstable if you pull out more than one drawer at a time.
- (*For fixed drawers.*) This drawer is a fixed drawer and must not be moved for servicing unless specified by the manufacturer. Attempting to move the drawer partially or completely out of the rack might cause the rack to become unstable or cause the drawer to fall out of the rack.

(R001)

CAUTION:

Removing components from the upper positions in the rack cabinet improves rack stability during relocation. Follow these general guidelines whenever you relocate a populated rack cabinet within a room or building:

- Reduce the weight of the rack cabinet by removing equipment starting at the top of the rack cabinet. When possible, restore the rack cabinet to the configuration of the rack cabinet as you received it. If this configuration is not known, you must observe the following precautions:
 - Remove all devices in the 32U position and above.
 - Ensure that the heaviest devices are installed in the bottom of the rack cabinet.
 - Ensure that there are no empty U-levels between devices installed in the rack cabinet below the 32U level.
- If the rack cabinet you are relocating is part of a suite of rack cabinets, detach the rack cabinet from the suite.
- Inspect the route that you plan to take to eliminate potential hazards.
- Verify that the route that you choose can support the weight of the loaded rack cabinet. Refer to the documentation that comes with your rack cabinet for the weight of a loaded rack cabinet.
- Verify that all door openings are at least 760 x 230 mm (30 x 80 in.).
- Ensure that all devices, shelves, drawers, doors, and cables are secure.
- Ensure that the four leveling pads are raised to their highest position.
- Ensure that there is no stabilizer bracket installed on the rack cabinet during movement.
- Do not use a ramp inclined at more than 10 degrees.
- When the rack cabinet is in the new location, complete the following steps:
 - Lower the four leveling pads.
 - Install stabilizer brackets on the rack cabinet.
 - If you removed any devices from the rack cabinet, repopulate the rack cabinet from the lowest position to the highest position.
- If a long-distance relocation is required, restore the rack cabinet to the configuration of the rack cabinet as you received it. Pack the rack cabinet in the original packaging material, or equivalent. Also lower the leveling pads to raise the casters off of the pallet and bolt the rack cabinet to the pallet.

(R002)

(L001)



(L002)



(L003)



or



All lasers are certified in the U.S. to conform to the requirements of DHHS 21 CFR Subchapter J for class 1 laser products. Outside the U.S., they are certified to be in compliance with IEC 60825 as a class 1 laser product. Consult the label on each part for laser certification numbers and approval information.

CAUTION:

This product might contain one or more of the following devices: CD-ROM drive, DVD-ROM drive, DVD-RAM drive, or laser module, which are Class 1 laser products. Note the following information:

- Do not remove the covers. Removing the covers of the laser product could result in exposure to hazardous laser radiation. There are no serviceable parts inside the device.
- Use of the controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein might result in hazardous radiation exposure.

(C026)

CAUTION:

Data processing environments can contain equipment transmitting on system links with laser modules that operate at greater than Class 1 power levels. For this reason, never look into the end of an optical fiber cable or open receptacle. (C027)

CAUTION:

This product contains a Class 1M laser. Do not view directly with optical instruments. (C028)

CAUTION:

Some laser products contain an embedded Class 3A or Class 3B laser diode. Note the following information: laser radiation when open. Do not stare into the beam, do not view directly with optical instruments, and avoid direct exposure to the beam. (C030)

CAUTION:

The battery contains lithium. To avoid possible explosion, do not burn or charge the battery.

Do Not:

- ____ Throw or immerse into water
- ____ Heat to more than 100°C (212°F)
- ____ Repair or disassemble

Exchange only with the approved part. Recycle or discard the battery as instructed by local regulations. (C003a)

Power and cabling information for NEBS (Network Equipment-Building System) GR-1089-CORE

The following comments apply to the servers that have been designated as conforming to NEBS (Network Equipment-Building System) GR-1089-CORE:

The equipment is suitable for installation in the following:

- Network telecommunications facilities
- Locations where the NEC (National Electrical Code) applies

The intrabuilding ports of this equipment are suitable for connection to intrabuilding or unexposed wiring or cabling only. The intrabuilding ports of this equipment *must not* be metallically connected to the interfaces that connect to the OSP (outside plant) or its wiring. These interfaces are designed for use as intrabuilding interfaces only (Type 2 or Type 4 ports as described in GR-1089-CORE) and require isolation from the exposed OSP cabling. The addition of primary protectors is not sufficient protection to connect these interfaces metallically to OSP wiring.

Note: All Ethernet cables must be shielded and grounded at both ends.

The ac-powered system does not require the use of an external surge protection device (SPD).

The dc-powered system employs an isolated DC return (DC-I) design. The DC battery return terminal *shall not* be connected to the chassis or frame ground.

Managing PCI adapters for the 31E/2B, 31E/1C, or 31E/2C

Learn about using and managing the peripheral component interconnect (PCI), PCI-X, and PCI Express (PCIe) adapters that are supported for the 7/10 (31E/1C) and 7/30 (31E/2B and 31E/2C) systems. You can learn about the specifications and instructions for specific adapters. This section provides information about using and managing Peripheral Component Interconnect (PCI) adapters. You can learn about the specifications for specific adapters.

The following features are electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) Class B features. See the Class B Notices in the Hardware Notices area.

Feature	Description
1912, 5736	PCI-X DDR 2.0 Dual Channel Ultra320 SCSI Adapter
1983, 5706	Port 10/100/1000 Base-TX Ethernet PCI-X Adapter
1986, 5713	1 Gigabit iSCSI TOE PCI-X Adapter
2728	4-Port USB PCIe Adapter
4764	PCI-X Cryptographic Coprocessor
4807	PCIe Cryptographic Coprocessor
5717	4-Port 10/100/1000 Base-TX PCI Express Adapter
5732	10 Gigabit Ethernet-CX4 PCI Express Adapter
5748	POWER [®] GXT145 PCI Express Graphics Accelerator
5767	2-Port 10/100/1000 Base-TX Ethernet PCI Express Adapter
5768	2-Port Gigabit Ethernet-SX PCI Express Adapter
5769	10 Gigabit Ethernet-SR PCI Express Adapter
5772	10 Gigabit Ethernet-LR PCI Express Adapter
5785	4 Port Async EIA-232 PCIe Adapter

Table 1. Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) Class B features

Overview of managing PCI adapters

This section provides information about using and managing Peripheral Component Interconnect (PCI) adapters. Find specifications and instructions for specific adapters.

The following features are electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) Class B features. See the Class B Notices in the Hardware Notices area.

Feature	Description	
1912, 5736 PCI-X DDR 2.0 Dual Channel Ultra320 SCSI Adapter		
1983, 5706	rt 10/100/1000 Base-TX Ethernet PCI-X Adapter	
1986, 5713	1 Gigabit iSCSI TOE PCI-X Adapter	
2728	Port USB PCIe Adapter	
4764	PCI-X Cryptographic Coprocessor	
4807	PCIe Cryptographic Coprocessor	
5717	4-Port 10/100/1000 Base-TX PCI Express Adapter	

Table 2. Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) Class B features

Feature	Description
5732	10 Gigabit Ethernet-CX4 PCI Express Adapter
5748	POWER GXT145 PCI Express Graphics Accelerator
5767	2-Port 10/100/1000 Base-TX Ethernet PCI Express Adapter
5768	2-Port Gigabit Ethernet-SX PCI Express Adapter
5769	10 Gigabit Ethernet-SR PCI Express Adapter
5772	10 Gigabit Ethernet-LR PCI Express Adapter
5785	4 Port Async EIA-232 PCIe Adapter

Table 2. Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) Class B features (continued)

The adapter information shown here is used during nondirected service activities. This information is used to:

- Identify an adapter
- Find specific technical information about an adapter
- Where applicable, show special installation or cabling instructions
- Show signal names for the output-pins of the adapter connectors
- Where applicable, show the settings for switches or jumpers

Adapters can be identified by their feature code (FC) or their custom-card identification number (CCIN). Normally, the CCIN number is labeled on the adapter.

The FRU part number (P/N) of your adapter might not match the FRU P/N listed in this information. If the part numbers do not match, verify that the CCIN is the same. If the CCIN is same, the adapter has the same function and can be used in the same way.

Adapters must be placed in specific peripheral component interconnect (PCI), PCI-X, or PCI Express (PCIe) slots to function correctly or perform optimally. See the PCI adapter placement for system-specific information about which slots are available and which adapters can be placed in those slots.

Backplane daughter cards and RAID enablement cards

Find links to topics that cover Backplane daughter cards and RAID enablement cards.

Backplane daughter cards and RAID enablement cards that are not in the PCI form factor are not described in the Managing PCI adapters information.

See Parts Information to find part numbers and location codes for these types of cards.

For information on the removal and replacement procedures of the system backplane for your system, see the corresponding topic:

- System backplane for the 02E/4B, 02E/4C, 05F/6B, or 05E/6C.
- System backplane for the 31E/2B, 31E/1C, or 31E/2C.
- System backplane for the 33E/8B or 36E/8C.

See the following sections for SAS RAID enablement procedures:

- SAS RAID controllers for AIX®
- SAS RAID controllers for
- SAS RAID controllers for Linux

PCI Express

Learn about PCI Express (PCIe) adapters and slots.

2 Managing PCI adapters for the 31E/2B, 31E/1C, or 31E/2C

PCI Express (PCIe) adapters use a different type of slot than Peripheral Component Interconnect (PCI) and Peripheral Component Interconnect-X (PCI-X) adapters. If you attempt to force an adapter into the wrong type of slot, you might damage the adapter or the slot. A PCI adapter can be installed in a PCI-X slot, and a PCI-X adapter can be installed in a PCI adapter slot. A PCIe adapter cannot be installed in a PCI or PCI-X adapter slot, and a PCI or PCI-X adapter slot, and a PCI or PCI-X adapter slot, and a PCI or PCI-X adapter cannot be installed in a PCI or PCI-X adapter slot, and a PCI or PCI-X adapter cannot be installed in a PCI or Box adapter slot. The following illustration shows an example of a PCI-X adapter (A) next to a PCIe 4x (B) adapter.

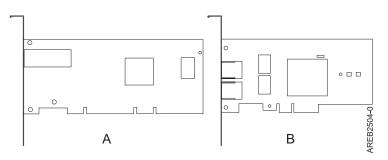


Figure 1. PCI-X adapter and PCIe 4x adapter

PCIe adapters and slots come in 4 different sizes: 1x, 4x, 8x, and 16x. Smaller size adapters do fit in larger slots, but larger size adapters do not fit in smaller slots. The following table shows PCIe slot compatibility.

	1x slot	4x slot	8x slot	16x slot
1x adapter	Supported	Supported	Supported	Supported
4x adapter	Not supported	Supported	Supported	Supported
8x adapter	Not supported	Not supported	Supported	Supported
16x adapter	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported	Supported

Table 3. PCIe slot compatibility

Handling static sensitive devices

Electronic boards, adapters, media drives, and disk drives are sensitive to static electricity discharge. These devices are wrapped in antistatic bags to prevent this damage. Take these precautions to prevent damage to these devices from static electricity discharge.

- Attach a wrist strap to an unpainted metal surface of your hardware to prevent electrostatic discharge from damaging your hardware.
- When using a wrist strap, follow all electrical safety procedures. A wrist strap is for static control. It does not increase or decrease your risk of receiving electric shock when using or working on electrical equipment.
- If you do not have a wrist strap, before removing the product from ESD packaging and installing or replacing hardware, touch an unpainted metal surface of the system for a minimum of 5 seconds.
- Do not remove the device from the antistatic bag until you are ready to install the device in the system.
- With the device still in its antistatic bag, touch it to the metal frame of the system.
- Grasp cards and boards by the edges. Avoid touching the components and gold-edge connectors on the adapter.
- If you need to lay the device down while it is out of the antistatic bag, lay it on the antistatic bag. Before picking it up again, touch the antistatic bag and the metal frame of the system at the same time.
- Handle the devices carefully to prevent permanent damage.

Important partitioning considerations with dual-slot and multi-adapter configurations

Learn about partitioning considerations with dual-slot and multi-adapter configurations.

Logical partitions can own physical I/O resources. Physical I/O resources are assigned to logical partitions at the slot level. Assigning a slot to a logical partition enables the operating system that runs in the logical partition to control the functionality of the I/O resource and power for that slot. When the operating system powers a slot on or off, the physical I/O resource is powered on or off.

In some I/O configurations, the functionality of an adapter or I/O resource depends on two or more physical slots. For example, if you have a double-wide RAID adapter (FC 2053, 2054, or 2055) that take up two adjacent adapter slots or two separate RAID adapters paired together, both physical slots must be assigned to the same logical partition. For example, if you install the FC 2053, 2054, or 2055 adapter in slot 2, then the adjacent slot 3 cannot be used to install another adapter even though the slot 3 is reported as empty. It is important to understand the wanted configuration and function being provided before completing the logical partitioning and activation of the resources involved.

There are two I/O configurations involving adapter pairs:

- Mult-initiator and high availability
- Auxiliary Write Cache

Multi-initiator and high availability

The terms multi-initiator and high availability (HA) refer to connecting multiple adapters (typically two adapters) to a common set of disk expansion drawers for increasing availability. This configuration is also referred to as Dual Storage IOA configuration. This type of connection is commonly done in either of the following configurations:

Note: Some systems have SAS RAID adapters integrated onto the system boards and use a Cache RAID - Dual IOA Enablement Card (FC 5662) to enable storage adapter Write Cache and Dual Storage IOA (HA RAID Mode). For these configurations, installation of the Cache RAID - Dual IOA Enablement Card places the two integrated adapters into a HA RAID configuration. There are no separate SAS cables required to connect the two integrated SAS RAID adapters to each other.

HA two-system configuration

An HA two-system configuration provides a high-availability environment for system storage by enabling two systems or partitions to have access to the same set of disks and disk arrays. This feature is typically used with the IBM[®] High-Availability Cluster Multiprocessing application (HACMPTM). The IBM HACMP software provides a commercial computing environment that ensures that mission-critical applications can recover quickly from hardware and software failures. The support for this configuration is operating system dependent.

HA single system configuration

An HA single system configuration provides for redundant adapters from a single system to the same set of disks and disk arrays. This feature is typically referred to as Multi-Path I/O (MPIO). MPIO support is part of the operating system support and can be used to provide a redundant SAS RAID controller configuration with RAID protected disks.

Auxiliary write cache adapter

The auxiliary write cache (AWC) adapter provides a duplicate, nonvolatile copy of write cache data of the RAID controller to which it is connected.

Protection of data is enhanced by having two battery-backed (nonvolatile) copies of write cache, each stored on separate adapters. If a failure occurs to the write cache portion of the RAID controller, or the RAID controller itself fails in such a way that the write cache data is not recoverable, the AWC adapter provides a backup copy of the write cache data to prevent data loss during the recovery of the failed RAID controller. The cache data is recovered to the new replacement RAID controller and then written out to disk before resuming normal operations.

The AWC adapter is not a failover device that can keep the system operational by continuing disk operations when the attached RAID controller fails. The system cannot use the auxiliary copy of the cache for runtime operations even if only the cache on the RAID controller fails. The AWC adapter does not support any other device attachment and performs no other tasks than communicating with the attached RAID controller to receive backup write cache data. The purpose of the AWC adapter is to minimize the length of an unplanned outage, due to a failure of a RAID controller, by preventing loss of critical data that might have otherwise required a system reload.

It is important to understand the difference between multi-initiator connections and AWC connections. Connecting controllers in a multi-initiator environment refers to multiple RAID controllers connected to a common set of disk enclosures and disks. The AWC controller is not connected to the disks, and it does not perform device media accesses.

The RAID controller and the AWC adapter each require a PCI bus connection and are required to be in the same partition. The two adapters are connected by an internal connection. For the planar RAID enablement and planar auxiliary cache features, the dedicated connection is integrated into the system planar.

PCI adapter information by feature type for the 31E/2B, 31E/1C, or 31E/2C

Find technical information for specific adapters supported on your system. Adapters can be identified by their feature code (FC) or their custom card identification number (CCIN).

PCIe LP 4-Port Async EIA-232 Adapter (FC 5277)

Learn about the features, operating system requirements, and installation procedures for the PCIe LP 4-Port Async EIA-232 Adapter (FC 5277).

Overview

This PCI Express adapter has two feature codes (FC) associated:

- FC 5785: 4 Port Async EIA-232 PCIe adapter, is the full-height adapter.
- FC 5277: PCIe LP 4-Port Async EIA-232 adapter, is the low-profile adapter.

The PCIe LP 4-Port Async EIA-232 Adapter (FC 5277) provides connections for four asynchronous EIA-232 devices using a 4-port DB-9F DTE fan-out cable. Ports are programmable to support EIA-232 protocols at a line speed of 128 Kbps.

The following figures show the adapter and cable.

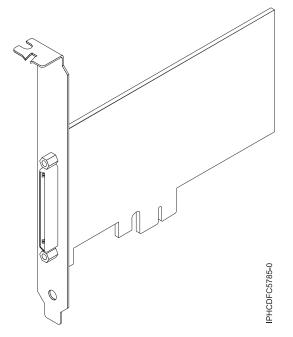


Figure 2. Adapter

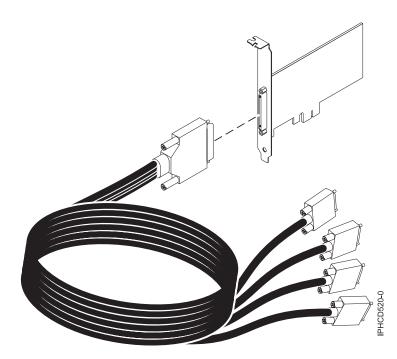


Figure 3. Cable

Specifications

Item Description FRU number Adapter: 46K6734^{*}

Cable: 46K6735^{*}

*Designed to comply with RoHS requirement.

I/O bus architecture

PCIe-V1.0a 1x

Busmaster

No Maximum number

For the maximum adapters supported, see the PCI adapter placement topic collection for your system.

Adapter size

PCIe 1x, short form factor

Connectors

Adapter: 68-pin SCSI

Cable: 68-pin SCSI to DB 9-pin shell

Wrap plug

42R5143

See the topics for the placement rules relevant for your system, if the adapter is supported on that system.

Operating system or partition requirements

The adapter is supported on the following operating systems:

- AIX:
 - operating system, or later
 - AIX 6.1, or later
 - AIX 5L[™] Version 5.3 with the 5300-07 Technology Level, or later

The AIX device package name is devices.pci.1410a803.rte.

- Linux:
 - SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 11, or later
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux version 5.3, or later
- •
- is not supported.

Preparing for installation

If you are installing your operating system at this time, install your adapter before you install the operating system. If you are installing only the device driver for this adapter, install your device driver software before you install the adapter.

Installing the AIX device driver software

To install device driver software, follow the steps in "Installing the AIX device driver software" on page 131.

Installing the adapter

For general instructions on how to install a PCI adapter, see the Installing PCI adapters topic. Return here to verify the adapter installation.

Verifying the adapter installation

To verify that your system unit recognizes the PCI adapter, do the following steps:

1. If necessary, log in as root user.

- 2. At the command line, type: 1sdev -Cs pci
- 3. Press Enter.

A list of PCI devices is displayed. If the adapter is installed correctly, the status of available for each port indicates that the adapter is installed and ready to use. If a message indicates that any of the ports are defined instead of available, shut down your server and verify that the adapter was installed correctly.

PCIe 2-port Async EIA-232 Adapter (FC 5289)

Learn about the specifications and operating system requirements for the feature code 5289 adapters.

Overview

The feature code (FC) 5289 and FC 5290 are both the same adapter. FC 5289 is a full-height adapter, and the FC 5290 is a low-profile 2U adapter. The marketing names of these two adapters are:

- FC 5289: PCIe 2-port Async EIA-232 Adapter
- FC 5290: PCIe LP 2-port Async EIA-232 Adapter (tailstock only)

The FC 5289 and FC 5290 are 2-port EIA-232 asynchronous serial communications PCI Express (PCIe) adapters that can be installed in the PCIe slots. The adapters are based on the PCIe 1.1 host bus interface. The parallel port function is not implemented on these adapters.

Each of the two Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter (UART) channels contain 128 byte receiver-transmitter, first-in first-out (FIFO), full modem-control signaling, and standard host interrupts. If either of the two UART interrupts are active, the host can be interrupted through a single PCI interrupt. The two-port adapter provides RJ45 Ethernet ports, which are connected by DB-9 connectors.

See the topics for the placement rules relevant for your system, if the adapter is supported on that system.

Specifications

```
Item
       Description
Adapter FRU number
       74Y4084 (Designed to comply with RoHS requirement)
I/O bus architecture
       PCIe 1.1
Slot requirement
       For the slot priorities, see the PCI adapter placement topic collection for your system.
Cables
       Cat 5 unshielded twisted-pair cables
Voltage
       3.3 V
Form factor
       Short
Maximum number
       For the maximum adapters supported, see the PCI adapter placement topic collection for your
       system.
```

Operating system or partition requirements

This adapter is supported for the following versions of the operating systems:

• AIX:

- operating system with the 7100-01 Technology Level, or later

- AIX 6.1 with the 6100-07 Technology Level, or later Version 5.3 with the 5300-12 Technology Level and Service Pack 5
- AIX 5.3 with the 5300-12 Technology Level, and Service Pack 5, or later
- Linux:
 - SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 11 SP1, or later
 - SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 10 SP4, or later
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux Version 6.1, or later
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux Version 5.7, or later
 - See the Linux Alert site for the support details.
- •

```
- is not supported.
```

PCIe LP 2-port Async EIA-232 Adapter (FC 5290)

Learn about the specifications and operating system requirements for the feature code 5290 adapters.

Overview

The feature code (FC) 5289 and FC 5290 are both the same adapter. FC 5289 is a full-height adapter, and the FC 5290 is a low-profile 2U adapter. The marketing names of these two adapters are:

- FC 5289: PCIe 2-port Async EIA-232 Adapter
- FC 5290: PCIe LP 2-port Async EIA-232 Adapter (tailstock only)

The FC 5289 and FC 5290 are 2-port EIA-232 asynchronous serial communications PCI Express (PCIe) adapters that can be installed in the PCIe slots. The adapters are based on the PCIe 1.1 host bus interface. The parallel port function is not implemented on these adapters.

Each of the two Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter (UART) channels contain 128 byte receiver-transmitter, first-in first-out (FIFO), full modem-control signaling, and standard host interrupts. If either of the two UART interrupts are active, the host can be interrupted through a single PCI interrupt. The two-port adapter provides RJ45 Ethernet ports, which are connected by DB-9 connectors.

See the topics for the placement rules relevant for your system, if the adapter is supported on that system.

Specifications

Description Item Adapter FRU number 74Y4085 (Designed to comply with RoHS requirement) I/O bus architecture PCIe 1.1 Slot requirement For the slot priorities, see the PCI adapter placement topic collection for your system. Cables Cat 5 unshielded twisted-pair cables Voltage 3.3 V Form factor Short Maximum number For the maximum adapters supported, see the PCI adapter placement topic collection for your system.

Operating system or partition requirements

This adapter is supported for the following versions of the operating systems:

- AIX:
 - operating system with the 7100-01 Technology Level, or later
 - AIX 6.1 with the 6100-07 Technology Level, or later Version 5.3 with the 5300-12 Technology Level and Service Pack 5
 - AIX 5.3 with the 5300-12 Technology Level, and Service Pack 5, or later
- Linux:
 - SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 11 SP1, or later
 - SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 10 SP4, or later
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux Version 6.1, or later
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux Version 5.7, or later
 - See the Linux Alert site for the support details.
- •
- is not supported.

PCIe2 RAID SAS Adapter Dual-port 6Gb (FC ESA1; CCIN 57C4)

Learn about the specifications and operating system requirements for the feature code (FC) ESA1 adapters.

Overview

FC ESA1 and FC ESA2 are adapters with the same CCIN. FC ESA1 is a full-height adapter and the FC ESA2 is a low-profile adapter. The names of these two adapters are:

- FC ESA1: PCIe2 RAID SAS Adapter Dual-port 6Gb
- FC ESA2: PCIe2 RAID SAS Adapter Dual-port 6Gb LP

The PCI Express generation-2 (PCIe2), RAID SAS dual-port 6Gb Adapter provides high-performance solid-state drives (SSD) controller functions by using the PCIe2 technology. The adapter does not have write cache and thus pairing with another PCIe2 RAID SAS Adapter Dual-port 6Gb (either FC ESA1 or FC ESA2) is optional. Pairing can provide controller redundancy and enhanced performance. There are no batteries in the adapter to maintain.

The PCIe2 RAID SAS Adapter Dual-port 6Gb supports SSD only. Hard disk drives (HDD) are not supported by this adapter. The 69 GB SSD features are not supported.

The adapter provides two mini-SAS high density (HD) connectors for the attachment of SSDs located in the FC 58/87 EXP24S, FC 58/02, or FC 58/03 12X PCIe I/O drawers. X, YO, or AT SAS cables with HD connectors are used to attach to these drawers. A maximum of 18, 26, or 24 SSD can be controlled depending on the I/O drawers being used. Only one drawer can be controlled. The FC 58/02 12X PCIe I/O drawer has a maximum of 18 SSDs. The FC 58/03 PCIe I/O Drawer has a maximum of 26 SSDs. The FC 58/87 EXP24S Drawer has a maximum of 24 SSDs. If the SSDs are located in FC 58/02 or FC 58/03, one or both of the controlling adapter pair must be located in that FC 58/02 or FC 58/03.

A single adapter or a pair of adapters provides RAID 0, RAID 5, RAID 6, and RAID 10 configurations for systems or partitions running the AIX or Linux operating system and VIOS. The PCIe2 RAID SAS Adapter Dual-port 6Gb does not support JBOD. The adapter provides RAID 5 and RAID 6 for systems or partitions running the operating system. provides both mirroring and data spreading. Systems or partitions running the AIX or Linux operating system and VIOS provide mirroring (logical volume manager (LVM)).

See the topics for the placement rules relevant for your system, if the adapter is supported on that system.

Specifications

Item Description

Adapter FRU number

00E6727 (Designed to comply with RoHS requirement)

I/O bus architecture

PCIe2.0 x8

Slot requirement

One PCIe2, x8, slot per adapter.

Cables

Specific X , YO, or AT SAS cables with HD connectors are used to attach to the expansion drawers.

Voltage

3.3 V

Form factor

Regular, full-height

Maximum number

For the maximum adapters supported, see the PCI adapter placement topic collection for your system.

Attributes provided

- High-performance SSD SAS adapter without write cache
- Optional pairing (Multi-Initiator and High Availability or Dual Storage IOA)
- Support of the SAS Serial SCSI Protocol (SSP) and Serial Management Protocol (SMP).

Operating system or partition requirements

This adapter is supported for the following versions of operating systems:

• AIX

- AIX Version 7.1 with the 7100-01 Technology Level, and Service Pack 4, or later.
- AIX Version 7.1 with the 7100-00 Technology Level, and Service Pack 6, or later.
- AIX Version 6.1 with the 6100-07 Technology Level, and Service Pack 4, or later.
- AIX Version 6.1 with the 6100-06 Technology Level, and Service Pack 8, or later.
- AIX Version 5.3 with the 5300-12 Technology Level, and Service Pack 6, or later.
- Linux
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6.2 for POWER, or later
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux 5.8 for POWER, or later
 - Novel SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 11, Service Pack 2, or later (with update package)
 - Novel SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 10, Service Pack 4, or later
 - See the Linux Alert site for the support details.
- •
- 6.1.0 with machine code 6.1.1, or later.
- VIOS
 - VIOS support requires VIOS 2.2.1.5, or later

PCIe2 RAID SAS Adapter Dual-port 6-Gb LP (FC ESA2; CCIN 57C4)

Learn about the specifications and operating system requirements for the feature code (FC) ESA2 adapters.

Overview

FC ESA1 and FC ESA2 are adapters with the same CCIN. FC ESA1 is a full-height adapter and the FC ESA2 is a low-profile (LP) adapter. The names of these two adapters are:

- FC ESA1: PCIe2 RAID SAS Adapter Dual-port 6-Gb
- FC ESA2: PCIe2 RAID SAS Adapter Dual-port 6-Gb LP

The PCI Express generation-2 (PCIe2), RAID SAS dual-port 6-Gb Adapter provides high-performance solid-state drives (SSD) controller functions by using the PCIe2 technology. The adapter does not have write cache and thus pairing with another PCIe2 RAID SAS Adapter Dual-port 6-Gb (either FC ESA1 or FC ESA2) is optional. Pairing can provide controller redundancy and enhanced performance. There are no batteries in the adapter to maintain.

The PCIe2 RAID SAS Dual-port 6-Gb Adapter supports SSD only. Hard disk drives (HDD) are not supported by this adapter. The 69 GB SSD features are not supported.

The adapter provides two mini-SAS high-density (HD) connectors for the attachment of SSDs located in the FC 58/87 EXP24S, FC 58/02, or FC 58/03 12X PCIe I/O drawers. X, YO, or AT SAS cables with HD connectors are used to attach to these drawers. A maximum of 18, 26, or 24 SSD can be controlled depending on the I/O drawers being used. Only one drawer can be controlled. The FC 58/02 12X PCIe I/O drawer has a maximum of 18 SSDs. The FC 58/03 PCIe I/O Drawer has a maximum of 26 SSDs. The FC 58/87 EXP24S Drawer has a maximum of 24 SSDs. If the SSDs are located in FC 58/02 or FC 58/03, one or both of the controlling adapter pair must be located in that FC 58/02 or FC 58/03.

A single adapter or a pair of adapters provides RAID 0, RAID 5, RAID 6, and RAID 10 configurations for systems or partitions running the AIX or Linux operating system and VIOS. The PCIe2 RAID SAS Dual-port 6-Gb adapters do not support JBOD. The adapter provides RAID 5 and RAID 6 for systems or partitions running the operating system. provides both mirroring and data spreading. Systems or partitions running the AIX or Linux operating system and VIOS provide mirroring (logical volume manager (LVM)).

See the topics for the placement rules relevant for your system, if the adapter is supported on that system.

Specifications

Item	Description
Adapte	er FRU number
_	00E6725 (Designed to comply with RoHS requirement)
I/O bu	s architecture
	PCIe2.0 x8
Slot re	quirement
	One PCIe2, x8, low-profile slot per adapter.
Cables	
	Specific X, YO, or AT SAS cables with HD connectors are used to attach to the expansion
	drawers.
Voltag	e
0	3.3 V
Form f	actor
	Short, low-profile
Maxim	num number
	For the maximum adapters supported, see the PCI adapter placement topic collection for your
	system.
Attribu	ites provided
	Ĥigh-performance SSD SAS adapter without write cache
	• Optional pairing (Multi-Initiator and High Availability or Dual Storage IOA)

• Support of the SAS Serial SCSI Protocol (SSP) and Serial Management Protocol (SMP).

Operating system or partition requirements

This adapter is supported for the following versions of operating systems:

- AIX
 - AIX Version 7.1 with the 7100-01 Technology Level, and Service Pack 4, or later.
 - AIX Version 7.1 with the 7100-00 Technology Level, and Service Pack 6, or later.
 - AIX Version 6.1 with the 6100-07 Technology Level, and Service Pack 4, or later.
 - AIX Version 6.1 with the 6100-06 Technology Level, and Service Pack 8, or later.
 - AIX Version 5.3 with the 5300-12 Technology Level, and Service Pack 6, or later.
- Linux
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6.2 for POWER, or later
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux 5.8 for POWER, or later
 - Novel SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 11, Service Pack 2, or later (with update package)
 - Novel SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 10, Service Pack 4, or later
 - See the Linux Alert site for the support details.

 - 7.1, or later.
 - 6.1.0 with machine code 6.1.1, or later.
- VIOS
 - VIOS support requires VIOS 2.2.1.5, or later

PCIe LP 8Gb 2-Port Fibre Channel Adapter (FC 5273; CCIN 577D)

Learn about the specifications and operating system requirements for the feature code 5273 adapter.

Overview

The PCIe LP 8Gb 2-Port Fibre Channel Adapter is a high-performance adapter based on the Emulex LPe12002 PCIe Host Bus Adapter (HBA). Each port provides single initiator capability over a fibre link. The ports have LC type connectors and utilize shortwave laser optics. The adapter connects to fibre channel switches and operates at link speeds of 2, 4, and 8 Gbps. The adapter automatically negotiates with the switch to the highest speed of which the switch is capable. LEDs on each port provide information on the status and link speed of the port.

N_Port ID Virtualization (NPIV) capability is supported through VIOS.

The following figure shows the adapter:

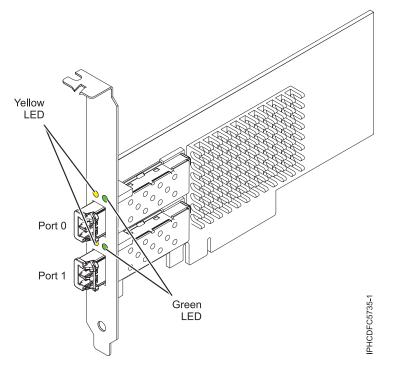


Figure 4. 5273 adapter

See the topics for the placement rules relevant for your system, if the adapter is supported on that system.

Adapter specifications

Item Description

FRU number

10N9824 (Designed to comply with RoHS requirement)

Wrap plug FRU number

12R9314 (Designed to comply with RoHS requirement)

11P3847 (Not designed to comply with RoHS requirement)

I/O bus architecture

PCI Express (PCIe) Base and Card Electromechanical (CEM) 2.0

x8 PCIe bus interface

Slot requirement

One available PCIe x8 or x16 slot

Voltage

```
3.3 V
```

Form factor

Short, low-profile with standard size bracket

FC compatibility

2, 4, 8 Gigabit

Cables

Cables are the responsibility of the customer. Use multimode fibre optic cables with short-wave lasers that adhere to the following specifications:

- OM3: Multimode 50/125 micron fibre, 2000 MHz x km bandwidth
- OM2: Multimode 50/125 micron fibre, 500 MHz x km bandwidth
- OM1: Multimode 62.5/125 micron fibre, 200 MHz x km bandwidth

Because core sizes are different, OM1 cables can only be connected to other OM1 cables. For best results, OM2 cables should not be connected to OM3 cables. However, if an OM2 cable is connected to an OM3 cable, the characteristics of the OM2 cable apply to the entire length of the cables.

The following table shows the supported distances for the three different cable types at the three different link speeds.

Header		Cable Type and Distance		
Rate	OM1	OM2	OM3	
2.125 Gbps	0.5 meters to 150 meters (1.64 feet to 492.12 feet)	0.5 meters to 300 meters (1.64 feet to 984.25 feet)	0.5 meters to 500 meters (1.64 feet to 1640.41 feet)	
4.25 Gbps	0.5 meters to 70 meters (1.64 feet to 229.65 feet)	0.5 meters to 150 meters (1.64 feet to 492.12 feet)	0.5 meters to 380 meters (1.64 feet to 1246.71 feet)	
8.5 Gbps	0.5 meters to 21 meters (1.64 feet to 68.89 feet)	0.5 meters to 50 meters (1.64 feet to 164.04 feet)	0.5 meters to 150 meters (1.64 feet to 492.12 feet)	

Table 4. Supported distances for cables

Maximum number

For the maximum adapters supported, see the PCI adapter placement topic collection for your system.

Operating system or partition requirements

The adapter is supported on the following versions of the operating systems:

- AIX
 - AIX Version 7.1, or later
 - AIX Version 6.1, or later

- AIX Version 5.3, or later
- Linux
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6.1 for POWER, or later
 - SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 11, Service Pack 1, or later (with update package)
 - See the Linux Alert site for the support details.
 - 7.1, or later.
 - 6.1, or later.

Adapter LED

Green and yellow LEDs can be seen through openings in the adapter mounting bracket. Green indicates firmware operation and yellow signifies port activity. Table 5 summarizes the link rate conditions. There is a 1-second pause when the LED is off between each group of fast flashes (2, 3, or 4). Observe the LED sequence for several seconds to be sure that you have correctly identified the state.

Table 5. Normal LED states

Green LED	Yellow LED	State
Slow flash	Off	Normal, link inactive or not started
On	2 fast flashes	2 Gbps link rate - normal, link active

Table 5. Normal LED states (continued)

Green LED	Yellow LED	State
On	3 fast flashes	4 Gbps link rate - normal, link active
On	4 fast flashes	8 Gbps link rate - normal, link active

Power-on self test (POST) conditions and results are summarized in Table 6. These states can be used to identify abnormal states or problems. Follow the action to be taken for each condition.

Green LED	Yellow LED	State	Action to be taken
Off	Off	Wake-up failure (dead board)	Perform AIX, Linuxor operating system diagnostics.
Off	On	POST failure (dead board)	Perform AIX, Linuxor operating system diagnostics.
Off	Slow blink	Wake-up failure monitor	Perform AIX, Linuxor operating system diagnostics.
Off	Fast blink	POST failure	Perform AIX, Linuxor operating system diagnostics.
Off	Flashing	POST processing in progress	None
On	Off	Failure while functioning	Perform AIX, Linuxor operating system diagnostics.
On	On	Failure while functioning	Perform AIX, Linuxor operating system diagnostics.
Slow blink	Slow blink	Offline for download	None
Slow blink	Fast blink	Restricted offline mode, waiting for restart	None
Slow blink	Flashing	Restricted offline mode, test active	None

Table 6. POST conditions and results

Replacing Fibre Channel adapters using hot swap

When hot swapping fibre channel adapters, be aware that device-related software for the storage devices might have additional devices (for example, the dar device associated with the FAStT or DS4800) that need to be removed. Refer to specific storage device documentation for information about how to remove these additional devices.

The new adapter has a unique worldwide port name (WWPN). Check the zoning and LUN assignments to ensure that the new adapter will function as expected.

4 Gigabit PCI Express Dual Port Fibre Channel Adapter (FC 5776; CCIN 5774)

Learn about the specifications and operating system requirements for the feature code (FC) 5776 adapter.

Overview

The FC 5276 (4 Gigabit PCIe Dual Port Fibre Channel Adapter) is the low-profile adapter same as the FC 5774, which is the regular height adapter. The names of the two adapters are:

- FC 5276: 4 Gigabit PCIe Dual Port Fibre Channel Adapter
- FC 5774: 4 Gigabit PCIe Dual Port Fibre Channel Adapter

The 4 Gigabit PCIe Dual Port Fibre Channel Adapter is a 64 bit, low-profile, short form factor x4, PCIe adapter with an LC-type external fiber connector that provides single initiator capability over an optical fiber link or loop. The adapter automatically negotiates the highest data rate between the adapter and an attaching device at 1 Gbps, 2 Gbps, or 4 Gbps of which the device or switch is capable. Distances between the adapter and an attaching device or switch can reach up to 500 meters running at 1 Gbps

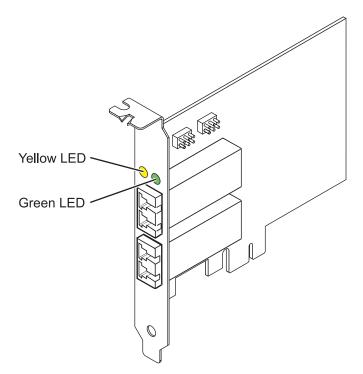
data rate, up to 300 meters running at 2 Gbps data rate, and up to 150 meters running at 4 Gbps data rate. When used with Fibre Channel storage switches supporting long-wave optics, the adapter can reach distances of up to 10 kilometers running at either 1 Gbps, 2 Gbps, or 4 Gbps data rates.

The adapter can be used to attach devices either directly, or with Fibre Channel switches. If you are attaching a device or switch with an SC type fiber connector, you must use an LC-SC 50 micron fiber converter cable (FC 2456) or an LC-SC 62.5 micron fiber converter cable (FC 2459).

The adapter has the following features:

- Compliant with the PCIe Base and CEM 1.0a specifications:
 - x1 and x4 lane link interface at 2.5 Gbit/s (auto-negotiated with system)
 - Supports VC0 (1 Virtual Channel) and TC0 (1 Traffic Class)
 - Configuration and IO Memory read/write, completion, message
 - Support for 64 bit addressing
 - ECC error protection
 - Link CRC on all PCIe packets and message information
 - Large payload size: 2048 bytes for read and write
 - Large read request size: 4096 bytes
- Compatible with 1, 2, and 4 Gb Fibre Channel interface:
 - Auto-negotiate between 1 Gb, 2 Gb or 4 Gb link attachments
 - Support for all Fibre Channel topologies: point-to-point, arbitrated loop, and fabric
 - Support for Fibre Channel class 2 and 3
 - Maximum Fibre Channel throughput achieved by using full duplex hardware support
- End-to-end data path parity and CRC protection, including internal data path RAMs
- Architectural support for multiple upper layer protocols
- Internal high-speed SRAM memory
- ECC protection of local memory, includes single-bit correction and double-bit protection
- Embedded short-wave optical (LC) connection with diagnostics capability
- Onboard Context Management by firmware (per port):
 - Up to 510 FC Port Logins
 - Up to 2047 concurrent Exchanges
 - I/O multiplexing down to the FC Frame level
- Data buffers capable of supporting 64+ buffer-to-buffer (BB) credits per port for short-wave applications
- · Link management and recovery handled by firmware
- · Onboard diagnostic capability accessible by optional connection
- Parts and construction compliant with the European Union Directive of Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS)
- Performance up to 4.25 Gbps full duplex

The following figure shows the adapter.





Specifications

Description Item Adapter FRU number 10N7255* * Designed to comply with RoHS requirement Wrap plug FRU number 11P3847 I/O bus architecture PCIe Base and CEM 1.0a x4 PCIe bus interface Slot requirement One available PCIe x4, x8, or x16 slot Voltage 3.3V Form factor Short, low-profile FC compatibility 1, 2, 4 gigabit Cables 50/125 micron fiber (500 MHz*km bandwidth cable) • 1.0625 Gbps 0.5 – 500 m • 2.125 Gbps 0.5 – 300 m • 4.25 Gbps 0.5 – 150 m 62.5/125 micron fiber (200 MHz*km bandwidth cable) • 1.0625 Gbps 0.5 – 300 m • 2.125 Gbps 0.5 – 150 m • 4.25 Gbps 0.5 – 70 m

Maximum number

For the maximum adapters supported, see the PCI adapter placement topic collection for your system.

See the topics for the placement rules relevant for your system, if the adapter is supported on that system.

Operating system or partition requirements

The adapter is supported on the following versions of the operating systems:

- AIX
 - AIX Version 7.1, or later.
 - AIX Version 6.1, or later.
 - AIX Version 5.3, or later.
- Linux
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux 5.6 for POWER, or later.
 - Novel SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 11 Service Pack 1, or later.
- - 7.1, or later
 - 6.1, or later

Adapter LED states

Green and yellow LEDs can be seen through openings in the mounting bracket of the adapter. Green indicates firmware operation and yellow signifies port activity. Table 7 summarizes normal LED states. There is a 1 Hz pause when the LED is off between each group of fast flashes (1, 2 or 3). Observe the LED sequence for several seconds to ensure that you correctly identify the state.

Table	7.	Normal	LED	states	

Green LED	Yellow LED	State
On	1 fast flash	1 Gbps link rate - normal, link active
On	2 fast flashes	2 Gbps link rate - normal, link active
On	3 fast flashes	4 Gbps link rate - normal, link active

Power-On Self Test (POST) conditions and results are summarized in Table 8. These states can be used to identify abnormal states or problems.

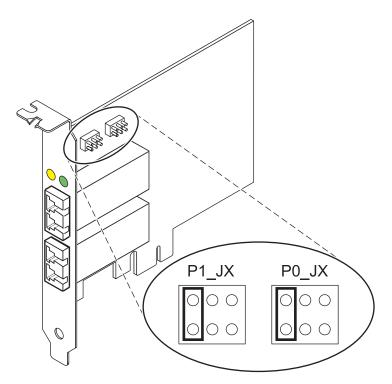
Green LED	Yellow LED	State
Off	Off	Wake-up failure (dead board)
Off	On	POST failure (dead board)
Off	Slow flash	Wake-up failure monitor
Off	Fast flash	Failure in post
Off	Flashing	Post processing in progress
On	Off	Failure while functioning
On	On	Failure while functioning
Slow flash	Off	Normal, link down
Slow flash	On	Not defined

Table 8. POST conditions and results	(continued)
--------------------------------------	-------------

Green LED	Yellow LED	State
Slow flash	Slow flash	Offline for download
Slow flash	Fast flash	Restricted offline mode, waiting for restart
Slow flash	Flashing	Restricted offline mode, test active
Fast flash	Off	Debug monitor in restricted mode
Fast flash	On	Not defined
Fast flash	Slow flash	Debug monitor in test fixture mode
Fast flash	Fast flash	Debug monitor in remote debug mode
Fast flash	Flashing	Not defined

Device ID jumper

The default setting for the two device ID jumpers labeled P0_JX. and P1_JX is to set the jumpers on pins 1 and 2 as shown in Figure 6. Do not change the jumper settings for a standard installation.





Replacing hot swap HBAs

Fibre Channel host bus adapters (HBAs) connected to a FAStT or DS4000[®] storage subsystem have a child device called a disk array router (dar). You must unconfigure the disk array router before you can hot swap an HBA that is connected to a FAStT or DS4000 storage subsystem. For instructions, see *Replacing hot swap HBAs* in the *System Storage*[®] DS4000 Storage Manager Version 9, Installation and Support Guide for AIX, HP-UX, Solaris, and Linux on Power Systems[™] Servers, order number GC26-7848.

8 Gigabit PCI Express Dual Port Fibre Channel Adapter (FC 5735; CCIN 577D)

Learn about the specifications and operating system requirements for the feature code (FC) 5735 adapter.

Overview

The 8 Gigabit PCI Express Dual Port Fibre Channel Adapter is a high-performance adapter based on the Emulex LPe12002 PCIe Host Bus Adapter (HBA). Each port provides single initiator capability over a fibre link. The ports have LC type connectors and utilize shortwave laser optics. The adapter connects to fibre channel switches and operates at link speeds of 2, 4, and 8 Gbps. The adapter automatically negotiates with the switch to the highest speed of which the switch is capable. LEDs on each port provide information on the status and link speed of the port.

The following figure shows the adapter:

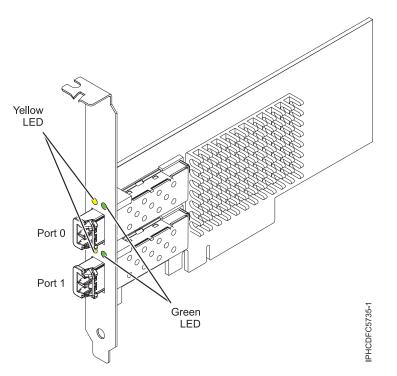


Figure 7. 5735 adapter

See the topics for the placement rules relevant for your system, if the adapter is supported on that system.

Adapter specifications

Item Description FRU number 10N9824 (Designed to comply with RoHS requirement) Wrap plug FRU number 12R9314 (Designed to comply with RoHS requirement) 11P3847 (Not designed to comply with RoHS requirement) I/O bus architecture

PCI Express (PCIe) Base and Card Electromechanical (CEM) 2.0 x8 PCIe bus interface

Slot requirement

One available PCIe x8 or x16 slot

Voltage

3.3 V

Form factor

Short, low-profile with standard size bracket

FC compatibility

2, 4, 8 Gigabit

Cables

Cables are the responsibility of the customer. Use multimode fibre optic cables with short-wave lasers that adhere to the following specifications:

- OM3: Multimode 50/125 micron fibre, 2000 MHz x km bandwidth
- OM2: Multimode 50/125 micron fibre, 500 MHz x km bandwidth
- OM1: Multimode 62.5/125 micron fibre, 200 MHz x km bandwidth

Because core sizes are different, OM1 cables can only be connected to other OM1 cables. For best results, OM2 cables should not be connected to OM3 cables. However, if an OM2 cable is connected to an OM3 cable, the characteristics of the OM2 cable apply to the entire length of the cables.

The following table shows the supported distances for the three different cable types at the three different link speeds.

Cable type	2.125 Gbps	4.25 Gbps	8.5 Gbps
OM3	0.5 m - 500 m	0.5 m - 380 m	0.5 m - 150 m
OM2	0.5 m - 300 m	0.5 m -150 m	0.5 m - 50 m
OM1	0.5 m - 150 m	0.5 m - 70 m	0.5 m - 21 m

Table 9. Supported cable distances by link speed

Maximum number

For the maximum adapters supported, see the PCI adapter placement topic collection for your system.

Operating system or partition requirements

The adapter is supported on the following versions of the operating systems:

• AIX

- AIX Version 7.1, or later

_

- AIX Version 6.1, or later
- _
- _
- AIX Version 5.3, or later
- Linux
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6.1 for POWER, or later
 - SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 11, Service Pack 1, or later (with update package)
 - See the Linux Alert site for the support details.

– 7.1, or later.

- 6.1, or later.

Adapter LED

Green and yellow LEDs can be seen through openings in the adapter mounting bracket. Green indicates firmware operation and yellow signifies port activity. Table 10 summarizes the link rate conditions. There is a 1-second pause when the LED is off between each group of fast flashes (2, 3, or 4). Observe the LED sequence for several seconds to be sure that you have correctly identified the state.

Table 10. Normal LED states

Green LED	Yellow LED	State
Slow flash	Off	Normal, link inactive or not started
On	2 fast flashes	2 Gbps link rate - normal, link active
On	3 fast flashes	4 Gbps link rate - normal, link active
On	4 fast flashes	8 Gbps link rate - normal, link active

Power-on self test (POST) conditions and results are summarized in Table 11. These states can be used to identify abnormal states or problems. Follow the action to be taken for each condition.

Green LED	Yellow LED	State	Action to be taken
Off	Off	Wake-up failure (dead board)	Perform AIX, Linuxor operating system diagnostics.
Off	On	POST failure (dead board)	Perform AIX, Linuxor operating system diagnostics.
Off	Slow blink	Wake-up failure monitor	Perform AIX, Linuxor operating system diagnostics.
Off	Fast blink	POST failure	Perform AIX, Linuxor operating system diagnostics.
Off	Flashing	POST processing in progress	None
On	Off	Failure while functioning	Perform AIX, Linuxor operating system diagnostics.
On	On	Failure while functioning	Perform AIX, Linuxor operating system diagnostics.
Slow blink	Slow blink	Offline for download	None
Slow blink	Fast blink	Restricted offline mode, waiting for restart	None
Slow blink	Flashing	Restricted offline mode, test active	None

Table 11. POST conditions and results

Replacing Fibre Channel adapters using hot swap

When hot swapping fibre channel adapters, be aware that device-related software for the storage devices might have additional devices (for example, the dar device associated with the FAStT or DS4800) that need to be removed. Refer to specific storage device documentation for information about how to remove these additional devices.

The new adapter has a unique worldwide port name (WWPN). Check the zoning and LUN assignments to ensure that the new adapter will function as expected.

4 Gigabit PCI Express Single Port Fibre Channel Adapter (FC 5773; CCIN 5773)

Learn about the specifications and operating system requirements for the 5773 adapter.

Overview

The 4 Gigabit PCI Express[®] Single Port Fibre Channel Adapter is a 64 bit, short form factor x4, PCIe adapter with an LC-type external fiber connector that provides single initiator capability over an optical fiber link or loop. The adapter automatically negotiates the highest data rate between the adapter and an attaching device at 1 Gbps, 2 Gbps, or 4 Gbps of which the device or switch is capable. Distances between the adapter and an attaching device or switch can reach up to 500 meters running at 1 Gbps data rate, up to 300 meters running at 2 Gbps data rate, and up to 150 meters running at 4 Gbps data rate. When used with Fibre Channel storage switches supporting long-wave optics, the adapter can reach distances of up to 10 kilometers running at either 1 Gbps, 2 Gbps, or 4 Gbps data rates.

The adapter can be used to attach devices either directly, or with Fibre Channel switches. If you are attaching a device or switch with an SC type fiber connector, you must use an LC-SC 50 micron fiber converter cable (FC 2456) or an LC-SC 62.5 micron fiber converter cable (FC 2459).

The adapter has the following features:

- Compliant with the PCIe Base and CEM 1.0a specifications:
 - x1 and x4 lane link interface at 2.5 Gbit/s (auto-negotiated with system)
 - Supports VC0 (1 Virtual Channel) and TC0 (1 Traffic Class)
 - Configuration and IO Memory read/write, completion, message
 - Support for 64 bit addressing
 - ECC error protection
 - Link CRC on all PCIe packets and message information
 - Large payload size: 2048 bytes for read and write
 - Large read request size: 4096 bytes
- Compatible with 1, 2, and 4 Gb Fibre Channel interface:
 - Auto-negotiate between 1 Gb, 2 Gb or 4 Gb link attachments
 - Support for all Fibre Channel topologies: point-to-point, arbitrated loop, and fabric
 - Support for Fibre Channel class 2 and 3
 - Maximum Fibre Channel throughput achieved by using full duplex hardware support
- End-to-end data path parity and CRC protection, including internal data path RAMs
- Architectural support for multiple upper layer protocols
- Internal high-speed SRAM memory
- ECC protection of local memory, includes single-bit correction and double-bit protection
- Embedded short-wave optical (LC) connection with diagnostics capability
- Onboard Context Management by firmware (per port):
 - Up to 510 FC Port Logins
 - Up to 2047 concurrent Exchanges
 - I/O multiplexing down to the FC Frame level
- Data buffers capable of supporting 64+ buffer-to-buffer (BB) credits per port for short-wave applications
- Link management and recovery handled by firmware
- Onboard diagnostic capability accessible by optional connection
- Parts and construction compliant with the European Union Directive of Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS)
- Performance up to 4.25 Gbps full duplex

The following figure shows the adapter.

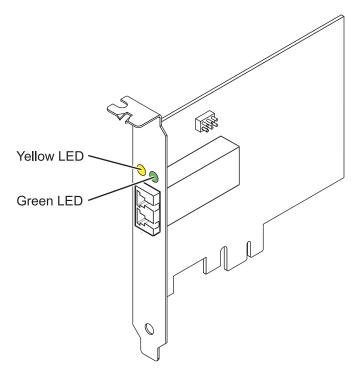


Figure 8. 5773 adapter

Adapter specifications

Item Description FRU number 10N7249*

*-----

*Designed to comply with RoHS requirement. Wrap plug FRU number 11P3847 I/O bus architecture PCI Express (PCIe) Base and CEM 1.0a x4 PCIe bus interface Slot requirement

One available PCIe x4, x8, or x16 slot

Voltage

3.3V

Form factor

Short, low-profile

FC compatibility

1, 2, 4 gigabit

Cables

50/125 micron fiber (500 MHz*km bandwidth cable)

• 1.0625 Gbps 0.5 – 500 m

• 2.125 Gbps 0.5 – 300 m

• 4.25 Gbps 0.5 – 150 m

62.5/125 micron fiber (200 MHz*km bandwidth cable)

- 1.0625 Gbps 0.5 300 m
- 2.125 Gbps 0.5 150 m
- 4.25 Gbps 0.5 70 m

Maximum number

For the maximum adapters supported, see the PCI adapter placement topic collection for your system.

See the topics for the placement rules relevant for your system, if the adapter is supported on that system.

Operating system or partition requirements

The adapter is supported under the following versions of the operating systems:

- AIX
 - AIX 5L Version 5.3 with the 5300-06 Technology Level, or later
- Linux
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux version 4 U5
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux version 5
 - SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 9 SP4
 - SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 10, SP1

Note: If you are installing a new feature, ensure that you have the software required to support the new feature and that you determine whether there are any prerequisites.

Adapter LED states

Green and yellow LEDs can be seen through openings in the mounting bracket of the adapter. Green indicates firmware operation and yellow signifies port activity. Table 12 summarizes normal LED states. There is a 1 Hz pause when the LED is off between each group of fast flashes (1, 2 or 3). Observe the LED sequence for several seconds to ensure that you correctly identify the state.

Green LED	Yellow LED	State
On	1 fast flash	1 Gbps link rate - normal, link active
On	2 fast flashes	2 Gbps link rate - normal, link active
On	3 fast flashes	4 Gbps link rate - normal, link active

Table 12. Normal LED states

Power-On Self Test (POST) conditions and results are summarized in Table 13. These states can be used to identify abnormal states or problems.

Table 13.	POST	conditions	and	results

Green LED	Yellow LED	State
Off	Off	Wake-up failure (dead board)
Off	On	POST failure (dead board)
Off	Slow flash	Wake-up failure monitor
Off	Fast flash	Failure in post
Off	Flashing	Post processing in progress
On	Off	Failure while functioning
On	On	Failure while functioning
Slow flash	Off	Normal, link down
Slow flash	On	Not defined
Slow flash	Slow flash	Offline for download

Green LED	Yellow LED	State
Slow flash	Fast flash	Restricted offline mode, waiting for restart
Slow flash	Flashing	Restricted offline mode, test active
Fast flash	Off	Debug monitor in restricted mode
Fast flash	On	Not defined
Fast flash	Slow flash	Debug monitor in test fixture mode
Fast flash	Fast flash	Debug monitor in remote debug mode
Fast flash	Flashing	Not defined

Table 13. POST conditions and results (continued)

Device ID jumper

The default setting for the device ID jumper labeled P0_JX is to set the jumper on pins 1 and 2 as shown in Figure 9. Do not change the jumper settings for a standard installation.

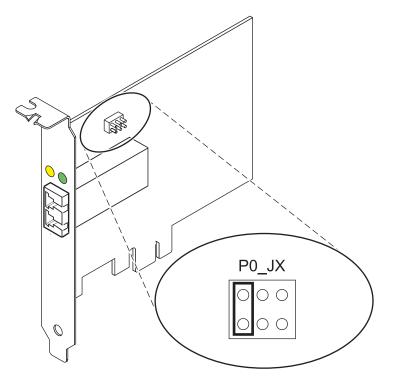


Figure 9. Device ID jumper

Replacing hot swap HBAs

Fibre Channel host bus adapters (HBAs) connected to a FAStT or DS4000 storage subsystem have a child device called a disk array router (dar). You must unconfigure the disk array router before you can hot swap an HBA that is connected to a FAStT or DS4000 storage subsystem. For instructions, see *Replacing hot swap HBAs* in the *System Storage DS4000 Storage Manager Version 9, Installation and Support Guide for AIX, HP-UX, Solaris, and Linux on Power Systems Servers,* order number GC26-7848.

4 Gigabit PCI Express Dual Port Fibre Channel Adapter (FC 5774; CCIN 5774)

Learn about the specifications and operating system requirements for the 5774 adapter.

Overview

The 4 Gigabit PCI Express Dual Port Fibre Channel Adapter is a 64 bit, short form factor x4, PCIe adapter with an LC-type external fiber connector that provides single initiator capability over an optical fiber link or loop. The adapter automatically negotiates the highest data rate between the adapter and an attaching device at 1 Gbps, 2 Gbps, or 4 Gbps of which the device or switch is capable. Distances between the adapter and an attaching device or switch can reach up to 500 meters running at 1 Gbps data rate, up to 300 meters running at 2 Gbps data rate, and up to 150 meters running at 4 Gbps data rate. When used with Fibre Channel storage switches supporting long-wave optics, the adapter can reach distances of up to 10 kilometers running at either 1 Gbps, 2 Gbps, or 4 Gbps data rates.

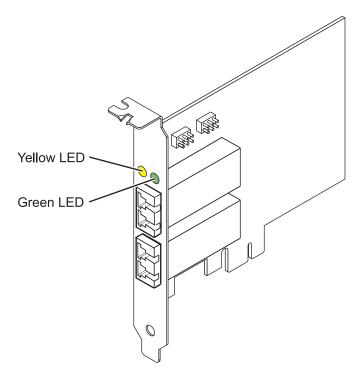
The adapter can be used to attach devices either directly, or with Fibre Channel switches. If you are attaching a device or switch with an SC type fiber connector, you must use an LC-SC 50 micron fiber converter cable (FC 2456) or an LC-SC 62.5 micron fiber converter cable (FC 2459).

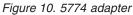
The adapter has the following features:

- Compliant with the PCIe Base and CEM 1.0a specifications:
 - x1 and x4 lane link interface at 2.5 Gbit/s (auto-negotiated with system)
 - Supports VC0 (1 Virtual Channel) and TC0 (1 Traffic Class)
 - Configuration and IO Memory read/write, completion, message
 - Support for 64 bit addressing
 - ECC error protection
 - Link CRC on all PCIe packets and message information
 - Large payload size: 2048 bytes for read and write
 - Large read request size: 4096 bytes
- Compatible with 1, 2, and 4 Gb Fibre Channel interface:
 - Auto-negotiate between 1 Gb, 2 Gb or 4 Gb link attachments
 - Support for all Fibre Channel topologies: point-to-point, arbitrated loop, and fabric
 - Support for Fibre Channel class 2 and 3
 - Maximum Fibre Channel throughput achieved by using full duplex hardware support
- · End-to-end data path parity and CRC protection, including internal data path RAMs
- Architectural support for multiple upper layer protocols
- Internal high-speed SRAM memory
- ECC protection of local memory, includes single-bit correction and double-bit protection
- Embedded short-wave optical (LC) connection with diagnostics capability
- Onboard Context Management by firmware (per port):
 - Up to 510 FC Port Logins
 - Up to 2047 concurrent Exchanges
 - I/O multiplexing down to the FC Frame level
- Data buffers capable of supporting 64+ buffer-to-buffer (BB) credits per port for short-wave applications
- Link management and recovery handled by firmware
- Onboard diagnostic capability accessible by optional connection

- Parts and construction compliant with the European Union Directive of Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS)
- Performance up to 4.25 Gbps full duplex

The following figure shows the adapter.





Specifications

```
Item
       Description
Adapter FRU number
       10N7255*
       * Designed to comply with RoHS requirement
Wrap plug FRU number
       11P3847
I/O bus architecture
       PCIe Base and CEM 1.0a
       x4 PCIe bus interface
Slot requirement
       One available PCIe x4, x8, or x16 slot
Voltage
       3.3V
Form factor
       Short, low-profile
FC compatibility
       1, 2, 4 gigabit
Cables
       50/125 micron fiber (500 MHz*km bandwidth cable)
       • 1.0625 Gbps 0.5 – 500 m
```

- 2.125 Gbps 0.5 300 m
- 4.25 Gbps 0.5 150 m

62.5/125 micron fiber (200 MHz*km bandwidth cable)

- 1.0625 Gbps 0.5 300 m
- 2.125 Gbps 0.5 150 m
- 4.25 Gbps 0.5 70 m

Maximum number

For the maximum adapters supported, see the PCI adapter placement topic collection for your system.

See the topics for the placement rules relevant for your system, if the adapter is supported on that system.

Operating system or partition requirements

The adapter is supported on the following versions of the operating systems:

- AIX
 - AIX Version 7.1, or later
 - AIX Version 6.1, or later
 - AIX Version 5.3, or later
- Linux
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux 5.6 for POWER, or later
 - Novel SUSE Linux Enterprise 11 Service Pack 1, or later
 - 7.1, or later
 - 6.1, or later

Adapter LED states

Green and yellow LEDs can be seen through openings in the mounting bracket of the adapter. Green indicates firmware operation and yellow signifies port activity. Table 14 summarizes normal LED states. There is a 1 Hz pause when the LED is off between each group of fast flashes (1, 2 or 3). Observe the LED sequence for several seconds to ensure that you correctly identify the state.

Green LED	Yellow LED	State
On	1 fast flash	1 Gbps link rate - normal, link active
On	2 fast flashes	2 Gbps link rate - normal, link active
On	3 fast flashes	4 Gbps link rate - normal, link active

Table 14. Normal LED states

Power-On Self Test (POST) conditions and results are summarized in Table 15. These states can be used to identify abnormal states or problems.

Green LED	Yellow LED	State
Off	Off	Wake-up failure (dead board)
Off	On	POST failure (dead board)
Off	Slow flash	Wake-up failure monitor
Off	Fast flash	Failure in post
Off	Flashing	Post processing in progress
On	Off	Failure while functioning

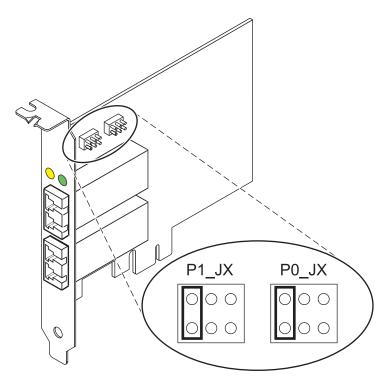
Table 15. POST conditions and results

Green LED	Yellow LED	State
On	On	Failure while functioning
Slow flash	Off	Normal, link down
Slow flash	On	Not defined
Slow flash	Slow flash	Offline for download
Slow flash	Fast flash	Restricted offline mode, waiting for restart
Slow flash	Flashing	Restricted offline mode, test active
Fast flash	Off	Debug monitor in restricted mode
Fast flash	On	Not defined
Fast flash	Slow flash	Debug monitor in test fixture mode
Fast flash	Fast flash	Debug monitor in remote debug mode
Fast flash	Flashing	Not defined

Table 15. POST conditions and results (continued)

Device ID jumper

The default setting for the two device ID jumpers labeled P0_JX. and P1_JX is to set the jumpers on pins 1 and 2 as shown in Figure 11. Do not change the jumper settings for a standard installation.





Replacing hot swap HBAs

Fibre Channel host bus adapters (HBAs) connected to a FAStT or DS4000 storage subsystem have a child device called a disk array router (dar). You must unconfigure the disk array router before you can hot swap an HBA that is connected to a FAStT or DS4000 storage subsystem. For instructions, see *Replacing*

hot swap HBAs in the System Storage DS4000 Storage Manager Version 9, Installation and Support Guide for AIX, HP-UX, Solaris, and Linux on Power Systems Servers, order number GC26-7848.

PCIe2 LP 8-Gb 4-port Fibre Channel Adapter (FC EN0Y; CCIN EN0Y)

Learn about the specifications and operating system requirements for the feature code (FC) EN0Y adapters.

Overview

The PCIe2 LP 8-Gb 4-port Fibre Channel Adapter is a PCI Express (PCIe) generation-2, low-profile, high-performance, x8 short form factor plus (SFF+) Host Bus Adapter (HBA). This adapter enables multiple logical (virtual) connections to share the same physical port. Each logical connection has its own resources and the ability to be managed independently. Each port provides single initiator capability over a fiber link or provides multiple initiator capability with N_Port ID Virtualization (NPIV). The ports are connected using mini little connectors (mini-LC) type connectors. These connectors utilize shortwave laser optics. The adapter operates at link speeds of 2, 4, and 8 gigabits per second (Gbps) and automatically negotiates to the highest speed possible. LEDs on each port provide information about the connection status and link speed of the port. The adapter connects to a Fibre Channel switch.

The LEDs on the adapter indicate the TX/RX and link status as shown in Table 16.

Figure 12 shows the adapter.

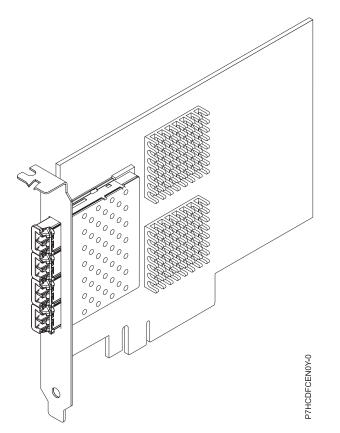


Figure 12. PCIe2 LP 8-Gb 4-port Fibre Channel Adapter

```
Table 16. LED indications
```

Hardware State	Yellow LED (8 Gbps)	Green LED (4 Gbps)	Amber LED (2 Gbps)	Comments
Power Off	OFF	OFF	OFF	

Table 16. LED indications (continued)

Hardware State	Yellow LED (8 Gbps)	Green LED (4 Gbps)	Amber LED (2 Gbps)	Comments
Power On (before firmware initialization)	On	On	On	
Power ON (after firmware initialization)	Flash	Flash	Flash	All flash at the same time.
Firmware Fault	Flash in sequence	Flash in sequence	Flash in sequence	Flashing in sequence of yellow LED, green LED, amber LED, then back to yellow LED.
2 Gbps Link UP/ACT	OFF	OFF	On/Flash	On for link up and
4 Gbps Link UP/ACT	OFF	On/Flash	OFF	flash if IO activity.
8 Gbps Link UP/ACT	On/Flash	OFF	OFF	
Beacon	Flash	OFF	Flash	All flashing at the same time.

Specifications

Item Description

Adapter FRU number

74Y3923 (Designed to comply with RoHS requirement)

- I/O bus architecture
 - PCIe2.0 x8
- Slot requirement

One PCIe generation-2 x8 slot.

Cables

For information about the cables, see "Cables"

Voltage

3.3 V and 12.0 V

Form factor

Short, low-profile

Maximum number

For the maximum adapters supported, see the PCI adapter placement topic collection for your system.

Attributes provided

- NPIV capability is supported through VIOS.
- Requires a PCI Express generation-2 x8 slot for all four ports to operate at full speed.

See the topics for the placement rules relevant for your system, if the adapter is supported on that system.

Cables

Use multimode fibre optic cables with short-wave lasers that adhere to the following specifications:

- OM3 multimode 50/125 micron fibre, 2000 MHz x km bandwidth
- OM2 multimode 50/125 micron fibre, 500 MHz x km bandwidth
- OM1 multimode 62.5/125 micron fibre, 200 MHz x km bandwidth

The following table shows the supported distances for the three different cable types at the three different link speeds.

Table 17. Supported distances for cables

Header		Cable Type and Distance		
Rate	OM1	OM2	OM3	
2.125 Gbps	0.5 meters to 150 meters	0.5 meters to 300 meters	0.5 meters to 500 meters	
	(1.64 feet to 492.12 feet)	(1.64 feet to 984.25 feet)	(1.64 feet to 1640.41 feet)	
4.25 Gbps	0.5 meters to 70 meters	0.5 meters to 150 meters	0.5 meters to 380 meters	
	(1.64 feet to 229.65 feet)	(1.64 feet to 492.12 feet)	(1.64 feet to 1246.71 feet)	
8.5 Gbps	0.5 meters to 21 meters	0.5 meters to 50 meters	0.5 meters to 150 meters	
	(1.64 feet to 68.89 feet)	(1.64 feet to 164.04 feet)	(1.64 feet to 492.12 feet)	

Due to different core sizes, connect OM1 cables only to other OM1 cables. For best results, ensure that OM2 cables are not connected to OM3 cables. However, if an OM2 cable is connected to an OM3 cable, the characteristics of the OM2 cable gets applied to the entire length of the cables.

Operating system or partition requirements

This adapter is supported for the following versions of operating systems:

- AIX
 - AIX Version 7.1 with the 7100-01 Technology Level, and Service Pack 4, or later.
 - AIX Version 7.1 with the 7100-00 Technology Level, and Service Pack 6, or later.
 - AIX Version 6.1 with the 6100-07 Technology Level, and Service Pack 4, or later.
 - AIX Version 6.1 with the 6100-06 Technology Level, and Service Pack 8, or later.
 - AIX Version 5.3 with the 5300-12 Technology Level and Service Pack 6, or later.
- Linux
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6.2 for POWER, or later.
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux 5.8 for POWER, or later.
 - Novel SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 11, Service Pack 2, or later.
 - Novel SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 10, Service Pack 4, or later.
 - See the Linux Alert site for the support details.
- ٠
- 6.1.1 with 6.1.1 machine code 6.1.1, or later, supported through VIOS 2.2.1.5.
- VIOS
 - VIOS support requires VIOS 2.2.1.5, or later.

PCIe LP POWER GXT145 Graphics Accelerator (FC 5269)

Learn about the features, requirements, installation notes, and troubleshooting tips for the PCIe LP POWER GXT145 Graphics Accelerator adapter.

Overview

This PCI Express adapter has two feature codes associated:

- FC 5748: POWER GXT145 PCI Express Graphics Accelerator, is the full-height adapter.
- FC 5269: PCIe LP POWER GXT145 Graphics Accelerator adapter, is the low-profile adapter.

The PCIe LP POWER GXT145 Graphics Accelerator adapter is the low-profile version of the feature POWER GXT145 PCI Express Graphics Accelerator adapter (FC 5748). This adapter is a versatile 2D graphics accelerator and enhances the system unit video. This adapter supports both analog and digital monitors. The adapter requires a PCI Express slot. The adapter has no hardware switches to set. Mode

selection is made through the software. Figure 13 shows the adapter and its connectors.

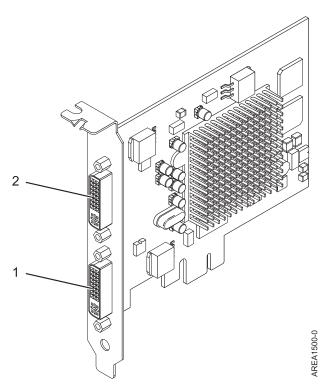


Figure 13. PCIe LP POWER GXT145 Graphics Accelerator adapter

- 1 Primary DVI connector (28 pin), analog, or digital
- 2 Secondary DVI connector (28 pin), analog, or digital

Connect the primary monitor to connector 1. If you are using an optional, secondary monitor, connect the secondary monitor to connector 2. In the system or logical partition running AIX, the video that is displayed on the secondary monitor is the same as the video displayed the primary monitor, and at the same resolution and refresh rate.

The following table shows the feature code, custom card identification number, and field-replaceable unit part number for the adapter.

feature code (FC)	custom card identification number (CCIN)	field-replaceable unit (FRU) part number
5269	5269	74Y3227*
*Designed to comply with RoHS requirement		

This adapter provides the following features:

- 8-bit indexed or 24-bit true color.
- 32-MB SDRAM frame buffer.
- x1 PCIe bus interface.
- Two DVI-I analog or digital connectors.
- One monitor connected, analog, up to 2048 x 1536 resolution.
- One monitor connected, digital, up to 1280 x 1024 resolution.
- A second monitor supported on secondary connector at up to 1600 x 1200 analog or 1280 x 1024 digital.

- For systems or logical partitions running Linux, a second monitor is supported on the secondary connector at resolutions up to 1600 x 1200 analog or 1280 x 1024 digital.
- For systems or logical partitions running AIX, when running with two monitors, both monitors must have an analog connection with the same resolution, up to 1600 x 1200. The image on the primary monitor is also displayed on the secondary monitor.
- Display power management: Video Electronics Standards Association (VESA), Display Power Management Signaling (DPMS)

See the topics for the placement rules relevant for your system, if the adapter is supported on that system.

Operating system or partition requirements

The adapter is supported under the following operating systems:

This adapter is supported for the following versions of operating systems:

- AIX
 - AIX Version 7.1
 - AIX Version 6.1
 - AIX Version 5.3
- Linux
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux
 - Novel SUSE Linux Enterprise Server
 - See the Linux Alert site for the support details.

Preparing for installation

If you are installing the operating system at this time, install the adapter before you install the operating system. See "Installing the adapter" on page 37 for instructions. If you are installing only the device driver for this adapter, install the device driver software before you install the adapter. See "Installing the device driver software" for instructions.

Gathering tools and documentation

To install the adapter, make sure that you have access to the following items:

- The adapter
- The operating system documentation
- The system service guide for removing and replacing features
- The PCI adapter placement documentation
- A flat-blade screwdriver
- The media containing the device driver software

Installing the device driver software

This section explains how to install device driver software for the adapter. The device driver is provided for the AIX 5L operating system.

To install device driver software, do the following steps:

- 1. Log in to the system unit as root user.
- 2. Insert the media containing the device driver software (for example, the CD) into the media device.

If your system does not have a CD-ROM drive, refer to your system documentation for performing a Network Installation Management (NIM) installation.

- 3. Type the following System Management Interface Tool (SMIT) fast path command: smit devinst
- 4. Press Enter. The Install Additional Device Software window highlights the **INPUT device / directory for software** option.
- 5. Type the name of the input device that you are using, or press F4 to select the input device from a list.
- **6**. Press Enter. The Install Additional Device Software window highlights the SOFTWARE to install option.
- 7. Press F4 to select List.
- 8. Type / to display the Find window.
- 9. Type the device package name devices.pci.2b102725.
- 10. Press Enter. The system finds and highlights this device driver software.
- 11. Press F7 to select the highlighted device driver software.
- **12**. Press Enter. The INSTALL ADDITIONAL DEVICE SOFTWARE window displays. The entry fields are automatically updated.
- 13. Press Enter to accept the information. The ARE YOU SURE window displays.
- 14. Press Enter to accept the information. The COMMAND STATUS window displays.
 - The message RUNNING is highlighted to indicate that the installation and configuration command is in progress.
 - When RUNNING changes to OK, scroll to the bottom of the page and locate the installation summary.
 - After a successful installation, SUCCESS displays in the Result column of the installation summary at the bottom of the page.
- 15. Remove the installation media from the drive.
- **16**. Press F10 to exit SMIT.

Installing the adapter

This section explains how to install the adapter. If you are installing your operating system at this time, install your adapter before you install the operating system. If the operating system is already installed and you need to install the device driver for this adapter, install the device driver software before you install the adapter. See "Installing the device driver software" on page 36 for instructions.

Attention: Before installing an adapter, review the precautions in Safety notices and Handling static sensitive devices. Do not remove the adapter from its anti-static package until you are ready to place it in the system unit.

To install the adapter, follow these steps:

1. Determine the PCIe slot in which to place the adapter.

The PCIe LP POWER GXT145 Graphics Accelerator adapter has an x1 PCIe connector and can be placed in a PCIe x1, x4, x8, or x16 slot. See PCI adapter placement for information about the PCIe slots on your system unit.

- 2. Shut down the system unit and install the adapter using the instructions in the system unit documentation.
- 3. Connect the monitor cable to the adapter.

If necessary, you can use a DVI-A dongle (feature code 4276) for connecting a VGA 15-pin connector on a monitor cable to the DVI connector on the adapter. For example, a DVI-A dongle is needed to connect to a 7316-TF3 console or a KVM switch.

4. Start the system unit and the monitor.

- 5. When prompted, configure the adapter by following the online configuration instructions.
- 6. When **Select Display** (console) appears, press the number key on your keyboard for the monitor that is to be the default.

Troubleshooting

If you have video problems after the initial installation, follow these procedures to troubleshoot the problem:

- Check the cables.
- Check the device driver software installation.
- Check the console.
- Check the adapter installation.

Checking the cables

- 1. Ensure the monitor cables are connected to the correct adapter.
- 2. If you have more than one video adapter, be sure that each adapter is connected to a monitor.
- 3. Verify that the connections are secure.
- 4. If no log-in prompt appears, restart the system unit.

Checking the device driver software installation

Verify that the device driver for the PCIe LP POWER GXT145 Graphics Accelerator adapter is installed by typing the following command and then pressing Enter:

lslpp -1 all | grep GXT145

If the GXT145 device driver is installed, the following table is an example of the data that appears if you are running AIX Version 5.2:

devices.pci.2b102725.X11 5.2.0.105 COMMITTED AIXwindows GXT145 Graphics

devices.pci.2b102725.diag 5.2.0.105 COMMITTED GXT145 Graphics Adapter

devices.pci.2b102725.rte 5.2.0.105 COMMITTED GXT145 Graphics Adapter

If the POWER GXT145 device driver did not fully install, reinstall the driver. See "Installing the device driver software" on page 36.

Checking the console

- 1. If you continue to experience problems, you can redirect the monitor to the new adapter using the **chdisp** command.
- 2. If you continue to experience problems after you have checked your cables and tried the **chdisp** command, run diagnostics.

Checking the adapter installation

Verify that the system unit recognizes the PCIe LP POWER GXT145 Graphics Accelerator adapter.

At the AIX command-line type lsdev -Cs pci. If the PCIe LP POWER GXT145 Graphics Accelerator adapter is correctly installed, the following is an example of the data that appears: cor0 Available 0K-00 GXT145 Graphics Adapter

If the message indicates that the adapter is DEFINED instead of AVAILABLE, shut down the system unit and check the PCIe LP POWER GXT145 Graphics Accelerator adapter to ensure that it is installed

correctly. If you continue to experience problems after following the steps in this section, contact service and support for assistance.

POWER GXT145 PCI Express Graphics Accelerator (FC 5748)

Learn about the features, requirements, installation notes, and troubleshooting tips for the POWER GXT145 PCI Express Graphics Accelerator adapter.

Overview

This PCI Express adapter has two feature codes associated:

- FC 5748: POWER GXT145 PCI Express Graphics Accelerator, is the full-height adapter.
- FC 5269: POWER GXT145 PCI Express Graphics Accelerator, is the low-profile adapter.

The POWER GXT145 PCI Express Graphics Accelerator adapter is a PCI Express (PCIe) adapter that accelerates and enhances the system unit video. The adapter has no hardware switches to set. Mode selection is made through the software. Figure 14 shows the adapter and its connectors.

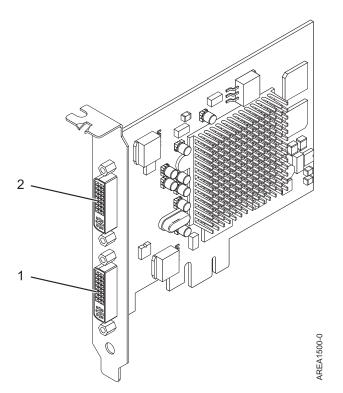


Figure 14. POWER GXT145 PCI Express Graphics Accelerator adapter

- 1 Primary DVI connector (28 pin), analog, or digital
- 2 Secondary DVI connector (28 pin), analog, or digital

Connect the primary monitor to connector 1. If you are using an optional, secondary monitor, connect the secondary monitor to connector 2. In the system or logical partition running AIX, the video that is displayed on the secondary monitor is the same as the video displayed the primary monitor, and at the same resolution and refresh rate.

The following table shows the feature code, custom card identification number, and field-replaceable unit part number for the adapter.

Feature code (FC)	Custom card identification number (CCIN)	Field-replaceable unit (FRU) part number	
5748	5748	10N7756 [*]	
*Designed to comply with RoHS requirement			

This adapter provides the following features:

- 8-bit indexed or 24-bit true color.
- 32-MB SDRAM frame buffer.
- x1 PCIe bus interface.
- Two DVI-I analog or digital connectors.
- One monitor connected, analog, up to 2048 x 1536 resolution.
- One monitor connected, digital, up to 1280 x 1024 resolution.
- A second monitor supported on secondary connector at up to 1600 x 1200 analog or 1280 x 1024 digital. A second monitor supported on secondary connector at up to 1600 x 1200 analog or 1280 x 1024 digital.
 - For systems or logical partitions running Linux, a second monitor is supported on the secondary connector at resolutions up to 1600 x 1200 analog or 1280 x 1024 digital.
 - For systems or logical partitions running AIX, when running with two monitors, both monitors must have an analog connection with the same resolution, up to 1600 x 1200. The image on the primary monitor is also displayed on the secondary monitor.
- Display power management: Video Electronics Standards Association (VESA), Display Power[®] Management Signaling (DPMS)

See the topics for the placement rules relevant for your system, if the adapter is supported on that system.

Operating system or partition requirements

The adapter is supported under the following operating systems:

This adapter is supported for the following versions of operating systems:

- AIX
 - AIX Version 7.1
 - AIX Version 6.1
 - AIX Version 5.3
- Linux
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux
 - Novel SUSE Linux
 - See the Linux Alert site for the support details.

Preparing for installation

If you are installing the operating system at this time, install the adapter before you install the operating system. See "Installing the adapter" on page 41 for instructions. If you are installing only the device driver for this adapter, install the device driver software before you install the adapter. See "Installing the device driver software" on page 41 for instructions.

Gathering tools and documentation

To install the adapter, make sure that you have access to the following items:

- The adapter
- The operating system documentation
- The system service guide for removing and replacing features
- The PCI adapter placement documentation
- A flat-blade screwdriver
- The media containing the device driver software

Installing the device driver software

This section explains how to install device driver software for the adapter. The device driver is provided for the AIX 5L operating system.

To install device driver software, do the following steps:

- 1. Log in to the system unit as root user.
- 2. Insert the media containing the device driver software (for example, the CD) into the media device. If your system does not have a CD-ROM drive, refer to your system documentation for performing a Network Installation Management (NIM) installation.
- 3. Type the following System Management Interface Tool (SMIT) fast path command: smit devinst
- 4. Press Enter. The Install Additional Device Software window highlights the **INPUT device / directory for software** option.
- 5. Type the name of the input device that you are using, or press F4 to select the input device from a list.
- **6.** Press Enter. The Install Additional Device Software window highlights the SOFTWARE to install option.
- 7. Press F4 to select List.
- 8. Type / to display the Find window.
- 9. Type the device package name devices.pci.2b102725.
- 10. Press Enter. The system finds and highlights this device driver software.
- 11. Press F7 to select the highlighted device driver software.
- **12**. Press Enter. The INSTALL ADDITIONAL DEVICE SOFTWARE window displays. The entry fields are automatically updated.
- **13**. Press Enter to accept the information. The ARE YOU SURE window displays.
- 14. Press Enter to accept the information. The COMMAND STATUS window displays.
 - The message RUNNING is highlighted to indicate that the installation and configuration command is in progress.
 - When RUNNING changes to OK, scroll to the bottom of the page and locate the installation summary.
 - After a successful installation, SUCCESS displays in the Result column of the installation summary at the bottom of the page.
- **15**. Remove the installation media from the drive.
- **16**. Press F10 to exit SMIT.

Installing the adapter

This section explains how to install the adapter. If you are installing your operating system at this time, install your adapter before you install the operating system. If the operating system is already installed and you need to install the device driver for this adapter, install the device driver software before you install the adapter. See "Installing the device driver software" for instructions.

Attention: Before installing an adapter, review the precautions in Safety notices and Handling static sensitive devices. Do not remove the adapter from its anti-static package until you are ready to place it in the system unit.

To install the adapter, follow these steps:

1. Determine the PCIe slot in which to place the adapter.

The POWER GXT145 PCI Express Graphics Accelerator adapter has an x1 PCIe connector and can be placed in a PCIe x1, x4, x8, or x16 slot. See PCI adapter placement for information about the PCIe slots on your system unit.

- **2**. Shut down the system unit and install the adapter using the instructions in the system unit documentation.
- 3. Connect the monitor cable to the adapter.

If necessary, you can use a DVI-A dongle (feature code 4276) for connecting a VGA 15-pin connector on a monitor cable to the DVI connector on the adapter. For example, a DVI-A dongle is needed to connect to a 7316-TF3 console or a KVM switch.

- 4. Start the system unit and the monitor.
- 5. When prompted, configure the adapter by following the online configuration instructions.
- 6. When **Select Display** (console) appears, press the number key on your keyboard for the monitor that is to be the default.

Troubleshooting

If you have video problems after the initial installation, follow these procedures to troubleshoot the problem:

- Check the cables.
- Check the device driver software installation.
- Check the console.
- Check the adapter installation.

Checking the cables

- 1. Ensure the monitor cables are connected to the correct adapter.
- 2. If you have more than one video adapter, be sure that each adapter is connected to a monitor.
- 3. Verify that the connections are secure.
- 4. If no log-in prompt appears, restart the system unit.

Checking the device driver software installation

Verify that the device driver for the POWER GXT145 PCI Express Graphics Accelerator adapter is installed by typing the following command and then pressing Enter:

lslpp -l all | grep GXT145

If the GXT145 device driver is installed, the following table is an example of the data that appears if you are running AIX Version 5.2:

devices.pci.2b102725.X11 5.2.0.105 COMMITTED AIXwindows GXT145 Graphics

devices.pci.2b102725.diag 5.2.0.105 COMMITTED GXT145 Graphics Adapter

devices.pci.2b102725.rte 5.2.0.105 COMMITTED GXT145 Graphics Adapter

If the POWER GXT145 device driver did not fully install, reinstall the driver. See "Installing the device driver software" on page 41.

Checking the console

- 1. If you continue to experience problems, you can redirect the monitor to the new adapter using the **chdisp** command.
- 2. If you continue to experience problems after you have checked your cables and tried the **chdisp** command, run diagnostics.

Checking the adapter installation

Verify that the system unit recognizes the POWER GXT145 PCI Express Graphics Accelerator adapter.

At the AIX command-line type lsdev -Cs pci. If the POWER GXT145 PCI Express Graphics Accelerator adapter is correctly installed, the following is an example of the data that appears: cor0 Available 0K-00 GXT145 Graphics Adapter

If the message indicates that the adapter is DEFINED instead of AVAILABLE, shut down the system unit and check the POWER GXT145 PCI Express Graphics Accelerator adapter to ensure that it is installed correctly. If you continue to experience problems after following the steps in this section, contact service and support for assistance.

PCIe2 LP 4-port 1GbE Adapter (FC 5260; CCIN 576F)

Learn about the specifications and operating system requirements for the feature code 5260 adapters.

Overview

There are two adapters with the same CCIN. The feature code (FC) 5260 and FC 5899 are both the same adapter. FC 5260 is a low-profile adapter and the FC 5899 is a full-height adapter. The names of these two adapters are:

- FC 5260: PCIe2 LP 4-port 1GbE Adapter
- FC 5899: PCIe2 4-port 1GbE Adapter

The PCIe2 LP 4-port 1GbE Adapter is a short, low-profile, generation-2 PCIe adapter. This adapter provides four 1-Gb Ethernet ports that can be configured to run at 1000 Megabits per second (Mbps) (or 1 Gigabit per second (Gbps)), 100 Mbps, or 10 Mbps. Each of the Ethernet ports can be connected by using 4-pair, CAT5, Unshielded Twisted Pair (UTP) cables up to 100 meters (328 feet) in length. The cables are attached to the copper RJ45 connectors. Each port is independent of one another and supports full-duplex or half-duplex. The half-duplex mode does not support a speed of 1000 Mbps. The adapter conforms to the IEEE 802.3ab 1000Base-T standard and supports jumbo frames when running at the 1000 Mbps speed.

See the topics for the placement rules relevant for your system, if the adapter is supported on that system.

Specifications

Item Description Adapter FRU number FC 5260: 74Y4064 (Designed to comply with RoHS requirement) FC 5899: 74Y4066 (low-profile bracket) Wrap plug 10N7405 I/O bus architecture PCIe2.0 x4 Slot requirement One PCIe x4 (low-profile) slot.

Cables

4-pair, CAT5, Unshielded Twisted Pair (UTP) cables are connected to copper RJ45 connectors.

Voltage 3.3-V

Form factor

Low-profile

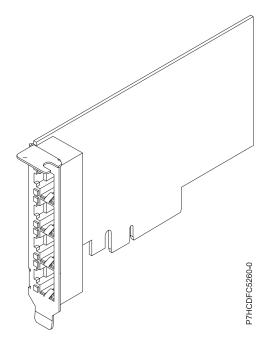
Maximum number

For the maximum adapters supported, see the PCI adapter placement topic collection for your system.

Attributes provided

- PCIe x4, generation-1 or generation-2
- 4-Port machine access code (MAC)
- High performance IPV4/IPV6 checksum offload
- Supports large send and large receive
- Multiple queues
- VIOS

The following figure shows the adapter.





Operating system or partition requirements

This adapter is supported for the following versions of operating systems:

- AIX
 - AIX Version 7.1 with the 7100-01 Technology Level and Service Pack 4, or later.
 - AIX Version 7.1 with the 7100-00 Technology Level and Service Pack 6, or later.
 - AIX Version 6.1 with the 6100-07 Technology Level, and Service Pack 4, or later.
 - AIX Version 6.1 with the 6100-06 Technology Level, and Service Pack 8, or later.
 - AIX Version 5.3 with the 5300-12 Technology Level and Service Pack 6, or later.
- Linux
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6.2 for POWER, or later.
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux 5.8 for POWER, or later.

- SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 11, Service Pack 2, or later (with update package).
- See the Linux Alert site for the support details.
- •
- 7.1, or later.
- 6.1 with 6.1.1 machine code 6.1.1, or later.
- VIOS
 - VIOS support requires VIOS 2.2.1.5, or later.

PCIe LP 10-Gb FCoE 2-port Adapter (FC 5270; CCIN 2B3B)

Learn about the features, operating system requirements, and installation notes for the feature code (FC) 5270 adapter.

Overview

This PCI Express adapter has two feature codes associated:

- FC 5270: PCIe LP 10-Gb FCoE 2-port Adapter, is the low-profile adapter.
- FC 5708: 10Gb FCoE PCIe Dual Port Adapter, is the full-height adapter.

The PCIe LP 10-Gb FCoE 2-port Adapter is a high-performance, converged network adapter (CNA). The adapter supports data networking and storage networking traffic on a single I/O adapter by using Enhanced Ethernet and Fibre Channel over Ethernet (FCoE). Both FCoE and network interface controller (NIC) functions are available for both ports simultaneously. Using FCoE requires Convergence Enhanced Ethernet (CEE) switches.

The following figure shows the adapter LEDs and connectors.

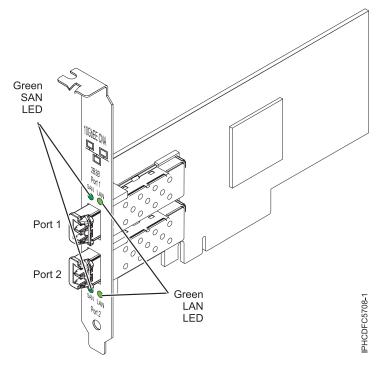


Figure 16. PCIe LP 10-Gb FCoE 2-port Adapter

The LEDs on the adapter provide information about the operation status of the adapter.

Table 18. Adapter LEDs

Green SAN LED	Green LAN LED	Activity
Off	Off	Power off
Slow flashing (unison)	Slow flashing (unison)	Power-on, no link
On	On	Link established, no activity
On	Flashing	Link established, Transmission/Receive (TX/RX) LAN only activity
Flashing	On	Link established, TX/RX SAN only activity
Flashing	Flashing	Link established, TX/RX LAN and SAN activity
Slow flashing (alternating)	Slow flashing (alternating)	Beaconing

See the topics for the placement rules relevant for your system, if the adapter is supported on that system.

Specifications

Item Description

FRU number

46K8088 (Designed to comply with RoHS requirement.)

Wrap plug FRU number

12R9314 (Designed to comply with RoHS requirement.)

I/O bus architecture

PCI Express x8 generation-1 and x4 generation-2

PCI Express (PCIe) Base and Card Electromechanical (CEM) 2.0

Connectors

LC multimode fiber optic

SFP+ (small form-factor pluggable) with SR optics

Voltage

3.3 V and 12-V

Form factor

Short, low-profile with standard-size bracket

Cables

Cables are the responsibility of the customer. Use multimode fiber optic cables with short-wave lasers that adhere to the following specifications:

• OM1

- Multimode 62.5/125 micron fiber
- 200 MHz x km bandwidth
- Maximum cable distance 1 is 33 m (108 ft)

• OM2

- Multimode 50/125 micron fiber
- 500 MHz x km bandwidth
- Maximum cable distance is 82 m (269 ft)
- OM3
 - Multimode 50/125 micron fiber
 - 2000 MHz x km bandwidth
 - Maximum cable distance is 300 m (984 ft)

Operating system or partition requirements

The adapter is supported on the following versions of the operating systems:

- AIX
 - AIX Version 7.1 with Service Pack 3, or later
 - AIX Version 6.1 with the 6100-06 Technology Level, and Service Pack 5, or later
 - AIX Version 5.3 with the 5300-12 Technology Level and Service Pack 4, or later
- Linux
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux 5.6 for POWER, or later
 - Novel SUSE Linux Enterprise Server Service Pack 4, or later
- - Support of this feature with requires VIOS 2.2 or later
- 7.1, or later
- VIOS
 - VIOS support requires VIOS 2.2.0.12-FP24 SP02, or later

Note: If you are installing a new feature, ensure that you have the software required to support the new feature and that you determine whether there are any prerequisites.

Replacing FCoE adapters by using hot swap

When hot swapping FCoE adapters, be aware that device-related software for the storage devices might have additional devices that must be removed. See specific storage device documentation for information about how to remove these additional devices. The adapter has a unique worldwide port name (WWPN). When using the Fibre Channel function, check the zoning and LUN assignments to ensure that the Fibre Channel function is operating as expected.

PCIe LP 4-Port 10/100/1000 Base-TX Ethernet Adapter (FC 5271; CCIN 5717)

Learn about features, requirements, and specifications for the feature code (FC) 5271 adapter.

There are two adapters with the same CCIN. The feature code (FC) 5271 and FC 5717 are both the same adapter. FC 5271 is a low-profile adapter and the FC 5717 is a full-height adapter. The names of these two adapters are:

- FC 5271: PCIe LP 4-Port 10/100/1000 Base-TX Ethernet Adapter
- FC 5717: 4-Port 10/100/1000 Base-TX PCI Express Adapter

The PCIe LP 4-Port 10/100/1000 Base-TX Ethernet Adapter is a PCI Express (PCIe), low-profile, four ported, Gigabit Ethernet adapter that can be configured to run either port at 1000, 100, or 10 Mbps data rate. This adapter interfaces to the system through a PCIe bus and connects to a network using a 4-pair CAT-5 Unshielded Twisted Pair (UTP) cable for distances of up to 100 meters. The adapter conforms to the IEEE 802.3ab 1000Base-T standard. The 5717 also supports jumbo frames when running at the 1000 Mbps speed.

The adapter provides the following features:

- Supports interrupt moderation to deliver increased performance while significantly reducing central processing unit (CPU) utilization
- Allows quad-port operation in x4, x8, x16 slots, and each port operates without interfering with the other
- Each port operates without interfering with the other
- Auto-negotiation, full-duplex (half-duplex available for 10/100)

- Integrated media access control (MAC) and physical layer (PHY)
- Supports Fast EtherChannel (FEC) and Gigabit EtherChannel (GEC) when used with capable switch
- Supports IEEE 802.3ad Link Aggregation control protocol when used with capable switch
- IEEE 802.1Q VLANs, IEEE 802.3 (z, ab, u, x) flow control support, IEEE 802.1p
- TCP checksum offload -- transmission control protocol (TCP), Internet Protocol (IP) for IPv4
- TCP Segmentation Offload (TSO) / Large Send Offload (LSO)
- Bus width x4 lane; operable in x4, x8, or x16 slots
- Bus speed (x4, encoded rate) 10 Gbps unidirectional and 20 Gbps bidirectional
- EEPROM SPI and single EEPROM support
- Interrupt levels INTA and MSI (requires system and software support for MSI)
- IEEE 802.3ab
- Hardware certifications FCC B, UL, CE, VCCI, BSMI, CTICK, MIC
- Four RJ-45 connectors
- LEDs on each port identifying speed and link activity
- Compliant with European Union Directive 2002/95/EC on the Restriction of the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment

See the topics for the placement rules relevant for your system, if the adapter is supported on that system.

Adapter specifications

Item Description

FRU number

46Y3512*

*Designed to comply with RoHS requirement

I/O bus architecture

- PCIe V1.0a compliant
- Bus width x4 lane PCIe, operable in x4, x8, x16 slots
- Bus speed (x4, encoded rate) 10 Gbps unidirectional; 20 Gbps bidirectional

Busmaster

Yes

Maximum number

For the maximum adapters supported, see the PCI adapter placement topic collection for your system.

Adapter size

PCIe short form

- **Connector information**
 - Four RJ-45 ports
 - Two LED adapter status indicators per port, for link activity and speed

Cabling

Customers supply their own cables. For best performance, use cables that meet Cat 5e cabling standards, or later.

Adapter LED states

The LEDs on the adapter provide information about the adapter's operation status. The LEDs are visible through the adapter mounting bracket. 4-Port 10/100/1000 Base-TX PCIe adapter shows the location of the LEDs. Table 19 on page 49 describes the different LED states and what those states indicate.

The following figure shows the adapter:

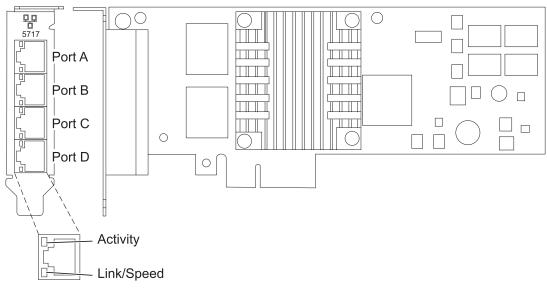


Figure 17. FC 5271 adapter

Table 19. Adapter LEDs and descriptions

LED	Light	Description
Activity/link	Green	Active link
	Off	No link
		The absence of a link can indicate a defective cable, defective connector, or a configuration mismatch.
	Blinking	Data activity
Speed	Off	10 Mbps
	Green	100 Mbps
	Orange	1000 Mbps

Operating system or partition requirements

The adapter is supported for the following operating systems:

This adapter is supported for the following versions of the operating systems:

- AIX
 - AIX Version 7.1, or later
 - AIX Version 6.1, or later
 - AIX Version 5.3, or later
- Linux
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux
 - SUSE Linux Enterprise Server
 - See the Linux Alert site for the support details.

If you are using another release of AIX, ensure that the adapter is supported on that release before you install the adapter. Contact service and support for assistance.

If you are installing a new feature, ensure that you have the software required to support the new feature and that you determine if there are any existing prerequisites.

Preparing for installation

If you are installing the operating system at this time, install the adapter before you install the operating system. See "Installing the adapter" on page 51 for instructions.

If you are installing only the device driver for this adapter, install the device driver software before you install the adapter. See "Installing the device driver software" for instructions.

If you already have one of these adapters installed and working with your AIX operating system and you are preparing to install additional adapters, the device driver is already installed and you do not need to reinstall the device drive.

Verifying the hardware requirements

The adapter requires the following hardware:

- A wrap plug for the RJ-45 connector, if you are running the total diagnostics package
- CAT5e (or later) UTP cables for 1000 Mbps network attachment
- CAT5 or CAT3 UTP cables for 100 Mbps or 10 Mbps network attachment

Restriction: The cables can be no longer than 100 meters (328.08 feet) (including patch cables) from the adapter to the local switch.

Verifying the software requirements

You can use the adapter on operating systems shown in "Operating system or partition requirements" on page 49.

Gathering tools and documentation

To install the adapter, make sure you have access to the following items:

- The adapter
- The operating system documentation
- The system unit documentation for removing and replacing features
- The PCI adapter placement documentation.
- A flat-blade screwdriver
- The AIX base operating system CD, which includes the device driver, or the AIX device driver CD

Installing the device driver software

This section explains how to install device driver software. The device driver is provided for the AIX 5L operating system on the AIX base operating system CD, which includes the device driver, or the AIX device driver CD.

To install device driver software, do the following steps:

- 1. Log in to the system unit as root user.
- Insert the media containing the device driver software (for example, the CD) into the media device. If your system does not have a CD-ROM drive, refer to your system documentation for performing a Network Installation Management (NIM) installation.
- 3. Type the following System Management Interface Tool (SMIT) fast path command: smit devinst
- 4. Press Enter. The Install Additional Device Software window highlights the **INPUT device / directory for software** option.

- 5. Type the name of the input device that you are using, or press F4 to select the input device from a list.
- **6.** Press Enter. The Install Additional Device Software window highlights the SOFTWARE to install option.
- 7. Press F4 to select List.
- 8. Type / to display the Find window.
- 9. Type the device package name devices.pciex.14106803.
- 10. Press Enter. The system finds and highlights this device driver software.
- 11. Press F7 to select the highlighted device driver software.
- 12. Press Enter. The INSTALL ADDITIONAL DEVICE SOFTWARE window displays. The entry fields are automatically updated.
- 13. Press Enter to accept the information. The ARE YOU SURE window displays.
- 14. Press Enter to accept the information. The COMMAND STATUS window displays.
 - The message RUNNING is highlighted to indicate that the installation and configuration command is in progress.
 - When RUNNING changes to OK, scroll to the bottom of the page and locate the installation summary.
 - After a successful installation, SUCCESS displays in the Result column of the installation summary at the bottom of the page.
- 15. Remove the installation media from the drive.
- 16. Press F10 to exit SMIT.

Verifying the AIX software installation

To verify that the device driver for the adapter is installed, do the following steps:

- 1. If necessary, log in as root user.
- 2. Type lslpp -l devices.pciex.14106803.rte and press Enter.

If the device driver is installed, the following table is an example of the data that appears.

Fileset	Level	State	Description
Path: /usr/lib/objrepos devices.pciex.14106803.rte	5.x.0.0		4-Port 10/100/1000 Base-TX PCI Express Software

3. Confirm that the devices.pciex.14106803.rte filesets are installed. If no data displays in the window, reinstall the driver.

Installing the adapter

This section explains how to install the adapter. If you are installing the operating system at this time, install the adapter before you install the operating system. If the operating system is already installed and you need to install the device driver for this adapter, install the device driver software before you install the adapter.

Attention: Before installing an adapter, review the precautions in Safety notices and Handling static sensitive devices. Do not remove the adapter from its anti-static package until you are ready to place it in the system unit.

To install the adapter, follow these steps:

1. Determine the PCIe slot in which to place the adapter.

The adapter has an x4 PCIe connector and can be placed in a x4, x8 or x16 slot. See the PCI adapter placement for information about the PCIe slots on your system unit.

2. Install the adapter using the instructions in the system unit service guide.

Verifying the adapter installation

To verify that the system unit recognizes the adapter, type lsdev -Cs pci at the command line and press Enter.

A list of PCI devices displays. If the adapter is installed correctly, the status of available for each port indicates that the adapter is installed and ready to use. If a message indicates that any of the ports are defined instead of available, shut down the server and verify that the adapter was installed correctly.

PCIe LP 10GbE CX4 1-port Adapter (FC 5272; CCIN 5732)

Learn about the features, operating system requirements, and installation procedures for the feature code (FC) 5272 adapter.

Overview

The PCIe LP 10GbE CX4 1-port Adapter is a low-profile, high performance CX4 copper network interface controller (NIC). The product conforms to the IEEE, 802.3ae 10GBASE-CX specification for Ethernet transmission. 10GBase-CX4 uses the XAUI (10 Gigabit attachment unit interface) specified in 802.3ae, and the 4X connector that is used for InfiniBand technology. The adapter is used to connect servers or switches over short distances of up to 15 meters.

The following figure shows the adapter.

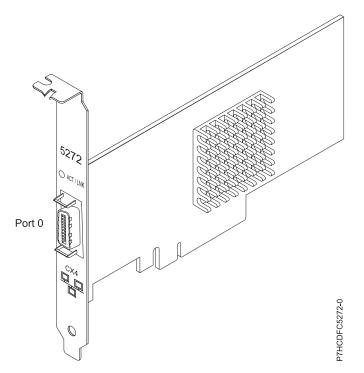


Figure 18. PCIe LP 10GbE CX4 1-port Adapter

The LED on the adapter provides information about the operation status of the adapter.

Table 20. Adapter LED

LED	Light	Description
Activity/Link	Green	Good link, no activity
	Flashing	Transmit activity
	Off	No link [*]
Board status (visible through ACT/LNK)	Red	Not Initialized ^{**}
	Off	Initialized

^{*}The absence of a link can be the result of a defective cable, a defective connector, or a configuration mismatch.

** The adapter has not been initialized by the OS. During such time:

• If no cable is connected, the Green LED is ON.

• If cable is connected and the LINK is sensed, the Green LED is OFF.

See the topics for the placement rules relevant for your system, if the adapter is supported on that system.

Specifications

Item Description

FRU number

74Y2226 (designed to comply with RoHS requirement.)

I/O bus architecture

PCIe-V1.1 x8

Busmaster

Yes

Maximum number

For the maximum adapters supported, see the PCI adapter placement topic collection for your system.

Adapter size

PCIe x8, short form

Connector information

10G Ethernet CX4 cable

Cables

Customers supply the cables. The CX4 adapter supports copper CX4 cables. Cables can be ordered through a cable supplier.

Attributes

The adapter provide the following features:

- PCIe 1.1 x8
- MSI-X, MSI and support of traditional pin interrupts
- 10GBASE-CX
- IEEE 802.3ae (10 GbE)
- IEEE 802.1p priority and 802.1Q VLAN tagging
- IEEE 802.3x flow control
- Link aggregation, 802.3ad 802.3 compliance
- IEEE 802.3ad load-balancing and failover
- Ethernet II and 802.3 encapsulated frames
- Multiple MAC addresses per interface
- Jumbo frames up to 9.6 KB
- TCP checksum offload for IPv4 and IPv6

- TCP segmentation offfload (TSO) for IPv4 and IPv6
- User datagram protocol (UDP) checksum offload for IPv4 and IPv6
- Receive side scaling and packet steering
- Line rate packet filtering and attack protection
- IETF RDDP and RDMAC iWARP compliance (Linux only)
- APIs: RNIC-PI, kDAPL and Open Fabrics Enterprise Distribution (OFED) 1.4 (Linux only)
- Full iSCSI software and hardware initiator support (Linux only)

Operating system or partition requirements

This adapter is supported for the following versions of operating systems:

- AIX
 - AIX Version 6.1 with the 6100-03 Technology Level, or later
 - AIX Version 5.3 with the 5300-10 Technology Level, or later
- Linux
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux Version 5 Update 3, or later
 - SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 11, or later

AIX host bus adapter (HBA) and Ethernet drivers are contained in the following filesets:

devices.ethernet.ct3 devices.ethernet.ct3.rte //HBA devices.ethernet.ct3.cdli //ENT

AIX Adapter-specific device attributes are contained in the following file sets:

devices.pciex.251430001410a303 (CX4 adapter)

devices.pciex.2514310025140100 (BladeCenter® hardware)

AIX Adapter-specific device attributes are contained in the following file sets: devices.pciex.251430001410a303 (CX4 adapter) devices.pciex.2514310025140100 (BladeCenter hardware)

Preparing for installation

If you are installing your operating system at this time, install your adapter before you install the operating system. If you are installing only the device driver for this adapter, install your device driver software before you install the adapter. Ensure that your operating system supports this adapter before you install it. See "Operating system or partition requirements."

Installing the AIX device driver software

To install device driver software, follow the steps in "Installing the AIX device driver software" on page 131.

Installing the adapter

For general instructions on how to install a PCI adapter, see the Installing PCI adapters topic. Return here to verify the adapter installation.

Verifying the adapter installation

To verify that your system recognizes the PCI adapter, do the following steps:

1. If necessary, log in as root user.

- 2. At the command line, type: 1sdev -Cs pci
- **3**. Press Enter.

A list of PCI devices is displayed. If the adapter is installed correctly, the status of available for each port indicates that the adapter is installed and ready to use. If a message indicates that any of the ports are defined instead of available, shut down your server and verify that the adapter was installed correctly.

PCIe LP 2-Port 1GbE SX Adapter (FC 5274; CCIN 5768)

Learn about features, requirements, and specifications for the feature code (FC) 5274 adapter.

The PCIe LP 2-Port 1GbE SX Adapter provides two 1 Gbps (1000 Base-SX) full-duplex Ethernet LAN connections. The adapter interfaces to the system through a PCIe bus. It is PCIe x4 capable and conforms to the PCIe 1.0a standard. The adapter connects to a network using a standard shortwave multimode optical cable that conforms to the IEEE 802.3z standard. The adapter supports distances of 260 m (853.01 feet) for 62.5 micron Multi Mode Fiber (MMF) and 550 m (1804.46 feet) for 50.0 micron MMF. AIX Network Installation Management (NIM) boot capability is supported with this adapter.

The adapter provides the following features:

- Supports interrupt moderation to deliver increased performance while significantly reducing processor utilization
- Supports dual port operation in almost any PCIe slot, except x1
- · Supports auto-negotiation, full-duplex only
- Supports integrated media-access control (MAC) and physical layer (PHY)
- Supports Fast EtherChannel (FEC) with the existing software
- Supports gigabit EtherChannel (GEC) with the existing software
- Supports IEEE 802.3ad (Link Aggregation control protocol)
- Supports IEEE 802.1Q VLANs
- Supports IEEE 802.3 z, ab, u, x flow control support
- Supports IEEE 802.1p
- Supports IEEE 802.3ab for TX
- Supports TCP checksum offload transmission control protocol (TCP), user datagram protocol (UDP), Internet Protocol (IP) for IPv4 and IPv6
- Supports TCP segmentation or large send offload
- Supports EEPROM-SPI and single EEPROM
- · Supports interrupt levels INTA and MSI
- Hardware certifications FCC B, UL, CE, VCCI, BSMI, CTICK, MIC
- Network Controller (MAC) Intel 82571EB
- Compliant with European Union Directive 2002/95/EC on the Restriction of the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment

Adapter specifications

Item Description

FRU number

10N6846*

*Designed to comply with RoHS requirement

I/O bus architecture

- PCI Express V1.0a compliant
- Bus width x4 lane PCI Express, operable in x4, x8, x16 slots
- Bus speed (x4, encoded rate) 10 Gbps unidirectional; 20 Gbps bidirectional

Busmaster

Yes

Maximum number

For the maximum adapters supported, see the PCI adapter placement topic collection for your system.

Adapter size

PCIe short form

Connector information

Two fiber optic ports, LC connector

LED status indicators for link activity and speed

Wrap plug

LC fiber optic, part number 12R9314

Cabling

Optional LC-SC converter cables are available:

- LC-SC 62.5 micron converter cable, part number 12R9322, FC 2459.
- LC-SC 50 micron use converter cable, part number 12R9321, FC 2456.

Adapter LED states

The LEDs on the adapter provide information about the adapter's operation status. The LEDs are visible through the adapter's mounting bracket. Figure 19 shows the location of the LEDs. Table 21 describes the different LED states and what those states indicate. The following figure shows the adapter.

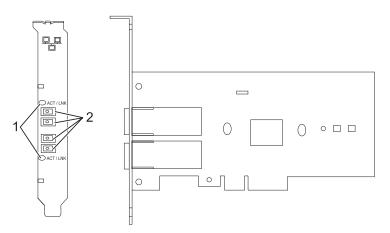


Figure 19. PCIe LP 2-Port 1GbE SX Adapter

- 1 LEDs
- 2 Multimode Fiber LC receptacles

Table 21. Adapter LEDs and descriptions

LED	Description
	No link (The absence of a link could indicate a bad cable, bad connector, or a configuration mismatch.)
Green	Good link, no activity
Flashing Green	Good link, data activity

See the topics for the placement rules relevant for your system, if the adapter is supported on that system.

Operating system or partition requirements

The adapter is supported on the following versions of the operating systems:

- AIX
 - AIX Version 7.1, or later.
 - AIX Version 6.1, or later.
 - AIX Version 5.3, or later.
- Linux
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux 5.6 for POWER, or later.
 - Novel SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 11, Service Pack 1, or later.
- ,
 - 7.1, or later.
 - 6.1, or later.

Preparing for installation

If you are installing the operating system at this time, install the adapter before you install the operating system. See "Installing the adapter" on page 59 for instructions.

If you are installing only the device driver for this adapter, install the device driver software before you install the adapter. See "Installing the device driver software" on page 58 for instructions.

If you already have one of these adapters installed and working with your AIX operating system and you are preparing to install additional adapters, the device driver is already installed and you must not reinstall the device drive.

Verify you hardware requirements

The adapter requires the following hardware:

- A wrap plug for the multimode fiber connector, if you are running the total diagnostics package
- Shortwave (850 nm) 50/62.5 micron multimode fiber network attachment

The following table indicates the allowable cable lengths from the adapter to the gigabit Ethernet switch, including patch cables.

Cable type	Physical connector type	Maximum range
62.5 m MMF	LC	260 meters (853.01 feet)
50 m MMF	LC	550 meters (1804.46 feet)

Table 22. Adapter cable information

Verify your software requirements

The adapter is supported on operating systems shown in Operating system or partition requirements. Ensure that your operating system supports this adapter before you install it. Contact service and support if you need assistance.

Gather tools and documentation

To install the adapter, make sure you have access to the following items:

- The adapter
- The operating system documentation

- The system unit documentation for removing and replacing features
- The PCI adapter placement documentation
- A flat-blade screwdriver
- The AIX base operating system CD, which includes the device driver, or the AIX device driver CD

Installing the device driver software

This section explains how to install device driver software. The device driver is provided for the AIX 5L operating system on the AIX base operating system CD or the AIX device driver CD.

To install device driver software, do the following steps:

- 1. Log in to the system unit as root user.
- Insert the media containing the device driver software (for example, the CD) into the media device. If your system does not have a CD-ROM drive, refer to your system documentation for performing a Network Installation Management (NIM) installation.
- 3. Type the following System Management Interface Tool (SMIT) fast path command: smit devinst
- 4. Press Enter. The Install Additional Device Software window highlights the **INPUT device / directory for software** option.
- 5. Type the name of the input device that you are using, or press F4 to select the input device from a list.
- **6**. Press Enter. The Install Additional Device Software window highlights the SOFTWARE to install option.
- 7. Press F4 to select List.
- 8. Type / to display the Find window.
- 9. Type the device package name devices.pciex.14103f03.
- 10. Press Enter. The system finds and highlights this device driver software.
- 11. Press F7 to select the highlighted device driver software.
- **12**. Press Enter. The INSTALL ADDITIONAL DEVICE SOFTWARE window displays. The entry fields are automatically updated.
- 13. Press Enter to accept the information. The ARE YOU SURE window displays.
- 14. Press Enter to accept the information. The COMMAND STATUS window displays.
 - The message RUNNING is highlighted to indicate that the installation and configuration command is in progress.
 - When RUNNING changes to OK, scroll to the bottom of the page and locate the installation summary.
 - After a successful installation, SUCCESS displays in the Result column of the installation summary at the bottom of the page.
- **15**. Remove the installation media from the drive.
- **16**. Press F10 to exit SMIT.

Verify the AIX software installation

To verify that the device driver for the adapter is installed, do the following steps:

- 1. If necessary, log in as root user.
- 2. Type lslpp -l devices.pciex.14103f03.rte and press Enter.

If the device driver is installed, the following is an example of the data that is displayed.

Fileset	Level	State	Description
Path: /usr/lib/objrepos devices.pciex.14103f03.rte	5. <i>x</i> .0.0	COMMITTED	PCIe LP 2-Port 1GbE SX Adapter

3. Confirm that the devices.pciex.14103f03.rte filesets are installed. If no data displays, try reinstalling the driver.

Installing the adapter

This section explains how to install the adapter. If you are installing the operating system at this time, install the adapter before you install the operating system. If the operating system is already installed and you must install the device driver for this adapter, install the device driver software before you install the adapter.

Attention: Before installing an adapter, review the precautions in Safety notices and Handling static sensitive devices. Do not remove the adapter from its anti-static package until you are ready to place it in the system unit.

To install the adapter, follow these steps:

1. Determine the PCIe slot in which to place the adapter.

The adapter has an x4 PCIe connector and can be placed in a x4, x8, or x16 slot. See the PCI adapter placement for information about the PCIe slots on your system unit.

2. Install the adapter by using the instructions in the system unit service guide.

Connecting to an Ethernet network

Refer to your local procedures for information about connecting the adapter to your Ethernet network.

Notes:

- Only one type of network can be attached to the adapter at one time.
- If your switch has an SC receptacle, you need an LC-SC converter cable.
- You must configure an IP network interface to enable the adapter to detect the link and illuminate the link LED.

To connect the adapter to a multimode fiber network, do the following steps:

- 1. Insert the male fiber LC connector of the fiber cable into the adapter LC connector.
- 2. Insert the male fiber LC connector of the other end of the cable into the network switch.

Verifying the adapter installation

To verify that the system unit recognizes the adapter, type lsdev -Cs pci at the command line and press Enter.

A list of PCI devices displays. If the adapter is installed correctly, the status of available for each port indicates that the adapter is installed and ready to use. If a message indicates that any of the ports are defined instead of available, shut down the server and verify that the adapter was installed correctly.

PCIe LP 10GbE SR 1-port Adapter (FC 5275; CCIN 5769)

Learn about the features, operating system requirements, and installation procedures for the feature code (FC) 5275 adapter.

Overview

The PCIe LP 10GbE SR 1-port Adapter is a low-profile, high performance fiber network interface controller (NIC). The product conforms to the IEEE, 802.3ae 10GBASE-SR specification for Ethernet transmission.

The following figure shows the adapter LED and network connector. The following figure shows the adapter.

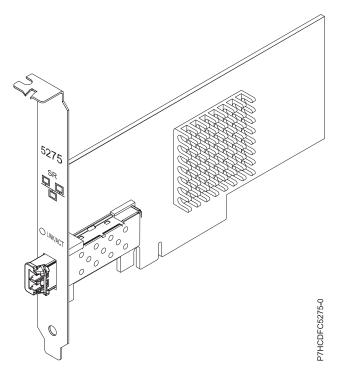


Figure 20. PCIe LP 10GbE SR 1-port Adapter

The LED on the adapter provides information about the operation status of the adapter.

Table 23. Adapter LED

LED	Light	Description
Activity/Link	Green	Good link, no activity
	Flashing	Transmit activity
	Off	No link [*]
*The absence of a link could be the result of a defective cable, a defective connector, or a configuration mismatch.		

See the topics for the placement rules relevant for your system, if the adapter is supported on that system.

Specifications

Item Description FRU number 46K7897 (Designed to comply with RoHS requirement.) I/O bus architecture PCIe-V1.1 x8 Busmaster

Yes

Maximum number

For the maximum adapters supported, see the PCI adapter placement topic collection for your system.

Adapter size

PCIe x8, short form

Connector information

LC multimode fiber optic

Wrap plug

LC wrap plug-d, part number 12R9314 (Designed to comply with RoHS requirement.)

Cables

Customers supply the cables. Optional LC-SC 62.5 micron converter cable, part number 12R9322, FC 2459, is available. For 50 micron LC-SC connections, use converter cable part number 12R9321, FC 2456.

Attributes

- The adapter provide the following features:
- PCIe 1.1 x8
- MSI-X, MSI and support of traditional pin interrupts
- 10GBASE-SR short-reach optics (850 nm)
- IEEE 802.3ae (10 GbE)
- IEEE 802.1p priority and 802.1Q VLAN tagging
- IEEE 802.3x flow control
- Link aggregation, 802.3ad 802.3 compliance
- IEEE 802.3ad load-balancing and failover
- Ethernet II and 802.3 encapsulated frames
- Multiple MAC addresses per interface
- Jumbo frames up to 9.6 KB
- TCP checksum offload for IPv4 and IPv6
- TCP segmentation offfload (TSO) for IPv4 and IPv6
- User datagram protocol (UDP) checksum offload for IPv4 and IPv6
- Receive side scaling and packet steering
- Line rate packet filtering and attack protection
- IETF RDDP and RDMAC iWARP compliance (Linux only)
- RDMA-enabled NIC (RNIC) specifically optimized for cluster computing (Linux only)
- Full iSCSI initiator and target mode stack (Linux only)
- iSCSI Header & Data Digest (CRC) generation & checking (Linux only)
- PDU recovery (Linux only)

Operating system or partition requirements

This adapter is supported for the following versions of operating systems:

- AIX
 - AIX Version 6.1 with the 6100-03 Technology Level, or later
 - AIX Version 5.3 with the 5300-10 Technology Level, or later
- Linux
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux Version 5 Update 3, or later
 - SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 11, or later

AIX host bus adapter (HBA) and Ethernet drivers are contained in the following filesets:

devices.ethernet.ct3

devices.ethernet.ct3.rte //HBA

devices.ethernet.ct3.cdli //ENT

Preparing for installation

If you are installing your operating system at this time, install your adapter before you install the operating system. If you are installing only the device driver for this adapter, install your device driver software before you install the adapter.

If you are running the total diagnostics package you need a wrap plug for the multimode fiber connector used for the adapter. To connect to a network, you need a shortwave (850 nm) 50/62.5 micron multimode fiber network attachment.

The following tables indicates the allowable cable lengths from the adapter to the gigabit Ethernet switch, including patch cables:

Table 24. Cable information

Fiber cable type	Connector type	Minimum modal bandwidth at 850 nm (MHz x km)	Operating range in meters
62.5 µm MMF	LC	160	2 to 26 (6.56 ft to 85.30 ft)
		200	2 to 33 (6.56 ft to 108.26 ft)
50 µm MMF	LC	400	2 to 66 (6.56 ft to 216.53 ft)
		500	2 to 82 (6.56 ft to 269.02 ft)
		2000	2 to 300 (6.56 ft to 984.25 ft)

Ensure that your operating system supports this adapter before you install it. See "Operating system or partition requirements" on page 61.

Installing the AIX device driver software

To install device driver software, follow the steps in "Installing the AIX device driver software" on page 131.

Installing the adapter

For general instructions on how to install a PCI adapter, see the Installing PCI adapters topic. Return here to verify the adapter installation.

Verifying the adapter installation

To verify that your system recognizes the PCI adapter, do the following steps:

- 1. If necessary, log in as root user.
- 2. At the command line, type: 1sdev -Cs pci
- 3. Press Enter.

A list of PCI devices is displayed. If the adapter is installed correctly, the status of available for each port indicates that the adapter is installed and ready to use. If a message indicates that any of the ports are defined instead of available, shut down your server and verify that the adapter was installed correctly.

Connecting to an Ethernet network

This section explains how to connect the adapter to the multimode fiber network. Refer to your local procedures for information about connecting the adapter to your Ethernet network.

Note: Only one type of network can be attached to the adapter at one time.

To connect the adapter to a multimode fiber network, do the following steps:

- 1. Insert the male fiber LC connector of the fiber cable into the adapter LC connector.
- 2. Insert the male fiber LC connector of the other end of the cable into the network switch.

Notes:

- The adapter requires an 850 nm multimode fiber optic cable. See Table 24 on page 62.
- If your switch has an SC receptacle, you need an LC-SC converter cable.
- It is necessary to configure an IP network interface to enable the adapter to detect a link and to illuminate the link LED.

PCIe2 LP 2x10GbE SFP+ Copper 2x1GbE UTP Adapter (FC 5279)

Learn about the specifications and operating system requirements for the feature code 5279 adapters.

Overview

The feature code (FC) 5279 and FC 5745 are both the same adapter. FC 5745 is a full height adapter, and the FC 5279 is a low-profile 2U adapter. The marketing names of these two adapters are:

- FC 5745: PCIe2 2x10GbE SFP+ Copper 2x1GbE UTP Adapter
- FC 5279: PCIe2 LP 2x10GbE SFP+ Copper 2x1GbE UTP Adapter

The PCIe2 LP 2x10GbE SFP+ Copper 2x1GbE adapter is a PCI Express (PCIe) generation-2, low-profile, four-ported, Ethernet unified wire adapter with a PCIe 2.0 host bus interface. The adapter is optimized for cloud computing, virtualization, storage, and other data center applications. The four-port adapter provides two 10 Gb Ethernet ports and two 1 Gb Ethernet ports. The two 10 Gb small form-factor pluggable (SFP+) copper transceiver ports are used for connectivity with other servers or switches in the network. Each SFP+ port provides Ethernet connectivity with a nominal data rate of 10 Gbps (gigabits per second), and uses SFP+ copper twinaxial cables up to 5 m (16.4 ft) in length. Each of the RJ45 ports provides Ethernet connectivity at a data rate of 1 Gbps and are connected with unshielded twisted-pair (UTP) Ethernet cables. The link aggregation and failover features of the adapter are ideal for critical network applications that require redundancy and high availability. Figure 21 on page 64shows the FC 5745 adapter.

Note: The SFP+ twinaxialial copper cables have connectors that are not the same as the AS/400[®] 5250 connector, the CX4 connector, or the 10 GBASE-T connector.

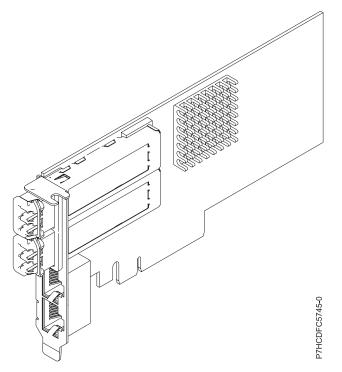


Figure 21. PCIe2 LP 2x10GbE SFP+ Copper 2x1GbE UTP Adapter

See the topics for the placement rules relevant for your system, if the adapter is supported on that system.

Specifications

Item Description Adapter FRU number FC 5279: 74Y1986 (Designed to comply with RoHS requirement) I/O bus architecture PCIe2 x8 Slot requirement For the slot priorities, see the PCI adapter placement topic collection for your system. Cables See "Cables" on page 65 for details Voltage 3.3 V Form factor Short Maximum number

For the maximum adapters supported, see the PCI adapter placement topic collection for your system.

Operating system or partition requirements

This adapter is supported for the following versions of the operating system:

- Linux:
 - SUSE Linux Enterprise Server
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux

Cables

Feature codes 5279 and FC 5745 require the use of compatible SFP+, 10 Gbps, copper, twinaxial, active, Ethernet cables. See Figure 22 for a view of the cable top and cable bottom. These cables are compliant with industry standard specifications SFF-8431 Rev 4.1 and SFF-8472 Rev 10.4, and all applicable IBM requirements.

Note: These cables are EMC Class A compliant.

See Table 25 for details about the feature codes.

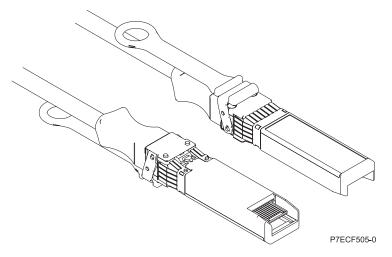


Figure 22. Top and bottom view of the cable

Cable length	1 m (3.28 ft)	3 m (9.84 ft)	5 m (16.4 ft)
Feature code	EN01	EN02	EN03
CCIN	EF01	EF02	EF03
Part number	46K6182	46K6183	46K6184

Table 25. Feature code and part number for varying lengths of the cable

PCIe2 LP 2x10GbE SR 2x1GbE UTP Adapter (FC 5280)

Learn about the specifications and operating system requirements for the feature code 5280 adapter.

Overview

The FC 5280 and FC 5744 are both the same adapter. FC 5744 is a full-height adapter, and the FC 5280 is a low-profile 2U adapter. The names of these two adapters are:

- FC 5744: PCIe2 2x10GbE SR 2x1GbE UTP adapter
- FC 5280: PCIe2 LP 2x10GbE SR 2x1GbE UTP adapter

The PCIe2 LP 2x10GbE SR 2x1GbE UTP adapter is a PCI Express generation-2, four-port Ethernet unified wire adapter with a PCI Express 2.0 host bus interface. The adapter is optimized for cloud computing, virtualization, storage, and other data center applications. The four port adapter provides two 10 Gb Ethernet ports and two 1 Gb Ethernet ports. The two 10 Gb small form-factor pluggable (SFP+) single root (SR) transceiver ports are used for connectivity with other servers or switches in the network. Each SFP+ (SR) port provides Ethernet connectivity with a nominal data rate of 10 Gbps (gigabits per second), and uses the SFP+ copper twinaxial cables up to 5 m (16.4 ft) in length. Each of the RJ45 ports provides

Ethernet connectivity at a data rate of 1 Gbps. The link aggregation and failover features of the adapter are ideal for critical network applications that require redundancy and high availability. Figure 23 shows the FC 5745 adapter.

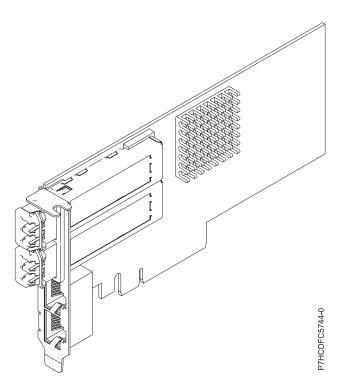


Figure 23. PCIe2 LP 2x10GbE SR 2x1GbE UTP adapter

See the topics for the placement rules relevant for your system, if the adapter is supported on that system.

Specifications

Item Description Adapter FRU number FC 5280: 74Y1988 (Designed to comply with RoHS requirement) FC 5744: 74Y1987 (Designed to comply with RoHS requirement) I/O bus architecture PCIe2 x8 Slot requirement For the slot priorities, see the PCI adapter placement topic collection for your system. Cables

No cables required.

Voltage

3.3 V

Form factor

Short

Maximum number

For the maximum adapters supported, see the PCI adapter placement topic collection for your system.

Operating system or partition requirements

This adapter is supported for the following versions of the operating system:

- Linux:
 - SUSE Linux Enterprise Server
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux

PCIe LP 2-Port 1GbE TX Adapter (FC 5281; CCIN 5767)

Learn about features, requirements, and specifications for the feature code (FC) 5281 adapter.

The PCIe LP 2-Port 1GbE TX Adapter is a low-profile, full duplex, dual port, gigabit Ethernet adapter. This adapter can be configured to run each port at 10, 100, or 1000 Mbps data rates. The adapter connects to a network that uses unshielded twisted pair (UTP) cable for distances of up to 100 meters (328.08 feet). The adapter supports AIX Network Installation Management (NIM) boot capability. The adapter conforms to the IEEE 802.3ab 1000Base-T standard. The adapter supports jumbo frames when running at the 1000 Mbps speed.

The adapter provides the following features:

- Supports interrupt moderation to deliver increased performance while significantly reducing processor utilization
- Supports dual port operation in almost any PCIe slot, except x1
- · Supports auto-negotiation, full-duplex only
- Supports integrated media-access control (MAC) and physical layer (PHY)
- Supports Fast EtherChannel (FEC) with the existing software
- Supports gigabit EtherChannel (GEC) with the existing software
- Supports IEEE 802.3ad (Link Aggregation control protocol)
- Supports IEEE 802.1Q VLANs
- Supports IEEE 802.3 z, ab, u, x flow control support
- Supports IEEE 802.1p
- Supports IEEE 802.3ab for TX
- Supports TCP checksum offload transmission control protocol (TCP), user datagram protocol (UDP), Internet Protocol (IP) for IPv4 and IPv6
- Supports TCP segmentation or large send offload
- Supports EEPROM-SPI and single EEPROM
- Supports interrupt levels INTA and MSI
- Hardware certifications FCC B, UL, CE, VCCI, BSMI, CTICK, MIC
- Network Controller (MAC) Intel 82571EB
- Compliant with European Union Directive 2002/95/EC on the Restriction of the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment

Adapter specifications

Item Description

FRU number

46K6601*

*Designed to comply with RoHS requirement

I/O bus architecture

- PCI Express V1.0a compliant
- Bus width x4 lane PCI Express, operable in x4, x8, x16 slots
- Bus speed (x4, encoded rate) 10 Gbps unidirectional; 20 Gbps bidirectional

Busmaster

Yes

Maximum number

For the maximum adapters supported, see the PCI adapter placement topic collection for your system.

Adapter size

PCIe short form

Connector information

• Two RJ-45 ports

• Two LED adapter status indicators per port, for link activity and speed

Cabling

Customers supply their own cables. For best performance, use cables that meet CAT5e cabling standards, or later.

Adapter LED states

The LEDs on the adapter provide information about the operation status of the adapter. The LEDs are visible through the mounting bracket. 2-Port 10/100/1000 Base-TX Ethernet PCI Express Adapter shows the location of the LEDs. Table 26 describes the different LED states and what those states indicate. The following figure shows the adapter.

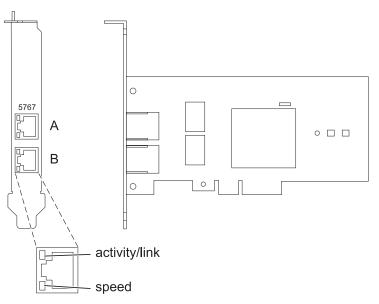


Figure 24. 2-Port 10/100/1000 Base-TX Ethernet PCI Express Adapter

LED	Light	Description
Activity/link	Green	Active link
	Off	No link
		The absence of a link can indicate a defective cable, defective connector, or a configuration mismatch.
	Flashing	Data activity
Speed	Off	10 Mbps
	Green	100 Mbps
	Orange	1000 Mbps

Table 26	Adapter	I FDs	and	descriptions
10010 20.	ruupici		ana	acounptions

See the topics for the placement rules relevant for your system, if the adapter is supported on that system.

Operating system or partition requirements

The adapter is supported on the following versions of the operating systems:

- AIX
 - AIX Version 7.1, or later.
 - AIX Version 6.1, or later.
 - AIX Version 5.3, or later.
- Linux
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux 5.6 for POWER, or later.
 - Novel SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 11, Service Pack 1, or later.
- •
- 7.1, or later.
- 6.1, or later.

Preparing for installation

If you are installing the operating system at this time, install the adapter before you install the operating system. See "Installing the adapter" on page 71 for instructions.

If you are installing only the device driver for this adapter, install the device driver software before you install the adapter. See "Installing the device driver software" on page 70 for instructions.

If you already have one of these adapters installed and working with your AIX operating system and you are preparing to install additional adapters, the device driver is already installed and you must not reinstall the device drive.

Verifying the hardware requirements

The adapter requires the following hardware:

- A wrap plug for the RJ-45 connector, if you are running the total diagnostics package.
- CAT5e (or later) UTP cables for 1000 Mbps network attachment.
- CAT5 or CAT3 UTP cables for 100 Mbps or 10 Mbps network attachment.

Restriction: The cables can be no longer than 100 meters (328.08 feet) (including patch cables) from the adapter to the local switch.

Verifying the software requirements

You can use the adapter on operating systems shown in "Operating system or partition requirements."

Gathering tools and documentation

To install the adapter, ensure that you have access to the following items:

- The adapter
- The operating system documentation
- The system unit documentation for removing and replacing features
- The PCI adapter placement documentation
- A flat-blade screwdriver

• The AIX base operating system CD, which includes the device driver, or the AIX device driver CD

Installing the device driver software

This section explains how to install device driver software. The device driver is provided for the AIX 5L operating system on the AIX base operating system CD, which includes the device driver, or the AIX device driver CD.

To install device driver software, do the following steps:

- 1. Log in to the system unit as root user.
- Insert the media containing the device driver software (for example, the CD) into the media device. If your system does not have a CD-ROM drive, refer to your system documentation for performing a Network Installation Management (NIM) installation.
- 3. Type the following System Management Interface Tool (SMIT) fast path command: smit devinst
- 4. Press Enter. The Install Additional Device Software window highlights the **INPUT device / directory for software** option.
- 5. Type the name of the input device that you are using, or press F4 to select the input device from a list.
- **6**. Press Enter. The Install Additional Device Software window highlights the SOFTWARE to install option.
- 7. Press F4 to select List.
- 8. Type / to display the Find window.
- 9. Type the device package name devices.pciex.14104003.
- 10. Press Enter. The system finds and highlights this device driver software.
- 11. Press F7 to select the highlighted device driver software.
- 12. Press Enter. The INSTALL ADDITIONAL DEVICE SOFTWARE window displays. The entry fields are automatically updated.
- 13. Press Enter to accept the information. The ARE YOU SURE window displays.
- 14. Press Enter to accept the information. The COMMAND STATUS window displays.
 - The message RUNNING is highlighted to indicate that the installation and configuration command is in progress.
 - When RUNNING changes to OK, scroll to the bottom of the page and locate the installation summary.
 - After a successful installation, SUCCESS displays in the Result column of the installation summary at the bottom of the page.
- **15**. Remove the installation media from the drive.
- 16. Press F10 to exit SMIT.

Verifying the AIX software installation

To verify that the device driver for the adapter is installed, do the following steps:

- 1. If necessary, log in as root user.
- 2. Type lslpp -l devices.pciex.14104003.rte and press Enter.

If the device driver is installed, the following table is an example of the data that is shown.

Fileset	Level	State	Description
Path: /usr/lib/objrepos devices.pciex.14104003.rte	5. <i>x</i> .0.0	COMMITTED	PCIe LP 2-Port 1GbE TX Adapter

3. Confirm that the devices.pciex.14104003.rte filesets are installed. If no data is shown in the window, reinstall the driver.

Installing the adapter

This section explains how to install the adapter. If you are installing the operating system at this time, install the adapter before you install the operating system. If the operating system is already installed and you must install the device driver for this adapter, install the device driver software before you install the adapter.

Attention: Before installing an adapter, review the precautions in Safety notices and Handling static sensitive devices. Do not remove the adapter from its anti-static package until you are ready to place it in the system unit.

To install the adapter, follow these steps:

1. Determine the PCIe slot in which to place the adapter.

The adapter has an x4 PCIe connector and can be placed in a x4, x8, or x16 slot. See the PCI adapter placement for information about the PCIe slots on your system unit.

2. Install the adapter by using the instructions in the system unit service guide.

Verifying the adapter installation

To verify that the system unit recognizes the adapter, type lsdev -Cs pci at the command line and press Enter.

A list of PCI devices displays. If the adapter is installed correctly, the status of available for each port indicates that the adapter is installed and ready to use. If a message indicates that any of the ports are defined instead of available, shut down the server and verify that the adapter was installed correctly.

PCIe2 LP 2-port 10GbE SR Adapter (FC 5284; CCIN 5287)

Learn about the specifications and operating system requirements for the feature code 5284 adapters.

Overview

There are two adapters with the same CCIN. The feature code (FC) 5284 and FC 5287 are both the same adapter. FC 5284 is a low-profile adapter and the FC 5287 is a full-height adapter. The names of these two adapters are:

- FC 5284: PCIe2 LP 2-port 10GbE SR adapter
- FC 5287: PCIe2 2-port 10GbE SR adapter

The PCIe2 LP 2-port 10GbE SR adapter is a short, low-profile, high-performance, generation-2 PCIe adapter. This adapter provides two 10-Gb Ethernet ports that can be configured to run at 10 gigabits per second (Gbps). Each of the Ethernet ports can be connected by using a little connector (LC) duplex-type connector over a multi-mode fiber (MMF) 850 nm fiber cable up to 300 meters (984.25 feet) in length. The adapter conforms to the IEEE, 802.3ae 10GBASE-SR specification for Ethernet transmission.

See the topics for the placement rules relevant for your system, if the adapter is supported on that system.

Specifications

Item Description Adapter FRU number

FC 5284: 74Y3242 (Designed to comply with RoHS requirement)

FC 5287: 74Y3457 (Designed to comply with RoHS requirement)

I/O bus architecture

PCIe2.0 x8

Slot requirement

One PCIe x8 (low-profile) slot.

Cables

MMF 850 nm fiber cable are connected to LC duplex-type connectors.

Voltage

3.3-V

Form factor

Low-profile

Maximum number

For the maximum adapters supported, see the PCI adapter placement topic collection for your system.

Attributes provided

- PCIe x8 Generation 2
- MSI-X and support of legacy pin interrupts
- 10GBASE-SR short-reach optics
- IEEE 802.3ae (10 GbE)
- IEEE 802.1p priority and 802.1Q VLAN tagging
- IEEE 802.3x flow control
- Link aggregation, 802.3ad 802.3 compliance
- IEEE 802.3ad load-balancing and failover
- Ether II and 802.3 encapsulated frames
- Multiple MAC addresses per interface
- Jumbo frames up to 9.6 Kbytes
- TCP checksum offload for IPv4
- TCP segmentation Offload (TSO) for IPv4
- UDP checksum offload for IPv4
- Receive side scaling and packet steering
- Line rate packet filtering and attack protection

Operating system or partition requirements

This adapter is supported for the following versions of operating systems:

- AIX
 - AIX Version 7.1 and Service Pack 3, or later.
 - AIX Version 6.1 with the 6100-06 Technology Level, and Service Pack 3, or later.
 - AIX Version 5.3 with the 5300-12 Technology Level and Service Pack 4, or later.
 - AIX Version 5.3 with the 5300-11 Technology Level and Service Pack 7, or later.
- Linux
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux.
 - See the Linux Alert site for the support details.
- •
- 7.1 through VIOS.
- 6.1 through VIOS.
- VIOS
 - VIOS support requires VIOS 2.2.0.11 with Fix Pack 24 and Service Pack 1, or later.

PCIe2 LP 2-port 10GbE SFP+ Copper Adapter (FC 5286)

Learn about the specifications and operating system requirements for the 5286 adapter.

Overview

The PCIe2 LP 2-port 10GbE SFP+ copper adapter is the low-profile version of the FC 5288 adapter, which is the regular-height adapter. The marketing names of these adapters are:

- FC 5286: PCIe2 LP 2-port 10GbE SFP+ copper adapter
- FC 5288: PCIe2 2-port 10GbE SFP+ copper adapter

•

The PCIe2 LP 2-port 10GbE SFP+ copper adapter is a generation-2, PCIe low-profile adapter that provides two 10 Gb copper small form-factor pluggable transceiver (SFP+) ports for connectivity with other servers or switches in the network. Each port provides Ethernet connectivity with a nominal data rate of 10 gigabits per second (Gbps), and they use SFP+ copper twinaxial cables up to 5 m (16.4 ft) in length.

Note: The SFP+ twinaxial copper cables have connectors that are not the same as the AS/400 5250 connector, the CX4 connector, or the 10 GBASE-T connector.

Each port has a maximum speed of 10 Gbps.

The FC 5286 requires an available slot in FC 5685 (PCIe Riser Card (generation-2)).

See the topics for the placement rules relevant for your system, if the adapter is supported on that system.

Specifications

Item Description Adapter FRU number 74Y3243 (Designed to comply with RoHS requirement) I/O bus architecture PCIe2 x8 Slot requirement Requires an available slot in FC 5685 Cables See "Cables" on page 74 for details Voltage 3.3 V Form factor Short Maximum number For the maximum adapters supported, see the PCI adapter placement topic collection for your system.

Operating system or partition requirements

This adapter is supported for the following versions of the operating systems:

• AIX

- AIX Version 7.1 with Service Pack 3, or later
- AIX Version 6.1 with the 6100-06 Technology Level, and Service Pack 3 or later
- Linux
 - Linux is not supported.
- ٠
- is not supported.

Cables

Feature code 5286 requires the use of compatible SFP+, 10 Gbps, copper, twinaxial, active, Ethernet cables. See Figure 25 for a view of the cable top and cable bottom. These cables are compliant with industry standard specifications SFF-8431 Rev 4.1 and SFF-8472 Rev 10.4, and all applicable requirements.

Note: These cables are EMC Class A compliant.

The cables contain a unique vital product data (VPD) card that includes the vendor name, part number, EC number, serial number, and date of manufacture. See Table 27 for details about the feature codes.

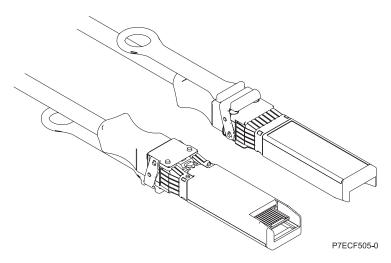


Figure 25. Top and bottom view of the cable

Cable length	1 m (3.28 ft)	3 m (9.84 ft)	5 m (16.4 ft)
Feature code	EN01	EN02	EN03
CCIN	EF01	EF02	EF03
Part number	46K6182	46K6183	46K6184

Table 27. Feature code and part number for varying lengths of the cable

10-Gb FCoE PCIe Dual Port Adapter (FC 5708; CCIN 2B3B)

Learn about the features, operating system requirements, and installation notes for the 5708 adapter.

Overview

The 10-Gb FCoE PCIe Dual Port Adapter is a high-performance, converged network adapter (CNA). The adapter supports data networking and storage networking traffic on a single I/O adapter by using Enhanced Ethernet and Fibre Channel over Ethernet (FCoE). Both FCoE and network interface controller (NIC) functions are available for both ports simultaneously. Using FCoE requires Convergence Enhanced Ethernet (CEE) switches.

The following figure shows the adapter LEDs and connectors.

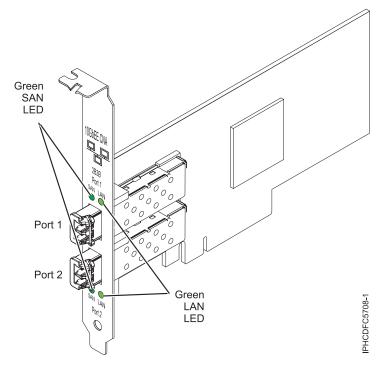


Figure 26. 10-Gb FCoE PCIe Dual Port Adapter

The LEDs on the adapter provide information about the operation status of the adapter.

Green SAN LED	Green LAN LED	Activity
Off	Off	Power off
Slow flashing (unison)	Slow flashing (unison)	Power-on, no link
On	On	Link established, no activity
On	Flashing	Link established, Transmission/Receive (TX/RX) LAN only activity
Flashing	On	Link established, TX/RX SAN only activity
Flashing	Flashing	Link established, TX/RX LAN and SAN activity
Slow flashing (alternating)	Slow flashing (alternating)	Beaconing

Table 28. Adapter LEDs

See the topics for the placement rules relevant for your system, if the adapter is supported on that system.

Specifications

Item Description FRU number 46K8088 (Designed to comply with RoHS requirement.) Wrap plug FRU number 12R9314 (Designed to comply with RoHS requirement.) I/O bus architecture PCI Express x8 generation-1 and x4 generation-2 PCI Express (PCIe) Base and Card Electromechanical (CEM) 2.0

Connectors

LC multimode fiber optic

SFP+ (small form-factor pluggable) with SR optics

Voltage

3.3 V and 12-V

Form factor

Short, low-profile with standard-size bracket

Cables

Cables are the responsibility of the customer. Use multimode fiber optic cables with short-wave lasers that adhere to the following specifications:

- OM1
 - Multimode 62.5/125 micron fiber
 - 200 MHz x km bandwidth
 - Maximum cable distance 1 is 33 m (108 ft)
- OM2
 - Multimode 50/125 micron fiber
 - 500 MHz x km bandwidth
 - Maximum cable distance is 82 m (269 ft)
- OM3
 - Multimode 50/125 micron fiber
 - 2000 MHz x km bandwidth
 - Maximum cable distance is 300 m (984 ft)

Operating system or partition requirements

The adapter is supported on the following versions of the operating systems:

• AIX

- AIX Version 7.1 with Service Pack 3, or later
- AIX Version 6.1 with the 6100-06 Technology Level, and Service Pack 5, or later
- AIX Version 5.3 with the 5300-12 Technology Level and Service Pack 4, or later
- Linux
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux 5.6 for POWER, or later
 - Novel SUSE Linux Enterprise Server Service Pack 4, or later
- •
- Support of this feature with requires VIOS 2.2 or later
- 7.1, or later
- VIOS
 - VIOS support requires VIOS 2.2.0.12-FP24 SP02, or later

Note: If you are installing a new feature, ensure that you have the software required to support the new feature and that you determine whether there are any prerequisites.

Replacing FCoE adapters by using hot swap

When hot swapping FCoE adapters, be aware that device-related software for the storage devices might have additional devices that must be removed. See specific storage device documentation for information about how to remove these additional devices. The adapter has a unique worldwide port name (WWPN). When using the Fibre Channel function, check the zoning and LUN assignments to ensure that the Fibre Channel function is operating as expected.

4-Port 10/100/1000 Base-TX PCI Express Adapter (FC 5717; CCIN 5717)

Learn about features, requirements, and specifications for the 5717 adapter.

The 4-Port 10/100/1000 Base-TX PCI Express Adapter is a PCI Express (PCIe), full duplex, four ported, Gigabit Ethernet adapter that can be configured to run either port at 1000, 100, or 10 Mbps data rate. This adapter interfaces to the system through a PCIe bus and connects to a network using a 4-pair CAT-5 Unshielded Twisted Pair (UTP) cable for distances of up to 100 meters. The adapter conforms to the IEEE 802.3ab 1000Base-T standard. The 5717 also supports jumbo frames when running at the 1000 Mbps speed.

The adapter provides the following features:

- Supports interrupt moderation to deliver increased performance while significantly reducing central processing unit (CPU) utilization
- Allows quad-port operation in x4, x8, x16 slots, and each port operates without interfering with the other
- Each port operates without interfering with the other
- Auto-negotiation, full-duplex (half-duplex available for 10/100)
- Integrated media access control (MAC) and physical layer (PHY)
- Supports Fast EtherChannel (FEC) and Gigabit EtherChannel (GEC) when used with capable switch
- Supports IEEE 802.3ad Link Aggregation control protocol when used with capable switch
- IEEE 802.1Q VLANs, IEEE 802.3 (z, ab, u, x) flow control support, IEEE 802.1p
- TCP checksum offload -- transmission control protocol (TCP), Internet Protocol (IP) for IPv4
- TCP Segmentation Offload (TSO) / Large Send Offload (LSO)
- Bus width x4 lane; operable in x4, x8, or x16 slots
- Bus speed (x4, encoded rate) 10 Gbps unidirectional and 20 Gbps bidirectional
- EEPROM SPI and single EEPROM support
- Interrupt levels INTA and MSI (requires system and software support for MSI)
- IEEE 802.3ab
- Hardware certifications FCC B, UL, CE, VCCI, BSMI, CTICK, MIC
- Four RJ-45 connectors
- LEDs on each port identifying speed and link activity
- Compliant with European Union Directive 2002/95/EC on the Restriction of the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment

See the topics for the placement rules relevant for your system, if the adapter is supported on that system.

Adapter specifications

Item Description FRU number

46Y3512*

*Designed to comply with RoHS requirement

I/O bus architecture

- PCIe V1.0a compliant
- Bus width x4 lane PCIe, operable in x4, x8, x16 slots
- Bus speed (x4, encoded rate) 10 Gbps unidirectional; 20 Gbps bidirectional

Busmaster

Yes

Maximum number

For the maximum adapters supported, see the PCI adapter placement topic collection for your system.

Adapter size

PCIe short form

Connector information

• Four RJ-45 ports

• Two LED adapter status indicators per port, for link activity and speed

Cabling

Customers supply their own cables. For best performance, use cables that meet Cat 5e cabling standards, or later.

Adapter LED states

The LEDs on the adapter provide information about the adapter's operation status. The LEDs are visible through the adapter's mounting bracket. 4-Port 10/100/1000 Base-TX PCIe Adapter shows the location of the LEDs. Table 29 describes the different LED states and what those states indicate.

The following figure shows the adapter:

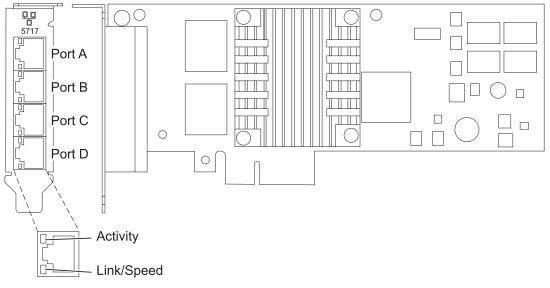


Figure 27. 4-Port 10/100/1000 Base-TX PCIe Adapter

Table 20	Adaptar		and	deseriations
Table 29.	Auapier	LEDS	anu	descriptions

LED	Light	Description
Activity/link	Green	Active link
	Off	No link
		The absence of a link can indicate a defective cable, defective connector, or a configuration mismatch.
	Blinking	Data activity
Speed	Off	10 Mbps
	Green	100 Mbps
	Orange	1000 Mbps

Operating system or partition requirements

The adapter is supported for the following operating systems:

This adapter is supported for the following versions of the operating systems:

- AIX
 - AIX Version 7.1, or later
 - AIX Version 6.1, or later
 - AIX Version 5.3, or later
- Linux
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux
 - SUSE Linux Enterprise Server
 - See the Linux Alert site for the support details.

If you are using another release of AIX, ensure that the adapter is supported on that release before you install the adapter. Contact service and support for assistance.

If you are installing a new feature, ensure that you have the software required to support the new feature and that you determine if there are any existing prerequisites.

Preparing for installation

If you are installing the operating system at this time, install the adapter before you install the operating system. See "Installing the adapter" on page 81 for instructions.

If you are installing only the device driver for this adapter, install the device driver software before you install the adapter. See "Installing the device driver software" on page 80 for instructions.

If you already have one of these adapters installed and working with your AIX operating system and you are preparing to install additional adapters, the device driver is already installed and you do not need to reinstall the device drive.

Verifying the hardware requirements

The adapter requires the following hardware:

- A wrap plug for the RJ-45 connector, if you are running the total diagnostics package
- CAT5e (or later) UTP cables for 1000 Mbps network attachment
- CAT5 or CAT3 UTP cables for 100 Mbps or 10 Mbps network attachment

Restriction: The cables can be no longer than 100 meters (328.08 feet) (including patch cables) from the adapter to the local switch.

Verifying the software requirements

You can use the adapter on operating systems shown in "Operating system or partition requirements."

Gathering tools and documentation

To install the adapter, make sure you have access to the following items:

- The adapter
- The operating system documentation
- The system unit documentation for removing and replacing features

- The PCI adapter placement documentation.
- A flat-blade screwdriver
- The AIX base operating system CD, which includes the device driver, or the AIX device driver CD

Installing the device driver software

This section explains how to install device driver software. The device driver is provided for the AIX 5L operating system on the AIX base operating system CD, which includes the device driver, or the AIX device driver CD.

To install device driver software, do the following steps:

- 1. Log in to the system unit as root user.
- Insert the media containing the device driver software (for example, the CD) into the media device. If your system does not have a CD-ROM drive, refer to your system documentation for performing a Network Installation Management (NIM) installation.
- 3. Type the following System Management Interface Tool (SMIT) fast path command: smit devinst
- 4. Press Enter. The Install Additional Device Software window highlights the **INPUT device / directory for software** option.
- 5. Type the name of the input device that you are using, or press F4 to select the input device from a list.
- **6.** Press Enter. The Install Additional Device Software window highlights the SOFTWARE to install option.
- 7. Press F4 to select List.
- 8. Type / to display the Find window.
- 9. Type the device package name devices.pciex.14106803.
- 10. Press Enter. The system finds and highlights this device driver software.
- 11. Press F7 to select the highlighted device driver software.
- **12**. Press Enter. The INSTALL ADDITIONAL DEVICE SOFTWARE window displays. The entry fields are automatically updated.
- 13. Press Enter to accept the information. The ARE YOU SURE window displays.
- 14. Press Enter to accept the information. The COMMAND STATUS window displays.
 - The message RUNNING is highlighted to indicate that the installation and configuration command is in progress.
 - When RUNNING changes to OK, scroll to the bottom of the page and locate the installation summary.
 - After a successful installation, SUCCESS displays in the Result column of the installation summary at the bottom of the page.
- 15. Remove the installation media from the drive.
- **16**. Press F10 to exit SMIT.

Verifying the AIX software installation

To verify that the device driver for the adapter is installed, do the following steps:

- 1. If necessary, log in as root user.
- 2. Type lslpp -l devices.pciex.14106803.rte and press Enter.

If the device driver is installed, the following table is an example of the data that appears.

Fileset	Level	State	Description
Path: /usr/lib/objrepos devices.pciex.14106803.rte	5. <i>x</i> .0.0	COMMITTED	4-Port 10/100/1000 Base-TX PCI Express Software

3. Confirm that the devices.pciex.14106803.rte filesets are installed. If no data displays in the window, reinstall the driver.

Installing the adapter

This section explains how to install the adapter. If you are installing the operating system at this time, install the adapter before you install the operating system. If the operating system is already installed and you need to install the device driver for this adapter, install the device driver software before you install the adapter.

Attention: Before installing an adapter, review the precautions in Safety notices and Handling static sensitive devices. Do not remove the adapter from its anti-static package until you are ready to place it in the system unit.

To install the adapter, follow these steps:

1. Determine the PCIe slot in which to place the adapter.

The adapter has an x4 PCIe connector and can be placed in a x4, x8 or x16 slot. See the PCI adapter placement for information about the PCIe slots on your system unit.

2. Install the adapter using the instructions in the system unit service guide.

Verifying the adapter installation

To verify that the system unit recognizes the adapter, type lsdev -Cs pci at the command line and press Enter.

A list of PCI devices displays. If the adapter is installed correctly, the status of available for each port indicates that the adapter is installed and ready to use. If a message indicates that any of the ports are defined instead of available, shut down the server and verify that the adapter was installed correctly.

10 Gigabit Ethernet-CX4 PCI Express Adapter (FC 5732; CCIN 5732)

Learn about the features, operating system requirements, and installation procedures for the 5732 adapter.

Overview

The 10 Gigabit Ethernet-CX4 PCI Express (PCIe) Adapter is a low-profile, high performance CX4 copper network interface controller (NIC). The product conforms to the IEEE, 802.3ae 10GBASE-CX specification for Ethernet transmission. 10GBase-CX4 uses the XAUI (10 Gigabit attachment unit interface) specified in 802.3ae, and the 4X connector that is used for InfiniBand technology. The adapter is used to connect servers or switches over short distances of up to 15 meters.

The following figure shows the adapter.

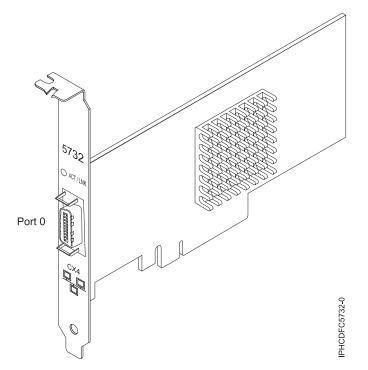


Figure 28. 10 Gigabit Ethernet-CX4 PCI Express (PCIe) Adapter

The LED on the adapter provides information about the operation status of the adapter.

Table 30.	Adapter	I FD
Tuble 00.	nuapici	

LED	Light	Description
Activity/Link	Green	Good link, no activity
	Flashing	Transmit activity
	Off	No link [*]
Board status (visible through	Red	Not Initialized**
ACT/LNK)	Off	Initialized

*The absence of a link can be the result of a defective cable, a defective connector, or a configuration mismatch.

** The adapter has not been initialized by the OS. During such time:

• If no cable is connected, the Green LED is ON.

• If cable is connected and the LINK is sensed, the Green LED is OFF.

See the topics for the placement rules relevant for your system, if the adapter is supported on that system.

Specifications

Item Description FRU number 46K7899 (designed to comply with RoHS requirement.) I/O bus architecture PCIe-V1.1 x8 Busmaster Yes

Maximum number

For the maximum adapters supported, see the PCI adapter placement topic collection for your system.

Adapter size

PCIe x8, short form

Connector information

10G Ethernet CX4 cable

Cables

Customers supply the cables. The CX4 adapter supports copper CX4 cables. Cables can be ordered through a cable supplier.

Attributes

The adapter provide the following features:

- PCIe 1.1 x8
- MSI-X, MSI and support of traditional pin interrupts
- 10GBASE-CX
- IEEE 802.3ae (10 GbE)
- IEEE 802.1p priority and 802.1Q VLAN tagging
- IEEE 802.3x flow control
- Link aggregation, 802.3ad 802.3 compliance
- IEEE 802.3ad load-balancing and failover
- Ethernet II and 802.3 encapsulated frames
- Multiple MAC addresses per interface
- Jumbo frames up to 9.6 KB
- TCP checksum offload for IPv4 and IPv6
- TCP segmentation offfload (TSO) for IPv4 and IPv6
- User datagram protocol (UDP) checksum offload for IPv4 and IPv6
- Receive side scaling and packet steering
- Line rate packet filtering and attack protection
- IETF RDDP and RDMAC iWARP compliance (Linux only)
- APIs: RNIC-PI, kDAPL and Open Fabrics Enterprise Distribution (OFED) 1.4 (Linux only)
- Full iSCSI software and hardware initiator support (Linux only)

Operating system or partition requirements

This adapter is supported for the following versions of operating systems:

- AIX
 - AIX Version 6.1 with the 6100-03 Technology Level, or later
 - AIX Version 5.3 with the 5300-10 Technology Level, or later
- Linux
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux Version 5 Update 3, or later
 - SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 11, or later
- AIX host bus adapter (HBA) and Ethernet drivers are contained in the following filesets:

```
devices.ethernet.ct3
```

devices.ethernet.ct3.rte //HBA

devices.ethernet.ct3.cdli //ENT

AIX Adapter-specific device attributes are contained in the following file sets:

devices.pciex.251430001410a303 (CX4 adapter) devices.pciex.2514310025140100 (BladeCenter hardware)

AIX Adapter-specific device attributes are contained in the following file sets:

devices.pciex.251430001410a303 (CX4 adapter) devices.pciex.2514310025140100 (BladeCenter hardware)

Preparing for installation

If you are installing your operating system at this time, install your adapter before you install the operating system. If you are installing only the device driver for this adapter, install your device driver software before you install the adapter. Ensure that your operating system supports this adapter before you install it. See "Operating system or partition requirements" on page 83.

Installing the AIX device driver software

To install device driver software, follow the steps in "Installing the AIX device driver software" on page 131.

Installing the adapter

For general instructions on how to install a PCI adapter, see the Installing PCI adapters topic. Return here to verify the adapter installation.

Verifying the adapter installation

To verify that your system recognizes the PCI adapter, do the following steps:

- 1. If necessary, log in as root user.
- 2. At the command line, type: 1sdev -Cs pci
- 3. Press Enter.

A list of PCI devices is displayed. If the adapter is installed correctly, the status of available for each port indicates that the adapter is installed and ready to use. If a message indicates that any of the ports are defined instead of available, shut down your server and verify that the adapter was installed correctly.

2-Port 10/100/1000 Base-TX Ethernet PCI Express Adapter (FC 5767; CCIN 5767)

Learn about features, requirements, and specifications for the feature code (FC) 5767 adapter.

The 2-Port 10/100/1000 Base-TX Ethernet PCI Express Adapter is a full duplex, dual port, gigabit Ethernet adapter. This adapter can be configured to run each port at 10, 100, or 1000 Mbps data rates. The adapter connects to a network that uses unshielded twisted pair (UTP) cable for distances of up to 100 meters (328.08 feet). The adapter supports AIX Network Installation Management (NIM) boot capability. The adapter conforms to the IEEE 802.3ab 1000Base-T standard. The adapter supports jumbo frames when running at the 1000 Mbps speed.

The adapter provides the following features:

- Supports interrupt moderation to deliver increased performance while significantly reducing processor utilization
- Supports dual port operation in almost any PCIe slot, except x1
- Supports auto-negotiation, full-duplex only
- Supports integrated media-access control (MAC) and physical layer (PHY)
- Supports Fast EtherChannel (FEC) with the existing software

- Supports gigabit EtherChannel (GEC) with the existing software
- Supports IEEE 802.3ad (Link Aggregation control protocol)
- Supports IEEE 802.1Q VLANs
- Supports IEEE 802.3 z, ab, u, x flow control support
- Supports IEEE 802.1p
- Supports IEEE 802.3ab for TX
- Supports TCP checksum offload transmission control protocol (TCP), user datagram protocol (UDP), Internet Protocol (IP) for IPv4 and IPv6
- · Supports TCP segmentation or large send offload
- Supports EEPROM-SPI and single EEPROM
- Supports interrupt levels INTA and MSI
- Hardware certifications FCC B, UL, CE, VCCI, BSMI, CTICK, MIC
- Network Controller (MAC) Intel 82571EB
- Compliant with European Union Directive 2002/95/EC on the Restriction of the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment

Adapter specifications

Item Description

FRU number

46K6601[°]

*Designed to comply with RoHS requirement

I/O bus architecture

- PCI Express V1.0a compliant
- Bus width x4 lane PCI Express, operable in x4, x8, x16 slots
- Bus speed (x4, encoded rate) 10 Gbps unidirectional; 20 Gbps bidirectional

Busmaster

Yes

Maximum number

For the maximum adapters supported, see the PCI adapter placement topic collection for your system.

Adapter size

PCIe short form

Connector information

- Two RJ-45 ports
- Two LED adapter status indicators per port, for link activity and speed

Cabling

Customers supply their own cables. For best performance, use cables that meet CAT5e cabling standards, or later.

Adapter LED states

The LEDs on the adapter provide information about the operation status of the adapter. The LEDs are visible through the mounting bracket. 2-Port 10/100/1000 Base-TX Ethernet PCI Express Adapter shows the location of the LEDs. Table 31 on page 86 describes the different LED states and what those states indicate. The following figure shows the adapter.

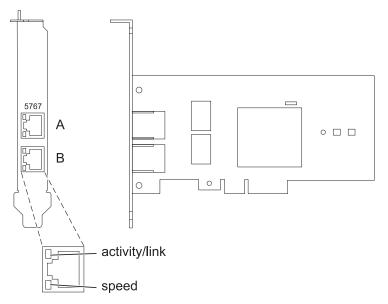


Figure 29. 2-Port 10/100/1000 Base-TX Ethernet PCI Express Adapter

LED	Light	Description
Activity/link	Green	Active link
	Off	No link
		The absence of a link can indicate a defective cable, defective connector, or a configuration mismatch.
	Flashing	Data activity
Speed	eed Off 10 Mbps	
	Green	100 Mbps
	Orange	1000 Mbps

Table 31. Adapter LEDs and descriptions

See the topics for the placement rules relevant for your system, if the adapter is supported on that system.

Operating system or partition requirements

The adapter is supported on the following versions of the operating systems:

- AIX
 - AIX Version 7.1, or later.
 - AIX Version 6.1, or later.
 - AIX Version 5.3, or later.
- Linux
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux 5.6 for POWER, or later.
 - Novel SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 11, Service Pack 1, or later.
- •
- 7.1, or later.
- 6.1, or later.

Preparing for installation

If you are installing the operating system at this time, install the adapter before you install the operating system. See "Installing the adapter" on page 88 for instructions.

If you are installing only the device driver for this adapter, install the device driver software before you install the adapter. See "Installing the device driver software" for instructions.

If you already have one of these adapters installed and working with your AIX operating system and you are preparing to install additional adapters, the device driver is already installed and you must not reinstall the device drive.

Verifying the hardware requirements

The adapter requires the following hardware:

- A wrap plug for the RJ-45 connector, if you are running the total diagnostics package.
- CAT5e (or later) UTP cables for 1000 Mbps network attachment.
- CAT5 or CAT3 UTP cables for 100 Mbps or 10 Mbps network attachment.

Restriction: The cables can be no longer than 100 meters (328.08 feet) (including patch cables) from the adapter to the local switch.

Verifying the software requirements

You can use the adapter on operating systems shown in "Operating system or partition requirements" on page 86.

Gathering tools and documentation

To install the adapter, ensure that you have access to the following items:

- The adapter
- The operating system documentation
- The system unit documentation for removing and replacing features
- The PCI adapter placement documentation
- A flat-blade screwdriver
- The AIX base operating system CD, which includes the device driver, or the AIX device driver CD

Installing the device driver software

This section explains how to install device driver software. The device driver is provided for the AIX 5L operating system on the AIX base operating system CD, which includes the device driver, or the AIX device driver CD.

To install device driver software, do the following steps:

- 1. Log in to the system unit as root user.
- Insert the media containing the device driver software (for example, the CD) into the media device. If your system does not have a CD-ROM drive, refer to your system documentation for performing a Network Installation Management (NIM) installation.
- 3. Type the following System Management Interface Tool (SMIT) fast path command: smit devinst
- 4. Press Enter. The Install Additional Device Software window highlights the **INPUT device / directory for software** option.

- 5. Type the name of the input device that you are using, or press F4 to select the input device from a list.
- **6**. Press Enter. The Install Additional Device Software window highlights the SOFTWARE to install option.
- 7. Press F4 to select List.
- 8. Type / to display the Find window.
- 9. Type the device package name devices.pciex.14104003.
- 10. Press Enter. The system finds and highlights this device driver software.
- 11. Press F7 to select the highlighted device driver software.
- **12**. Press Enter. The INSTALL ADDITIONAL DEVICE SOFTWARE window displays. The entry fields are automatically updated.
- 13. Press Enter to accept the information. The ARE YOU SURE window displays.
- 14. Press Enter to accept the information. The COMMAND STATUS window displays.
 - The message RUNNING is highlighted to indicate that the installation and configuration command is in progress.
 - When RUNNING changes to OK, scroll to the bottom of the page and locate the installation summary.
 - After a successful installation, SUCCESS displays in the Result column of the installation summary at the bottom of the page.
- 15. Remove the installation media from the drive.
- 16. Press F10 to exit SMIT.

Verifying the AIX software installation

To verify that the device driver for the adapter is installed, do the following steps:

- 1. If necessary, log in as root user.
- 2. Type lslpp -l devices.pciex.14104003.rte and press Enter.

If the device driver is installed, the following table is an example of the data that is shown.

Fileset	Level	State	Description
Path: /usr/lib/objrepos devices.pciex.14104003.rte	5.x.0.0		2-Port 10/100/1000 Base-TX Ethernet PCI Express Adapter

3. Confirm that the devices.pciex.14104003.rte filesets are installed. If no data is shown in the window, reinstall the driver.

Installing the adapter

This section explains how to install the adapter. If you are installing the operating system at this time, install the adapter before you install the operating system. If the operating system is already installed and you must install the device driver for this adapter, install the device driver software before you install the adapter.

Attention: Before installing an adapter, review the precautions in Safety notices and Handling static sensitive devices. Do not remove the adapter from its anti-static package until you are ready to place it in the system unit.

To install the adapter, follow these steps:

1. Determine the PCIe slot in which to place the adapter.

The adapter has an x4 PCIe connector and can be placed in a x4, x8, or x16 slot. See the PCI adapter placement for information about the PCIe slots on your system unit.

2. Install the adapter by using the instructions in the system unit service guide.

Verifying the adapter installation

To verify that the system unit recognizes the adapter, type lsdev -Cs pci at the command line and press Enter.

A list of PCI devices displays. If the adapter is installed correctly, the status of available for each port indicates that the adapter is installed and ready to use. If a message indicates that any of the ports are defined instead of available, shut down the server and verify that the adapter was installed correctly.

2-Port Gigabit Ethernet-SX PCI Express Adapter (FC 5768; CCIN 5768)

Learn about features, requirements, and specifications for the 5768 adapter.

The 2-Port Gigabit Ethernet-SX PCI Express Adapter provides two 1 Gbps (1000 Base-SX) full-duplex Ethernet LAN connections. The adapter connects to a network using a standard shortwave multimode optical cable that conforms to the IEEE 802.3z standard. The adapter supports distances of 260 m for 62.5 micron Multi Mode Fiber (MMF) and 550 m for 50.0 micron MMF. AIX Network Installation Management (NIM) boot capability is supported with this adapter.

The adapter provides the following features:

- Supports interrupt moderation to deliver increased performance while significantly reducing processor utilization
- Supports dual port operation in almost any PCIe slot, except x1
- Supports auto-negotiation, full-duplex only
- Supports integrated media-access control (MAC) and physical layer (PHY)
- Supports Fast EtherChannel (FEC) with the existing software
- Supports gigabit EtherChannel (GEC) with the existing software
- Supports IEEE 802.3ad (Link Aggregation control protocol)
- Supports IEEE 802.1Q VLANs
- Supports IEEE 802.3 z, ab, u, x flow control support
- Supports IEEE 802.1p
- Supports IEEE 802.3ab for TX
- Supports TCP checksum offload transmission control protocol (TCP), user datagram protocol (UDP), Internet Protocol (IP) for IPv4 and IPv6
- Supports TCP segmentation or large send offload
- Supports EEPROM-SPI and single EEPROM
- Supports interrupt levels INTA and MSI
- Hardware certifications FCC B, UL, CE, VCCI, BSMI, CTICK, MIC
- Network Controller (MAC) Intel 82571EB
- Compliant with European Union Directive 2002/95/EC on the Restriction of the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment

Adapter specifications

Item Description FRU number 10N6846^{*}

*Designed to comply with RoHS requirement

I/O bus architecture

- PCI Express V1.0a compliant
- Bus width x4 lane PCI Express, operable in x4, x8, x16 slots
- Bus speed (x4, encoded rate) 10 Gbps unidirectional; 20 Gbps bidirectional

Busmaster

Yes

Maximum number

For the maximum adapters supported, see the PCI adapter placement topic collection for your system.

Adapter size

PCIe short form

Connector information

Two fiber optic ports, LC connector

LED status indicators for link activity and speed

Wrap plug

LC fiber optic, part number 12R9314

Cabling

Optional LC-SC converter cables are available:

- LC-SC 62.5 micron converter cable, part number 12R9322, FC 2459.
- LC-SC 50 micron use converter cable, part number 12R9321, FC 2456.

Adapter LED states

The LEDs on the adapter provide information about the adapter's operation status. The LEDs are visible through the adapter's mounting bracket. Figure 30 shows the location of the LEDs. Table 32 describes the different LED states and what those states indicate. The following figure shows the adapter.

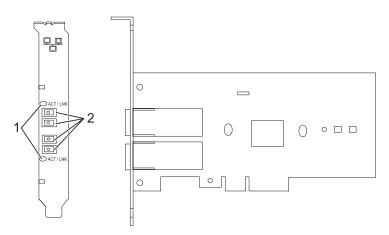


Figure 30. 2-Port Gigabit Ethernet-SX PCI Express Adapter

- 1 LEDs
- 2 Multimode Fiber LC receptacles

Table 32. Adapter LEDs and descriptions

LED	Description
	No link (The absence of a link could indicate a bad cable, bad connector, or a configuration mismatch.)
Green	Good link, no activity
Flashing Green	Good link, data activity

See the topics for the placement rules relevant for your system, if the adapter is supported on that system.

Operating system or partition requirements

The adapter is supported on the following versions of the operating systems:

- AIX
 - AIX Version 7.1, or later.
 - AIX Version 6.1, or later.
 - AIX Version 5.3, or later.
- Linux
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux 5.6 for POWER, or later.
 - Novel SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 11, Service Pack 1, or later.
- •
- 7.1, or later.
- 6.1, or later.

Preparing for installation

If you are installing the operating system at this time, install the adapter before you install the operating system. See Installing the adapter for instructions.

If you are installing only the device driver for this adapter, install the device driver software before you install the adapter. See "Installing the device driver software" on page 92 for instructions.

If you already have one of these adapters installed and working with your AIX operating system and you are preparing to install additional adapters, the device driver is already installed and you must not reinstall the device drive.

Verify you hardware requirements

The adapter requires the following hardware:

- A wrap plug for the multimode fiber connector, if you are running the total diagnostics package
- Shortwave (850 nm) 50/62.5 micron multimode fiber network attachment

The following table indicates the allowable cable lengths from the adapter to the gigabit Ethernet switch, including patch cables.

Cable type	Physical connector type	Maximum range
62.5 m MMF	LC	260 meters
50 m MMF	LC	550 meters

Table 33. Adapter cable information

Verify your software requirements

The adapter is supported on operating systems shown in Operating system or partition requirements. Ensure that your operating system supports this adapter before you install it. Contact service and support if you need assistance.

Gather tools and documentation

To install the adapter, make sure you have access to the following items:

- The adapter
- The operating system documentation
- The system unit documentation for removing and replacing features
- The PCI adapter placement documentation
- A flat-blade screwdriver
- The AIX base operating system CD, which includes the device driver, or the AIX device driver CD

Installing the device driver software

This section explains how to install device driver software. The device driver is provided for the AIX 5L operating system on the AIX base operating system CD or the AIX device driver CD.

To install device driver software, do the following steps:

- 1. Log in to the system unit as root user.
- Insert the media containing the device driver software (for example, the CD) into the media device. If your system does not have a CD-ROM drive, refer to your system documentation for performing a Network Installation Management (NIM) installation.
- 3. Type the following System Management Interface Tool (SMIT) fast path command: smit devinst
- 4. Press Enter. The Install Additional Device Software window highlights the **INPUT device / directory for software** option.
- 5. Type the name of the input device that you are using, or press F4 to select the input device from a list.
- **6**. Press Enter. The Install Additional Device Software window highlights the SOFTWARE to install option.
- 7. Press F4 to select List.
- 8. Type / to display the Find window.
- 9. Type the device package name devices.pciex.14103f03.
- 10. Press Enter. The system finds and highlights this device driver software.
- 11. Press F7 to select the highlighted device driver software.
- 12. Press Enter. The INSTALL ADDITIONAL DEVICE SOFTWARE window displays. The entry fields are automatically updated.
- **13**. Press Enter to accept the information. The ARE YOU SURE window displays.
- 14. Press Enter to accept the information. The COMMAND STATUS window displays.
 - The message RUNNING is highlighted to indicate that the installation and configuration command is in progress.
 - When RUNNING changes to OK, scroll to the bottom of the page and locate the installation summary.
 - After a successful installation, SUCCESS displays in the Result column of the installation summary at the bottom of the page.
- **15**. Remove the installation media from the drive.
- 16. Press F10 to exit SMIT.

Verify the AIX software installation

To verify that the device driver for the adapter is installed, do the following steps:

- 1. If necessary, log in as root user.
- 2. Type lslpp -l devices.pciex.14103f03.rte and press Enter.

If the device driver is installed, the following is an example of the data that is displayed.

92 Managing PCI adapters for the 31E/2B, 31E/1C, or 31E/2C

Fileset	Level	State	Description
Path: /usr/lib/objrepos devices.pciex.14103f03.rte	5.x.0.0		2-Port Gigabit Ethernet-SX PCI Express Adapter software

3. Confirm that the devices.pciex.14103f03.rte filesets are installed. If no data displays, try reinstalling the driver.

Installing the adapter

This section explains how to install the adapter. If you are installing the operating system at this time, install the adapter before you install the operating system. If the operating system is already installed and you must install the device driver for this adapter, install the device driver software before you install the adapter.

Attention: Before installing an adapter, review the precautions in Safety notices and Handling static sensitive devices. Do not remove the adapter from its anti-static package until you are ready to place it in the system unit.

To install the adapter, follow these steps:

1. Determine the PCIe slot in which to place the adapter.

The adapter has an x4 PCIe connector and can be placed in a x4, x8, or x16 slot. See the PCI adapter placement for information about the PCIe slots on your system unit.

2. Install the adapter by using the instructions in the system unit service guide.

Connecting to an Ethernet network

Refer to your local procedures for information about connecting the adapter to your Ethernet network.

Notes:

- Only one type of network can be attached to the adapter at one time.
- If your switch has an SC receptacle, you need an LC-SC converter cable.
- You must configure an IP network interface to enable the adapter to detect the link and illuminate the link LED.

To connect the adapter to a multimode fiber network, do the following steps:

- 1. Insert the male fiber LC connector of the fiber cable into the adapter LC connector.
- 2. Insert the male fiber LC connector of the other end of the cable into the network switch.

Verifying the adapter installation

To verify that the system unit recognizes the adapter, type lsdev -Cs pci at the command line and press Enter.

A list of PCI devices displays. If the adapter is installed correctly, the status of available for each port indicates that the adapter is installed and ready to use. If a message indicates that any of the ports are defined instead of available, shut down the server and verify that the adapter was installed correctly.

10 Gigabit Ethernet-SR PCI Express Adapter (FC 5769; CCIN 5769)

Learn about the features, operating system requirements, and installation procedures for the feature code (FC) 5769 adapter.

Overview

The 10 Gigabit Ethernet-SR PCIe Adapter is a low-profile, high performance fiber network interface controller (NIC). The product conforms to the IEEE, 802.3ae 10GBASE-SR specification for Ethernet transmission.

The following figure shows the adapter LED and network connector. The following figure shows the adapter.

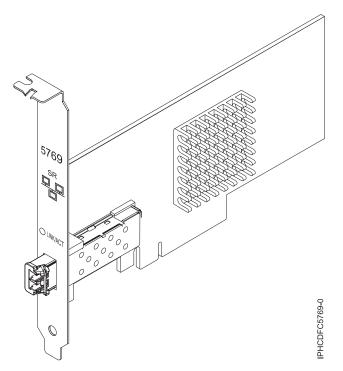


Figure 31. 10 Gigabit Ethernet-SR PCIe Adapter

The LED on the adapter provides information about the operation status of the adapter.

Table 34. Adapter LED

LED	Light	Description	
Activity/Link	Green	Good link, no activity	
	Flashing	Transmit activity	
	Off	No link [*]	
*The absence of a link could be the result of a defective cable, a defective connector, or a configuration mismatch.			

See the topics for the placement rules relevant for your system, if the adapter is supported on that system.

Specifications

Item Description FRU number 46K7897 (Designed to comply with RoHS requirement.) I/O bus architecture PCIe-V1.1 x8 Busmaster

Yes

Maximum number

For the maximum adapters supported, see the PCI adapter placement topic collection for your system.

Adapter size

PCIe x8, short form

Connector information

LC multimode fiber optic

Wrap plug

LC wrap plug-d, part number 12R9314 (Designed to comply with RoHS requirement.)

Cables

Customers supply the cables. Optional LC-SC 62.5 micron converter cable, part number 12R9322, FC 2459, is available. For 50 micron LC-SC connections, use converter cable part number 12R9321, FC 2456.

Attributes

- The adapter provide the following features:
- PCIe 1.1 x8
- MSI-X, MSI and support of traditional pin interrupts
- 10GBASE-SR short-reach optics (850 nm)
- IEEE 802.3ae (10 GbE)
- IEEE 802.1p priority and 802.1Q VLAN tagging
- IEEE 802.3x flow control
- Link aggregation, 802.3ad 802.3 compliance
- IEEE 802.3ad load-balancing and failover
- Ethernet II and 802.3 encapsulated frames
- Multiple MAC addresses per interface
- Jumbo frames up to 9.6 KB
- TCP checksum offload for IPv4 and IPv6
- TCP segmentation offfload (TSO) for IPv4 and IPv6
- User datagram protocol (UDP) checksum offload for IPv4 and IPv6
- Receive side scaling and packet steering
- Line rate packet filtering and attack protection
- IETF RDDP and RDMAC iWARP compliance (Linux only)
- APIs: RNIC-PI, kDAPL and Open Fabrics Enterprise Distribution (OFED) 1.4 (Linux only)
- Full iSCSI software and hardware initiator support (Linux only)

Operating system or partition requirements

This adapter is supported for the following versions of operating systems:

• AIX

- AIX Version 6.1 with the 6100-03 Technology Level, or later
- AIX Version 5.3 with the 5300-10 Technology Level, or later
- Linux
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux Version 5 Update 3, or later
 - SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 11, or later

AIX host bus adapter (HBA) and Ethernet drivers are contained in the following filesets:

devices.ethernet.ct3

- devices.ethernet.ct3.rte //HBA
- devices.ethernet.ct3.cdli //ENT

Preparing for installation

If you are installing your operating system at this time, install your adapter before you install the operating system. If you are installing only the device driver for this adapter, install your device driver software before you install the adapter.

If you are running the total diagnostics package you need a wrap plug for the multimode fiber connector used for the adapter. To connect to a network, you need a shortwave (850 nm) 50/62.5 micron multimode fiber network attachment.

The following tables indicates the allowable cable lengths from the adapter to the gigabit Ethernet switch, including patch cables:

Table 35. Cable information

Fiber cable type	Connector type	Minimum modal bandwidth at 850 nm (MHz x km)	Operating range in meters
62.5 μm MMF	LC	160	2 to 26
		200	2 to 33
50 μm MMF	LC	400	2 to 66
		500	2 to 82
		2000	2 to 300

Ensure that your operating system supports this adapter before you install it. See "Operating system or partition requirements" on page 95.

Installing the AIX device driver software

To install device driver software, follow the steps in "Installing the AIX device driver software" on page 131.

Installing the adapter

For general instructions on how to install a PCI adapter, see the Installing PCI adapters topic. Return here to verify the adapter installation.

Verifying the adapter installation

To verify that your system recognizes the PCI adapter, do the following steps:

- 1. If necessary, log in as root user.
- 2. At the command line, type: 1sdev -Cs pci
- 3. Press Enter.

A list of PCI devices is displayed. If the adapter is installed correctly, the status of available for each port indicates that the adapter is installed and ready to use. If a message indicates that any of the ports are defined instead of available, shut down your server and verify that the adapter was installed correctly.

Connecting to an Ethernet network

This section explains how to connect the adapter to the multimode fiber network. Refer to your local procedures for information about connecting the adapter to your Ethernet network.

Note: Only one type of network can be attached to the adapter at one time.

To connect the adapter to a multimode fiber network, do the following steps:

- 1. Insert the male fiber LC connector of the fiber cable into the adapter LC connector.
- 2. Insert the male fiber LC connector of the other end of the cable into the network switch.

Notes:

- The adapter requires an 850 nm multimode fiber optic cable. See Table 35 on page 96.
- If your switch has an SC receptacle, you need an LC-SC converter cable.
- It is necessary to configure an IP network interface to enable the adapter to detect a link and to illuminate the link LED.

10 Gigabit Ethernet-LR PCI Express Adapter (FC 5772; CCIN 576E)

Learn about the features, operating system requirements, and installation notes for the 5772 Adapter.

Overview

The 10 Gigabit Ethernet-LR PCI Express Adapter is a low-profile, fiber network interface controller (NIC). This adapter is based on the dual port 82598EB 10 GbE controller. The product conforms to the IEEE 802.3 standard and supports standards for system manageability and power management. Additionally, it conforms to the 802.3ae 10GBASE-LR specification for Ethernet transmissions over 1310 nm single-mode fiber optic cable for distances up to 10 kilometers.

The following figure shows the adapter LEDs and network connector.

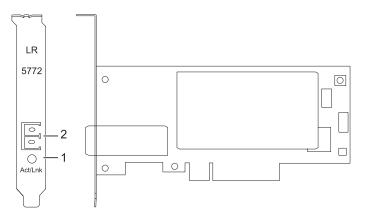


Figure 32. 10 Gigabit Ethernet-LR PCI Express Adapter

1 Activity/Link LED

2 Multimode fiber LC receptacle

Specifications

Item Description FRU number 10N9034 (Designed to comply with RoHS requirement.) I/O bus architecture PCI-Express V1.1 and v2.0 (gen 1 only) Busmaster

Yes

Maximum number

For the maximum adapters supported, see the PCI adapter placement topic collection for your system.

Adapter size PCIe short form Connector information LC single mode fiber optic Wrap plug LC fiber optic, part number 12R9313 Cables Customers supply the cables.

See the topics for the placement rules relevant for your system, if the adapter is supported on that system.

Operating system or partition requirements

The adapter is supported on the following versions of the operating systems:

• AIX

- AIX Version 7.1, or later
- AIX Version 6.1, or later
- AIX Version 5.3, or later
- Linux
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux 5.6 for POWER, or later
 - Novel SUSE Linux Enterprise 11 Service Pack 1, or later
- •
- 7.1, or later
- 6.1, or later

Preparing for installation

This section helps you prepare to install your adapter. Preparing to install the adapter involves the following tasks:

- · Verifying your hardware requirements
- · Verifying your software requirements
- Gathering tools and documentation

If you are installing your operating system at this time, install your adapter before you install the operating system. See "Installing the adapter" on page 100 for instructions.

If you are installing only the device driver for this adapter, install your device driver software before you install the adapter. See "Installing the device driver software" on page 99 for instructions.

Verifying your hardware requirements

The adapter requires the following hardware:

- If you are running the total diagnostics package you will need a wrap plug for the single mode fiber connector used on the LR adapter.
- To connect to a network you will need a 1310 nm single mode fiber network attachment for the LR adapter.

The following tables indicates the allowable cable lengths from the adapter to the gigabit Ethernet switch, including patch cables:

Table 36. 10 Gigabit Ethernet-LR PCI Express Adapter cable information

Fiber cable type	Connector type	Operating range in meters	
9 µm SMF	LC	10 Km	

Verifying your software requirements

Ensure that your operating system supports this adapter before you install it. See "Operating system or partition requirements" on page 98.

Gathering tools and documentation

To install the adapter, make sure you have access to the following items:

- The adapter
- The operating system documentation
- The system unit documentation
- The PCI adapter placement information for the system unit
- Wrap plugs
- A flat-blade screwdriver
- The operating system CD, which includes the device driver, or the device driver CD-ROM

Installing the device driver software

This section explains how to install device driver software for the adapter. The device driver is provided for the AIX operating system.

Be sure you have read "Preparing for installation" on page 98 to determine which of the following tasks to do:

- If you should install your device driver software first, go to step 1 of this section.
- If you should install your adapter hardware first, go to "Installing the adapter" on page 100. When you install AIX, your adapter device driver is automatically installed.

To install device driver software, do the following steps:

- 1. Log in to the system unit as root user.
- 2. Insert the media that contains the device driver software (for example, a CD-ROM) into the appropriate media device.
- 3. Type the following System Management Interface Tool (SMIT) fast path: smitty devinst
- 4. Press Enter. The Install Additional Device Software screen highlights the INPUT device/directory for software option.
- 5. Select or type your input device:
 - Press F4 to display the input device list.
 - Select the name of the device (for example, CD-ROM) that you are using and press Enter. or
 - In the entry field, type the name of the input device you are using and press Enter.
 - The Install Additional Device Software window highlights the SOFTWARE to install option.
- 6. Press F4 to display the SOFTWARE to install window.
- 7. Type the following to display the Find window: /
- 8. Type the device package name: devices.pciex.8680c71014108003.rte.
- 9. Press Enter. The system finds and highlights this device driver software.

- 10. Press F7 to select the highlighted device driver software.
- 11. Press Enter. The INSTALL ADDITIONAL DEVICE SOFTWARE window is shown. The entry fields are automatically updated.
- 12. Press Enter to accept the information. The ARE YOU SURE window is shown.
- 13. Press Enter to accept the information. The COMMAND STATUS window is shown.
 - The term RUNNING is highlighted to indicate that the installation and configuration command is in progress.
 - When RUNNING changes to OK, scroll to the bottom of the page and locate the Installation Summary.
 - After a successful installation, SUCCESS is displayed in the Result column of the Installation Summary at the bottom of the page.
- 14. Remove the installation media from the drive.
- 15. Press F10 to exit SMIT.
- 16. Go to the adapter installation procedure, "Installing the adapter."

Verify AIX software installation

To verify that the device driver for the adapter is installed, do the following steps:

- 1. If necessary, log in as root user.
- 2. At the command line, type lslpp -l devices.pciex.8680c71014108003.rte.
- 3. Press Enter.

If the adapter device driver is installed, the following is an example of the data that is displayed on the window:

Fileset	Level	State	Description
Path: /usr/lib/objrepos devices.pciex.8680c71014108003.rte	5.3.8.0	COMMITTED	10 Gigabit Ethernet-LR PCI Express Adapter Software

Verify that the file sets are installed at the AIX version level you are running. Level 5.3.8.0 is an example. If the correct information is displayed, continue to the next section, Installing the adapter. If no data is displayed on your screen, the adapter device driver did not install correctly. Try reinstalling the driver.

Installing the adapter

For instructions on how to install PCI adapters, see Installing the PCI adapters topic.

Verifying the adapter installation

To verify that your system unit recognizes the PCI adapter, do the following steps:

- 1. If necessary, log in as root user.
- 2. At the command line, type: 1sdev -Cs pci
- 3. Press Enter.

A list of PCI devices are displayed. If the adapter is installed correctly, an Available status for each port indicates that the adapter is installed and ready to use. If the message on your screen indicates that any of the ports are DEFINED instead of AVAILABLE, shut down your server and verify that the adapter was installed correctly.

Connecting to an Ethernet network

This section explains how to connect the adapter to the multimode fiber network. Refer to your local procedures for information about connecting the adapter to your Ethernet network.

Note: Only one type of network can be attached to the adapter at one time.

To connect the adapter to a multimode fiber network, do the following steps:

- 1. Insert the male fiber LC connector of the fiber cable into the adapter LC connector.
- 2. Insert the male fiber LC connector of the other end of the cable into the network switch.

Notes:

- The adapter requires a 1310 nm single-mode fiber optic cable. See Table 36 on page 99.
- If your switch has an SC receptacle, you need an LC-SC converter cable.
- It is necessary to configure an IP network interface to enable the adapter to detect a link and to illuminate the link LED.

Adapter LEDs

The LEDs on the adapter provide information about the operation status of the adapter. The LEDs are visible through the mounting bracket and, when lit, indicate the following conditions:

Table 37. Adapter LEDs

LED	Light	Description
Activity/Link	Green	Good link, no activity
	Blinking	Transmit activity
	Off	No link [*]
[*] The absence of a link could be the result of a defective cable, a defective connector, or a configuration mismatch.		

PCIe LP 2-Port 1GbE TX Adapter (FC 9056; CCIN 5767)

Learn about features, requirements, and specifications for the feature code (FC) 9056 adapter.

The PCIe LP 2-Port 1GbE TX adapter is a low-profile, full-duplex, dual port, gigabit Ethernet adapter. This adapter is the low-profile adapter and FC 9055 is the regular-height adapter. Both adapters are the low-priced equivalents of the FC 5767.

The adapter interfaces to the system via a PCIe bus. This adapter can be configured to run each port at 10, 100, or 1000 Mbps data rates. The adapter connects to a network using a 4-pair CAT-5 Unshielded Twisted Pair (UTP) cable for distances of up to 100 meters (328.08 feet). This adapter is PCIe x4 capable and conforms to the PCIe 1.0a standard. The adapter supports AIX Network Installation Management (NIM) boot capability. The adapter conforms to the IEEE 802.3ab 1000Base-T standard. The adapter supports jumbo frames when running at the 1000 Mbps speed. The adapter does not support a speed of 1000 Mbps speed in half-duplex (HDX) mode.

The adapter provides the following features:

- Supports interrupt moderation to deliver increased performance while significantly reducing processor utilization
- Supports dual port operation in almost any PCIe slot, except x1
- Supports auto-negotiation, full-duplex only
- Supports integrated media-access control (MAC) and physical layer (PHY)
- Supports Fast EtherChannel (FEC) with the existing software

- Supports gigabit EtherChannel (GEC) with the existing software
- Supports IEEE 802.3ad (Link Aggregation control protocol)
- Supports IEEE 802.1Q VLANs
- Supports IEEE 802.3 z, ab, u, x flow control support
- Supports IEEE 802.1p
- Supports IEEE 802.3ab for TX
- Supports TCP checksum offload transmission control protocol (TCP), user datagram protocol (UDP), Internet Protocol (IP) for IPv4 and IPv6
- Supports TCP segmentation or large send offload
- Supports EEPROM-SPI and single EEPROM
- Supports interrupt levels INTA and MSI
- Hardware certifications FCC B, UL, CE, VCCI, BSMI, CTICK, MIC
- Network Controller (MAC) Intel 82571EB
- Compliant with European Union Directive 2002/95/EC on the Restriction of the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment

Adapter specifications

Item Description

FRU number

10N6845

*Designed to comply with RoHS requirement

I/O bus architecture

- PCI Express V1.0a compliant
- Bus width x4 lane PCI Express, operable in x4, x8, x16 slots
- Bus speed (x4, encoded rate) 10 Gbps unidirectional; 20 Gbps bidirectional

Busmaster

Yes

Maximum number

For the maximum adapters supported, see the PCI adapter placement topic collection for your system.

Adapter size

PCIe short form

Connector information

- Two RJ-45 ports
- Two LED adapter status indicators per port, for link activity and speed

Wrap plug

RJ-45, part number 10N7405

Cabling

Customers supply their own cables. For best performance, use cables that meet CAT5e cabling standards, or later.

Adapter LED states

The LEDs on the adapter provide information about the operation status of the adapter. The LEDs are visible through the mounting bracket. 2-Port 10/100/1000 Base-TX Ethernet PCI Express Adapter shows the location of the LEDs. Table 38 on page 103 describes the different LED states and what those states indicate. The following figure shows the adapter.

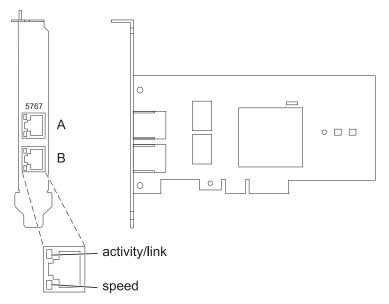


Figure 33. PCIe LP 2-Port 1GbE TX adapter

LED	Light	Description
Activity/link	Green	Active link
	Off	No link
		The absence of a link can indicate a defective cable, defective connector, or a configuration mismatch.
	Flashing	Data activity
Speed	Off	10 Mbps
	Green	100 Mbps
	Orange	1000 Mbps

Table 38. Adapter LEDs and descriptions

See the topics for the placement rules relevant for your system, if the adapter is supported on that system.

Operating system or partition requirements

The adapter is supported on the following versions of the operating systems:

- AIX
 - AIX Version 7.1, or later.
 - AIX Version 6.1, or later.
 - AIX Version 5.3, or later.
- Linux
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux 5.6 for POWER, or later.
 - Novel SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 11, Service Pack 1, or later.
- •
- 7.1, or later.
- 6.1, or later.

Preparing for installation

If you are installing the operating system at this time, install the adapter before you install the operating system. See "Installing the adapter" on page 105 for instructions.

If you are installing only the device driver for this adapter, install the device driver software before you install the adapter. See "Installing the device driver software" for instructions.

If you already have one of these adapters installed and working with your AIX operating system and you are preparing to install additional adapters, the device driver is already installed and you must not reinstall the device drive.

Verifying the hardware requirements

The adapter requires the following hardware:

- A wrap plug for the RJ-45 connector, if you are running the total diagnostics package.
- CAT5e (or later) UTP cables for 1000 Mbps network attachment.
- CAT5 or CAT3 UTP cables for 100 Mbps or 10 Mbps network attachment.

Restriction: The cables can be no longer than 100 meters (328.08 feet) (including patch cables) from the adapter to the local switch.

Verifying the software requirements

You can use the adapter on operating systems shown in "Operating system or partition requirements" on page 103.

Gathering tools and documentation

To install the adapter, ensure that you have access to the following items:

- The adapter
- The operating system documentation
- The system unit documentation for removing and replacing features
- The PCI adapter placement documentation
- A flat-blade screwdriver
- The AIX base operating system CD, which includes the device driver, or the AIX device driver CD

Installing the device driver software

This section explains how to install device driver software. The device driver is provided for the AIX 5L operating system on the AIX base operating system CD, which includes the device driver, or the AIX device driver CD.

To install device driver software, do the following steps:

- 1. Log in to the system unit as root user.
- Insert the media containing the device driver software (for example, the CD) into the media device. If your system does not have a CD-ROM drive, refer to your system documentation for performing a Network Installation Management (NIM) installation.
- 3. Type the following System Management Interface Tool (SMIT) fast path command: smit devinst
- 4. Press Enter. The Install Additional Device Software window highlights the **INPUT device / directory for software** option.

- 5. Type the name of the input device that you are using, or press F4 to select the input device from a list.
- **6.** Press Enter. The Install Additional Device Software window highlights the SOFTWARE to install option.
- 7. Press F4 to select List.
- 8. Type / to display the Find window.
- 9. Type the device package name devices.pciex.14104003.
- 10. Press Enter. The system finds and highlights this device driver software.
- 11. Press F7 to select the highlighted device driver software.
- **12**. Press Enter. The INSTALL ADDITIONAL DEVICE SOFTWARE window displays. The entry fields are automatically updated.
- 13. Press Enter to accept the information. The ARE YOU SURE window displays.
- 14. Press Enter to accept the information. The COMMAND STATUS window displays.
 - The message RUNNING is highlighted to indicate that the installation and configuration command is in progress.
 - When RUNNING changes to OK, scroll to the bottom of the page and locate the installation summary.
 - After a successful installation, SUCCESS displays in the Result column of the installation summary at the bottom of the page.
- **15**. Remove the installation media from the drive.
- 16. Press F10 to exit SMIT.

Verifying the AIX software installation

To verify that the device driver for the adapter is installed, do the following steps:

- 1. If necessary, log in as root user.
- 2. Type lslpp -l devices.pciex.14104003.rte and press Enter.

If the device driver is installed, the following table is an example of the data that is shown.

Fileset	Level	State	Description
Path: /usr/lib/objrepos devices.pciex.14104003.rte	5.x.0.0	COMMITTED	adapter description

3. Confirm that the devices.pciex.14104003.rte filesets are installed. If no data is shown in the window, reinstall the driver.

Installing the adapter

This section explains how to install the adapter. If you are installing the operating system at this time, install the adapter before you install the operating system. If the operating system is already installed and you must install the device driver for this adapter, install the device driver software before you install the adapter.

Attention: Before installing an adapter, review the precautions in Safety notices and Handling static sensitive devices. Do not remove the adapter from its anti-static package until you are ready to place it in the system unit.

To install the adapter, follow these steps:

1. Determine the PCIe slot in which to place the adapter.

The adapter has an x4 PCIe connector and can be placed in a x4, x8, or x16 slot. See the PCI adapter placement for information about the PCIe slots on your system unit.

2. Install the adapter by using the instructions in the system unit service guide.

Verifying the adapter installation

To verify that the system unit recognizes the adapter, type lsdev -Cs pci at the command line and press Enter.

A list of PCI devices displays. If the adapter is installed correctly, the status of available for each port indicates that the adapter is installed and ready to use. If a message indicates that any of the ports are defined instead of available, shut down the server and verify that the adapter was installed correctly.

PCIe2 LP 2-Port 10GbE RoCE SFP+ Adapter (FC EC27 and FC EC28)

Learn about the specifications and operating system requirements for the feature code (FC) EC27 and FC EC28 adapters.

Overview

The FC EC27 and FC EC28 are the same adapter. FC EC28 is a full-height adapter, and the FC EC27 is a low-profile adapter. The names of these two adapters are:

- FC EC27: PCIe2 LP 2-Port 10GbE RoCE SFP+ adapter
- FC EC28: PCIe2 2-Port 10GbE RoCE SFP+ adapter

The adapter is a PCIe generation-2 (PCIe2), dual port, 10-Gigabit Ethernet (GbE) adapter with a PCIe 2.0 host bus interface. The adapter delivers high-bandwidth and low-latency 10 GbE connectivity. The adapter is optimized for high-transaction databases, cloud computing, virtualization, storage, and other data center applications. The adapter improves network performance by increasing available bandwidth to the central processing unit (CPU) and providing enhanced performance. The two 10 Gb small form-factor pluggable (SFP+) transceiver ports are used for connectivity with other servers or switches in the network. Each SFP+ port provides Ethernet connectivity with a nominal data rate of 10 gigabits per second (Gbps), and uses the SFP+ copper twinaxial cables up to 5 m (16.4 ft) in length. The link aggregation and failover features of the adapter are ideal for critical network applications that require redundancy and high availability.

See the topics for the placement rules relevant for your system, if the adapter is supported on that system.

Specifications

```
      Item
      Description

      Adapter
      FRU number

      FC EC27: 74Y1988 (Designed to comply with RoHS requirement)

      FC EC28 74Y1987 (Designed to comply with RoHS requirement)

      I/O bus
      architecture

      PCIe2 x8

      Slot requirement

      For the slot priorities, see the PCI adapter placement topic collection for your system.

      Cables

      See "Cables" on page 107 for details

      Voltage
```

3.3 V

Form factor

Short

Maximum number

For the maximum adapters supported, see the PCI adapter placement topic collection for your system.

Operating system or partition requirements

This adapter is supported for the following versions of the operating system:

- AIX:
 - AIX Version 7.1 with the 7100-01 Technology Level and Service Pack 3, or later
 - AIX Version 6.1 with the 6100-07 Technology Level and Service Pack 3, or later
- Linux: Not supported.
- : Not supported.

Cables

Feature codes EC27 and EC28 require the use of compatible SFP+, 10 Gbps, copper, twinaxial, active, Ethernet cables. See Figure 34 for a view of the cable top and cable bottom. These cables are compliant with industry standard specifications SFF-8431 Rev 4.1 and SFF-8472 Rev 10.4, and all applicable IBM requirements.

Note: These cables are EMC Class A compliant.

See Table 39 for details about the feature codes.

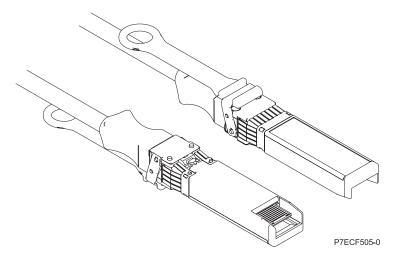


Figure 34. Top and bottom view of the cable

Cable length	1 m (3.28 ft)	3 m (9.84 ft)	5 m (16.4 ft)
Feature code	EN01	EN02	EN03
CCIN	EF01	EF02	EF03
Part number	46K6182	46K6183	46K6184

Table 39. Feature code and part number for varying lengths of the cable

PCIe 2-Line WAN with Modem (FC 2893, 2894; CCIN 576C)

Learn about the features of the PCIe 2-Line WAN with Modem.

This adapter is a 2-line per port WAN with Modem PCIe adapter. Port 0 is the modem port and supports V.92 56K Async PPP, V.92 data modem, V.44 data compression, V.34 FAX modem and FAX functions, such as ECM and 2D/1D conversion. Port 0 does not provide Sync modem capabilities (SDLC and Sync PPP). Port 1 is the RVX port and supports multiple communications protocols, including synchronous operations.

2893 is the non-CIM (Complex Impedance Matching) version offered in all countries and regions except Australia and New Zealand.

2894 is the CIM (Complex Impedance Matching) version offered only in Australia and New Zealand.

The FRU part numbers for the adapter are:

• FC 2893 and 2894: 44V5323

Adapter type

Short, x4, PCIe

See the topics for the placement rules relevant for your system, if the adapter is supported on that system.

Operating system or partition requirements

The adapter is supported on the following versions of the operating systems:

- Linux
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux 5.6 for POWER, or later
 - Novel SUSE Linux Enterprise 11 Service Pack 1, or later
- •
- 7.1, or later
- 6.1, or later

4-Port USB PCI Express Adapter (FC 2728; CCIN 57D1)

Learn about the specifications for the 4-Port USB PCI Express (PCIe) Adapter.

The 4-Port USB PCIe Adapter is a single-lane (1x) PCIe high-performance expansion adapter that provides the following features and support:

- Compliance with PCIe base specification revision 1.1
- Single-lane (1x) PCI Express for a throughput of 2.5 Gbps
- Single-slot, half-length PCIe card
- FCC Class A
- Four downstream, external, high-speed USB 2.0 ports ¹
- Data-transfer rates of 480 Mbps (high-speed), 12 Mbps (full-speed), and 1.5 Mbps (low-speed)
- Full compliance with Universal Serial Bus (USB) specifications, revision 1.1 and 2.0
- Simultaneous operation of multiple USB 2.0 and USB 1.1 devices
- Compliance with Enhanced Host Controller Interface (EHCI) and Open Host Controller Interface (OHCI) standards
- Integrated dual-speed USB transceivers
- A total of 126 USB hubs and devices are supported by the adapter ¹

 1 The four external ports are shared and controlled by three internal USB controllers. \setminus

The following figure shows the adapter.

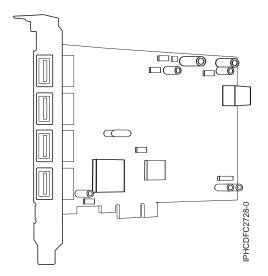


Figure 35. 4-Port USB PCIe Adapter

See the topics for the placement rules relevant for your system, if the adapter is supported on that system.

Specifications

```
Description
Item
FRU number
       46K7494 (Designed to comply with RoHS requirement.)
Bus architecture
       PCI 2.2 compliant
Busmaster
       Yes
Card type
       Full size
Maximum number and adapter slots
       For the maximum adapters supported, see the PCI adapter placement topic collection for your
       system.
Connector
       Standard USB single pin-type series "A" receptacle
Wrap plug
       None
Cables
       None
Operating system or partition requirements
```

This adapter is supported for the following versions of the operating systems:

• AIX

- AIX Version 7.1
- AIX Version 6.1
- AIX 5L for POWER version 5.3
- Linux
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux
 - SUSE Linux
- •

- IBM is not supported.

PCIe Cryptographic Coprocessor (FC 4807, FC 4808, and FC 4809; CCIN 4765)

Learn about the specifications for the PCIe Cryptographic Coprocessor.

The PCIe Cryptographic Coprocessor adapters (feature codes (FC) 4807, FC 4808, and FC 4809) provide the secure-key cryptographic accelerator and the Cryptographic Coprocessor functions in a single PCIe card. The coprocessor functions are targeted to banking and finance applications. The financial personal identification number (PIN) processing and Euro pay, Mastercard, Visa (EMV) credit card functions are provided. EMV is a standard for the integrated-chip based credit cards. The secure-key accelerator functions are targeted to improving the performance of Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) transactions. The (FC 4807, FC 4808, and FC 4809 provide the security and performance required to support emerging digital signature applications. The host application access to the cryptographic services of the (FC 4807, FC 4808, and FC 4809 are by the Common Cryptographic Architecture (CCA) application programming interfaces (APIs) and by the Public-Key Cryptographic Standards (PKCS11). The (FC 4807, FC 4808, and FC 4809 provide secure storage of cryptographic keys in a tamper-resistant hardware security module, which is designed to meet FIPS PUB 140-2 on security requirements.

The FC 4807, FC 4808, and FC 4809 are the same adapter but the different FCs indicate if a blind-swap cassette is used and the type of the cassette.

- FC 4807 is not a blind-swap cassette
- FC 4808 is a generation-3 blind-swap cassette
- FC 4809 is a generation-4 blind-swap cassette

IBM PCIe Cryptographic adapter highlights:

- PCIe 4x standard height half length
- Integrated Dual PPC processors
- ASIC (Accelerator engines)
- Supports the Common Cryptographic Architecture (CCA) application programming interfaces (APIs) and the Public-Key Cryptographic Standards (PKCS11) on the single firmware load.
- 3072, 4096 bit RSA CRT HW (including routing)
- SHA 256 required HW or firmware within secure module (including routing)
- Secure Key AES 128, 192, 256 bit keys
- Fast path symmetric and asymmetric (secure and clear key)

See the topics for the placement rules relevant for your system, if the adapter is supported on that system.

Supported operating systems

The following versions of the operating systems are supported:

- AIX
 - AIX 5.3 with the 5300-12 Technology Level, or later.
 - AIX 6.1 with the 6100-05 Technology Level, or later.
- Linux
 - No support.
- - 7.1, or later.
 - 6.1 with 6.1.1 machine code or later.

Specifications and requirements

FRU number:

45D7948

RoHS compliant with server exemption

Placement information

To view information about the PCI adapter placement rules, see the PCI adapter placement topic collection for your system.

I/O bus architecture

PCI Express v1.1a

Storage

Shipping and storage temperature below -35°C \pm 60°C (-31°F \pm 140°F) or above 1°C \pm 60°C (33.8°F \pm 140°F) limits.

Operation (ambient in system)

This component collects and controls all the sensors to prevent the physical penetration and any abnormal environmental condition within its wide operational range of $10^{\circ}C \pm 35^{\circ}C$ ($50^{\circ}F \pm 95^{\circ}F$).

Tamper protection range

Outside of the tamper protection range limits of $-38^{\circ}C \pm 3^{\circ}C$ (-41.8°F to $-31^{\circ}F$) to $+90^{\circ}C \pm 2^{\circ}C$ (190.4°F to 197.6°F), the card will be permanently disable.

Handling requirements

Each PCIe Cryptographic Coprocessor includes a certified device key. This electronic key, which is stored in the adapter's battery-powered and protected memory, digitally signs status messages to confirm that the PCI Cryptographic Coprocessor is genuine and that no tampering has occurred.

If any of the secure module's tamper sensors are triggered by tampering or by accident, the PCIe Cryptographic Coprocessor erases all data in the protected memory, including the certified device key. Incorrect removal of the batteries triggers the tamper sensors and destroys the certified device keys. The PCI Cryptographic Coprocessor cannot operate without the certified device keys. To protect the keys, follow the guidelines given in the documentation provided with the coprocessor.

Attention: The batteries keep the coprocessor powered on even when it is not installed in a system. When handling, installing, or removing the adapter, do not let the adapter circuits come in contact with any conductive surface or tools. Doing so can render the adapter permanently inoperable.

Do not remove the batteries of the adapter. Data in the protected memory is lost when battery power is removed. .

Attention: While installing the coprocessor, observe the following precautions:

- The coprocessor is always powered by the batteries, even when it is not installed in the system.
- The battery power is necessary to keep the coprocessor operational.
- The loss of battery power or a voltage drop triggers a tamper event and permanently renders the coprocessor inoperable.
- Any short on the battery power distribution circuits causes a voltage drop and a tamper event.
- Do not lay the coprocessor on or cause the coprocessor to come in contact with any conductive surface.
- Do not strike the coprocessor circuits with metal or conductive tools.
- Use static-protective measures at all times when handling the coprocessor.

PCIe2 2-port 4X InfiniBand QDR Adapter (FC 5283 and FC 5285)

Learn about the specifications and operating system requirements for the 5283 and 5285 adapters.

Overview

The PCIe2 2-port 4X IB QDR Adapters are generation-2 4X InfiniBand QDR adapters that provides high speed connectivity with other servers or InfiniBand switches.

The names for these adapters are:

- FC 5283: PCIe2 LP 2-port 4X InfiniBand QDR Adapter
- FC 5285: PCIe2 2-port 4X InfiniBand QDR Adapter

Each port has a maximum of 40 Gb allotted to it.

The FC 5283 is a low-profile adapter and requires an available generation-2 low-profile slot in FC 5685 (PCIe Riser Card (Generation-2)). FC 5285 has a high-profile tailstock and requires a full-height generation-2 slot.

See the topics for the placement rules relevant for your system, if the adapter is supported on that system.

Specifications

Description Item Adapter FRU number 74Y2987 (Designed to comply with RoHS requirement) I/O bus architecture PCIe x8 Slot requirement Requires an available slot in FC 5685 Cables No cables required. Voltage 3.3 V Form factor Short Maximum number For the maximum adapters supported, see the PCI adapter placement topic collection for your system.

Operating system or partition requirements

This adapter is supported for the following versions of the operating systems:

- AIX:
 - AIX Version 7.1 with Service Pack 3, or later
 - AIX Version 6.1 with the 6100-06 Technology Level, and Service Pack 5 or later
 - AIX Version 6.1 with the 6100-05 Technology Level, and Service Pack 6 or later
- Linux:
 - SUSE Linux Enterprise 10, Service Pack 3 or later
 - SUSE Linux Enterprise 11, Service Pack 1 or later
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux Version 5.6 or later
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux Version 6 or later
- •
- is not supported.

PCIe RAID and SSD SAS adapter 3 Gb (FC 2053, FC 2055; CCIN 57CD)

Learn about the specifications and operating system requirements for the feature code (FC) 2053 or 2055 adapter.

Overview

The PCIe-based solid-state drive (SSD) offering consists of a SAS PCIe adapter and an SSD module. The RAID and SSD SAS adapter is a double-wide, low-profile, short, PCIe x8 adapter that requires two adjacent PCIe slots. You can plug one, two, or four SSD modules directly onto the adapter and avoid using any SFF, 3.5 inch SAS bays, or any cabling to the SAS disk enclosures.

Though it is physically the same PCIe adapter, there are two feature codes (FC):

- PCIe RAID and SSD SAS Adapter 3 Gb (FC 2053) designates a low-profile PCIe adapter to be used in the 7/10, 7/20, 7/30, and 7/40 low-profile slots.
- PCIe RAID and SSD SAS Adapter 3 Gb with Blind Swap Cassette (FC 2055) designates that the PCIe adapter is in a double-wide blind swap cassette for use in a 12X-attached 5802/5877 PCIe I/O drawer.

Though it is physically the same SSD module, two feature codes are used to describe the different operating system environments. The following are the two codes that enable the IBM configurator tools to track the different SSD protection rules that are associated with the AIX and Linux operating systems:

- 177 GB SSD Module with enterprise multi-level cell (EMLC) (AIX or Linux) is FC 1995
- 177 GB SSD Module with EMLC () is FC 1996

There are multiple configuration options that provide SSD protection and redundancy. If you want redundancy at an adapter level, you can mirror the SSD module of one PCIe RAID and SSD SAS Adapter against the SSD module of another PCIe RAID and SSD SAS Adapter using the AIX or Linux operating system. This is recommended because there is no write cache in the PCIe RAID and SSD SAS Adapter. However, the RAID 5 or RAID 6 can also be used. If you want RAID 0, you must mirror the SSD module though the operating system. Ensure that if an SSD module requires to be replaced or moved, the PCIe RAID and SSD SAS Adapter or I/O drawer before the SSD module can be accessed. This action is different from the existing 69 GB SSD configurations, which can use the SAS bay hot-plug capability to remove and replace a single SSD module without removing the associated PCI SAS adapter.

For the AIX and Linux operating systems, if you do not want to have PCIe RAID and SSD SAS Adapter redundancy, but still want to protect the SSD module content, the PCIe RAID and SSD SAS Adapter can provide RAID 5 or RAID-6 level protection on the PCIe adapter. RAID 10 is not supported for the PCIe

RAID and SSD SAS adapter. Hot-spare capability can optionally be used with RAID 5 but the spare SSD module must be on that same PCIe RAID and SSD SAS adapter.

The following figure shows the adapter.

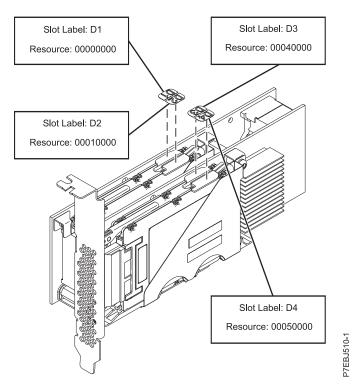


Figure 36. PCIe Dual - x4 3 Gb SAS RAID Adapter

See the topics for the placement rules relevant for your system, if the adapter is supported on that system.

Specifications

Item Description

Adapter FRU number

Low-profile FRU 74Y6406

Full height FRU 74Y6409

(Designed to comply with RoHS requirement.)

SSD Module (CCIN 58B2) FRU number

1.8 inch 177 GB small form factor solid-state drive on PCIe SAS RAID and SSD adapter.

FRU 43W7749

I/O bus architecture

PCIe x8

Slot requirement

Two PCIe x8 slots per adapter. (The adapter physically plugs into one slot and covers the adjacent slot to the left.)

Cables

No cables required.

Voltage

3.3 V

Form factor

Short

Maximum number

For the maximum adapters supported, see the PCI adapter placement topic collection for your system.

Attributes

- The PCIe adapters and their associated SSD modules are supported in the 7/10, 7/20, 7/30, 7/40, and 7/50 system units or in the feature 5802 and 5877 12X PCIe I/O drawers when attached to the 7/20, 7/40, 7/50, 7/70, and 7/80.
- The adapter is not supported in the 7/70 and 7/80 system units. It is not supported in the 12X-attached feature 5803 and 5873 PCIe I/O drawers. It is not supported on POWER6[®] servers.
- Each RAID formatted (528 byte blocks) SSD module provides up to 177 GB of capacity in the AIX or Linux environment. Modules can also be formatted as a JBOD (512 byte blocks) and provide up to 200 GB of capacity in an AIX and Linux environment. Formatting for RAID provides additional data integrity and the option to use RAID 0 (when SSD modules are mirrored at the operating system level), RAID 5, or RAID 6.

Operating system or partition requirements

This adapter is supported for the following versions of the operating systems:

- AIX
 - 7.1 AIX Version 7.1
 - 6.1L AIX Version 6.1 with the 6100-06 Technology Level
 - 6.1F AIX Version 6.1 with the 6100-03 Technology Level and Service Pack 7
 - 6.1H AIX Version 6.1 with the 6100-04 Technology Level and Service Pack 7
 - 6.1J AIX Version 6.1 with the 6100-05 Technology Level and Service Pack 3
 - 5.3S AIX 5L for POWER version 5.3 with the 5300-10 Technology Level and Service Pack 5
 - 5.3V AIX 5L for POWER version 5.3 with the 5300-11 Technology Level and Service Pack 5
 - 5.3X AIX 5L for POWER version 5.3 with the 5300-12 Technology Level and Service Pack 2
- Linux
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux Version 5, with update 5, or later
 - SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 10, with Service Pack 3, or later
 - SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 11, with Service Pack 1, or later
- - IBM i 7.1
 - IBM i 6.1 with i 6.1.1 machine code, or later
- VIOS
 - VIOS Version 2.2 or later

This adapter requires the following drivers:

- AIX: devices.pciex.14103903 device driver package
- Linux:
 - iprutils version 2.2.21 and ipr driver version 2.2.0.3 (or newer) for RHEL5 kernels
 - iprutils version 2.2.21 and ipr driver version 2.2.0.3 (or newer) for SLES10 kernels
 - iprutils version 2.2.21 and ipr driver version 2.4.3 (or newer) for SLES11 kernels

Cables

None

PCIe2 Internal SAS RAID Adapter (CCIN 57C3)

Learn about the specifications and operating system requirements for the PCIe2 Internal SAS RAID adapter that is integrated with the EXP30 Ultra SSD I/O Drawer (feature code 58/88 PCIe storage enclosure). The adapters reports as PCIe2 3.1GB Cache RAID SAS Enclosure 6Gb x8.

Overview

The PCIe2 Internal SAS RAID adapter is an internal PCI Express generation-2 (PCIe2), serial-attached SCSI (SAS) Random Array of Independent Disks (RAID) adapter integrated into the 58/88 PCIe storage enclosure. The adapter contains the SAS RAID controller and SAS Expander. The internal adapter with the SAS RAID controller and SAS Expander is called as the enclosure RAID module (ERM). This adapter supports the attachment of the 1.8 inch SAS solid-state drive feature ES02 through a PCIe x8 cable at its PCIe x8 cable port. The PCIe cable is connected to the GX ++ PCIe2 adapter in the server.

The FC 58/88 PCIe storage enclosure is always supplied with two PCIe2 internal SAS RAID adapters preinstalled. These must be used in a high availability, multi-initiator RAID configuration with the two adapters in dual-controller mode (Dual Storage IOA configuration).

Each of the two high performance, integrated SAS controllers physically provide 3.1 GB write-cache. Working as a pair, they provide additional performance and adapter redundancy with mirrored write-cache data and mirrored RAID parity footprints between the adapters. The cache contents are designed to be protected by integrated flash memory with capacitors in case of power failure without the need for batteries as were used with previous large cache adapters. If the pairing is broken, write-cache is disabled after existing cache content is written out to the drives and performance may be degraded until the controller pairing is reestablished.

Each controller can support a minimum of 6 SSD and a maximum of 30 SSD. The SAS SSD bays are always physically one set of drives, even though there may be multiple RAID arrays in this one set. With two or more RAID arrays, each RAID array can be optimized to either of the integrated SAS controllers to take advantage of Active/Active performance improvements via the R/W bandwidth of both adapters.

The location codes for the PCIe connector on the PCIe2 Internal SAS RAID adapter are:

- 1. Internal adapter ERM 1: C1-T3
- 2. Internal adapter ERM 2: C2-T3

See Figure 37 on page 117 for the location codes for the PCIe2 Internal SAS RAID adapter in the 58/88 PCIe storage enclosure.

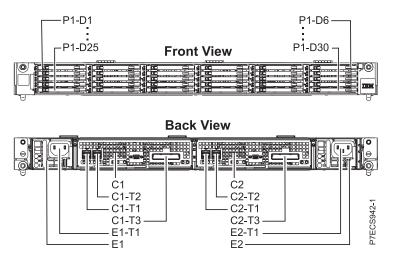


Figure 37. Location codes of the PCIe2 Internal SAS RAID adapter

Servers running the AIX or Linux operating system support both adapters RAID controllers owned by the same or different partitions. The controllers provide RAID 0, RAID 5, RAID 6, and RAID 10 configurations for servers running the AIX or Linux operating system, and supported by VIOS. AIX, Linux, or VIOS also provide mirroring (logical volume manager (LVM)) capabilities.

For the initial release, these adapters are not maintained concurrently, although many other components in the 58/88 PCIe storage enclosure can be maintained concurrently.

See figure that shows the ERM.

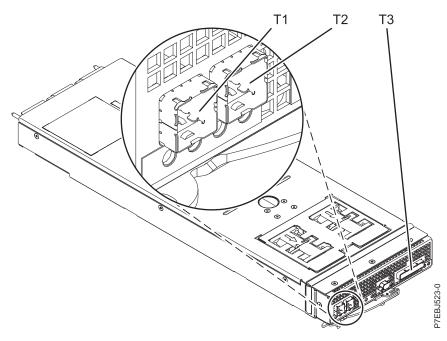


Figure 38. CCIN 57C3 PCIe2 3.1GB Cache RAID SAS Enclosure 6Gb x8

Specifications

Item Description Adapter CCIN number 57C3

```
I/O bus architecture
PCIe2 x8
Cables
PCIe cables FC EN05 and FC EN07.
Voltage
3.3 V
```

Operating system or partition requirements

This adapter is supported for the following versions of operating systems:

- AIX
 - AIX Version 7.1 with the 7100-01 Technology Level, and Service Pack 4, or later.
 - AIX Version 7.1 with the 7100-00 Technology Level, and Service Pack 6, or later.
 - AIX Version 6.1 with the 6100-07 Technology Level, and Service Pack 4, or later
 - AIX Version 5.3 with the 5300-12 Technology Level and Service Pack 6, or later
- Linux
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6.2 for POWER, or later
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux 5.8 for POWER, or later
 - SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 11, Service Pack 2, or later (with update package)
 - SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 10, Service Pack 4, or later
 - See the Linux Alert site for the support details.
- VIOS
 - VIOS support requires VIOS 2.2.1.5, or later

PCIe2 1.8 GB Cache RAID SAS Tri-port 6 Gb Adapter (FC 5913; CCIN 57B5)

Learn about the specifications and operating system requirements for the FC 5913 adapters.

Overview

The PCI Express (PCIe) generation-2, 1.8 GB Cache RAID SAS Tri-port 6 Gb Adapter is a large cache PCIe2 SAS adapter that provides high-performance capabilities and supports the attachment of serial-attached SCSI (SAS) disks and SAS solid-state drives through mini SAS HD (high density) connectors. The feature code (FC) 5913 has a 1.8 GB write-cache. The adapter must be installed in pairs and must be used in a high availability, multi-initiator RAID configuration with two adapters in dual-controller mode (Dual Storage IOA configuration). Two FC 5913 adapters provide additional performance and adapter redundancy with mirrored write-cache data and mirrored RAID parity footprints between the adapters. If the FC 5913 pairing is broken, then the write cache is disabled. Integrated flash memory with capacitors provides protection of the write cache in case of power failure, without the need for batteries as were used with previous large cache adapters.

To provide the highest bandwidth between two paired feature 5913 adapters for the mirroring of cache data and parity update footprints, a SAS Adapter-to-Adapter (AA) cable is required by default on the third adapter port until maximum device quantity attachment is required. When all three connectors are attaching SAS drives, the communication between the adapter pair is performed through the SAS fabric via the I/O drawer and cabling.

The FC 5913 is a single wide, full-height, short adapter.

Every FC 5913 requires another 6 Gbps SAS RAID adapter (FC 5913) on this server, or on another server, which pairs with the SAS RAID adapter and enables the onboard caches to function. See Figure 39 on page 120 that shows the FC 5913 adapter.

Systems running the AIX or Linux operating systems support either having both 5913 features in the same system or partition, or in two separate systems or partitions. Systems running the operating system do not support the pairing of adapters on different servers or different partitions, so both the 5913 features must be installed on the same system or partition.

See the topics for the placement rules relevant for your system, if the adapter is supported on that system.

Specifications

Item Description

Adapter FRU number

00J0596 (Designed to comply with RoHS requirement)

I/O bus architecture

PCIe2.0 x8

Slot requirement

One PCIe x8 slot per adapter.

Adapters are installed in pairs.

For higher availability, place adapters in separate enclosures where supported.

Cables

Specific X , YO, AA, or AT SAS cables with HD connectors are used to attach to the expansion drawers.

SAS device attachment requires specific cables that are provided with the subsystem or device features being attached. Special cabling is required for multi-initiator and high availability configurations.

Voltage

3.3 V

Form factor

Short, full-height

Maximum number

For the maximum adapters supported, see the PCI adapter placement topic collection for your system.

Attributes provided

• Provides three mini-SAS high-density (HD) connectors for attaching the SAS drives located in the FC 5887 EXP24S, FC 5886 EXP12S, FC 5802, or FC 5803 12X PCIe I/O drawers. A maximum of three EXP24S, or six EXP12S, or a mix of each can be attached to the same FC 5913 pair.

Note: If SSDs are installed in one of the FC 5886 EXP12S drawers, then a second FC 5886 is not allowed to be attached (or cascaded) to the first FC 5886 on that port.

- Supports a maximum of 72 hard disk drives or a maximum 24 SSDs (depending on the type of enclosures attached), or a combination of both with specific placement rules for each enclosure.
- If FC 5913 is controlling drives installed in FC 5802 or FC 5803, then the FC 5913 adapter pairs must be located in that FC 5802 or FC 5803 and the AA cable is required on the top mini-SAS HD port of the adapter pair. A FC 5887 EXP24S or FC 5886 EXP12S can be attached to the other port on the FC 5913 pair.
- An AA SAS cable with HD connectors attached to the FC 5913 pair provides a higher performance path for mirrored write-cache data and mirrored RAID parity footprints between the adapters and is required unless all three ports are being used to attach EXP24S or EXP12S I/O drawers.

Note: Solid-state drives (SSDs) are not allowed on the top port (T2).

- Support of the SAS Serial SCSI Protocol (SSP) and Serial Management Protocol (SMP).
- Provides RAID 0, RAID 5, RAID 6, and RAID 10 with hot-spare capability. System level mirroring through the operating system is also supported. JBOD functionality (512 byte) is not supported except for the initial formatting to 528 bytes of new devices, as required.

- A single pair of FC 5913 adapters is not supported to attach to both halves of an FC 5887 EXP24S drawer configured in mode 2.
- Double looping of the I/O enclosure system connection is suggested to enhance performance when more than four adapters are installed in either FC 5803 or FC 5873.

The following figure shows the adapter.

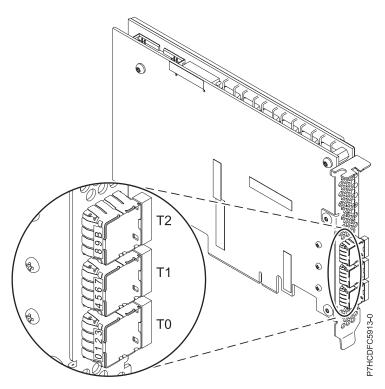


Figure 39. 5913 Adapter

Operating system or partition requirements

This adapter is supported for the following versions of operating systems:

- AIX
 - AIX Version 7.1 with the 7100-01 Technology Level, or later
 - AIX Version 7.1 with Service Pack 3, or later
 - AIX Version 6.1 with the 6100-07 Technology Level, and Service Pack 5, or later
 - AIX Version 6.1 with the 6100-06 Technology Level, and Service Pack 5, or later
 - AIX Version 6.1 with the 6100-05 Technology Level, and Service Pack 6, or later
 - AIX Version 5.3 with the 5300-12 Technology Level and Service Pack 4, or later
- Linux
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6.1 for POWER, or later
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux 5.7 for POWER, or later
 - SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 11, Service Pack 1, or later (with update package)
 - SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 10, Service Pack 4, or later
 - See the Linux Alert site for the support details.
- •
- 7.1 Technology Refresh 3.
- 6.1.1 with Resave E (RS611-E).

- VIOS
 - VIOS support requires VIOS 2.2.0.12-FP24 SP02, or later

Other important requirements for adapter installation

- If you are attaching a new or existing FC 5886 to an FC 5913 adapter, verify that the latest System Enclosure Services (SES) code is applied to the FC 5886 before attaching to the FC 5913 adapter, see the IBM Prerequisites website.
- If you are attaching a new or existing FC 5887 to an FC 5913 adapter, verify that the latest System Enclosure Services (SES) code is applied to the FC 5887 before attaching to the FC 5913 adapter, see the IBM Prerequisites website.
- If you are installing the FC 5913 in the 02E/4B, 02E/4C, 05F/6B, or 05E/6C system, turn off the acoustic mode by using advanced system management (ASM) options. For instructions, see Configuring the acoustic mode control.
- If you are migrating existing SAS disk enclosures and devices from existing previous SAS adapters, an automatic sector conversion takes place for use with the new FC 5913 adapters. For information about the migrating procedures, see Upgrading the adapter.

POWER6 restrictions

If you are installing the FC 5913 in a POWER6 server, the following restrictions apply:

- The FC 5913 adapter is not supported in the POWER6 system units and must be placed in the I/O expansion units attached to the server units.
- The FC 5913 adapter is not supported for controlling the boot or load source drives on POWER6 systems.

Maintaining the rechargeable battery on the 57B7, 57CF, 574E, and 572F/575C SAS adapters

Learn about the rechargeable battery maintenance tasks that include displaying rechargeable battery information, forcing a rechargeable battery error, and replacing the rechargeable cache battery pack.

About this task

Attention: Use these procedures only if directed from an isolation procedure or a maintenance analysis procedure (MAP).

The following topics provide information about maintaining the rechargeable battery on the SAS adapters for the systems or logical partition running on the different operating systems.

For information about maintaining the rechargeable battery for systems running on the AIX operating system, see Maintaining the rechargeable battery on the 57B7, 57CF, 574E, and 572F/575C SAS adapters.

For information about maintaining the rechargeable battery for systems running on the Linux operating system, see Rechargeable battery maintenance.

For information about maintaining the rechargeable battery for systems running on the operating system, see Rechargeable battery maintenance.

Replacing SCSI RAID disk-controller cache battery packs

Learn how to remove or replace the cache battery from its controller.

Replacing this feature is a customer task. You can perform this task yourself, or contact an authorized service provider to perform the task for you. You might be charged a fee by the authorized service provider for this service.

To complete the procedures for the adapters, you might also need to use removal and replacement procedures for PCI adapters.

Replacing the cache battery pack on the 571B adapter

Learn how to replace the cache battery pack on the controller.

About this task

The following procedure describes how to replace a cache battery pack on the PCI-X DDR Dual Channel Ultra320 SCSI RAID adapter, CCIN 571B. The following feature codes apply to the 571B adapter.

Feature	CCIN	Description
0658 1913	571B	PCI-X DDR Dual Channel Ultra320 SCSI RAID adapter
5737 5776		

Replacing this feature is a customer task. You can perform this task yourself, or contact an authorized service provider to perform the task for you. You might be charged a fee by the authorized service provider for this service.

Important: Removing the cache battery with the system or partition already in a powered-off state might result in the loss of customer data. If the system has been powered off *prior* to the battery service action, you *must* IPL to DST and continue this procedure *before* replacing the battery.

For information about replacing the cache battery pack on an AIX system or partition, see the *PCI-X SCSI RAID Controller Reference Guide for AIX*.

For information about replacing the cache battery pack on a Linux system or partition, see the *PCI-X SCSI RAID Controller Reference Guide for Linux*.

Replacing the cache battery pack on the 571F and 575B adapters

You might need to replace the cache battery pack. Use the procedure in this section to perform this task.

About this task

This procedure describes how to replace the cache battery pack on the PCI-X DDR double wide quad channel Ultra 320 SCSI RAID adapter with auxiliary write cache, CCIN 571F (controller) and 575B (cache). The following feature codes apply to this double-wide adapter.

Feature	CCIN	Description
0650 0651 5739 5746 5778 5781 5781 5782	571F 575B	PCI-X DDR double wide quad channel Ultra 320 SCSI RAID adapter with auxiliary write cache

Note: The cache battery for both the 571F adapter and the 575B adapter is contained in the single battery FRU that is physically located on the 575B auxiliary write cache adapter. The functions of forcing the battery pack into an error state and starting IOA cache on either adapter in the card set will result in the same functions automatically being performed on the other adapter in the card set.

Replacing this feature is a customer task. You can perform this task yourself, or contact an authorized service provider to perform the task for you. You might be charged a fee by the authorized service provider for this service.

Important: Removing the cache battery with the system or partition already in a powered-off state might result in the loss of customer data. If the system has been powered off *prior* to the battery service action, you *must* IPL to DST and continue this procedure *before* replacing the battery.

For information about replacing the cache battery pack on an AIX system or partition, see the *PCI-X SCSI RAID Controller Reference Guide for AIX*.

For information about replacing the cache battery pack on a Linux system or partition, see the *PCI-X SCSI RAID Controller Reference Guide for Linux*.

Replacing the cache battery pack on the 571E, 574F, 2780, or 5708 adapters

Learn how to replace the cache battery pack.

About this task

This procedure describes how to replace the cache battery pack on the adapters listed in the following table

Feature	CCIN	Description
5582	571E	PCI-X DDR Quad Channel Ultra 320 SCSI RAID adapter with an auxiliary-write cache IOA
5583	574F	
0627	2780	PCI-X Ultra4 RAID disk-controller
2780		
0641	2780	PCI-X Ultra4 RAID disk-controller with an auxiliary-write cache IOA
5590	574F	
5580	2780	PCI-X Ultra4 RAID disk-controller auxiliary-write cache IOA
	5708	
0649	571E	PCI-X DDR Quad Channel Ultra 320 SCSI RAID adapter
5738		
5777		

Replacing this feature is a customer task. You can perform this task yourself, or contact an authorized service provider to perform the task for you. You might be charged a fee by the authorized service provider for this service.

Important: Removing the cache battery with the system or partition already in a powered-off state might result in the loss of customer data. If the system has been powered off *prior* to the battery service action, you *must* IPL to DST and continue this procedure *before* replacing the battery.

For information about replacing the cache battery pack on an AIX system or partition, see the *PCI-X SCSI RAID Controller Reference Guide for AIX*.

For information about replacing the cache battery pack on a Linux system or partition, see the *PCI-X SCSI RAID Controller Reference Guide for Linux*.

Replacing a battery pack

Follow these guidelines before replacing your battery pack.

Note: When replacing the cache battery pack, the battery must be disconnected for at least 60 seconds before connecting the new battery. This duration is the minimum amount of time needed for the card to recognize that the battery has been replaced.

Attention: To prevent data loss, if the cache battery pack is not already in the error state, follow the steps described in Forcing a rechargeable battery error before proceeding. If the cache data present LED is flashing, do not replace the cache battery pack or data will be lost. See the feature descriptions and the figures in the following sections to determine if your adapter has a cache data present LED and the location of the LED.

Attention: Static electricity can damage this device and your system unit. To avoid damage, keep this device in its antistatic protective bag until you are ready to install it. To reduce the possibility of electrostatic discharge, read the following precautions:

- Limit your movement. Movement can cause static electricity to build up around you.
- Handle the device carefully, holding it by its edges or its frame.
- Do not touch solder joints, pins, or exposed printed circuitry.
- Do not leave the device where others can handle and possibly damage the device.
- While the device is still in its antistatic package, touch it to an unpainted metal part of the system unit for at least 2 seconds. (This duration drains static electricity from the package and from your body.)
- Remove the device from its package and install it directly into your system unit without setting it down. If it is necessary to set the device down, place it on its static-protective package. (If your device is a controller, place it component-side up.) Do not place the device on your system unit cover or on a metal table.
- Take additional care when handling devices during cold weather, as heating reduces indoor humidity and increases static electricity.

Replacing a 572B nonconcurrent maintainable battery pack

Use this procedure to replace the nonconcurrent maintainable battery pack on adapter type CCIN 572B.

Before you begin

Attention: Before continuing with this procedure, determine that it is safe to replace the cache battery pack. See Displaying rechargeable battery information. It is safe to replace the cache battery pack when **Yes** is displayed next to **Battery pack can be safely replaced**.

About this task

Complete the following steps to replace a nonconcurrent maintainable battery pack.

Procedure

- 1. Remove the controller from the system. See your system documentation for instructions.
- 2. Place the controller on a surface that is electrostatic-discharge protected.

3. Unplug the battery connector **(B)** from its connector on the adapter, squeezing the retaining latch while gently pulling on the plug. The plug connects to the board in only one way, so it cannot be inserted incorrectly during the replacement procedure.

Note: Ensure that the cache battery pack is disconnected for at least 60 seconds before connecting the new battery. This duration is the minimum amount of time needed for the adapter to recognize that the battery has been replaced.

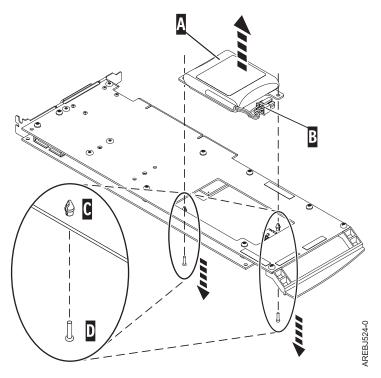


Figure 40. Removing the cache battery

- (A) Cache battery pack
- (**B**) Battery connector
- (C) Plastic rivet
- (D) Plastic pin
- 4. Locate the two plastic rivets (C) that hold the cache battery pack in place. From the back of the adapter, remove the two pins (D) that are inserted inside of the rivets.
- 5. Release the rivets (C) that secure the battery assembly to the adapter. Press the rivets through the back of the adapter and remove the battery pack (A) from the adapter. If the rivets (C) cannot be pressed through the back of the adapter, follow these steps to press out the rivets with a ballpoint pen:
 - a. Locate a retractable ballpoint pen.

Note: A medium-sized retractable ballpoint pen is preferred, or an equivalent item with a small opening can be used. The small opening must be large enough so that the pen (or equivalent) can go around the tip of the rivet, but small enough that it does not slide over the rivet and contact the battery assembly bracket.

- b. Slide the card off the edge of the work area enough so rivet **(C)** can be pressed out of the back of the adapter.
- c. Hold the pen with the ballpoint retracted, place the pen on top of rivet (C), and gently press straight down until rivet (C) presses out.

- d. Repeat steps 5b on page 125 and 5c on page 125 for the other rivet (C).
- e. Remove the cache battery pack (A) from the adapter.
- f. Turn the adapter over and press the rivets (C) back into the adapter.
- 6. Install the new battery pack. (A) onto the press rivets (C) of the adapter.
- 7. Reinsert the pins (D) into the rivets from the back of the adapter.
- 8. Connect the cache battery pack connector (B) to the adapter. The plug connects to the adapter in only one way, so it cannot be inserted incorrectly.
- 9. Reinstall the adapter.

Replacing a 572F/575C card set concurrent maintainable battery pack

Use this procedure to replace the concurrent maintainable battery pack on adapter type CCIN 572F/575C card set.

Before you begin

Attention: Before continuing with this procedure, determine that it is safe to replace the cache battery pack. See "Maintaining the rechargeable battery on the 57B7, 57CF, 574E, and 572F/575C SAS adapters" on page 121. It is safe to replace the cache battery pack when **Yes** is displayed next to **Battery pack can be safely replaced**. If the cache data present LED is flashing, do not replace the cache battery pack or data will be lost. See the feature comparison tables for PCIe and PCI-X cards for the LED details and its location.

About this task

Complete the following steps to replace a 572F/575C concurrent maintainable battery pack.

Procedure

1. Using the following illustration to locate the battery components, locate the metal cover (A) that holds the battery pack. Pull out on the push-rivet (B) to release the metal cover (A).

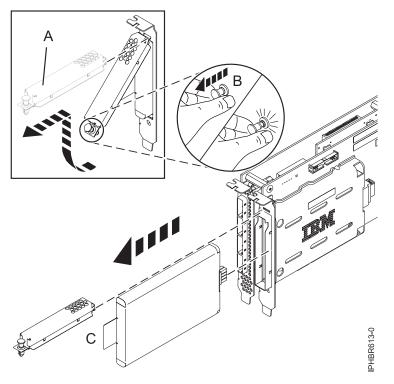


Figure 41. Replacing the 572F/575C cache battery

- (A) Metal cover
- (B) Push-rivet
- (C) Tab
- 2. Remove the battery unit by pulling on tab (C).

Note: Ensure that the cache battery pack is disconnected for at least 60 seconds before connecting the new battery. This duration is the minimum amount of time needed for the card to recognize that the battery has been replaced.

- **3**. Install the new cache battery pack by reversing this procedure. Ensure that the replacement cache battery pack is fully seated.
- 4. Restart the adapter's write cache by doing the following:
 - a. Return to the **Work with Resources containing Cache Battery Packs display** and select the **Start IOA cache**. Press Enter.
 - b. Ensure that you get the message Cache was started.

Replacing a 57B7 concurrent maintainable battery pack

Use this procedure to replace the concurrent maintainable battery pack on adapter type CCIN 57B7.

Before you begin

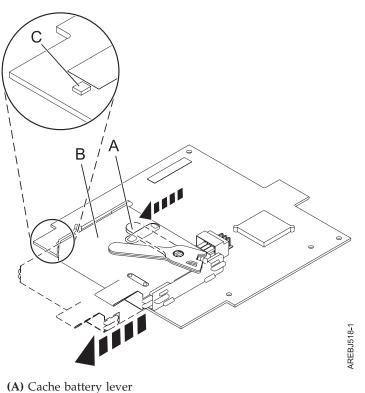
Attention: Before continuing with this procedure, determine that it is safe to replace the cache battery pack, see "Maintaining the rechargeable battery on the 57B7, 57CF, 574E, and 572F/575C SAS adapters" on page 121. It is safe to replace the cache battery pack when **Yes** is displayed next to **Battery pack can be safely replaced**. If the cache data present LED is flashing, do not replace the cache battery pack or data will be lost. See the feature comparison tables for PCIe and PCI-X cards and the following figures to determine whether your adapter has a cache data present LED and its location.

About this task

Complete the following steps to replace a 57B7 concurrent maintainable battery pack.

Procedure

1. Using the following illustration to locate the battery components, verify that the cache data present LED (**C**) is not flashing. If it is flashing, do not continue.



- (**B**) Cache battery pack
- (C) Cache present LED

Figure 42. Removing the 57B7 cache battery

2. Move the cache battery lever (A) away from the connector to disengage the battery from the connector.

Note: Hold the RAID auxiliary cache card with one hand to ensure it stays in the connector while using the other hand to move the lever and remove the battery from the card.

3. Continue to slide the cache battery pack out of the mounting guides and remove it from the controller.

Note: Ensure that the cache battery pack is disconnected for at least 60 seconds before connecting the new battery. This duration is the minimum amount of time needed for the card to recognize that the battery has been replaced.

4. Using the following illustration to locate the battery components, move the lever to the unlatched position (away from the connector).

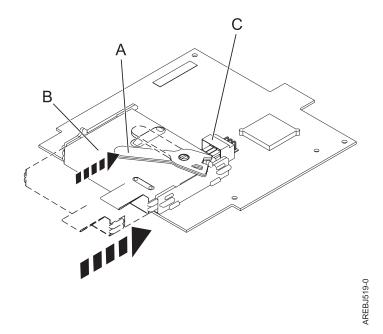


Figure 43. Replacing the 57B7 cache battery

- (A) Cache battery lever
- (B) Cache battery pack

(C) Cache battery connector

- 5. Slide the new cache battery pack into the mounting guides on the controller until it is seated in the battery connector.
- **6**. After the battery is seated in the connector, move the lever to the latched position to fully seat the battery into the connector.
- 7. Restart the adapter's write cache by doing the following:
 - a. Navigate to the SAS Disk Array Manager by using the steps in Using the Disk Array Manager.
 - b. Select Diagnostics and Recovery Options.
 - c. Select Controller Rechargeable Battery Maintenance.
 - d. Select Start Adapter Cache.
 - e. Select the controller with the battery you just replaced.
 - f. Press Enter.

Replacing a 57CF cache battery pack

Learn how to replace the 57CF cache battery pack.

About this task

To replace the 57CF cache battery pack, see Removing and replacing the 17M/MB, 17M/MC, 79M/HB, or 79M/HC 175 MB cache RAID - dual IOA enablement card cache battery pack.

Replacing a 574E concurrent maintainable battery pack

Use this procedure to replace the concurrent maintainable battery pack on adapter type CCIN 574E.

Before you begin

Attention: Before continuing with this procedure, determine that it is safe to replace the cache battery pack. See "Maintaining the rechargeable battery on the 57B7, 57CF, 574E, and 572F/575C SAS adapters" on page 121. It is safe to replace the cache battery pack when **Yes** is displayed next to **Battery pack can be safely replaced**. If the cache data present LED is flashing, do not replace the cache battery pack or data will be lost. See the feature comparison tables for PCIe and PCI-X cards and the following figures to determine whether your adapter has a cache data present LED and its location.

About this task

Complete the following steps to replace a 574E concurrent maintainable battery pack.

Procedure

1. Using the following illustration to locate the battery components, verify that the cache data present LED (C) is not flashing. If it is flashing, do not continue; return to Forcing a rechargeable battery error.

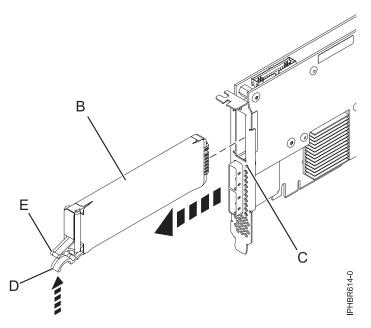


Figure 44. Replacing the 574E cache battery

- (B) Cache battery pack
- (C) Cache data present LED
- (D) Cache battery tab
- (E) Cache battery tab
- 2. Squeeze tab (D) against tab (E) to disengage the battery retaining tab, pull out the cache battery pack (B), and remove it from the controller.

Important: Use caution when squeezing tabs because the plastic parts can be fragile.

Note: Ensure that the cache battery pack is disconnected for at least 60 seconds before connecting the new battery. This duration is the minimum amount of time needed for the card to recognize that the battery has been replaced.

3. Install the new cache battery pack by reversing this procedure. Ensure that the replacement cache battery back is fully seated.

- 4. Restart the adapter's write cache by doing the following:
 - a. Return to the **Work with Resources containing Cache Battery Packs display** and select the **Start IOA cache**. Press Enter.
 - b. Ensure that you get the message Cache was started.

Displaying rechargeable battery information

Learn about the procedure to display information about the rechargeable battery in the RAID controller for your operating system.

About this task

The following topics provide the procedures to display rechargeable battery information in the SAS RAID adapters for the system or logical partition running on the different operating systems.

For information about displaying the rechargeable battery information for the system running on the AIX operating system, see Displaying rechargeable battery information.

For information about displaying the rechargeable battery information for the system running on the Linux operating system, see Displaying rechargeable battery information.

For information about displaying the rechargeable battery information for the system running on the operating system, see Displaying rechargeable battery information.

Installing the AIX device driver software

Learn how to install the AIX device driver software for a PCI adapter.

Before you begin

If you are installing the AIX operating system at this time, install the adapter before you install the operating system. When you install AIX, the adapter device driver is automatically installed and the following procedure does not apply to your situation.

About this task

If you are installing only the device driver for a PCI adapter, perform these steps:

Procedure

- 1. Log in to the system unit as root user.
- 2. Insert the media containing the device driver software (for example, the CD) into the media device. If your system does not have a CD-ROM drive, refer to your system documentation for performing a Network Installation Management (NIM) installation.
- 3. Type the following System Management Interface Tool (SMIT) fast path command: smit devinst.
- 4. Press Enter. The Install Additional Device Software window highlights the INPUT device / directory for software option.
- 5. Type the name of the input device that you are using, or press F4 to select the input device from a list.
- 6. Press Enter. The Install Additional Device Software window highlights the SOFTWARE to install option.
- 7. Press F4 to select List.
- 8. Type / to display the Find window.
- **9**. Type the device package name, and press Enter. The system finds and highlights this device driver software.

- **10.** Press F7 to select the highlighted device driver software, and press Enter. The INSTALL ADDITIONAL DEVICE SOFTWARE window is displayed. The entry fields are automatically updated.
- 11. Press Enter to accept the information. The ARE YOU SURE window is displayed.
- 12. Press Enter to accept the information. The COMMAND STATUS window is displayed.
 - The message RUNNING is highlighted to indicate that the installation and configuration command is in progress.
 - When RUNNING changes to OK, scroll to the bottom of the page and locate the installation summary.
 - After a successful installation, SUCCESS displayed in the Result column of the installation summary at the bottom of the page.
- **13**. Remove the installation media from the drive.
- 14. Press F10 to exit SMIT.

Verifying the AIX device driver software

Learn how to verify the AIX device driver is installed for a PCI adapter.

About this task

To verify that the AIX device driver for an adapter is installed, do the following steps:

Procedure

- 1. If necessary, log in as root user.
- 2. At the command line, type lslpp -l devices.xxxxxxx where xxxxxxxx is the device package name.
- 3. Press Enter.

Results

If the adapter device driver is installed, the following is an example of the data that is displayed on the window.

File set	Level	State	Description
Path: /usr/lib/objrepos devices.xxxxxxxxx	5.3.8.0	COMMITTED	Adapter name software

Verify that the file sets are installed at the AIX version level you are running. Level 5.3.8.0 is an example. If no data is displayed on your screen, the adapter device driver was not installed correctly. Try reinstalling the driver.

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The following Class A statements apply to the servers.

Federal Communications Commission (FCC) statement

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference, in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

Properly shielded and grounded cables and connectors must be used in order to meet FCC emission limits. IBM is not responsible for any radio or television interference caused by using other than recommended cables and connectors or by unauthorized changes or modifications to this equipment. Unauthorized changes or modifications could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

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- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.

- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
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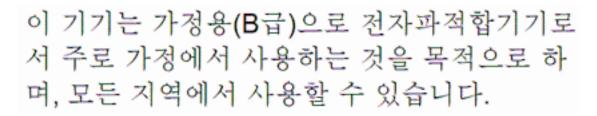
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