AIX 5L for POWER, Version 5.1

Release Notes
Before using this information and the product it supports, read the information in Appendix B, “Notices” on page 27.
# Contents

## Chapter 1. Read This Before Installation

- Required Hardware .................................................. 1
  - IBM eServer pSeries 690/670 ..................................... 1
  - Some AIX Systems May Not Boot From CD-ROM ................. 1
- Where to Find AIX 5L for POWER Version 5.1 Documentation .......................... 1
  - Information Center .............. 1
  - Configuring the Documentation Server using SMIT. .......... 2
  - Known Problems and Limitations ................................ 2
- Updating a 5.1 System to 5.1.0.35 ................................ 2
  - Before Updating Systems Using JFS2 in rootvg. .............. 2
  - Update bos.rte.install First. .................................. 3
  - Updating the Base Operating System ......................... 3
- Migration ................................................................. 3
  - Minimum Memory Requirements .................................. 3
  - xlC.rte ................................................................. 3
  - Trusted Computing Base (TCB). ................................. 4
  - sysck Errors on X11.loc.nl_BE.Dt.rte ......................... 4
  - Performance Monitoring (PM) API ............................. 4
- AIX Toolbox for Linux Application Migration Information ................. 5

## Chapter 2. AIX 5L for POWER Version 5.1

- Base Operating System (BOS) ....................................... 13
  - 64-bit Kernel ....................................................... 13
  - JFS2 ................................................................. 14
  - Known Problem with ksh ......................................... 15
  - Perl ................................................................. 15
  - IBM AIX Developer Kit, Java 2 Technology Edition, Version 1.3 .. 15
  - Location Change for License Use Management (LUM) Commands 15
  - Performance Analysis Tools ..................................... 15
- Networking Technology Feature Enhancements ......................... 16
  - 7135 RAIDiant Array for AIX Requirements (after Installing AIX 5L Version 5.1) .. 17
  - Enable Link Polling and Time Interval for Link Polling Configuration Attributes . 17
  - Enhanced Error Handling (EEH) .................................. 17
  - Gigabit Ethernet-SX PCI Adapter and IBM 10/100/1000 Base-T Ethernet PCI Adapter 18
  - TCP Checksum Offload Feature .................................. 18
  - IP Security Hardware Acceleration ............................. 19
  - IPX/SPX Protocol Support ........................................ 19
  - Removal of Support for devices.pci.b7105090 .................... 19
  - SecureWay Directory (LDAP) ..................................... 20
Chapter 1. Read This Before Installation

Note: The updates to this document that are new since the printed version was distributed are signified with bold italic typeface.

Note: AIX 5L for POWER Version 5.1 Release Notes contains information that will aid you in the installation of AIX 5L Version 5.1. To view the most current version of the Release Notes, go to the online Release Notes in the Information Center. The Information Center is located at the following Web address:


Required Hardware

IBM eServer pSeries 690/670

Required Levels of Firmware and HMC
When updating pSeries 690 systems, AIX, Platform Firmware, and Hardware Management Console (HMC) must be updated at the same time to ensure proper interoperability. The following levels of Platform Firmware and HMC are required for this level of AIX:

• Platform Firmware: RH020305 or later. You can determine the level of Platform Firmware installed by using the following command:
  lscfg -vp | grep -p Platform

• HMC: Release 2 Version 1.0

Known Limitations
In Full System Partition mode, only one graphics adapter and USB adapter with one keyboard and mouse are allowed per system. Only one graphics adapter and USB adapter with one keyboard and mouse are allowed per logical partition, and a maximum of 8 logical partitions, which have a graphics adapter and USB adapter, are allowed.

Some AIX Systems May Not Boot From CD-ROM
AIX systems may not boot from CD-ROM. To determine if your system is affected by this problem, do the following:

1. At the command prompt, type:
   lscfg -vl cd*

2. Examine the data that is returned.
   If Part Number is 04N2964 and ROS Level and ID is less than or equal to 1_04 (for example, 1_02, 1_01, or 1_00), contact your local service representative. Tell your service representative that your system requires the CD-ROM firmware upgrade that is described in RETAIN TIP H1332.
   If the data returned does not match the data described in the preceding paragraph, your system is not affected by this problem.

Where to Find AIX 5L for POWER Version 5.1 Documentation

Information Center
The pSeries Information Center is an information portal for AIX and pSeries customers. From this site, you can access:

• AIX 4.3, AIX 5.1, and AIX 5.2 documentation
• Hardware documentation
• Message database for 7-digit error codes, LEDs, and error identifiers
To access the Information Center, go to the following Web site:

AIX 5L for POWER Version 5.1 Installation Documentation
AIX documentation is also contained on the AIX documentation CD. The documentation is made accessible by loading the documentation CD onto the hard disk or by mounting the CD in the CD-ROM drive.

Note: The documentation contained on the CD may not be as current as the documentation on the Information Center Web site.

The following publications describe AIX 5L Version 5.1 installation:
- AIX 5L Version 5.1 Installation Guide, order number SC23-4374
- AIX 5L Version 5.1 Network Installation Management Guide and Reference, available only online

The AIX 5L Version 5.1 Installation Guide is available both online and in printed hardcopy.

To order the AIX Version 5.1 Installation Guide, contact your point of sale, or, in the U.S., call IBM Customer Publication Support at 1-800-879-2755. Specify order number SC23-4374.

Configuring the Documentation Server using SMIT
If you use SMIT to configure a Web server as the documentation and search server, ensure that the Web server is installed before you configure it. If you select the IBM HTTP Server Web server and it is not installed, the following script error occurs:

1800-106 An error occurred:
get_server[49]: < 1360 : 0403-057 Syntax error

Known Problems and Limitations

Language Fix for Taiwan Only
For Taiwan only, do not use the Documentation Library icon in the Help subpanel of the CDE desktop. Instead, use the docsearch command on the command line to open the library.

The resolve_links Command
The resolve_links command is not supported.

Updating a 5.1 System to 5.1.0.35

Before Updating Systems Using JFS2 in rootvg
When updating an existing AIX 5.1 system using JFS2 (Enhanced Journaled File System) file systems in the root volume group (rootvg) from either the 5.1 Installation media or the Update CD, use the following procedure:

Note: To avoid failed updates or possible file-system corruption, follow these steps explicitly.
1. Apply and commit only APAR IY19375 (bos.mp64 5.1.0.1, bos.mp 5.1.0.1 or bos.up 5.1.0.1).
2. Reboot the system.
3. Update from the Update CD.
4. Reboot for the updates to take effect.

APAR IY19375 can also be obtained from the AIX Electronic Fix Distribution Site:
Update bos.rte.install First
When updating an existing AIX 5.1 system, first update to the latest level of bos.rte.install. To install the bos.rte.install update from media in /dev/cd0, run the following at the command line as the root user:
installp -acgXd /dev/cd0 bos.rte.install

This will apply and commit this update (the recommended method of installation). If, however, you only want to apply (not commit), omit the -c flag. Do this when using either Update or Product Media.

Updating the Base Operating System
To upgrade your system, the following interfaces can be used:
• The SMIT interface (such as the smit update_all or smit install_latest commands)
• The Web-based System Manager interface.
• The new command line utility (install_all_updates). This utility installs all updates to currently installed software and verifies that you are at the latest known recommended maintenance level. The following are examples for using the install_all_updates command:
  – To run a preview install action on media in /dev/cd0, run the following at the command line:
    install_all_updates -p -d /dev/cd0
  – To apply all relevant updates on media in /dev/cd0, run the following at the command line:
    install_all_updates -d /dev/cd0
  – To apply and commit all relevant updates in the source directory /mnt, run the following at the command line:
    install_all_updates -c -d /mnt
  – To list all available option flags, run the following at the command line:
    install_all_updates -?

Migration

Minimum Memory Requirements
The minimum memory requirement for AIX 5.1 is 64 MB. However, when migrating from an AIX 4.3 system with 64 MB or less, in some cases the migration may not complete successfully. It is recommended that the system undergoing migration be upgraded to 128 MB.

xlC.rte
If migrating to AIX 5.1 from either AIX 4.1 or AIX 4.2, check the level of xlC.rte by using the following command:
lsp -L xlC.rte

If the level is earlier than 5.0.2.x, you must apply APAR IY17981 before migrating to AIX 5.1. Without APAR IY17981 installed, the migrated system could fail to boot.

APAR IY17981 is available from the AIX Electronic Fix Distribution Site as follows:
http://www.ibm.com/server/support
Trusted Computing Base (TCB)

Known Problems and Workarounds

/dev/dlcqllc:  If on a migrated system with TCB enabled, you have the following error from tcbck -n tree:
3001-020 The file /dev/dlcqllc was not found

Run the following command to recreate the /dev/dlcqllc device:
# mkdev -c dlc -s dlc -t x25_qllc

This will recreate the /dev/dlcqllc device.

Migration Installations from AIX Version 4.3 to AIX Version 5.1
If an AIX Version 4.3 system was Trusted Computing Base (TCB) enabled, and has been upgraded to 4.3.3.75 through updates, after a migration to AIX Version 5.1, the following files may have tcbck errors when you run the the following command,
# tcbck -n tree

This applies to the following systems:
• /usr/lib/drivers/wgcn
• /usr/lib/methods/cfgsf
• /usr/lib/methods/cfgwgcn
• /usr/lib/drivers/sf

The permissions on these files will be removed. To correct this problem run the following commands:
# tcbck -a /usr/lib/drivers/wgcn size checksum
# tcbck -a /usr/lib/methods/cfgsf size checksum
# tcbck -a /usr/lib/methods/cfgwgcn size checksum
# tcbck -a /usr/lib/drivers/sf size checksum

After running the tcbck -y command, you will get the following errors:
3001-023 The file /usr/lib/methods/cfgwgcn has the wrong file mode.
3001-023 The file /usr/lib/drivers/wgcn has the wrong file mode.
3001-023 The file /usr/lib/methods/cfgsf has the wrong file mode.

However, the file modes will be corrected. Running tcbck -n tree again will confirm this.

sysck Errors on X11.loc.nl_BE.Dt.rte

Users of the nl_BE language fileset might experience syschk error messages during migration to AIX 5L Version 5.2. If this is encountered, please perform a force install of X11.loc.nl_BE.Dt.rte.

Performance Monitoring (PM) API

The Performance Monitoring API is contained in the bos.pmapi fileset. A beta version of the same code was made available to selected customers, and also through alphaWorks, under the name pmtoolkit.

When migrating from any level of AIX with any level of the beta fileset installed, you must uninstall the pmtoolkit fileset, and reboot the machine before installing the bos.pmapi fileset. If you do not do this, the machine will crash when attempting to load the pmtoolkit fileset’s kernel extension.

Check if the pmtoolkit fileset is installed by typing the following at the command line:
lslpp -l pmtoolkit
• If you get the following output:
You can safely install the bos.pmafi fileset.

- If you get the following output:

```
lspp: 0504-132 Fileset pmtoolkit not installed
You can safely install the bos.pmafi fileset.
```

```
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fileset</th>
<th>Level</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>pmtoolkit</td>
<td>1.3.1</td>
<td>COMMITTED</td>
<td>Performance Monitor Toolkit 1.3.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
```

1. Run the following command:
   ```
   installp -u pmtoolkit
   ```
2. Reboot the machine. After the machine reboots, you can safely install the bos.pmafi fileset.

**Note:** Read “Using PM API on a Partitioned Machine” on page 16 in the “Performance Analysis Tools” on page 15 section of the Release Notes.

### AIX Toolbox for Linux Application Migration Information

**Note:** AIX 4.3.3 Toolbox applications will not run correctly on AIX 5L Version 5.1 unless the steps in this section are performed.

If you previously installed the AIX Toolbox for Linux Applications and the level of rpm.rte is less than 3.0.5.20, then remove that software from the system before migrating to AIX 5L Version 5.1. The Toolbox software installed with rpm.rte levels prior to 3.0.5.20 are incompatible with software from the AIX Toolbox installed on AIX 5L Version 5.1 because of shared library restructuring.

Also, remove the software if you are performing a preservation installation and you established a /opt/freeware file system for the Toolbox software. The files in that file system will not be automatically overwritten during a preservation installation. To remove your existing RPMS, use the destroyrpms tool available in the /tools directory on the AIX Toolbox for Linux Applications CD by typing the following:

```
mount -vcdrfs -oro /dev/cd0 /mnt
/mnt/tools/destroyRPMS
```

Additional information is also available on this CD in the /README.TXT file.

### Installation

This section contains information about installing AIX 5L Version 5.1 that supplements the information contained in the AIX 5L Version 5.1 installation documentation. Refer to the publications listed in AIX 5L Version 5.1 Installation Guide for complete installation instructions.

### Installing AIX 5L Version 5.1

The following methods can be used to install AIX 5L Version 5.1:

- Complete overwrite installation
- Preservation installation
- Migration installation

**Notes:**

1. After installing or updating a system to 5.1.0.0, you can install a lower level of AIX by restoring a system backup or by performing a new and complete overwrite with base media. Preservation installations from 5.1.0.0 to a lower level of AIX are not supported.
2. Cloning with a system backup (mksysb) from a 64-bit enabled JFS2 system to a 32-bit system is not supported.
To install AIX 5L Version 5.1, boot from the product media and follow the instructions in the *AIX 5L Version 5.1 Installation Guide*, order number SC23-4374.

For more information on migration, see the [Migration](#) section of this document.

**New Base Operating System Installation Menus**

When performing a base operating system (BOS) installation, if you select **2 Change/Show Installation Settings and Install** from the Welcome to Base Operating System Installation and Maintenance menu, the third menu option has changed from **Install Trusted Computing Base** to **Advanced Options**. If you select **Advanced Options**, the **Advanced Options** menu displays the following choices:

1. Desktop .................................................CDE
2. Enable Trusted Computing Base ...............no
3. Enable 64-bit Kernel and JFS2 ...................no

**ASCII Systems**

You can choose either a Minimal or a Default installation on ASCII systems. If you choose the Default installation, you may be prompted for additional CDs during a BOS installation. If you do not have these additional CDs or you want to stop the BOS installation, type q on the command line to continue the installation process.

**Note:** If you stop the BOS installation at this point in the process, the BOS is usable.

**Graphics Systems**

The **Desktop** choices are CDE, KDE, GNOME, and NONE. If you select NONE, the following are installed: X11, Java, Perl, SMIT, and Web-based System Manager. If you select CDE, GNOME, or KDE, the following are installed: X11, Java, Perl, SMIT, Web-based System Manager, Documentation Library Services, and the desktop.

**Note:** If you select either GNOME or KDE, you will be prompted for the **Toolbox for Linux Applications** CD. If you do not have this CD or you want to continue the installation process without it, type q on the command line.

The **Enable 64-bit Kernel and JFS2** feature is introduced with AIX 5L. If you have a 64-bit system and select **Yes** for this option, the 64-bit kernel is linked so that it becomes the running kernel on the system after the installation is complete. If you choose to install the 64-bit kernel, the file system is JFS2. If you choose **No**, the 64-bit kernel is still installed on the system, but the running kernel after installation is either the 32-bit **up** or **mp** kernel, depending on the system.

**Memory Requirements**

AIX 5L Version 5.1 requires a minimum of 64 MB of physical memory.

**Paging Space Requirements**

AIX 5L Version 5.1 requires the initial paging space (/dev/hd6) to be a minimum of 64 MB in size.

**Disk Space Requirements**

AIX 5L Version 5.1 requires additional disk space for the same set of installed filesets due to the increased library sizes and additional function.

**Note:** The following measurements are guidelines for the disk space that is required on your system when you install AIX 5L Version 5.1.
### Base AIX Installation (Graphical System with CDE—Default)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>AIX 4.1.5 Allocated (Used)</th>
<th>AIX 4.2.1 Allocated (Used)</th>
<th>AIX 4.3.3 Allocated (Used)</th>
<th>AIX 5L Version 5.1 Allocated (Used)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>/</td>
<td>4MB (1.8MB)</td>
<td>16MB (2.9MB)</td>
<td>4MB (2.5MB)</td>
<td>8MB (6MB)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>/usr</td>
<td>140MB (134.3MB)</td>
<td>156MB (143.5MB)</td>
<td>294MB (279MB)</td>
<td>544MB (529.4MB)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>/var</td>
<td>4MB (0.4MB)</td>
<td>16MB (0.9MB)</td>
<td>4MB (1.3MB)</td>
<td>16MB (5MB)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>/tmp</td>
<td>8MB (0.3MB)</td>
<td>16MB (0.5MB)</td>
<td>16MB (0.6MB)</td>
<td>24MB (0.8MB) see note</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>/opt</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>24MB (7.6MB)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** If `/tmp` is less than 32 MB, it will be increased to 32 MB during a migration installation so that the AIX 5.1 boot image is successfully created at the end of the migration.

During a migration installation, if `/opt` exists only as a directory, and has less than 3 MB of data, then a new logical volume and file system (`/dev/hd10opt` and `/opt` respectively), will be created and the data that existed in the `/opt` directory will be moved to the new file system.

If there is more than 3 MB of data in `/opt`, the new logical volume and file system are not created.

If any file system existed that had a mount point in the `/opt` directory, or a mount point of `/opt` itself, the new logical volume and file system are not created.

### Other Installation Information

#### Installation Packaging Formats

AIX 5L for POWER Version 5.1 supports the following installation-packaging formats:

- **installp** (AIX system installation command and packaging format)
- **RPM** (a Linux installation command and packaging format)
- **ISMP** (InstallShield Multi-Platform packaging format)

By using the `geninstall` command, you can list and install from media that contains installation images that were packaged in any of these formats. The `geninstall` and `gencopy` commands recognize the non-`installp` installation formats and call the appropriate installers or copy the images, respectively.

The AIX 5L for POWER Version 5.1 product media contains `installp` packages and RPM packages that are installed during a BOS installation. The `installp` packages are located in the following path:

```
/mount_point/installp/ppc
```

The RPM packages are located in the following path:

```
/mount_point/RPMS/ppc
```

If you have media that contains ISMP packages for AIX 5.1, the ISMP packages are located in the following path:

```
/mount_point/ISMP/ppc
```

The `installp`, `bffcreate`, `geninstall`, `gencopy` and `nim` commands recognize this media structure.

#### Example:

If you are calling `bffcreate` (or a user interface) to copy images from CD to a directory on the disk, new subdirectories will be created in the target directory and the images will be placed in those directories.

In AIX 4.3, the default target directory for `bffcreate` was `/usr/sys/inst.images`.

---

*Chapter 1. Read This Before Installation*
In AIX 5.1, if the following command is used on a PowerPC machine:

```
bffcreate -d /dev/cd0 all
```

the default target directory would be `/usr/sys/inst.images/installp/ppc`.

If the `gencopy` command was used:

```
gencopy -d /dev/cd0 all
```

In addition to all the `installp` images, you would also get the `rpm` images that are contained on the product media:

```
cd /usr/sys/inst.images/RPMS/ppc
> find . -print
./cdrecord.aix4.3.ppc.rpm
./mkisofs.aix4.3.ppc.rpm
./mtools.aix4.3.ppc.rpm
```

Because of this change, you may have to update any custom scripts in which image locations are hardcoded.

**Configuration Assistant**

*The configuration assistant does not support the installation of http_server 1.3.19.3. If you wish to use this web server with the Unified Library Services, you must install http_server 1.3.19.3 and configure the Documentation Library Services using SMIT.*

**DVD-RAM Drive Support for System Backup**

Functionality was added in AIX 5.1 to support backing up to DVD-RAM. System backups (such as the `mksysb` and `savenv` commands) have a limitation in that they expect the media to be 4.7 GB or larger per side. They will not process the next volume until they write over 4 GB on the current volume, thus the use of smaller media would result in corruption when going beyond the media’s capacity. The other commands (such as `tar`, `cpio`, `backup`) do not have this size constraint.

For more information on creating CD and DVD backups, refer to the `/usr/lpp/bos.sysmgt/mkcd.README.txt` file.

**Base Operating System (BOS) Installation Support for Fibre Channel Boot**

BOS installation supports installation to fibre channel-attached disks. Either bootable AIX 5.1 installation media or NIM resources prepared from such media is required. The fibre channel-attached disks must be attached to a fibre channel host adapter that supports boot capability.

A fibre channel-attached disk can be identified by a World Wide Port Name and Logical Unit ID. To see the format of the World Wide Port Name and Logical Unit ID, type:

```
lsattr -E -O -l DiskName
```

- In a non prompted BOS installation, you can specify a fibre channel-attached disk in the `target_disk_data` stanza of the `bosinst.data` file using the following as an example:

  ```
  SAN_DISKID = (World Wide Port Name)//(Logical Unit ID)
  ```

  In the above example, (World Wide Port Name) and (Logical Unit ID) are each in the format returned by `lsattr`, that is, "0x" followed by 1-16 hexadecimal digits.

- In a prompted BOS installation, the BOS menus display the list of available disks and associated information. You can select the desired disks.

**System Dump**

The default system dump device is paging space. This default may not be adequate for system configurations that have large memory sizes or when system availability is a concern.
For large memory systems, AIX allocates a dedicated dump device (/dev/lg_dumplv) if disk space is available. The following table shows the sizes of the dump devices based on the amount of real memory present in the system.

**Dump Device Size (Based on System Real Memory)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Real Memory</th>
<th>Dump Device</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4 GB &lt; 12 GB</td>
<td>1 GB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12 GB &lt; 24 GB</td>
<td>2 GB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24 GB &lt; 48 GB</td>
<td>3 GB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&gt;= 48 GB</td>
<td>4 GB</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** If the root user starts a dump to a dump device set to /dev/sysdumpnull, the system will crash, but no dump will occur.

The dump is now copied to tape in pax format instead of tar, because pax supports large (greater than 2 GB) files.

The `dumpcheck` facility runs by default each day at 3:00 p.m. local time. See the root `crontab` file to change the time that `dumpcheck` runs. The `dumpcheck` facility ensures that there is enough space in the dump device and copy directory to receive the system dump. If dump compression will facilitate a system dump, it will be enabled unless you have manually turned it off. The results of `dumpcheck` are in the system error log.

**Network Installation Management (NIM)**

The Network Installation Management (NIM) includes a README file that is installed with the NIM Master bos.sysmgmt.nim.master fileset. The path name of the file is /usr/lpp/bos.sysmgmt/nim/README. The README file contains additional information about the AIX 5L Version 5.1 NIM product and includes the following topics:

- Restrictions on SPOT Creation for Releases Prior to 5.1 - (New LPP_SOURCE Directory structure)
- Web-based System Manager NIM May Have Problems Installing SW on Client Machines
- Restrictions on Customize Operation for RPM Packages
- Steps Necessary For Adding GNOME -or- KDE Desktop Support

**Reliable Scalable Cluster Technology (RSCT)**

The RSCT Resource Monitoring and Control (RMC) application is part of RSCT. The RSCT includes a README file that is installed with the rsct.core.utils fileset. The file is located at /usr/sbin/rsct/README/rsct.core.README. The README file contains additional information about the RMC application.

**Firmware Limitation**

The firmware in many of the PCI bus-based RS/6000 machines is limited in regard to the region of the hard disk from which it can read a boot image. This problem will not be encountered under most circumstances. The symptom of the problem is a failure to boot from hard disk, resulting in a message from firmware similar to unrecognized Client Program format.

The affected machines can be identified most easily as the machines that provide access to the firmware System Management Services by pressing the F1 keys on the system-attached keyboard or the 1 key on a TTY keyboard.

The problem is that the firmware on the affected machines cannot read the boot image from the hard disk if any part of the boot image resides past the 4 GB boundary on the hard disk. This is not a problem for most customers because the AIX installation process creates the boot logical volume at the beginning of the disk. This is achieved by using the -a flag with the mklv command and specifying e (which corresponds to edge) as the parameter for the -a flag. Using the mklv command with this parameter.
results in the boot logical volume being created at the edge of the hard disk, and the resulting address that
the firmware uses to read the boot image will be within a safe range. The AIX installation process has
always created the boot logical volume near the edge of the hard disk because that region of the hard disk
has the slowest access time, and this allows other regions of the hard disk to be used by file systems that
can benefit from the better performance.

The only way that you can encounter this problem is by creating and initializing a new boot logical volume
that extends past the 4 GB boundary of the hard disk, either in part or in entirety.

In almost all cases, you do not need to create a new boot logical volume, but if you do, use the lsvg and
lsvl commands to verify that the newly created boot logical volume does not reside above the 4 GB
address on the hard disk.

An example of this calculation follows:
1. Run lsvg rootvg to determine PP SIZE.
   On a 4.5 GB hard disk, the default PP SIZE is 8 MB. Make a note of that size.
2. Run lslv -m bootlv00
   Replace bootlv00 with the name of the newly created boot logical volume. The numbers in the second,
   fourth, and sixth columns indicate the physical partitions that have been assigned to the boot logical
   volume. If the PP SIZE is 8 MB, the boot logical volume must not use any physical partition above 511.
   (512 * 8 = 4096, which is 4 GB). Similarly, if the PP SIZE is 16 MB, the boot image must not use any
   partition above 255, and if the PP SIZE is 4 MB, the boot image must not use any partition above
   1023.

As a reminder, this problem does not occur unless you have created and initialized a boot image that
resides above the 4 GB boundary.

Listing and Previewing Installation Software

You can list the available software products, packages, and filesets on AIX media. This media can be a
CD-ROM, tape, diskette, or directory. The output lists the available packages and filesets on the media.
The descriptions are provided at the fileset level.

You can choose to do a preview installation before performing the actual installation. A preview installation
provides the preinstallation information that will occur during a regular installation, however, no software
will actually be installed.

When you select a package or fileset to be installed with the preview installation process, you will see a
list containing all the requisite packages and filesets needed by the selected package or fileset to be
successfully installed.

The other information generated during the preinstallation process concerns file system size checking. The
file systems are checked to make sure there is enough free space available to install the selected package
or fileset.

You can run the list software and preview software functions from the the SMIT interface, or the
Web-based System Manager interface.

Listing and Previewing Software from the ASCII SMIT Interface

1. Log in as the root user.
2. List available software on media using the smitty install_update command.
3. Select Install Software.
4. Press the F4 key to list the available input devices and select the appropriate one; or type the input
device name in the blank field. Press Enter to continue.
5. To list all available software on the selected media, press the F4 key on the SOFTWARE to Install field.

6. Scroll through the list of software by using the arrow keys or the Page Up or Page Down keys.

   **Note:** The software shown in this listing are the available packages and filesets for that software product. In the following output example, the software product is IMNSearch.

   IMNSearch.bld
   + 2.3.1.0 NetQuestion DBCS Buildtime Modules
   + 2.3.1.0 NetQuestion SBCS Buildtime Modules

   IMNSearch.rte.httpdlite
   @ 2.0.0.2 Lite NetQuestion Local Web Server

   The two packages are IMNSearch.bld and IMNSearch.rte.httpdlite. The filesets in the IMNSearch.bld package are the NetQuestion DBCS Buildtime Modules fileset and the NetQuestion SBCS Buildtime Modules fileset. Both filesets are at the 2.3.1.0 level. Notice that the descriptions for the software product are described at the fileset level.

   If the fileset is preceded by a plus (+) sign, then it is available to be installed. If the fileset is preceded by an at (@) sign, then the fileset is already installed at the level shown or later.

7. Select the package or fileset you want to install by scrolling to that package or fileset, and pressing the F7 key to make the selection. Press Enter to continue.

8. To preview the installation of the package or fileset that you selected, press the Tab key to select yes in the PREVIEW only? field. Press Enter.

   **Note:** To obtain detailed information about the installation, select yes in the DETAILED output? field. The filesets being installed are displayed in parentheses.

**Listing and Previewing Software from the Web-based System Manager Interface**

1. Log in as the root user.
2. To initialize the environment, type wsm & at the command prompt.
3. In the Navigation Area, click on the + (plus sign) to the left of the client you want to manage.
4. Select the Software icon by clicking once on the + (plus sign) to the left of the Software icon. This action expands the Software tree.
5. Highlight the Installed Software icon.
6. At the top of the Web-based System Manager window in the menu bar, select Software to display the Software menu.
7. Select New Software (Install/Update).
8. Select Install Additional Software.
10. Specify or select a software source.
11. To list available software, click Browse to display a tree view of all the software on the media. The tree can be expanded by clicking the + sign to the left of the icon.

   **Note:** If the software is already installed, you will see a small check mark to the left of the fileset description.

12. Select the package or fileset you want to install by highlighting the package or fileset.

   **Note:** You can select multiple packages or filesets by holding down the left mouse button while on one selection and dragging the mouse pointer up or down.
You can also use the Ctrl key or the Shift key to select multiple items. To choose nonconsecutive selections, hold the Ctrl key while making your selections with the left mouse button. To choose consecutive selections, hold the Shift key while making your selections with the left mouse button.

13. To preview the installation of the selected package or fileset, press the Preview button.

Additional information about AIX-supported products is available from the following Web site:

http://www.ibm.com/servers/aix/products/ibmsw/list/

To obtain AIX 5L Version 5.1 installation hints and tips, send e-mail with a subject line of 51_Install_Tips to aixserv@austin.ibm.com, the AIX Service Mail Server.

---

**Service**

**Fixes and Problem-Solving Databases**

You can download AIX fixes from the following IBM Server Support Web site:

http://www.ibm.com/server/support

You can also search technical databases, including:

- APARS
- Tips for AIX administrators

Many other technical support resources are available at this Web site.
Chapter 2. AIX 5L for POWER Version 5.1

Base Operating System (BOS)

64-bit Kernel
AIX 5L Version 5.1 provides a scalable 64-bit kernel that is capable of supporting large application workloads running on 64-bit hardware. The 64-bit kernel scalability is primarily provided through a larger kernel address space. This space supports larger system software applications without requiring practical bounds and kernel extension interfaces.

Note: The 32-bit kernel continues to be supported on AIX 5L for POWER Version 5.1. The maximum real memory supported by a 32-bit kernel system (or partition) is 96 GB.

System Support
For information about supported and unsupported items, see Appendix A, “AIX 5L Version 5.1 Supported and Unsupported Items” on page 25.

Base Functionality
For the most part, the AIX 5L Version 5.1 kernels provide the same functionality, regardless of which kernel is being used. The 32-bit and 64-bit kernel systems have common base libraries, commands and utilities, and header files.

Differences between 32-bit and 64-bit kernel systems are limited to the following functions:

System and I/O Support: The 64-bit kernel limits support to 64-bit POWER-based systems, while the 32-bit kernel supports both 32-bit and 64-bit POWER-based systems. In addition, the 64-bit kernel does not support all I/O that is supported by the 32-bit kernel.

Power Management: Power Management is provided only under the 32-bit kernel.

Application Support
The 64-bit kernel supports both 32-bit and 64-bit applications. Application source and binaries are portable between AIX 5L Version 5.1 64-bit and 32-bit kernel systems, in the absence of any application dependencies on internal kernel details or on kernel extensions that are not supported under the 64-bit kernel but are supported under the 32-bit kernel.

Binary Compatibility: Binary compatibility is provided for 32-bit applications running on earlier versions of AIX on POWER-based systems, except for applications linked statically or applications dependent on undocumented or unsupported interfaces. In addition, some system file formats have changed, and 32-bit applications processing these files may have to be recompiled.

Application Scalability: AIX 5L Version 5.1 provides a more scalable application binary interface (ABI) for 64-bit applications. To take advantage of the scalability improvements to 64-bit programs, all 64-bit applications and libraries must be recompiled on AIX 5L Version 5.1. In addition, existing 32-bit kernel extensions and device drivers used by 64-bit applications may have to be modified in order to support the new 64-bit ABI.

Kernel Extensions
Kernel extensions for the 64-bit kernel run in 64-bit mode and have the scalability of the larger kernel address space. Some kernel services available in the 32-bit kernel are no longer provided by the 64-bit kernel, so existing 32-bit kernel extensions may have to be ported in order to be used with the 64-bit kernel.
Existing 32-bit kernel extensions continue to be supported by the 32-bit kernel, but these kernel extensions are not usable by the 64-bit kernel. Not all of the kernel extensions supported for the 32-bit kernel are supported for the 64-bit kernel, particularly the device drivers for the I/O.

**Dual-mode Kernel Extensions:** AIX 5L Version 5.1 supports dual-mode kernel extensions, which can be loaded by a common configuration method, regardless of which kernel is being used. A dual-mode kernel extension is an archive file that contains both the 64-bit and 32-bit versions of the kernel extension as members.

**Installation and Enablement**
The 64-bit kernel is provided as part of the base AIX 5L Version 5.1 base media and is installed on all hardware systems that it supports. By default, the 32-bit kernel is enabled at base system installation. However, you can override this at installation time to enable the 64-bit kernel through the system installation panels. (See “New Base Operating System Installation Menus” on page 6 for details on enabling the 64-bit kernel at BOS installation time.)

It is possible to switch between the 32-bit and 64-bit kernels without reinstalling the operating system. This can be done by modifying the `/usr/lib/boot/unix` and `/unix` to be a symbolic link to the binary for the desired kernel, running the `bosboot` command to write a new system boot image, and rebooting. The path name of the 64-bit kernel is `/usr/lib/boot/unix_64` while the path names of the uniprocessor and multiprocessor versions of the 32-bit kernel are `/usr/lib/boot/unix_up` and `/usr/lib/boot/unix_mp`.

**64-bit Applications Display Error on 32-bit Kernel**
On the 32-bit kernel, 64-bit applications give a display error when the shared memory transport kernel extension is used. The default socket used by AIX is the shared memory transport. The workaround for this limitation is to export the display to a UNIX socket by using the following command:

```
export DISPLAY=unix:0.0
```

**JFS2**
JFS2 (enhanced journaled file system) is a new file system providing the capability to store much larger files than the existing Journaled File System (JFS). Additionally, it is the default file system for the 64-bit kernel. Customers can choose to implement either JFS, which is the recommended file system for 32-bit environments, or JFS2, which offers 64-bit functionality.

**Note:** Unlike the JFS file system, the JFS2 file system will not allow the link() API to be used on files of type directory. This limitation may cause some applications that operate correctly on a JFS file system to fail on a JFS2 file system.

The following table provides a summary of JFS and JFS2 functions:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Functions</th>
<th>JFS2</th>
<th>JFS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fragments/Block Size</td>
<td>512-4096 Block sizes</td>
<td>512-4096 Frags</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum file system size</td>
<td>1 Terabyte</td>
<td>1 Terabyte</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum file size</td>
<td>1 Terabyte</td>
<td>64 GBytes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of i-nodes</td>
<td>Dynamic, limited by disk space</td>
<td>Fixed, set at file-system creation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Directory organization</td>
<td>B-tree</td>
<td>Linear</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Online defragmentation</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>namefs</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DMAPI</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compression</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quotas</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deferred update</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Known Problem with ksh

If the right-hand pattern of a regular expression contains the @ or | characters used with their special meaning, the expression may not be properly evaluated. In this case, use /usr/bin/ksh93.

Perl

The following Perl filesets are shipped with AIX pursuant to the terms of the artistic license:

- perl.rte 5.6.0 (version 5.6)
- perl.man.en_US

For more information, run the perl -v command or to view the artistic license, see:

http://www perl.com/language/misc/Artistic.html

The perl.rte fileset will be installed automatically.

Note: IBM continues to ship Perl, but does not support it.

For more information about Perl, see the following Web site:

http://www.perl.org

IBM AIX Developer Kit, Java 2 Technology Edition, Version 1.3

IBM AIX Developer Kit, Java 2 Technology Edition, Version 1.3 is released in Java130.* filesets. For more information, see the /usr/java130/README.HTML file.

Java 1.2.2 on AIX 5L requires Java 1.2.2 PTF 12 or higher. Please read the "How and where to get fixes" link from the Java 1.2.2 download page (click on the "Download" link on http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/java/jdk/aix then select the "1.2.2" link).

Java 1.1.8 on AIX 5L requires Java 1.1.8 PTF 11 or higher. Please read the "How and where to get fixes" link from the Java 1.1.8 download page (select the "Download" link on http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/java/jdk/aix then select the "1.1.8" link).

Location Change for License Use Management (LUM) Commands

The location of the License Use Management commands i4blt, i4cfg, i4target, and i4tv has changed from the /var/ifor directory to the /usr/opt/ifor/ls/os/aix/bin directory.

Note: To configure LUM, use i4cfg -script.

The /usr/lib/netls/conf directory does not exist on AIX 5L Version 5.1. The only valid directory for the nodelock file is the /var/ifor directory.

Performance Analysis Tools

The following performance analysis tools and libraries are new in AIX 5L for POWER Version 5.1:

- alstat
- emstat
- gennames
- locktrace
- Performance Monitor API (Refer to /usr/pmapi/README for information on using the Performance Monitor API on POWER4 platforms.)
- Perfstat Library API
- truss
- wlmmon
In AIX 5L for POWER Version 5.1, the following commands are no longer supported:

- `bf`
- `bfrpt`
- `lockstat`
- `stem`
- `syscalls`

**Limitation**
The `fileplace` command does not support the JFS2 file system on AIX 5L Version 5.1. The `fileplace` command operates normally with JFS file systems. No workaround exists for this limitation.

**Using PM API on a Partitioned Machine**
The Performance Monitoring API is not supported on partitioned configurations before `bos.pmapi 5.1.0.17`, and at that level it is only supported on firmware level RH020305 and later.

Check your `bos.pmapi` level by typing `lslpp -l bos.pmapi`, and your firmware level by typing `lscfg -vp | grep -p Platform` at the command line.

### Networking Technology Feature Enhancements

- **Multipath routing** was added in AIX 5L Version 5.1. This allows users to specify multiple routes to a destination. The system administrator can either configure multiple routes for load balancing or set up alternative paths to direct network traffic when the best route can no longer perform its tasks. This feature also allows a system administrator to define multiple default gateways.

- A set of APIs provided by Fast Response Cache Architecture (FRCA) enables e-business applications to cache data, such as Web content, in the Network Buffer Cache (NBC). This significantly reduces the path length and increases the performance of e-business applications.

- **Latest sendmail version 8.11.**

- **TCP/IP now has ECN (Explicit Congestion Notification), which can improve performance when supported by routers and endpoints.**

- **TCP splicing** was added to AIX 5L Version 5.1. It helps push the data-relaying function of a proxy application (from server-side socket to the client-side socket or vice versa) into the kernel.

- **Network Interface Takeover** has been added to allow configuration of multiple adapters, including 10/100 Ethernet and Gigabit Ethernet adapters, so that one or more may be designated as a backup.

- **Multiprotocol Over ATM (MPOA) IP packet fragmentation support** in AIX provides for cases where a heterogeneous network environment with varying MTUs exists and for network configurations where normal MTU Path Discovery is not available.

- **Virtual LAN (VLAN) support** based on IEEE 802.1Q standard has been added. This implementation only supports VLANs using Ethernet interfaces. AIX VLAN support requires IEEE 802.1Q compliant switches.

- **TCP/IP now supports hardware offload of TCP resegmentation for transmitted TCP segments** in conjunction with the Gigabit Ethernet-SX PCI Adapter and IBM 10/100/1000 Base-T Ethernet PCI Adapter. This capability can be enabled using the new SMIT adapter configuration menu option, titled `Enable hardware transmit TCP resegmentation`. The default value for this option is `no`. This feature allows TCP to send a large TCP segment (up to 64K bytes) to the adapter and the adapter will then resegment this buffer into smaller 1500 byte packets to be sent on the Ethernet network.

  This reduces the AIX system overhead which lowers the CPU utilization, and releases CPU cycles to be used for other work by the server. However, the adapter must now resegment the buffer and recompute the TCP checksums, which typically reduces the raw throughput on each adapter. In laboratory measurements, system CPU utilization has been observed to drop by 10% to 60% while the raw throughput may degrade by 10% to 30% (these numbers will vary by workload). However, the raw throughput may increase when using multiple adapters by as much as 25%. This feature is not for all
workloads but should be evaluated when there is a need to reduce server CPU utilization and is most useful when the server sends more data than it receives.

**7135 RAIDiant Array for AIX Requirements (after Installing AIX 5L Version 5.1)**

Customers installing AIX 5L Version 5.1 on systems with attached 7135-110 or 7135-210 RAIDiant Array subsystems must also obtain and install the latest version of controller and drive microcode. This microcode update can be obtained using hardware service channels (800-IBM-SERV in the U.S.) and requesting ECA 010. You can also order the publication for the 7135 titled, *7135 Raidiant Array for AIX: Installation Guide and Reference* (order number SC23-1742), which contains information on microcode and device driver installation.

**Enable Link Polling and Time Interval for Link Polling Configuration Attributes**

The IBM 10/100 Mbps Ethernet PCI Adapter (23100020) does not have an interrupt-driven mechanism to tell the device driver of any changes in its link state.

To avoid this drawback, the device driver now provides an ODM attribute to determine the status of the link. This **Enable Link Polling** attribute is disabled by default. If this attribute is enabled, the device driver will poll the adapter every time period, equal to the time in milliseconds specified in the **Time interval for Link Polling** attribute, for a change in the adapter’s link state.

If the adapter’s link goes down for any reason, the device driver will disable its **NDD_RUNNING** flag. When the device driver finds that the link has come back up, it will enable this **NDD_RUNNING** flag.

To work successfully, protocol layer implementations such as Etherchannel need notification if the link has gone down. Enable the **Enable Link Polling** attribute for this adapter to accomplish this.

By enabling this flag, the performance of this adapter will decrease compared to when it is not enabled, because of the additional PIO calls that the device driver will make to the adapter every few milliseconds while it determines the link status.

**Enhanced Error Handling (EEH)**

EEH is an error-recovery mechanism for errors that occur during load and store operations on the PCI bus. EEH is made possible by EADS chips incorporated in newer POWER-based servers. In effect, each PCI slot on the EADS is its own PCI bus. This allows each adapter to be isolated (which is useful if PCI bus errors occur because error recovery can occur without affecting the operation of other adapters). Isolating the failing adapter prevents a faulty component from causing problems on the system and allows continued operation of other PCI devices during error recovery. Information about the faulty component and nature of the error (recoverable versus permanent) is logged in the AIX Error log.

**Supported Devices**

Device Driver support for EEH is limited to the following devices that are supported by AIX 5L for POWER Version 5.1:

- **Storage Adapters**:
  - Gigabit Fibre Channel
  - PCI SCSI RAID Devices
  - PCI Ultra SCSI Devices
  - PCI Dual Channel Ultra3 SCSI Adapter (6203) *
  - PCI Dual Channel Ultra2 SCSI Adapter (6205) *
- **Communications and connectivity (PCI bus type)**:
  - Token-Ring PCI 4/16 Adapter (2920 and 4959)
- IBM Ethernet 10/100 Mbps (2968)
- 10/100 Mbps Ethernet PCI Adapter II (4962)
- IBM 4-Port 10/100 Base-TX Ethernet PCI Adapter (4961) *
- 10/100/1000 Base-T Ethernet PCI Adapter (2975)
- Gigabit Ethernet (2969)
- TURBOWAYS 622 Mbps PCI MMF ATM Adapter (2946)
- 2-Port Multiprotocol PCI Adapter (2962)
- 8-Port and 128-Port 232/422 Async PCI Adapters (2943 and 2944)

- Encryption Adapters:
  - IBM PCI 4758 Cryptographic Coprocessor Card (4958 and 4963) *
  - IBM Crypto Accelerator (4960) *

- Graphics and Miscellaneous
  - GXT135P Graphics Adapter (2848) *
  - USB Open Host Controller (2737) *

**Note:** The devices above that are denoted with an asterisk (*) require the user to intervene and manually recover the device after a bus error is encountered (for example, through device reconfiguration and hot-plug operations). Also, you must reboot Graphics and USB devices because those devices will not completely recover when you are using the hot-plug manager. If the device encounters an error during the configuration process, the device will be left in the defined state until there is a subsequent configuration attempt.

**Gigabit Ethernet-SX PCI Adapter and IBM 10/100/1000 Base-T Ethernet PCI Adapter**

The Gigabit Ethernet-SX PCI Adapter and the IBM 10/100/1000 Base-T Ethernet PCI Adapter share the same device driver. Therefore, the device driver and diagnostic package can be obtained by installing the `devices.pci.14100401` fileset. The device driver conditionally switches code that is unique for either adapter.

**Note:** The `lslpp` output for `devices.pci.14100401` (shown below) refers to the Gigabit Ethernet-SX PCI Adapter even though the fileset is shared by both adapters.

```bash
# lslpp -L | grep devices.pci.14100401
devices.pci.14100401.diag 5.1.0.0 C Gigabit Ethernet-SX PCI Adapter
devices.pci.14100401.rte  5.1.0.0 C Gigabit Ethernet-SX PCI Adapter
```

**TCP Checksum Offload Feature**

*There is a known issue with the 10/100 Mbps Ethernet PCI Adapter II (1410ff01) when the adapter’s transmit TCP checksum offload feature is enabled. Occasionally, the adapter may not compute the TCP checksum correctly for transmitted TCP/IP packets. This can cause degraded performance. In order to avoid (or remedy) this problem, the user should disable this option with the `ifconfig` command.*

For example, to disable the transmit TCP checksum offload feature on interface en0, run the following command:

```bash
ifconfig en0 -checksum_offload
```

The user can also use the `ifconfig` command to check the current status of the transmit TCP checksum offload feature. For example, to check the status of this feature on interface en0, run the following command:
The CHECKSUM_OFFLOAD flag shown above indicates that the transmit TCP checksum offload feature is currently enabled for interface en0. If this feature is disabled, the CHECKSUM_OFFLOAD flag will not be present.

IP Security Hardware Acceleration
The 10/100 Ethernet PCI Adapter II (Feature code 4962) offers standards-based IP security and is designed to offload IP Security functions from the AIX base operating system. When the 10/100 Ethernet PCI Adapter II is present in the AIX system, IP Security offload must be enabled. This can be done through SMIT.

After it is enabled, the IP Security stack uses the following capabilities of the adapter:
- Encryption and decryption using DES or Triple DES algorithms
- Authentication using the MD5 or SHA-1 algorithms
- Storage of the security association information

The functions on the adapter will be used instead of the software algorithms. The IP Security hardware acceleration feature is available on level 5.1.0.25 or later of the bos.net.ipsec.rte and devices.pci.1410ff01.rte software.

IPX/SPX Protocol Support
IPX/SPX protocol support is provided in the ipx.base package. The ipx.base package is supported on the 32-bit kernel only.

Removal of Support for devices.pci.b7105090
The Ethernet adapter that is supported by the devices.pci.b7105090 fileset in AIX versions prior to AIX 5L Version 5.1 is not supported in AIX 5L Version 5.1. After a migration to AIX 5L Version 5.1, or when AIX 5L Version 5.1 is installed and this Ethernet adapter is in the machine, the following messages may display on the console or be written to log files:

Method error (/usr/lib/methods/cfgv3boom -l ent1 ):
  0514-068 Cause not known.

cfgmgr: 0514-621 WARNING: The following device packages are required for device support but are not currently installed.

devices.pci.b7105090 Not found on the installation media.

Remove the unsupported Ethernet adapter from the machine. This adapter will not be configured by AIX 5L Version 5.1.

Missing Resource Processing
In a partitioned environment, missing resource processing (through the diag -a command) is not performed for processors, memory, L2 Cache, integrated devices, or pluggable adapters that have been moved to another partition. This is done to aid configuration for resources that are moved from one partition to another partition, then moved back to the original partition.

To remove a device from the configuration, log in as the root user, and type rmdev -dl device (where device is the name of the device you want to remove).

For more information, view the service hints section within diagnostics (when logged in as the root user or using the CE login). You can view the service information by doing the following:
1. At the command line, type `diag`.
2. When **Diagnostic Operating Instructions** is displayed, press Enter.
3. At the **Function selection** menu, choose **Task Selection**.
4. At the **Task Selection** menu, select **Display Service Hints** and press Enter.

**SecureWay Directory (LDAP)**

To access the latest SecureWay Directory Version 3.2.2 product information, go to:


**Installation and Configuration**

For information specific to SecureWay installation and configuration, go to the following Web site:


From this Web site, read the following documents:

- **IBM SecureWay Directory Version 3.2.2 for AIX Installation and Configuration Guide**
- **IBM SecureWay Directory Version 3.2.2 Server Readme**
- **IBM SecureWay Directory Version 3.2.2 Client Readme**
- **IBM SecureWay Directory Version 3.2.2 Readme Addendum**

**Note:** When installing `ldap.max_crypt.client`, you may see `lppchk` errors. These errors will not affect the installation or operation of SecureWay Directory.

Before starting `ldapxcfg`, verify that the following links exist, as follows:

- **If you have db2_07_01 installed:**
  ```
  ln -s -f /usr/lpp/db2_07_01/lib/libdb2.a /usr/ldap/lib/libdb2.a
  ln -s -f /usr/lpp/db2_07_01 /usr/ldap/db2
  ```
- **If you have db2_06_01 installed:**
  ```
  ln -s -f /usr/lpp/db2_06_01/lib/libdb2.a /usr/ldap/lib/libdb2.a
  ln -s -f /usr/lpp/db2_06_01 /usr/ldap/db2
  ```

If these links are not present, create the links as follows:

- **If you have db2_07_01 installed:**
  ```
  ln -s -f /usr/lpp/db2_07_01/lib/libdb2.a /usr/ldap/lib/libdb2.a
  ln -s -f /usr/lpp/db2_07_01 /usr/ldap/db2
  ```
- **If you have db2_06_01 installed:**
  ```
  ln -s -f /usr/lpp/db2_06_01/lib/libdb2.a /usr/ldap/lib/libdb2.a
  ln -s -f /usr/lpp/db2_06_01 /usr/ldap/db2
  ```

**Installing DB2 UDB 7.2:** If reinstalling, force-installing, or installing an update to the DB2 UDB 7.2 fileset `db2_07_01.msg.Ja_JP`, you should first remove the `db2_07_01.msg.Ja_JP` and `db2_07_01.msg Ja_JP` filesets.

**Directory Management Tool (DMT):** It is strongly recommended that DMT is run as a user without root authority.

**Migration**

The `/usr/ldap/etc/V3.ldapsyntaxes` file will not be saved during migration to SecureWay Directory Version 3.2.2 and should be saved by issuing the following command as the root user:

```
cp -p /usr/ldap/etc/V3.ldapsyntaxes /tmp/V3.ldapsyntaxes
```

After successfully installing SecureWay Directory Version 3.2.2, copy the `/usr/ldap/etc/V3.ldapsyntaxes` file to the `LDAPSAVEDIR` directory (see the following list), by running the following command as the root user:
The LDAPSAVEDIR directory equals one of the following:

- If ldap version is 3115, then LDAPSAVEDIR = ldapV31.
- If ldap version is 3200, then LDAPSAVEDIR = userV32.
- If ldap version is 3110, then LDAPSAVEDIR = userV311.
- If ldap version is 3210, then LDAPSAVEDIR = userV321.

**Administration**

After installation of the ldap.client package, change the file permissions of the /usr/ldap/etc/dmtSearch.obj file to 660 by running the following command as the root user:

```bash
chmod 660 /usr/ldap/etc/dmtSearch.obj
```

**Installing SecureWay Directory Version 3.1.1.5 Encryption Filesets**

When installing SecureWay Directory Version 3.1.1.5 encryption filesets, you must specify the fileset names and levels because the encryption filesets of both Version 3.1.1.5 and Version 3.2.2 reside on the same CD.

**Graphics**

**Spaceball Installation**

1. Install SpaceWare as normal.
2. After SMIT starts during installation, select **enable spaceball**. The spaceball should "beep."
3. Select **disable spaceball**.
4. Exit SMIT.
5. Open a shell. (You can use the shell that started the installation process) and type:

   ```bash
   /etc/SpaceWare/spaceballd -d /dev/tty0 -GL &
   ```

**System Management**

**CSM**

You can access the CSM documentation (Hardware Control Guide, Software Planning and Installation Guide, and the CSM for AIX Administration Guide) by going to one of the following Web sites:


OR


**Note:** Before installing CSM, it is imperative that you obtain and read the Software Planning and Installation Guide for specific procedural steps to use when installing CSM. Installation of this product will be impossible if you do not use the documented procedures in this book.

**Software Requirements**

The following software is required for CSM:

- CSM FOR AIX 5L (5765-F67)

The following APAR is required for CSM on AIX 5L V5.1:

- IY34707
The cluster management server must be a pSeries machine running AIX 5L Version 5.2. The other machines within the cluster are referred to as managed nodes and can be pSeries machines running AIX 5L Version 5.2, or AIX 5L for POWER Version 5.1 with the 5100-03 recommended maintenance package.

SVR4 Printing
For help with configuring and setting up this function see the Printing for Fun and Profit under AIX 5L (IBM Redbook number SG24-6018-00) at the following Web site:
http://www.redbooks.ibm.com/

Parallel Printer Cable Selection
The parallel printer cable must be changed to a cable that is IEEE1284-compliant if all of the following are true:
• Your system was manufactured since 1998.
• The printer is “parallel attached.”
• The attached printer is not a dot-matrix printer.
• The output of the lsdev -C -l ppa0 command contains the word IEEE1284.

If the output of the lsdev command contains the word Standard, or the printer is a dot-matrix printer, an IEEE1284-compliant cable is not required.

Cables that are not IEEE1284-compliant may not correctly transmit data to high-speed printers. Loss of printer data may occur because the cables may not be capable of transmitting data at rates that are possible with newer ECP parallel ports.

Web-based System Manager
Limitations
Some of the Tips Help files are large and may take a long time to load. Although the console may appear to hang, the delay is due to the large size of the Help file.

Viewing Remote Queue Status
In Web-Based System Manager, the All Print Queues view for AIX remote printers can inaccurately indicate a problem with a remote queue. Check the actual status of the queue from the command line by typing the following command:

enq -q -P queue

If the command returns the status that the queue is ready, printing will function normally.

Tivoli Management Agent (TMA), Version 3.7.1.0
Starting in AIX 5L for POWER Version 5.1, Tivoli Management Agent is installed with the base operating system.

The foundation for the Tivoli Enterprise Software product suite and third-party management products is the Tivoli Management Framework. This framework provides the graphical desktop, object-oriented databases, and base services used by other management products. TMA is a “lightweight” version of the Tivoli Management Framework for installation on client systems.

For more information about Tivoli Systems products and services, including how to become a Tivoli Systems customer, do one of the following:
• Call 1-800-2TIVOLI (to be connected to your local sales office)
• Visit the Tivoli Home page at the following Web address:
http://www.tivoli.com
JA_JP Font Changes

X11.fnt.ucs.ttf Version 5.1.0.11 or later includes changes in the size of the CDE desktop fonts for the JA_JP locale. The desktop font sizes have been reduced. Because of the change in font sizes, the Java GUI application does not display characters correctly with JDK1.1.8 in JA_JP locale. It is recommended to use JDK1.3.0 or later in JA_JP locale. The original and new fonts are as follows.

Original:
- dt-interface system-medium-r-normal-xxs-14-100-100-p-136-ucs2.cjk_japan-0
- dt-interface system-medium-r-normal-xs-17-120-100-p-165-ucs2.cjk_japan-0
- dt-interface system-medium-r-normal-s-19-140-100-p-184-ucs2.cjk_japan-0
- dt-interface system-medium-r-normal-m-22-160-100-p-214-ucs2.cjk_japan-0
- dt-interface system-medium-r-normal-l-28-200-100-p-272-ucs2.cjk_japan-0
- dt-interface system-medium-r-normal-xl-33-240-100-p-321-ucs2.cjk_japan-0
- dt-interface system-medium-r-normal-xxl-44-320-100-p-428-ucs2.cjk_japan-0
- dt-interface user-medium-r-normal-xxs-14-100-100-m-136-ucs2.cjk_japan-0
- dt-interface user-medium-r-normal-xs-18-130-100-m-175-ucs2.cjk_japan-0
- dt-interface user-medium-r-normal-s-20-145-100-m-195-ucs2.cjk_japan-0
- dt-interface user-medium-r-normal-m-24-170-100-m-234-ucs2.cjk_japan-0
- dt-interface user-medium-r-normal-l-28-200-100-m-273-ucs2.cjk_japan-0
- dt-interface user-medium-r-normal-xl-32-230-100-m-312-ucs2.cjk_japan-0
- dt-interface user-medium-r-normal-xxl-40-290-100-m-390-ucs2.cjk_japan-0

New:
- dt-interface system-medium-r-normal-xxs-12-87-100-100-p-115-ucs2.cjk_japan-0
- dt-interface system-medium-r-normal-xs-14-101-100-100-p-134-ucs2.cjk_japan-0
- dt-interface system-medium-r-normal-s-16-116-100-100-p-153-ucs2.cjk_japan-0
- dt-interface system-medium-r-normal-m-18-130-100-100-p-173-ucs2.cjk_japan-0
- dt-interface system-medium-r-normal-l-20-145-100-100-p-192-ucs2.cjk_japan-0
- dt-interface system-medium-r-normal-xl-22-159-100-100-p-211-ucs2.cjk_japan-0
- dt-interface system-medium-r-normal-xxl-32-231-100-100-p-308-ucs2.cjk_japan-0
- dt-interface user-medium-r-normal-xxs-12-87-100-100-m-116-ucs2.cjk_japan-0
- dt-interface user-medium-r-normal-xs-14-101-100-100-m-135-ucs2.cjk_japan-0
- dt-interface user-medium-r-normal-s-16-116-100-100-m-154-ucs2.cjk_japan-0
- dt-interface user-medium-r-normal-m-18-130-100-100-m-174-ucs2.cjk_japan-0
- dt-interface user-medium-r-normal-l-20-145-100-100-m-193-ucs2.cjk_japan-0
- dt-interface user-medium-r-normal-xl-22-159-100-100-m-213-ucs2.cjk_japan-0
- dt-interface user-medium-r-normal-xxl-32-231-100-100-m-309-ucs2.cjk_japan-0

Other Software

This section contains information about other software. Additional information about AIX-supported products is available from the following Web site:

http://www.ibm.com/servers/aix/products/ibmsw/list/

Compilers

VisualAge C++ Professional for AIX
VisualAge C++ Professional for AIX, V6.0.0 is a fully supported version of this product.

VisualAge C++ Professional for AIX, V5.0.2 is a fully supported version of this product.

C for AIX
C for AIX, V6.0.0 is a fully supported version of this product.

C for AIX, V5.0.2 is a fully supported version of this product.

XL Fortran for AIX
XL Fortran for AIX, Version 8.1 is a fully supported version of this product.

XL Fortran for AIX, Version 7.1.1 is a fully supported version of this product.
AIXLink/X.25

AIXLink/X.25 Version 1.1.5 is only supported on the AIX 5L Version 5.1 32-bit kernel.

For more information about supported adapters and about configuration and installation, see the following publications:
- AIXLink/X.25 LPP Guide and Reference
- X.25 Installation and Configuration

AIX Fast Connect Version 3.1.2

AIX Fast Connect documentation is available at the following Web site:

The latest updates of the product are described in the /etc/cifs/README file, which is installed with AIX Fast Connect.

Quick Start

1. Install AIX Fast Connect from the distribution CD using the fast path `smitty install_all`.
2. Use the `smitty smb` fast path to access AIX Fast Connect SMIT menus. Configure AIX Fast Connect for encrypted passwords and add a user.
3. Access the AIX Fast Connect server from a PC client by mapping a network drive. The server name is the same as the AIX host name, and HOME share is available by default.

Communications Server

If you are using Communications Server for Systems Network Architecture (SNA) support, use one of the following levels:
- Communications Server for AIX, Version 6.1 (6.1.0.0)
- Communications Server for AIX, Version 6 (6.0.1.0)

DCE for AIX

DCE 3.1 for AIX is not supported for the 64-bit kernel.

Removal of Support for libipfx.a

AIX 5L no longer provides or supports the services provided in AIX Version 4 by the IPFX (Information Presentation Facility) LPP. In particular, the interfaces provided by the /usr/lib/libipfx.a IPFX library are no longer present.

It is possible that an application may still require these services. One indication is that the application fails to load with an error message that it cannot find/load `libipfx.a`. In this case, IBM provides an unsupported copy of the `ipfx.rte` fileset at the following Web site. This fileset is provided as a convenience only. There is no support for this fileset on AIX 5L.

ftp://aix.software.ibm.com/aix/efixes/ipfxrte/
Appendix A. AIX 5L Version 5.1 Supported and Unsupported Items

System Support
The 64-bit kernel supports 64-bit processors such as (but not limited to) the following POWER-based systems:

- RS/6000 7013 Models S70, S7A
- RS/6000 7015 Models S70, S7A
- RS/6000 7017 Models S70, S7A, S80
- RS/6000 7025 Models H80, F80
- RS/6000 7026 Models H70, H80, M80
- RS/6000 7043 Models 260, 270
- RS/6000 7044 Models 170, 270
- eServer pSeries 680 Model S85
- eServer pSeries 640 Model B80
- eServer pSeries 660 Model 6H1
- eServer pSeries 660 Model 6M1
- eServer pSeries 620 Model 6F1
- eServer pSeries 690
- eServer pSeries 610 Model 6C1
- eServer pSeries 610 Model 6E1
- eServer pSeries 670
- eServer pSeries 630 Model 6C4
- eServer pSeries 630 Model 6E4

I/O Support
For a list of supported 64-bit I/O adapters, go to the following Web site:

AIX 5L Version 5.1 Unsupported Devices and Machines
- AIX Ultimeda Services Audio and Video devices
- PCMCIA device support
- 2751 ESCON CNTRL UNIT, PCI/LONG/32BIT/5V
- 2947 ARTIC960HX ADPTR + 4PRT MP AIB, PCI/LONG/32BIT/3.3 OR 5V
- 6310 ARTIC960RXD, DIGITAL TRUNK, PCI/LONG/32BIT/3.3 OR 5V

AIX 5L Version 5.1 Unsupported Functions and Filesets
- 7318 Model P10/S20 Serial Communications Network Server
- AIX Xstation Manager
- AIX Version 3.2 Network Installation Tools
- Remote Customer Support and Services
- SOMobjects Base Toolkit
- Information Presentation Facility Runtime
• X11.vsm.helps
• X11.vsm.icons
• X11.vsm.rte
• libipfx.a
• The 7318 Serial Communications Network Server that provides serial and parallel connectivity to Ethernet Networks
• Network Terminal Accelerator
• The 9333 Serial Link DASD Subsystem
• devices.pci.b7105090
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